

# Converting Colors

XYZ(46.2217, 49.7684, 82.2138)

Have a look what the booklet for  
XYZ(46.2217, 49.7684, 82.2138)  
contains.

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# Color

**XYZ(46.2402, 49.8448,  
82.0468)**

# Conversions

## Conversions Part 1

<b>Format</b>	<b>Color</b>
Hex	9ABFE6
RGB	154, 191, 230
RGB Percent	60%, 75%, 90%
CMY	0.3961, 0.2510, 0.0980
CMYK	0.33, 0.17, 0.00, 0.10
HSL	211°, 60%, 75%
HSV	211°, 33%, 90%
XYZ	46.2402, 49.8448, 82.0468
YIQ	184.3830, -34.5710, 4.2850

# Conversions

## Conversions Part 2

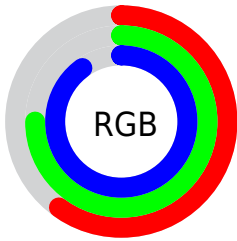
Format	Color
<a href="#">RYB</a>	<a href="#">154, 179, 230</a>
Decimal	<a href="#">10141670</a>
CIELab	<a href="#">75.97, -3.19, -23.42</a>
CIELCh	<a href="#">76, 23.638, 262.235</a>
Yxy	<a href="#">49.8448, 0.2596, 0.2798</a>
Android (android.graphics.Color)	<a href="#">4288331750 (0xFF9ABFE6)</a>
YUV	<a href="#">184.3830, 22.4892, -26.6459</a>
Hunter-Lab	<a href="#">70.6008, -6.6425, -19.4816</a>

# Details

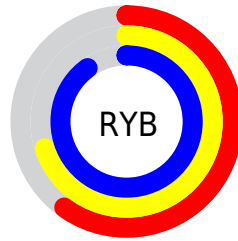
The XYZ color **46.2402, 49.8448, 82.0468** is a light color, and the websafe version is hex **99CCFF**. A complement of this color would be **57.5368, 57.2969, 38.6004**, and the grayscale version is **45.6662, 48.0444, 52.3203**.

A 20% lighter version of the original color is **77.8891, 87.4432, 107.3808**, and **21.9840, 23.9423, 43.5070** is the 20% darker color. If you saturate the color by 10%, you get **39.8042, 42.8597, 81.0386**, and if you desaturate by 10%, it is **53.7255, 57.6810, 83.1657**.

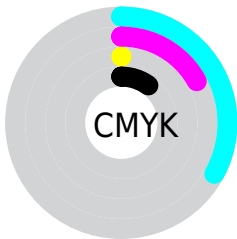
# Distribution



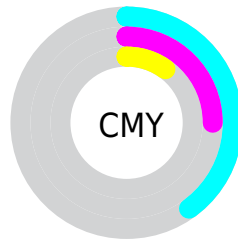
- Red (60%)
- Green (75%)
- Blue (90%)



- Red (60%)
- Yellow (70%)
- Blue (90%)



- Cyan (33%)
- Magenta (17%)
- Yellow (0%)
- Black (10%)




- Cyan (40%)
- Magenta (25%)
- Yellow (10%)


# Brightness & Saturation Gradients

These gradients show how the XYZ color 46.2402, 49.8448, 82.0468 changes by changing the brightness by 10 percent. The first figure shows a shift by +10% for each color and the second figure -10%.


Similar to the brightness gradients but the following saturation gradients show a change of the XYZ color 46.2402, 49.8448, 82.0468 by changing the saturation by 10% instead.




 46.2402, 49.8448,  
82.0468


 46.2402, 49.8448,  
82.0468


362.4733,  
386.0587, 521.6918

 32.6408, 35.2901,  
60.8681


 83.8040, 89.9449,  
138.0769

 22.0094, 23.8864,  
43.6888

 108.4992,  
116.2591, 173.7654

 13.9804, 15.2494,  
30.0906


137.6237,  
147.2618, 215.1275

 8.1887, 8.9946,  
19.6547

171.5428,  
183.3376, 262.5818

 4.2687, 4.7377,  
11.9627

210.6220,  
224.8708, 316.5468

 1.8553, 2.0942,  
6.5961

255.2266,

 0.5506, 0.6613,

272.2458, 377.4411

3.1362

305.7219,  
325.8470, 445.6833

■ 0.0000, 0.0000,  
1.1646

■ 0.0000, 0.0000,  
0.0000

■ 46.2402, 49.8448,  
82.0468

■ 46.2402, 49.8448,  
82.0468

■ 39.8042, 42.8597,  
81.0386

■ 53.7255, 57.6810,  
83.1657

■ 34.3597, 36.6854,  
80.1338

■ 62.3044, 66.3947,  
84.3955

■ 29.8506, 31.2864,  
79.3294

■ 72.0239, 76.0182,  
85.7407

■ 26.2120, 26.6216,  
78.6207

■ 82.9272, 86.5800,  
87.2047

■ 23.3700, 22.6449,  
78.0029

■ 89.7135, 95.3540,  
88.5405

■ 21.2361, 19.3019,  
77.4702

■ 91.2831, 98.4932,  
89.0637

■ 20.0748, 17.2966,  
77.1443

# Harmonies

## Analogous

The Analogous color harmony consists of three colors that are next to each other on the color wheel.



42.3732, 49.8448, 75.8085



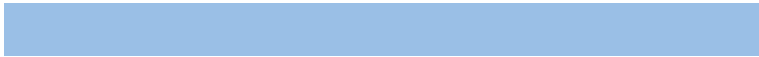
46.2402, 49.8448, 82.0468



50.6557, 49.8448, 79.9803

# Triad

The Triadic color harmony groups three colors that are evenly spaced from another and form a triangle on the color wheel.



46.2402, 49.8448, 82.0468



55.6612, 49.8448, 45.5968



40.9875, 49.8448, 40.7245

# Complementary

The Complementary color scheme is a pair of colors which are on the opposite of each other on the color wheel.



46.2402, 49.8448, 82.0468



57.5368, 57.2969, 38.6004

# Split Complementary

Split-complementary colors differ from the complementary color scheme. The scheme consists of three colors, the original color and two neighbors of the complement color.



44.2410, 49.8448, 34.7643



46.2402, 49.8448, 82.0468



52.7578, 49.8448, 37.2583

# Square

The Square scheme is like the rectangle color scheme, but the four colors are evenly spaced on the color wheel.



46.2402, 49.8448, 82.0468



56.2786, 49.8448, 57.6182



48.5302, 49.8448, 33.6018



39.4655, 49.8448, 51.0590



# Rectangle

The Rectangle color scheme consists of four colors that form a rectangle on the color wheel.



46.2402, 49.8448, 82.0468



53.3036, 49.8448, 74.2982



48.5302, 49.8448, 33.6018



41.9049, 49.8448, 38.2133

# Sweetspot

The Sweet Spot groups the original color and five complimentary colors.



46.2418, 49.8468, 82.0480



82.2497, 87.4139, 107.1453



51.1390, 67.2705, 60.1598



17.2453, 18.3519, 22.8833



0.0000, 0.0000, 0.0000



20.3446, 21.4041, 23.3091

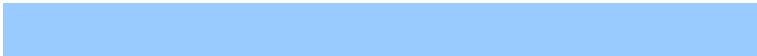


# Same Dimension

The Same Dimension uses a secret algorithm to generate beautiful new colors.



46.2418, 49.8468, 82.0480



52.4624, 56.5434, 102.7566



39.1664, 35.6961, 79.6895



14.1592, 15.0397, 18.3010



11.4866, 10.0353, 43.7148



0.9415, 0.9270, 3.2613



# Inverse Universe

The Inverse Universe completely reimagines the original color for something new.



53.5941, 43.6974, 54.9019



63.3702, 48.3380, 62.2775



66.7637, 75.7507, 41.6760



14.6679, 14.4844, 16.4517



20.1914, 10.2108, 9.9029

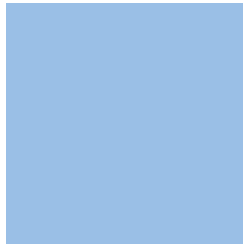


1.5389, 0.7733, 0.9782



# Previews

## White Background



This preview shows how the XYZ color 46.2402, 49.8448, 82.0468 looks on a white background.

## Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA × Fail

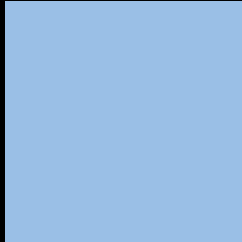
Any Text WCAG AA × Fail

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA × Fail

Any Text WCAG AAA × Fail



# Black Background



This preview shows how the XYZ color 46.2402, 49.8448, 82.0468 looks on a black background.

## Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AA ✓ Pass

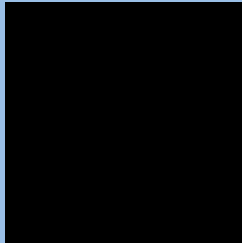
Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

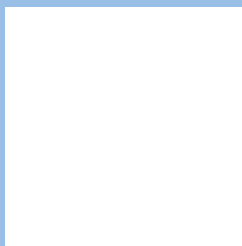
If you want to check with other color combinations, try the [Color Contrast Checker](#).

**XYZ 46.2402, 49.8448, 82.0468**

## **Background**



This preview shows how black text looks on a background with the XYZ color 46.2402, 49.8448, 82.0468.



This preview shows how white text looks on a background with the XYZ color 46.2402, 49.8448,



# Color Blindness Simulation

Color vision deficiency is a very complex topic, and I could not describe the different causes any better than Wikipedia does, so if you want to learn more, you should check out their [article about color blindness](#).

## Dichromacy



### Original Color

46.2402, 49.8448, 82.0468

### Protanopia

49.4365, 49.6539, 78.9301

### Deuteranopia

50.7904, 49.6383, 83.2481



## Tritanopia

43.3191, 49.6263, 68.2684

# Trichromacy



## Original Color

46.2402, 49.8448, 82.0468

## Protanomaly

47.9976, 49.5217, 79.7019

## Deuteranomaly

48.9960, 49.6580, 82.6039

## Tritanomaly

44.3568, 49.7290, 72.9064

# Monochromacy



## Original Color

46.2402, 49.8448, 82.0468

## Achromatopsia

45.5594, 47.9320, 52.1980

## Achromatomaly

45.5465, 48.6419, 62.2466

# CSS Examples

## Text

The CSS property to change the color of the text to XYZ 46.2402, 49.8448, 82.0468 is called "color". The color property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows how text in the color `rgb(154, 191, 230)` looks like.

```
.text, #text, p{  
    color:rgb(154, 191, 230)  
}
```

If you want to add a text shadow in that color use the text-shadow property, you can generate a text shadow directly with our [CSS Text Shadow Generator](#).

Here you see how black text with a 4 pixel rgb(154, 191, 230) colored shadow looks like.

```
.shadow{ text-shadow: 4px 4px 2px rgb(154, 191, 230) }
```

## Border

The CSS property to change the border of an element to XYZ 46.2402, 49.8448, 82.0468 is called "border". The border property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows the color as border, it can be applied via the CSS property "border" or "border-color".

```
.border, #border, table{ border:4px solid rgb(154, 191, 230) }
```



If only the border color should be changed use the property `border-color`.

```
.border{ border-color:rgb(154, 191, 230) }
```

If you want to add a box shadow in that color use:

Here you see how a box with a 4 pixel `rgb(154, 191, 230)` colored shadow looks like.

```
.boxshadow{ -moz-box-shadow:4px 4px 4px  
4px rgb(154, 191, 230); -webkit-box-  
shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(154, 191, 230);  
box-shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(154, 191,  
230) }
```

# Background

The CSS property to change the background color of an element to XYZ 46.2402, 49.8448, 82.0468 is called "background". The background property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

```
.background, #background, body{  
background: rgb(154, 191, 230) }
```

If only the background color should be changed can be used:

```
.background{ background-color: rgb(154,  
191, 230) }
```

This example shows the color as background, it is applied via the CSS property "background".

To optimize and compress your CSS code, you can use our [online CSS compressor and optimizer](#) based on csstidy. If you want to create a linear or radial gradient as background or border, check our [CSS Gradient Generator](#).

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