

# Converting Colors

XYZ(46.1548, 31.7863, 7.8947)

Have a look what the booklet for  
XYZ(46.1548, 31.7863, 7.8947)  
contains.

<b>XYZ(46.0417, 31.7623, 7.8417)</b> .....	3
<i><b>Conversions</b></i> .....	4
<i><b>Details</b></i> .....	6
<i><b>Harmonies</b></i> .....	12
<i><b>Previews</b></i> .....	24
<i><b>Color Blindness Simulation</b></i> .....	28
<i><b>CSS Examples</b></i> .....	31

# Color

**XYZ(46.0417, 31.7623,  
7.8417)**

# Conversions

## Conversions Part 1

Format	Color
Hex	FB6D3B
RGB	251, 109, 59
RGB Percent	98%, 43%, 23%
CMY	0.0157, 0.5725, 0.7686
CMYK	0.00, 0.57, 0.76, 0.02
HSL	16°, 96%, 61%
HSV	16°, 76%, 98%
XYZ	46.0417, 31.7623, 7.8417
YIQ	145.7580, 100.6820, 14.5540

# Conversions

## Conversions Part 2

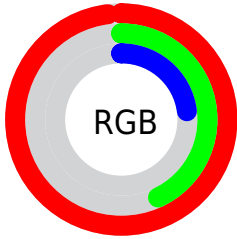
Format	Color
R <sub>Y</sub> B	251, 127, 59
Decimal	16477499
CIE Lab	63.15, 51.54, 53.25
CIE LCh	63, 74.103, 45.936
Yxy	31.7623, 0.5376, 0.3709
Android (android.graphics.Color)	4294667579 (0xFFFB6D3B)
YUV	145.7580, -42.7717, 92.2972
Hunter-Lab	56.3581, 47.1990, 31.2010

# Details

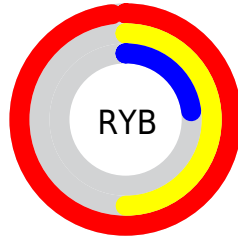
The XYZ color **46.0417, 31.7623, 7.8417** is a dark color, and the websafe version is hex **FF6633**. The color can be described as middle washed orange. A complement of this color would be **40.1008, 49.6640, 98.7386**, and the grayscale version is **27.3644, 28.7895, 31.3518**.

A 20% lighter version of the original color is **57.2758, 48.9150, 20.8908**, and **21.8456, 13.2163, 1.5719** is the 20% darker color. If you saturate the color by 10%, you get **43.7646, 28.0119, 4.6061**, and if you desaturate by 10%, it is **49.0509, 36.4775, 12.8639**.

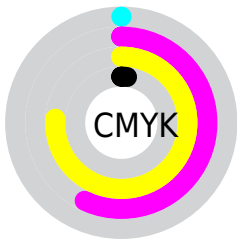
# Distribution



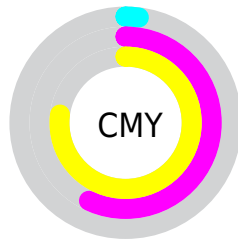
- Red (98%)
- Green (43%)
- Blue (23%)



- Red (98%)
- Yellow (50%)
- Blue (23%)



- Cyan (0%)
- Magenta (57%)
- Yellow (76%)
- Black (2%)




- Cyan (2%)
- Magenta (57%)
- Yellow (77%)


# Brightness & Saturation Gradients

These gradients show how the XYZ color 46.0417, 31.7623, 7.8417 changes by changing the brightness by 10 percent. The first figure shows a shift by +10% for each color and the second figure -10%.


Similar to the brightness gradients but the following saturation gradients show a change of the XYZ color 46.0417, 31.7623, 7.8417 by changing the saturation by 10% instead.





 46.0417, 31.7623,  
7.8417


 46.0417, 31.7623,  
7.8417


361.6894,  
310.0350, 184.3731

 32.4835, 21.1800,  
3.9075


 83.5089, 62.4383,  
22.1885


 21.8884, 13.2556,  
1.5747


 108.1486, 83.3007,  
33.4383


 13.8911, 7.6048,  
0.2727


 137.2128,  
108.3587, 47.9636

 8.1261, 3.8431,  
0.0000

 171.0669,  
137.9966, 66.1831

 4.2282, 1.5862,  
0.0000

 210.0763,  
172.5987, 88.5152

 1.8321, 0.3483,  
0.0000

 254.6062,

 0.5369, 0.0000,

212.5496, 115.3786

0.0000

305.0222,  
258.2336, 147.1917

■ 0.0000, 0.0000,  
0.0000

■ 46.0417, 31.7623,  
7.8417

■ 46.0417, 31.7623,  
7.8417

■ 43.7646, 28.0119,  
4.6061

■ 49.0509, 36.4775,  
12.8639

■ 42.1415, 25.1482,  
2.8857


■ 52.8540, 42.2166,  
19.8877


■ 41.6953, 24.3329,  
2.4991


■ 57.5079, 49.0395,  
29.0991

■ 63.0631, 57.0000,  
40.6619

■ 69.5662, 66.1479,  
54.7244

 77.0605, 76.5302,  
71.4226

 85.5862, 88.1912,  
90.8825

 93.5933, 99.2491,  
108.8318

# Harmonies

## Analogous

The Analogous color harmony consists of three colors that are next to each other on the color wheel.



53.3321, 31.7623, 21.3063



46.0417, 31.7623, 7.8417



35.2265, 31.7623, 3.6652

# Triad

The Triadic color harmony groups three colors that are evenly spaced from another and form a triangle on the color wheel.



46.0417, 31.7623, 7.8417



14.8445, 31.7623, 22.6197



35.9191, 31.7623, 121.9733

# Complementary

The Complementary color scheme is a pair of colors which are on the opposite of each other on the color wheel.



46.0417, 31.7623, 7.8417



40.1008, 49.6640, 98.7386

# Split Complementary

Split-complementary colors differ from the complementary color scheme. The scheme consists of three colors, the original color and two neighbors of the complement color.



25.6564, 31.7623, 123.0805



46.0417, 31.7623, 7.8417



14.9484, 31.7623, 52.4742

# Square

The Square scheme is like the rectangle color scheme, but the four colors are evenly spaced on the color wheel.



46.0417, 31.7623, 7.8417



18.1446, 31.7623, 8.3357



18.4702, 31.7623, 92.9211



46.6465, 31.7623, 90.4281



# Rectangle

The Rectangle color scheme consists of four colors that form a rectangle on the color wheel.



46.0417, 31.7623, 7.8417



28.2000, 31.7623, 3.3634



18.4702, 31.7623, 92.9211



32.2697, 31.7623, 126.3414

# Sweetspot

The Sweet Spot groups the original color and five complimentary colors.



46.0424, 31.7641, 7.8422



74.6938, 72.1617, 62.4255



52.1268, 27.9489, 59.1470



15.4133, 14.6462, 12.0941



0.0000, 0.0000, 0.0000



20.3446, 21.4041, 23.3091



# Same Dimension

The Same Dimension uses a secret algorithm to generate beautiful new colors.



46.0424, 31.7641, 7.8422



44.3499, 27.2720, 3.6072



61.9287, 63.5366, 13.1376



17.6121, 17.9601, 18.0008



22.0165, 12.9896, 1.3468



2.1212, 1.3673, 0.1521

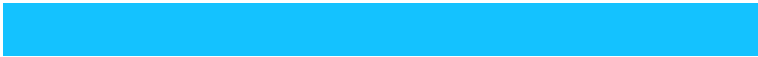


# Inverse Universe

The Inverse Universe completely reimagines the original color for something new.



40.1008, 49.6640, 98.7386



37.6153, 45.9102, 101.4868



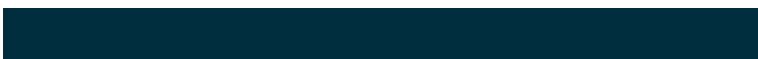
24.4739, 18.4104, 93.5297



17.3608, 18.7985, 22.0987



18.4654, 22.2863, 51.3020



1.7960, 2.2357, 4.7801



# Previews

## White Background



This preview shows how the XYZ color 46.0417, 31.7623, 7.8417 looks on a white background.

## Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA × Fail

Any Text WCAG AA × Fail

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA × Fail

Any Text WCAG AAA × Fail



# Black Background



This preview shows how the XYZ color 46.0417, 31.7623, 7.8417 looks on a black background.

## Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

If you want to check with other color combinations, try the [Color Contrast Checker](#).

**XYZ 46.0417, 31.7623, 7.8417**

## **Background**



This preview shows how black text looks on a background with the XYZ color 46.0417, 31.7623, 7.8417.



This preview shows how white text looks on a background with the XYZ color 46.0417, 31.7623,



# Color Blindness Simulation

Color vision deficiency is a very complex topic, and I could not describe the different causes any better than Wikipedia does, so if you want to learn more, you should check out their [article about color blindness](#).

## Dichromacy



### Original Color

46.0417, 31.7623, 7.8417

### Protanopia

29.1385, 31.7964, 10.7324

### Deuteranopia

32.4180, 31.6790, 7.3118



## Tritanopia

48.1727, 31.7089, 18.3333

# Trichromacy



**Original Color**

46.0417, 31.7623, 7.8417

**Protanomaly**

33.5120, 30.4387, 9.4192

**Deuteranomaly**

36.3344, 30.9057, 7.4185

**Tritanomaly**

47.0848, 31.5539, 13.5064

# Monochromacy



**Original Color**

46.0417, 31.7623, 7.8417

**Achromatopsia**

27.3213, 28.7441, 31.3023

**Achromatomaly**

31.1920, 28.1803, 19.7149

# CSS Examples

## Text

The CSS property to change the color of the text to XYZ 46.0417, 31.7623, 7.8417 is called "color". The color property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows how text in the color `rgb(251, 109, 59)` looks like.

```
.text, #text, p{  
    color:rgb(251, 109, 59)  
}
```

If you want to add a text shadow in that color use the text-shadow property, you can generate a text shadow directly with our [CSS Text Shadow Generator](#).

Here you see how black text with a 4 pixel rgb(251, 109, 59) colored shadow looks like.

```
.shadow{ text-shadow: 4px 4px 2px rgb(251, 109, 59) }
```

## Border

The CSS property to change the border of an element to XYZ 46.0417, 31.7623, 7.8417 is called "border". The border property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows the color as border, it can be applied via the CSS property "border" or "border-color".

```
.border, #border, table{ border:4px solid rgb(251, 109, 59) }
```



If only the border color should be changed use the property `border-color`.

```
.border{ border-color:rgb(251, 109, 59) }
```

If you want to add a box shadow in that color use:

Here you see how a box with a 4 pixel `rgb(251, 109, 59)` colored shadow looks like.

```
.boxshadow{ -moz-box-shadow:4px 4px 4px  
4px rgb(251, 109, 59); -webkit-box-  
shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(251, 109, 59);  
box-shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(251, 109,  
59) }
```

# Background

The CSS property to change the background color of an element to XYZ 46.0417, 31.7623, 7.8417 is called "background". The background property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

```
.background, #background, body{  
background: rgb(251, 109, 59) }
```

If only the background color should be changed can be used:

```
.background{ background-color: rgb(251,  
109, 59) }
```

This example shows the color as background, it is applied via the CSS property "background".

To optimize and compress your CSS code, you can use our [online CSS compressor and optimizer](#) based on csstidy. If you want to create a linear or radial gradient as background or border, check our [CSS Gradient Generator](#).

Hey! You found this booklet interesting? Support Converting Colors with the new Membership Option!

The pro membership hides all ads, plus gives you double the colors in the color bucket, and more awesome pro features!

**[Learn more, Memberships starting at \\$2.50/m!](#)**

**Follow me  
on Twitter!**

@ConvertingColor