

# Converting Colors

XYZ(46.2510, 54.3976, 65.5406)

Have a look what the booklet for  
XYZ(46.2510, 54.3976, 65.5406)  
contains.

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# Color

**XYZ(46.2800, 54.2877,  
65.7970)**

# Conversions

## Conversions Part 1

<b>Format</b>	<b>Color</b>
Hex	9DCBCD
RGB	157, 203, 205
RGB Percent	62%, 80%, 80%
CMY	0.3843, 0.2039, 0.1961
CMYK	0.23, 0.01, 0.00, 0.20
HSL	182°, 32%, 71%
HSV	182°, 23%, 80%
XYZ	46.2800, 54.2877, 65.7970
YIQ	189.4740, -28.0580, -9.1300

# Conversions

## Conversions Part 2

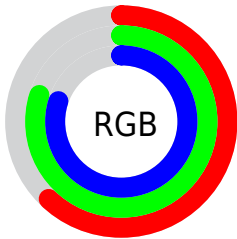
<b>Format</b>	<b>Color</b>
<b>RYB</b>	157, 180, 205
Decimal	10341325
CIELab	78.63, -14.53, -5.93
CIELCh	79, 15.691, 202.220
Yxy	54.2877, 0.2782, 0.3263
Android (android.graphics.Color)	4288531405 (0xFF9DCBCD)
YUV	189.4740, 7.6543, -28.4797
Hunter-Lab	73.6802, -16.8209, -1.3703

# Details

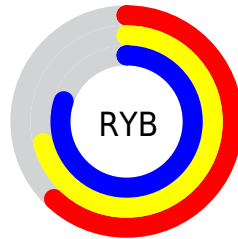
The XYZ color **46.2800, 54.2877, 65.7970** is a light color, and the websafe version is hex **99CCCC**. A complement of this color would be **43.6614, 40.2100, 37.3595**, and the grayscale version is **48.6115, 51.1431, 55.6948**.

A 20% lighter version of the original color is **80.9614, 92.7370, 108.2407**, and **22.0423, 26.6723, 33.2647** is the 20% darker color. If you saturate the color by 10%, you get **42.4107, 51.9961, 65.5595**, and if you desaturate by 10%, it is **50.8247, 56.9319, 66.0687**.

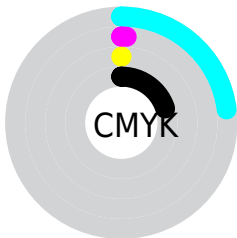
# Distribution



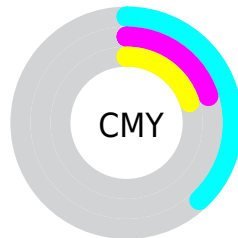
- Red (62%)
- Green (80%)
- Blue (80%)



- Red (62%)
- Yellow (71%)
- Blue (80%)



- Cyan (23%)
- Magenta (1%)
- Yellow (0%)
- Black (20%)




- Cyan (38%)
- Magenta (20%)
- Yellow (20%)


# Brightness & Saturation Gradients

These gradients show how the XYZ color 46.2800, 54.2877, 65.7970 changes by changing the brightness by 10 percent. The first figure shows a shift by +10% for each color and the second figure -10%.


Similar to the brightness gradients but the following saturation gradients show a change of the XYZ color 46.2800, 54.2877, 65.7970 by changing the saturation by 10% instead.





 46.2800, 54.2877,  
65.7970


 46.2800, 54.2877,  
65.7970


362.6303,  
403.2061, 464.0349

 32.6724, 38.8317,  
47.6522

 83.8632, 96.4965,  
114.8191

 22.0336, 26.6288,  
33.1935


 108.5695,  
124.0182, 146.5336

 13.9983, 17.2947,  
22.0024


137.7060,  
156.3305, 183.6083

 8.2012, 10.4448,  
13.6603

171.6382,  
193.8179, 226.4618

 4.2769, 5.6949,  
7.7488

210.7314,  
236.8648, 275.5127

 1.8599, 2.6604,  
3.8491

255.3509,

 0.5534, 0.9571,

285.8555, 331.1795

1.5430

305.8621,  
341.1745, 393.8807

■ 0.0000, 0.0000,  
0.2496

■ 0.0000, 0.0000,  
0.0000

■ 46.2800, 54.2877,  
65.7970

■ 46.2800, 54.2877,  
65.7970

■ 42.4107, 51.9961,  
65.5595

■ 50.8247, 56.9319,  
66.0687

■ 39.1785, 50.0332,  
65.3510

■ 56.0711, 59.9381,  
66.3725

■ 36.5486, 48.3824,  
65.1710

■ 62.0500, 63.3236,  
66.7108

■ 34.4812, 47.0233,  
65.0176

■ 68.7890, 67.1025,  
67.0850

■ 32.9312, 45.9325,  
64.8887

■ 74.6378, 70.4243,  
67.4179

■ 31.8472, 45.0836,  
64.7820

■ 74.8454, 70.8395,  
67.4871

■ 31.1666, 44.4442,  
64.6945

■ 75.0542, 71.2570,  
67.5567

■ 30.8657, 44.1001,  
64.6439

■ 75.2640, 71.6767,  
67.6267

■ 75.4750, 72.0987,  
67.6970

# Harmonies

## Analogous

The Analogous color harmony consists of three colors that are next to each other on the color wheel.



45.9206, 54.2877, 56.8313



46.2800, 54.2877, 65.7970



48.0359, 54.2877, 73.6403

# Triad

The Triadic color harmony groups three colors that are evenly spaced from another and form a triangle on the color wheel.



46.2800, 54.2877, 65.7970



56.4501, 54.2877, 70.1861



52.4092, 54.2877, 43.7713

# Complementary

The Complementary color scheme is a pair of colors which are on the opposite of each other on the color wheel.



46.2800, 54.2877, 65.7970



43.6614, 40.2100, 37.3595

# Split Complementary

Split-complementary colors differ from the complementary color scheme. The scheme consists of three colors, the original color and two neighbors of the complement color.



55.3337, 54.2877, 46.6291



46.2800, 54.2877, 65.7970



57.7268, 54.2877, 61.4490

# Square

The Square scheme is like the rectangle color scheme, but the four colors are evenly spaced on the color wheel.



46.2800, 54.2877, 65.7970



53.8837, 54.2877, 76.3458



57.3103, 54.2877, 52.8923



49.3795, 54.2877, 44.6857



# Rectangle

The Rectangle color scheme consists of four colors that form a rectangle on the color wheel.



46.2800, 54.2877, 65.7970



49.8016, 54.2877, 76.8830



57.3103, 54.2877, 52.8923



53.4387, 54.2877, 44.3118

# Sweetspot

The Sweet Spot groups the original color and five complimentary colors.



46.2816, 54.2899, 65.7982



88.5486, 96.2973, 108.5280



41.9603, 53.3211, 40.7008



18.8391, 20.5464, 23.2229



0.0000, 0.0000, 0.0000



20.3446, 21.4041, 23.3091



# Same Dimension

The Same Dimension uses a secret algorithm to generate beautiful new colors.



46.2816, 54.2899, 65.7982



72.5408, 86.9998, 107.5771



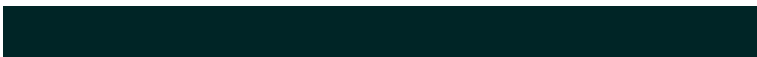
41.1255, 43.9778, 64.0795



11.5017, 12.6438, 14.4047



19.2327, 27.4894, 40.2486



1.0049, 1.4435, 2.0806



# Inverse Universe

The Inverse Universe completely reimagines the original color for something new.



48.0146, 41.4061, 61.9639



75.8727, 62.4051, 100.1657



48.1147, 49.1167, 38.8440



11.6666, 11.3954, 14.0449



21.9187, 10.5781, 33.6201

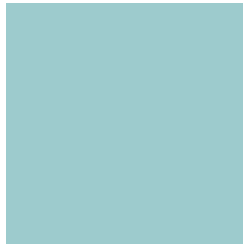


1.1372, 0.5483, 1.7681



# Previews

## White Background



This preview shows how the XYZ color 46.2800, 54.2877, 65.7970 looks on a white background.

## Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA × Fail

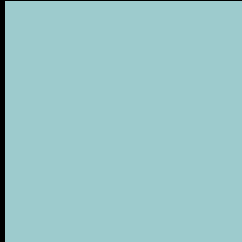
Any Text WCAG AA × Fail

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA × Fail

Any Text WCAG AAA × Fail



# Black Background



This preview shows how the XYZ color 46.2800, 54.2877, 65.7970 looks on a black background.

## Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AA ✓ Pass

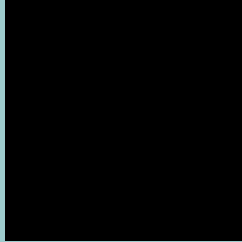
Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

If you want to check with other color combinations, try the [Color Contrast Checker](#).

**XYZ 46.2800, 54.2877, 65.7970**

## **Background**



This preview shows how black text looks on a background with the XYZ color 46.2800, 54.2877, 65.7970.



This preview shows how white text looks on a background with the XYZ color 46.2800, 54.2877,



# Color Blindness Simulation

Color vision deficiency is a very complex topic, and I could not describe the different causes any better than Wikipedia does, so if you want to learn more, you should check out their [article about color blindness](#).

## Dichromacy



### Original Color

46.2800, 54.2877, 65.7970

### Protanopia

52.1437, 53.9992, 61.7075

### Deuteranopia

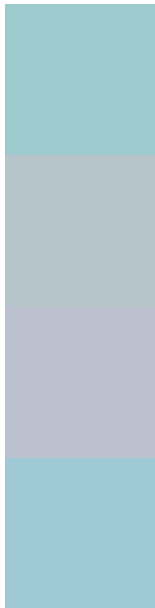
54.8220, 53.6423, 67.1391



## Tritanopia

47.9082, 54.2566, 73.5932

# Trichromacy



## Original Color

46.2800, 54.2877, 65.7970

## Protanomaly

49.8003, 54.0946, 63.0749

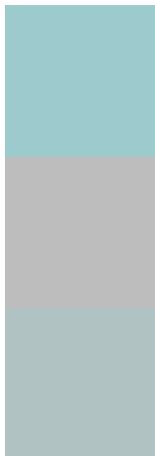
## Deuteranomaly

51.0715, 53.3363, 66.6347

## Tritanomaly

47.4288, 54.4161, 70.9544

# Monochromacy



## Original Color

46.2800, 54.2877, 65.7970

## Achromatopsia

48.3692, 50.8881, 55.4172

## Achromatomaly

47.2736, 51.8708, 59.1502

# CSS Examples

## Text

The CSS property to change the color of the text to XYZ 46.2800, 54.2877, 65.7970 is called "color". The color property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows how text in the color `rgb(157, 203, 205)` looks like.

```
.text, #text, p{  
    color:rgb(157, 203, 205)  
}
```

If you want to add a text shadow in that color use the text-shadow property, you can generate a text shadow directly with our [CSS Text Shadow Generator](#).

Here you see how black text with a 4 pixel rgb(157, 203, 205) colored shadow looks like.

```
.shadow{ text-shadow: 4px 4px 2px rgb(157, 203, 205) }
```

## Border

The CSS property to change the border of an element to XYZ 46.2800, 54.2877, 65.7970 is called "border". The border property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows the color as border, it can be applied via the CSS property "border" or "border-color".

```
.border, #border, table{ border:4px solid rgb(157, 203, 205) }
```



If only the border color should be changed use the property `border-color`.

```
.border{ border-color:rgb(157, 203, 205) }
```

If you want to add a box shadow in that color use:

Here you see how a box with a 4 pixel `rgb(157, 203, 205)` colored shadow looks like.

```
.boxshadow{ -moz-box-shadow:4px 4px 4px  
4px rgb(157, 203, 205); -webkit-box-  
shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(157, 203, 205);  
box-shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(157, 203,  
205) }
```

# Background

The CSS property to change the background color of an element to XYZ 46.2800, 54.2877, 65.7970 is called "background". The background property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

```
.background, #background, body{  
background: rgb(157, 203, 205) }
```

If only the background color should be changed can be used:

```
.background{ background-color: rgb(157,  
203, 205) }
```

This example shows the color as background, it is applied via the CSS property "background".

To optimize and compress your CSS code, you can use our [online CSS compressor and optimizer](#) based on csstidy. If you want to create a linear or radial gradient as background or border, check our [CSS Gradient Generator](#).

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