

# Converting Colors

XYZ(46.2432, 50.0805, 43.7747)

Have a look what the booklet for  
XYZ(46.2432, 50.0805, 43.7747)  
contains.

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# Color

**XYZ(46.1589, 50.0040,  
43.7781)**

# Conversions

## Conversions Part 1

Format	Color
Hex	BDBDA7
RGB	189, 189, 167
RGB Percent	74%, 74%, 65%
CMY	0.2588, 0.2588, 0.3451
CMYK	0.00, 0.00, 0.12, 0.26
HSL	60°, 14%, 70%
HSV	60°, 12%, 74%
XYZ	46.1589, 50.0040, 43.7781
YIQ	186.4920, 7.0620, -6.8420

# Conversions

## Conversions Part 2

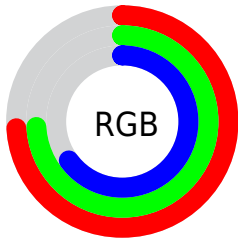
<b>Format</b>	<b>Color</b>
<b>RYB</b>	167, 189, 167
Decimal	12434855
CIELab	76.07, -3.85, 11.13
CIELCh	76, 11.776, 109.063
Yxy	50.0040, 0.3298, 0.3573
Android (android.graphics.Color)	4290624935 (0xFFBDBDA7)
YUV	186.4920, -9.6096, 2.1995
Hunter-Lab	70.7135, -7.2311, 12.7935

# Details

The XYZ color **46.1589, 50.0040, 43.7781** is a light color, and the websafe version is hex **CCCCCC**. A complement of this color would be **38.9423, 39.5284, 53.7240**, and the grayscale version is **46.9988, 49.4464, 53.8471**.

A 20% lighter version of the original color is **83.4934, 89.9912, 82.0767**, and **22.0520, 24.0804, 19.7054** is the 20% darker color. If you saturate the color by 10%, you get **44.5375, 49.3570, 35.2384**, and if you desaturate by 10%, it is **48.0384, 50.7575, 53.6650**.

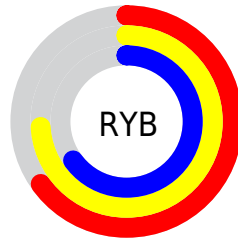
# Distribution



Red (74%)

Green (74%)

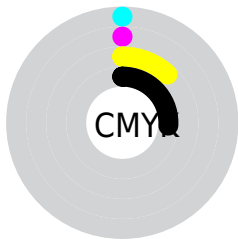
Blue (65%)



Red (65%)

Yellow (74%)

Blue (65%)

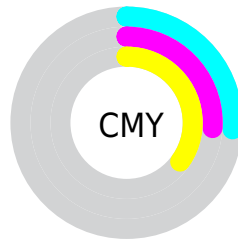


Cyan (0%)

Magenta (0%)

Yellow (12%)

Black (26%)



Cyan (26%)

Magenta (26%)

Yellow (35%)

# Brightness & Saturation Gradients

These gradients show how the XYZ color 46.1589, 50.0040, 43.7781 changes by changing the brightness by 10 percent. The first figure shows a shift by +10% for each color and the second figure -10%.

Similar to the brightness gradients but the following saturation gradients show a change of the XYZ color 46.1589, 50.0040, 43.7781 by changing the saturation by 10% instead.



■ 46.1589, 50.0040,  
43.7781

■ 46.1589, 50.0040,  
43.7781

362.1523,  
386.6816, 377.8168

■ 32.5764, 35.4166,  
30.1602

■ 83.6832, 90.1808,  
82.1826

■ 21.9598, 23.9839,  
19.7071

■ 108.3556,  
116.5390, 107.8064

■ 13.9438, 15.3217,  
12.0004

137.4554,  
147.5895, 138.2691

■ 8.1630, 9.0455,  
6.6214

171.3480,  
183.7168, 173.9894

■ 4.2521, 4.7709,  
3.1516

210.3986,  
225.3053, 215.3857

■ 1.8457, 2.1135,  
1.1726

254.9726,

■ 0.5450, 0.6722,

272.7393, 262.8767

0.0000

305.4354,  
326.4033, 316.8809

■ 0.0000, 0.0000,  
0.0000

■ 46.1589, 50.0040,  
43.7781

■ 46.1589, 50.0040,  
43.7781

■ 44.5375, 49.3570,  
35.2384

■ 48.0384, 50.7575,  
53.6650

■ 43.1592, 48.8056,  
27.9845

■ 50.1823, 51.6152,  
64.9505

■ 42.0134, 48.3472,  
21.9552

■ 52.6018, 52.5831,  
77.6870

■ 41.0874, 47.9767,  
17.0830

■ 55.3061, 53.6649,  
91.9237

■ 40.3670, 47.6884,  
13.2938

■ 57.2392, 54.4382,  
102.0985

■ 39.8366, 47.4762,  
10.5050

■ 57.2400, 54.4387,  
102.0986

■ 39.4782, 47.3327,  
8.6221

■ 57.2408, 54.4391,  
102.0986

■ 39.2705, 47.2495,  
7.5326

■ 57.2416, 54.4395,  
102.0987

■ 39.1778, 47.2124,  
7.0480

■ 57.2424, 54.4399,  
102.0987

# Harmonies

## Analogous

The Analogous color harmony consists of three colors that are next to each other on the color wheel.



48.3345, 50.0040, 43.3950



46.1589, 50.0040, 43.7781



44.4024, 50.0040, 46.8865

# Triad

The Triadic color harmony groups three colors that are evenly spaced from another and form a triangle on the color wheel.



46.1589, 50.0040, 43.7781



44.8088, 50.0040, 64.1214



51.8033, 50.0040, 56.7773

# Complementary

The Complementary color scheme is a pair of colors which are on the opposite of each other on the color wheel.



46.1589, 50.0040, 43.7781



38.9423, 39.5284, 53.7240

# Split Complementary

Split-complementary colors differ from the complementary color scheme. The scheme consists of three colors, the original color and two neighbors of the complement color.



50.7954, 50.0040, 62.7770



46.1589, 50.0040, 43.7781



46.7291, 50.0040, 67.2296

# Square

The Square scheme is like the rectangle color scheme, but the four colors are evenly spaced on the color wheel.



46.1589, 50.0040, 43.7781



43.6397, 50.0040, 58.4997



48.9225, 50.0040, 66.7194



51.6392, 50.0040, 50.5837



# Rectangle

The Rectangle color scheme consists of four colors that form a rectangle on the color wheel.



46.1589, 50.0040, 43.7781



43.6845, 50.0040, 50.2299



48.9225, 50.0040, 66.7194



51.5891, 50.0040, 58.8914

# Sweetspot

The Sweet Spot groups the original color and five complimentary colors.



46.1603, 50.0062, 43.7792



85.5307, 90.7013, 93.4697



41.7816, 41.2475, 42.3193



18.3320, 19.4805, 19.7793



90.7827, 95.5105, 104.0109



18.6292, 19.5994, 21.3438



# Same Dimension

The Same Dimension uses a secret algorithm to generate beautiful new colors.



46.1603, 50.0062, 43.7792



81.8751, 89.2388, 74.2278



43.5346, 48.6526, 43.6563



10.3221, 11.1205, 10.1791



26.3587, 31.7643, 4.7419



1.0325, 1.2443, 0.1857



# Inverse Universe

The Inverse Universe completely reimagines the original color for something new.



38.9423, 39.5284, 53.7240



66.3587, 66.7149, 95.6060



41.3656, 40.7776, 53.8374



9.0167, 9.2255, 11.9777



6.1805, 2.4722, 32.5443



0.2421, 0.0969, 1.2748



# Previews

## White Background



This preview shows how the XYZ color 46.1589, 50.0040, 43.7781 looks on a white background.

## Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA × Fail

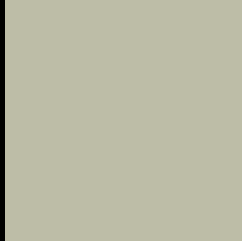
Any Text WCAG AA × Fail

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA × Fail

Any Text WCAG AAA × Fail



# Black Background



This preview shows how the XYZ color 46.1589, 50.0040, 43.7781 looks on a black background.

## Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AA ✓ Pass

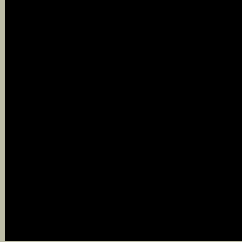
Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

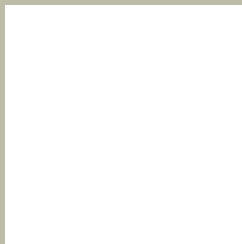
If you want to check with other color combinations, try the [Color Contrast Checker](#).

**XYZ 46.1589, 50.0040, 43.7781**

## **Background**



This preview shows how black text looks on a background with the XYZ color 46.1589, 50.0040, 43.7781.



This preview shows how white text looks on a background with the XYZ color 46.1589, 50.0040,



# Color Blindness Simulation

Color vision deficiency is a very complex topic, and I could not describe the different causes any better than Wikipedia does, so if you want to learn more, you should check out their [article about color blindness](#).

## Dichromacy



### Original Color

46.1589, 50.0040, 43.7781

### Protanopia

47.4182, 50.0296, 43.2339

### Deuteranopia

50.8367, 49.9094, 44.4902



## Tritanopia

49.6974, 49.8738, 61.0401

# Trichromacy



## Original Color

46.1589, 50.0040, 43.7781

## Protanomaly

46.8585, 50.0571, 43.2687

## Deuteranomaly

49.1102, 49.9455, 44.0978

## Tritanomaly

48.2668, 49.9121, 54.1038

# Monochromacy



## Original Color

46.1589, 50.0040, 43.7781

## Achromatopsia

46.6715, 49.1021, 53.4722

## Achromatomaly

46.4005, 49.3601, 49.7297

# CSS Examples

## Text

The CSS property to change the color of the text to XYZ 46.1589, 50.0040, 43.7781 is called "color". The color property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows how text in the color `rgb(189, 189, 167)` looks like.

```
.text, #text, p{  
    color:rgb(189, 189, 167)  
}
```

If you want to add a text shadow in that color use the text-shadow property, you can generate a text shadow directly with our [CSS Text Shadow Generator](#).

Here you see how black text with a 4 pixel rgb(189, 189, 167) colored shadow looks like.

```
.shadow{ text-shadow: 4px 4px 2px rgb(189, 189, 167) }
```

## Border

The CSS property to change the border of an element to XYZ 46.1589, 50.0040, 43.7781 is called "border". The border property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows the color as border, it can be applied via the CSS property "border" or "border-color".

```
.border, #border, table{ border:4px solid rgb(189, 189, 167) }
```



If only the border color should be changed use the property `border-color`.

```
.border{ border-color:rgb(189, 189, 167) }
```

If you want to add a box shadow in that color use:

Here you see how a box with a 4 pixel `rgb(189, 189, 167)` colored shadow looks like.

```
.boxshadow{ -moz-box-shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(189, 189, 167); -webkit-box-shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(189, 189, 167); box-shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(189, 189, 167) }
```

# Background

The CSS property to change the background color of an element to XYZ 46.1589, 50.0040, 43.7781 is called "background". The background property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

```
.background, #background, body{  
background: rgb(189, 189, 167) }
```

If only the background color should be changed can be used:

```
.background{ background-color: rgb(189,  
189, 167) }
```

This example shows the color as background, it is applied via the CSS property "background".

To optimize and compress your CSS code, you can use our [online CSS compressor and optimizer](#) based on csstidy. If you want to create a linear or radial gradient as background or border, check our [CSS Gradient Generator](#).

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