

# Converting Colors

XYZ(46.1993, 49.3062, 54.4339)

Have a look what the booklet for  
XYZ(46.1993, 49.3062, 54.4339)  
contains.

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# **Color**

**XYZ(46.1388, 49.1166,  
54.6256)**

# Conversions

## Conversions Part 1

Format	Color
Hex	B6BBBC
RGB	182, 187, 188
RGB Percent	71%, 73%, 74%
CMY	0.2863, 0.2666, 0.2627
CMYK	0.03, 0.01, 0.00, 0.26
HSL	190°, 4%, 73%
HSV	190°, 3%, 74%
XYZ	46.1388, 49.1166, 54.6256
YIQ	185.6190, -3.3010, -0.7490

# Conversions

## Conversions Part 2

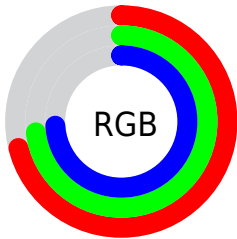
Format	Color
RYB	182, 185, 188
Decimal	11975612
CIELab	75.52, -1.54, -1.12
CIELCh	76, 1.905, 215.983
Yxy	49.1166, 0.3078, 0.3277
Android (android.graphics.Color)	4290165692 (0xFFB6BBC)
YUV	185.6190, 1.1738, -3.1739
Hunter-Lab	70.0832, -5.1315, 2.8453

# Details

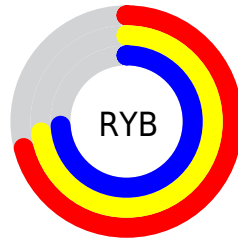
The XYZ color **46.1388, 49.1166, 54.6256** is a light color, and the websafe version is hex **CCCCCC**. A complement of this color would be **46.1160, 47.9351, 51.0784**, and the grayscale version is **46.4552, 48.8745, 53.2243**.

A 20% lighter version of the original color is **83.6396, 88.8100, 98.3217**, and **21.9515, 23.4666, 26.2942** is the 20% darker color. If you saturate the color by 10%, you get **41.3386, 45.6704, 54.2142**, and if you desaturate by 10%, it is **51.5523, 52.9031, 55.0719**.

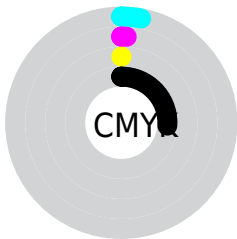
# Distribution



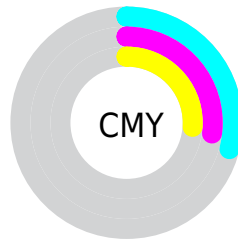
- Red (71%)
- Green (73%)
- Blue (74%)



- Red (71%)
- Yellow (73%)
- Blue (74%)



- Cyan (3%)
- Magenta (1%)
- Yellow (0%)
- Black (26%)



- Cyan (29%)
- Magenta (27%)
- Yellow (26%)

# Brightness & Saturation Gradients

These gradients show how the XYZ color 46.1388, 49.1166, 54.6256 changes by changing the brightness by 10 percent. The first figure shows a shift by +10% for each color and the second figure -10%.

Similar to the brightness gradients but the following saturation gradients show a change of the XYZ color 46.1388, 49.1166, 54.6256 by changing the saturation by 10% instead.



■ 46.1388, 49.1166,  
54.6256

■ 46.1388, 49.1166,  
54.6256

362.0730,  
383.2012, 421.7330

■ 32.5605, 34.7120,  
38.7055

■ 83.6533, 88.8646,  
98.4578

■ 21.9476, 23.4411,  
26.2246

108.3201,  
114.9768, 127.2070

■ 13.9348, 14.9195,  
16.7645

137.4138,  
145.7603, 161.0696

■ 8.1567, 8.7629,  
9.9065

171.2998,  
181.5995, 200.4642

■ 4.2480, 4.5869,  
5.2322

210.3433,  
222.8788, 245.8093

■ 1.8434, 2.0070,  
2.3230

254.9098,

■ 0.5436, 0.6115,

269.9825, 297.5234

0.7441

305.3646,  
323.2952, 356.0252

■ 0.0000, 0.0000,  
0.0000

■ 46.1388, 49.1166,  
54.6256

■ 46.1388, 49.1166,  
54.6256

■ 41.3386, 45.6704,  
54.2142

■ 51.5523, 52.9031,  
55.0719

■ 37.1238, 42.5460,  
53.8332

■ 57.5973, 57.0352,  
55.5509

■ 33.4706, 39.7321,  
53.4827

■ 64.2964, 61.5262,  
56.0646

■ 30.3520, 37.2149,  
53.1611

■ 70.8551, 65.9667,  
56.5760

■ 27.7384, 34.9788,  
52.8673

■ 71.5835, 67.4233,  
56.8188

■ 25.5976, 33.0072,  
52.5996

■ 72.3266, 68.9097,  
57.0665

■ 23.8935, 31.2813,  
52.3562

■ 73.0848, 70.4259,  
57.3193

■ 22.5845, 29.7795,  
52.1354

■ 73.8579, 71.9722,  
57.5770

■ 21.6208, 28.4759,  
51.9345

■ 74.6461, 73.5487,  
57.8397

# Harmonies

## Analogous

The Analogous color harmony consists of three colors that are next to each other on the color wheel.



46.0145, 49.1166, 53.6818



46.1388, 49.1166, 54.6256



46.4092, 49.1166, 55.2682

# Triad

The Triadic color harmony groups three colors that are evenly spaced from another and form a triangle on the color wheel.



46.1388, 49.1166, 54.6256



47.3043, 49.1166, 54.2717



46.6134, 49.1166, 51.5766

# Complementary

The Complementary color scheme is a pair of colors which are on the opposite of each other on the color wheel.



46.1388, 49.1166, 54.6256



46.1160, 47.9351, 51.0784

# Split Complementary

Split-complementary colors differ from the complementary color scheme. The scheme consists of three colors, the original color and two neighbors of the complement color.



46.9596, 49.1166, 51.7301



46.1388, 49.1166, 54.6256



47.3596, 49.1166, 53.2780

# Square

The Square scheme is like the rectangle color scheme, but the four colors are evenly spaced on the color wheel.



46.1388, 49.1166, 54.6256



47.0823, 49.1166, 55.0621



47.2332, 49.1166, 52.3498



46.2877, 49.1166, 51.9278



# Rectangle

The Rectangle color scheme consists of four colors that form a rectangle on the color wheel.



46.1388, 49.1166, 54.6256



46.6365, 49.1166, 55.4349



47.2332, 49.1166, 52.3498



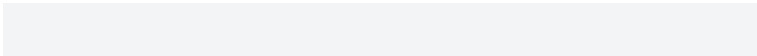
46.7312, 49.1166, 51.5709

# Sweetspot

The Sweet Spot groups the original color and five complimentary colors.



46.1402, 49.1187, 54.6267



85.6590, 90.4583, 99.1717



45.8121, 49.3270, 51.8523



18.4313, 19.4602, 21.3273



90.7827, 95.5105, 104.0109



18.6292, 19.5994, 21.3438



# Same Dimension

The Same Dimension uses a secret algorithm to generate beautiful new colors.



46.1402, 49.1187, 54.6267



82.8170, 88.4489, 98.9336



45.5304, 47.8992, 54.4234



10.1812, 10.8982, 12.2392



14.4093, 18.9304, 35.2874



0.6009, 0.8144, 1.3944

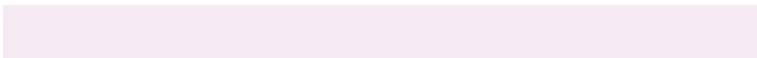


# Inverse Universe

The Inverse Universe completely reimagines the original color for something new.



46.4377, 47.7359, 53.7827



83.5009, 85.2793, 96.9909



46.7211, 49.1452, 51.2801



10.2783, 10.4491, 11.9631



18.2739, 8.9407, 22.5339



0.7342, 0.3576, 0.9795



# Previews

## White Background



This preview shows how the XYZ color 46.1388, 49.1166, 54.6256 looks on a white background.

## Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA × Fail

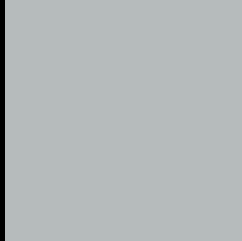
Any Text WCAG AA × Fail

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA × Fail

Any Text WCAG AAA × Fail



# Black Background



This preview shows how the XYZ color 46.1388, 49.1166, 54.6256 looks on a black background.

## Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AA ✓ Pass

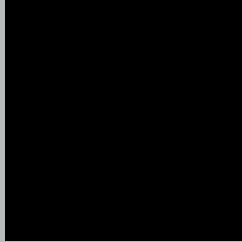
Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

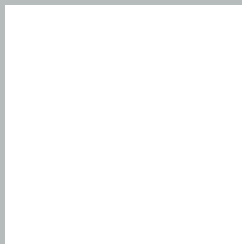
If you want to check with other color combinations, try the [Color Contrast Checker](#).

**XYZ 46.1388, 49.1166, 54.6256**

## **Background**



This preview shows how black text looks on a background with the XYZ color 46.1388, 49.1166, 54.6256.



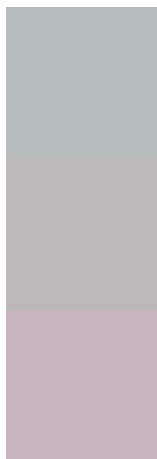
This preview shows how white text looks on a background with the XYZ color 46.1388, 49.1166,



# Color Blindness Simulation

Color vision deficiency is a very complex topic, and I could not describe the different causes any better than Wikipedia does, so if you want to learn more, you should check out their [article about color blindness](#).

## Dichromacy



### Original Color

46.1388, 49.1166, 54.6256

### Protanopia

47.3049, 49.1046, 53.9986

### Deuteranopia

49.8637, 48.8732, 54.9495



## Tritanopia

47.5415, 49.0584, 61.6071

# Trichromacy



## Original Color

46.1388, 49.1166, 54.6256

## Protanomaly

46.7782, 49.1448, 54.0341

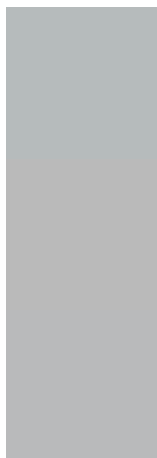
## Deuteranomaly

48.6245, 49.1432, 55.0669

## Tritanomaly

47.0512, 49.1706, 59.2356

# Monochromacy



## Original Color

46.1388, 49.1166, 54.6256

## Achromatopsia

46.6715, 49.1021, 53.4722

## Achromatomaly

46.5361, 49.0200, 54.0228

# CSS Examples

## Text

The CSS property to change the color of the text to XYZ 46.1388, 49.1166, 54.6256 is called "color". The color property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows how text in the color `rgb(182, 187, 188)` looks like.

```
.text, #text, p{  
    color:rgb(182, 187, 188)  
}
```

If you want to add a text shadow in that color use the text-shadow property, you can generate a text shadow directly with our [CSS Text Shadow Generator](#).

Here you see how black text with a 4 pixel rgb(182, 187, 188) colored shadow looks like.

```
.shadow{ text-shadow: 4px 4px 2px rgb(182, 187, 188) }
```

## Border

The CSS property to change the border of an element to XYZ 46.1388, 49.1166, 54.6256 is called "border". The border property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows the color as border, it can be applied via the CSS property "border" or "border-color".

```
.border, #border, table{ border:4px solid rgb(182, 187, 188) }
```



If only the border color should be changed use the property border-color.

```
.border{ border-color:rgb(182, 187, 188) }
```

If you want to add a box shadow in that color use:

Here you see how a box with a 4 pixel rgb(182, 187, 188) colored shadow looks like.

```
.boxshadow{ -moz-box-shadow:4px 4px 4px  
4px rgb(182, 187, 188); -webkit-box-  
shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(182, 187, 188);  
box-shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(182, 187,  
188) }
```

# Background

The CSS property to change the background color of an element to XYZ 46.1388, 49.1166, 54.6256 is called "background". The background property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

```
.background, #background, body{  
background: rgb(182, 187, 188) }
```

If only the background color should be changed can be used:

```
.background{ background-color: rgb(182,  
187, 188) }
```

This example shows the color as background, it is applied via the CSS property "background".

To optimize and compress your CSS code, you can use our [online CSS compressor and optimizer](#) based on csstidy. If you want to create a linear or radial gradient as background or border, check our [CSS Gradient Generator](#).

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