

# Converting Colors

XYZ(46.2548, 52.9400, 52.1050)

Have a look what the booklet for  
XYZ(46.2548, 52.9400, 52.1050)  
contains.

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# **Color**

**XYZ(46.0931, 52.7642,  
52.0111)**

# Conversions

## Conversions Part 1

Format	Color
Hex	AEC6B6
RGB	174, 198, 182
RGB Percent	68%, 78%, 71%
CMY	0.3176, 0.2235, 0.2863
CMYK	0.12, 0.00, 0.08, 0.22
HSL	140°, 17%, 73%
HSV	140°, 12%, 78%
XYZ	46.0931, 52.7642, 52.0111
YIQ	189.0000, -9.1680, -10.0640

# Conversions

## Conversions Part 2

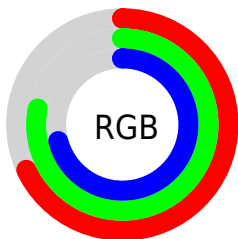
<b>Format</b>	<b>Color</b>
<b>RYB</b>	174, 192, 198
Decimal	11454134
CIELab	77.74, -11.20, 5.27
CIELCh	78, 12.383, 154.805
Yxy	52.7642, 0.3055, 0.3497
Android (android.graphics.Color)	4289644214 (0xFFAEC6B6)
YUV	189.0000, -3.4510, -13.1550
Hunter-Lab	72.6390, -13.8509, 8.3943

# Details

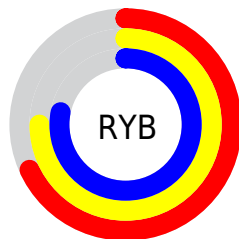
The XYZ color **46.0931, 52.7642, 52.0111** is a light color, and the websafe version is hex **99CCCC**. A complement of this color would be **47.7209, 45.9968, 55.0807**, and the grayscale version is **48.3938, 50.9141, 55.4454**.

A 20% lighter version of the original color is **83.8257, 94.5160, 94.7143**, and **21.8209, 25.5964, 24.5594** is the 20% darker color. If you saturate the color by 10%, you get **40.7025, 50.1370, 44.9702**, and if you desaturate by 10%, it is **52.2656, 55.7826, 59.7623**.

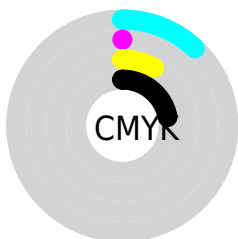
# Distribution



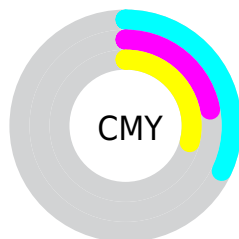
- Red (68%)
- Green (78%)
- Blue (71%)



- Red (68%)
- Yellow (75%)
- Blue (78%)



- Cyan (12%)
- Magenta (0%)
- Yellow (8%)
- Black (22%)




- Cyan (32%)
- Magenta (22%)
- Yellow (29%)


# Brightness & Saturation Gradients

These gradients show how the XYZ color 46.0931, 52.7642, 52.0111 changes by changing the brightness by 10 percent. The first figure shows a shift by +10% for each color and the second figure -10%.


Similar to the brightness gradients but the following saturation gradients show a change of the XYZ color 46.0931, 52.7642, 52.0111 by changing the saturation by 10% instead.





 46.0931, 52.7642,  
52.0111

 46.0931, 52.7642,  
52.0111


361.8925,  
397.3798, 411.4376

 32.5242, 37.6146,  
36.6316

 83.5853, 94.2573,  
94.5744

 21.9197, 25.6837,  
24.6289


108.2394,  
121.3696, 122.5952

 13.9142, 16.5871,  
15.5843


137.3192,  
153.2381, 155.6669

 8.1423, 9.9406,  
9.0793

171.1902,  
190.2474, 194.2081

 4.2387, 5.3596,  
4.6954

210.2176,  
232.7819, 238.6372

 1.8381, 2.4597,  
2.0141

254.7669,

 0.5404, 0.8564,

281.2258, 289.3728

0.5639

305.2034,  
335.9636, 346.8334

■ 0.0000, 0.0000,  
0.0000

■ 46.0931, 52.7642,  
52.0111

■ 46.0931, 52.7642,  
52.0111

■ 40.7025, 50.1370,  
44.9702

■ 52.2656, 55.7826,  
59.7623

■ 36.0574, 47.8782,  
38.6160

■ 59.2455, 59.2005,  
68.2393

■ 32.1253, 45.9729,  
32.9289

■ 67.0628, 63.0344,  
77.4618

■ 28.8692, 44.4026,  
27.8868

■ 75.7443, 67.2978,  
87.4475

■ 26.2488, 43.1469,  
23.4667

■ 78.3793, 68.4279,  
97.8889

■ 24.2195, 42.1832,  
19.6439

■ 79.4851, 68.8702,  
103.7117

■ 22.7301, 41.4858,  
16.3922

■ 21.7202, 41.0241,  
13.6832

■ 21.1783, 40.7834,  
11.9092

# Harmonies

## Analogous

The Analogous color harmony consists of three colors that are next to each other on the color wheel.



47.5647, 52.7642, 47.2761



46.0931, 52.7642, 52.0111



45.6949, 52.7642, 58.5646

# Triad

The Triadic color harmony groups three colors that are evenly spaced from another and form a triangle on the color wheel.



46.0931, 52.7642, 52.0111



50.5381, 52.7642, 71.6406



54.0329, 52.7642, 50.2385

# Complementary

The Complementary color scheme is a pair of colors which are on the opposite of each other on the color wheel.



46.0931, 52.7642, 52.0111



47.7209, 45.9968, 55.0807

# Split Complementary

Split-complementary colors differ from the complementary color scheme. The scheme consists of three colors, the original color and two neighbors of the complement color.



54.8873, 52.7642, 56.3521



46.0931, 52.7642, 52.0111



52.8290, 52.7642, 68.9907

# Square

The Square scheme is like the rectangle color scheme, but the four colors are evenly spaced on the color wheel.



46.0931, 52.7642, 52.0111



48.2134, 52.7642, 70.2481



54.4399, 52.7642, 63.2581



52.1394, 52.7642, 46.3113



# Rectangle

The Rectangle color scheme consists of four colors that form a rectangle on the color wheel.



46.0931, 52.7642, 52.0111



46.0806, 52.7642, 63.1714



54.4399, 52.7642, 63.2581



54.4539, 52.7642, 52.0872

# Sweetspot

The Sweet Spot groups the original color and five complimentary colors.



46.0946, 52.7664, 52.0123



90.3207, 97.6862, 103.0643



49.1713, 54.4454, 47.9624



19.1476, 20.8185, 21.8302



0.0000, 0.0000, 0.0000



20.3446, 21.4041, 23.3091

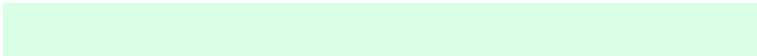


# Same Dimension

The Same Dimension uses a secret algorithm to generate beautiful new colors.



46.0946, 52.7664, 52.0123



78.5136, 91.9185, 88.0983



47.3441, 53.2662, 58.5921



10.6409, 11.9452, 12.0589



13.8079, 26.5355, 7.9329



0.6876, 1.2700, 0.5535



# Inverse Universe

The Inverse Universe completely reimagines the original color for something new.



47.7209, 45.9968, 55.0807



82.0533, 77.1828, 94.7755



46.5024, 45.5095, 48.6646



10.9270, 10.7542, 12.5989



17.8951, 8.9076, 15.1893

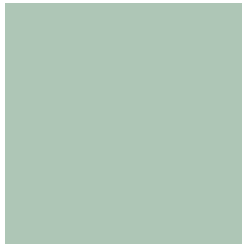


0.8799, 0.4348, 0.8909



# Previews

## White Background



This preview shows how the XYZ color 46.0931, 52.7642, 52.0111 looks on a white background.

## Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA × Fail

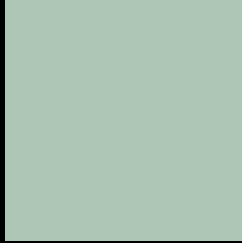
Any Text WCAG AA × Fail

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA × Fail

Any Text WCAG AAA × Fail



# Black Background



This preview shows how the XYZ color 46.0931, 52.7642, 52.0111 looks on a black background.

## Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

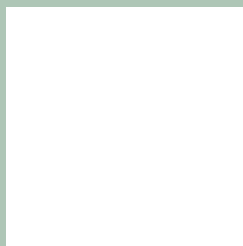
If you want to check with other color combinations, try the [Color Contrast Checker](#).

**XYZ 46.0931, 52.7642, 52.0111**

## **Background**



This preview shows how black text looks on a background with the XYZ color 46.0931, 52.7642, 52.0111.



This preview shows how white text looks on a background with the XYZ color 46.0931, 52.7642,



# Color Blindness Simulation

Color vision deficiency is a very complex topic, and I could not describe the different causes any better than Wikipedia does, so if you want to learn more, you should check out their [article about color blindness](#).

## Dichromacy



### Original Color

46.0931, 52.7642, 52.0111

### Protanopia

49.9554, 52.4817, 49.6165

### Deuteranopia

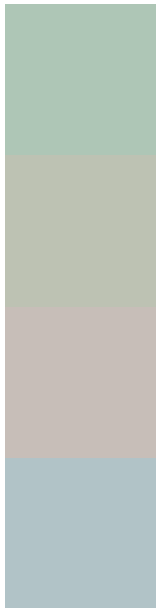
53.5465, 52.3468, 53.1807



## Tritanopia

49.3908, 52.7707, 67.9042

# Trichromacy



## Original Color

46.0931, 52.7642, 52.0111

## Protanomaly

48.4147, 52.6571, 50.2599

## Deuteranomaly

50.6184, 52.4297, 52.7995

## Tritanomaly

47.9554, 52.5008, 61.6390

# Monochromacy



## Original Color

46.0931, 52.7642, 52.0111

## Achromatopsia

48.3692, 50.8881, 55.4172

## Achromatomaly

47.4797, 51.4348, 53.8798

# CSS Examples

## Text

The CSS property to change the color of the text to XYZ 46.0931, 52.7642, 52.0111 is called "color". The color property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows how text in the color `rgb(174, 198, 182)` looks like.

```
.text, #text, p{  
    color:rgb(174, 198, 182)  
}
```

If you want to add a text shadow in that color use the text-shadow property, you can generate a text shadow directly with our [CSS Text Shadow Generator](#).

Here you see how black text with a 4 pixel rgb(174, 198, 182) colored shadow looks like.

```
.shadow{ text-shadow: 4px 4px 2px rgb(174, 198, 182) }
```

## Border

The CSS property to change the border of an element to XYZ 46.0931, 52.7642, 52.0111 is called "border". The border property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows the color as border, it can be applied via the CSS property "border" or "border-color".

```
.border, #border, table{ border:4px solid rgb(174, 198, 182) }
```



If only the border color should be changed use the property `border-color`.

```
.border{ border-color:rgb(174, 198, 182) }
```

If you want to add a box shadow in that color use:

Here you see how a box with a 4 pixel `rgb(174, 198, 182)` colored shadow looks like.

```
.boxshadow{ -moz-box-shadow:4px 4px 4px  
4px rgb(174, 198, 182); -webkit-box-  
shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(174, 198, 182);  
box-shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(174, 198,  
182) }
```

# Background

The CSS property to change the background color of an element to XYZ 46.0931, 52.7642, 52.0111 is called "background". The background property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

```
.background, #background, body{  
background: rgb(174, 198, 182) }
```

If only the background color should be changed can be used:

```
.background{ background-color: rgb(174,  
198, 182) }
```

This example shows the color as background, it is applied via the CSS property "background".

To optimize and compress your CSS code, you can use our [online CSS compressor and optimizer](#) based on csstidy. If you want to create a linear or radial gradient as background or border, check our [CSS Gradient Generator](#).

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