

# Converting Colors

XYZ(45.9769, 56.0976, 84.4964)

Have a look what the booklet for  
XYZ(45.9769, 56.0976, 84.4964)  
contains.

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# Color

**XYZ(46.0695, 56.2794,  
84.7788)**

# Conversions

## Conversions Part 1

Format	Color
Hex	7DD2E8
RGB	125, 210, 232
RGB Percent	49%, 82%, 91%
CMY	0.5098, 0.1765, 0.0902
CMYK	0.46, 0.09, 0.00, 0.09
HSL	192°, 70%, 70%
HSV	192°, 46%, 91%
XYZ	46.0695, 56.2794, 84.7788
YIQ	187.0930, -57.7220, -11.1780

# Conversions

## Conversions Part 2

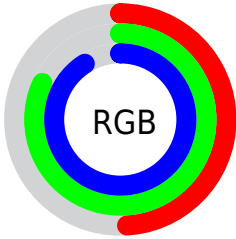
Format	Color
<a href="#">RYB</a>	<a href="#">125, 172, 232</a>
Decimal	<a href="#">8245992</a>
CIELab	<a href="#">79.77, -20.05, -18.87</a>
CIELCh	<a href="#">80, 27.534, 223.260</a>
Yxy	<a href="#">56.2794, 0.2462, 0.3008</a>
Android (android.graphics.Color)	<a href="#">4286436072</a> ( <a href="#">0xFF7DD2E8</a> )
YUV	<a href="#">187.0930, 22.1392, -54.4556</a>
Hunter-Lab	<a href="#">75.0196, -21.6675, -14.4892</a>

# Details

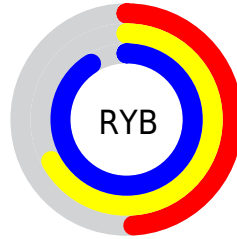
The XYZ color **46.0695, 56.2794, 84.7788** is a light color, and the websafe version is hex **99CCCC**. A complement of this color would be **47.4151, 39.5049, 24.5297**, and the grayscale version is **47.1904, 49.6480, 54.0667**.

A 20% lighter version of the original color is **73.3384, 88.8073, 107.8839**, and **21.8046, 27.7355, 45.2786** is the 20% darker color. If you saturate the color by 10%, you get **41.9103, 52.4143, 84.2530**, and if you desaturate by 10%, it is **51.0582, 60.6268, 85.3560**.

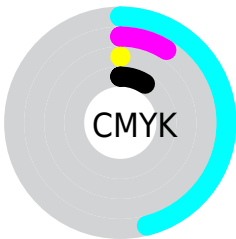
# Distribution



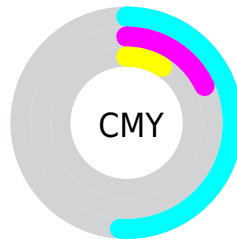
- Red (49%)
- Green (82%)
- Blue (91%)



- Red (49%)
- Yellow (67%)
- Blue (91%)



- Cyan (46%)
- Magenta (9%)
- Yellow (0%)
- Black (9%)



- Cyan (51%)
- Magenta (18%)
- Yellow (9%)

# Brightness & Saturation Gradients

These gradients show how the XYZ color 46.0695, 56.2794, 84.7788 changes by changing the brightness by 10 percent. The first figure shows a shift by +10% for each color and the second figure -10%.

Similar to the brightness gradients but the following saturation gradients show a change of the XYZ color 46.0695, 56.2794, 84.7788 by changing the saturation by 10% instead.



■ 46.0695, 56.2794,  
84.7788

■ 46.0695, 56.2794,  
84.7788

361.7992,  
410.7436, 531.0213

■ 32.5055, 40.4270,  
63.1095

■ 83.5502, 99.4130,  
141.9355

■ 21.9053, 27.8716,  
45.4883

■ 108.1977,  
127.4629, 178.2600

■ 13.9036, 18.2289,  
31.4964

■ 137.2704,  
160.3475, 220.3067

■ 8.1349, 11.1145,  
20.7155

171.1336,  
198.4511, 268.4940

■ 4.2339, 6.1439,  
12.7270

210.1527,  
242.1581, 323.2407

■ 1.8353, 2.9328,  
7.1123

254.6932,

■ 0.5388, 1.0967,

291.8529, 384.9650

3.4529

305.1202,  
347.9200, 454.0858

■ 0.0000, 0.0000,  
1.3303

■ 0.0000, 0.0000,  
0.0864

■ 46.0695, 56.2794,  
84.7788

■ 46.0695, 56.2794,  
84.7788

■ 41.9103, 52.4143,  
84.2530

■ 51.0582, 60.6268,  
85.3560

■ 38.5192, 48.9955,  
83.7718


■ 56.9220, 65.4766,  
85.9831


■ 35.8345, 45.9921,  
83.3336


■ 63.7092, 70.8554,  
86.6636


■ 33.7821, 43.3654,  
82.9348

■ 71.4630, 76.7860,  
87.3996


 32.2699, 41.0675,  
82.5709


 80.2238, 83.2896,  
88.1932

 31.7693, 40.2336,  
82.4364

 86.5617, 88.5983,  
88.8838

 87.9737, 91.4223,  
89.3545

 89.4228, 94.3205,  
89.8375

 90.9093, 97.2935,  
90.3330

# Harmonies

## Analogous

The Analogous color harmony consists of three colors that are next to each other on the color wheel.



43.7354, 56.2794, 68.5825



46.0695, 56.2794, 84.7788



50.4679, 56.2794, 95.5711

# Triad

The Triadic color harmony groups three colors that are evenly spaced from another and form a triangle on the color wheel.



46.0695, 56.2794, 84.7788



64.4106, 56.2794, 70.5386



51.0741, 56.2794, 36.0223

# Complementary

The Complementary color scheme is a pair of colors which are on the opposite of each other on the color wheel.



46.0695, 56.2794, 84.7788



47.4151, 39.5049, 24.5297

# Split Complementary

Split-complementary colors differ from the complementary color scheme. The scheme consists of three colors, the original color and two neighbors of the complement color.



56.6344, 56.2794, 36.3613



46.0695, 56.2794, 84.7788



64.6011, 56.2794, 54.5128

# Square

The Square scheme is like the rectangle color scheme, but the four colors are evenly spaced on the color wheel.



46.0695, 56.2794, 84.7788



61.1677, 56.2794, 86.4233



61.6715, 56.2794, 42.5800



46.4867, 56.2794, 41.5559



# Rectangle

The Rectangle color scheme consists of four colors that form a rectangle on the color wheel.



46.0695, 56.2794, 84.7788



54.1030, 56.2794, 97.2613



61.6715, 56.2794, 42.5800



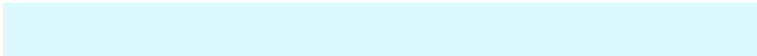
52.8854, 56.2794, 35.4862

# Sweetspot

The Sweet Spot groups the original color and five complimentary colors.



46.0713, 56.2816, 84.7801



80.8168, 89.2528, 107.5758



42.5348, 64.1622, 37.5018



16.8749, 18.7756, 22.9846



0.0000, 0.0000, 0.0000



20.3446, 21.4041, 23.3091



# Same Dimension

The Same Dimension uses a secret algorithm to generate beautiful new colors.



46.0713, 56.2816, 84.7801



52.3289, 65.3308, 104.4598



35.0982, 34.3355, 81.1225



14.5426, 15.8067, 18.4288



17.7297, 22.5216, 45.7958



1.3738, 1.7915, 3.4054



# Inverse Universe

The Inverse Universe completely reimagines the original color for something new.



52.2466, 36.4777, 65.2623



61.0925, 38.9646, 76.3718



57.6127, 59.9001, 27.9289



14.8615, 14.5618, 17.4710



23.3427, 11.4713, 26.4972

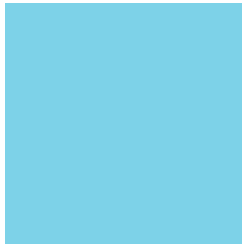


1.7571, 0.8605, 2.1272



# Previews

## White Background



This preview shows how the XYZ color 46.0695, 56.2794, 84.7788 looks on a white background.

## Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA × Fail

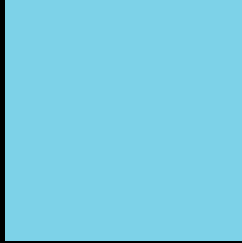
Any Text WCAG AA × Fail

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA × Fail

Any Text WCAG AAA × Fail



# Black Background



This preview shows how the XYZ color 46.0695, 56.2794, 84.7788 looks on a black background.

## Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AA ✓ Pass

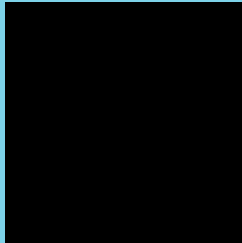
Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

If you want to check with other color combinations, try the [Color Contrast Checker](#).

**XYZ 46.0695, 56.2794, 84.7788**

## **Background**



This preview shows how black text looks on a background with the XYZ color 46.0695, 56.2794, 84.7788.



This preview shows how white text looks on a background with the XYZ color 46.0695, 56.2794,



# Color Blindness Simulation

Color vision deficiency is a very complex topic, and I could not describe the different causes any better than Wikipedia does, so if you want to learn more, you should check out their [article about color blindness](#).

## Dichromacy



### Original Color

46.0695, 56.2794, 84.7788

### Protanopia

54.6922, 55.6416, 76.9646

### Deuteranopia

57.0159, 55.6257, 87.0887



## Tritanopia

45.6100, 56.4751, 81.8957

# Trichromacy



## Original Color

46.0695, 56.2794, 84.7788

## Protanomaly

50.5302, 55.1244, 79.9283

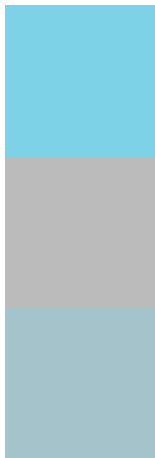
## Deuteranomaly

52.2134, 55.5029, 86.5585

## Tritanomaly

45.7493, 56.5308, 82.6290

# Monochromacy



## Original Color

46.0695, 56.2794, 84.7788

## Achromatopsia

47.2335, 49.6933, 54.1160

## Achromatomaly

45.6044, 51.2345, 63.9856

# CSS Examples

## Text

The CSS property to change the color of the text to XYZ 46.0695, 56.2794, 84.7788 is called "color". The color property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows how text in the color `rgb(125, 210, 232)` looks like.

```
.text, #text, p{  
    color:rgb(125, 210, 232)  
}
```

If you want to add a text shadow in that color use the text-shadow property, you can generate a text shadow directly with our [CSS Text Shadow Generator](#).

Here you see how black text with a 4 pixel rgb(125, 210, 232) colored shadow looks like.

```
.shadow{ text-shadow: 4px 4px 2px rgb(125, 210, 232) }
```

## Border

The CSS property to change the border of an element to XYZ 46.0695, 56.2794, 84.7788 is called "border". The border property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows the color as border, it can be applied via the CSS property "border" or "border-color".

```
.border, #border, table{ border:4px solid rgb(125, 210, 232) }
```



If only the border color should be changed use the property border-color.

```
.border{ border-color:rgb(125, 210, 232) }
```

If you want to add a box shadow in that color use:

Here you see how a box with a 4 pixel rgb(125, 210, 232) colored shadow looks like.

```
.boxshadow{ -moz-box-shadow:4px 4px 4px  
4px rgb(125, 210, 232); -webkit-box-  
shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(125, 210, 232);  
box-shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(125, 210,  
232) }
```

# Background

The CSS property to change the background color of an element to XYZ 46.0695, 56.2794, 84.7788 is called "background". The background property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

```
.background, #background, body{  
background: rgb(125, 210, 232) }
```

If only the background color should be changed can be used:

```
.background{ background-color: rgb(125,  
210, 232) }
```

This example shows the color as background, it is applied via the CSS property "background".

To optimize and compress your CSS code, you can use our [online CSS compressor and optimizer](#) based on csstidy. If you want to create a linear or radial gradient as background or border, check our [CSS Gradient Generator](#).

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