

# Converting Colors

XYZ(46.3649, 55.2819,  
102.8345)

Have a look what the booklet for  
XYZ(46.3649, 55.2819, 102.8345)  
contains.

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# **Color**

**XYZ(46.4316, 55.3350,  
102.8413)**

# Conversions

## Conversions Part 1

Format	Color
Hex	69D0FF
RGB	105, 208, 255
RGB Percent	41%, 82%, 100%
CMY	0.5882, 0.1843, 0.0000
CMYK	0.59, 0.18, 0.00, 0.00
HSL	199°, 100%, 71%
HSV	199°, 59%, 100%
XYZ	46.4316, 55.3350, 102.8413
YIQ	182.5610, -76.4750, -7.2190

# Conversions

## Conversions Part 2

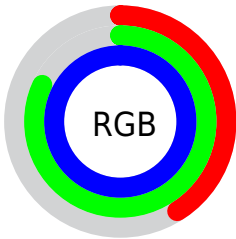
<b>Format</b>	<b>Color</b>
<a href="#">RYB</a>	<a href="#">105, 166, 255</a>
Decimal	<a href="#">6934783</a>
CIELab	<a href="#">79.23, -16.70, -32.03</a>
CIElCh	<a href="#">79, 36.127, 242.461</a>
Yxy	<a href="#">55.3350, 0.2269, 0.2704</a>
Android (android.graphics.Color)	<a href="#">4285124863 (0xFF69D0FF)</a>
YUV	<a href="#">182.5610, 35.7124, -68.0210</a>
Hunter-Lab	<a href="#">74.3875, -18.7610, -29.8976</a>

# Details

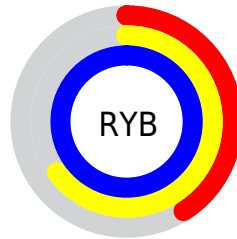
The XYZ color **46.4316, 55.3350, 102.8413** is a light color, and the websafe version is hex **66CCFF**. A complement of this color would be **55.0193, 44.7382, 19.1023**, and the grayscale version is **44.6122, 46.9355, 51.1128**.

A 20% lighter version of the original color is **69.7463, 86.9555, 107.7158**, and **22.1746, 27.4080, 57.5476** is the 20% darker color. If you saturate the color by 10%, you get **41.9742, 50.2187, 102.0887**, and if you desaturate by 10%, it is **51.8881, 61.1142, 103.6692**.

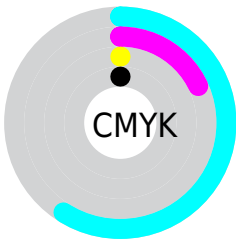
# Distribution



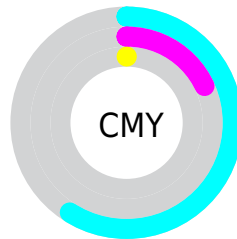
- Red (41%)
- Green (82%)
- Blue (100%)



- Red (41%)
- Yellow (65%)
- Blue (100%)



- Cyan (59%)
- Magenta (18%)
- Yellow (0%)
- Black (0%)



- Cyan (59%)
- Magenta (18%)
- Yellow (0%)

# Brightness & Saturation Gradients

These gradients show how the XYZ color 46.4316, 55.3350, 102.8413 changes by changing the brightness by 10 percent. The first figure shows a shift by +10% for each color and the second figure -10%.

Similar to the brightness gradients but the following saturation gradients show a change of the XYZ color 46.4316, 55.3350, 102.8413 by changing the saturation by 10% instead.



46.4316, 55.3350,  
102.8413

46.4316, 55.3350,  
102.8413

363.2280,  
407.1805, 590.5885

32.7926, 39.6700,  
78.0455

84.0885, 98.0316,  
167.1422

22.1261, 27.2813,  
57.5947

108.8371,  
125.8320, 207.4843

14.0667, 17.7846,  
41.0703

138.0195,  
158.4463, 253.8456

8.2491, 10.7955,  
28.0539

172.0013,  
196.2590, 306.6446

4.3079, 5.9295,  
18.1269

211.1477,  
239.6543, 366.2998

1.8777, 2.8022,  
10.8708

255.8240,

0.5639, 1.0294,

289.0168, 433.2299

5.8669

306.3957,  
344.7307, 507.8533

■ 0.0000, 0.0000,  
2.6969

■ 0.0000, 0.0000,  
0.9418

■ 46.4316, 55.3350,  
102.8413

■ 46.4316, 55.3350,  
102.8413

■ 41.9742, 50.2187,  
102.0887

■ 51.8881, 61.1142,  
103.6692

■ 38.4265, 45.7139,  
101.4061

■ 58.4129, 67.5908,  
104.5754

■ 35.6903, 41.7689,  
100.7889

■ 66.0743, 74.8032,  
105.5637

■ 33.6215, 38.3070,  
100.2297

■ 74.9335, 82.7847,  
106.6374

■ 33.3996, 37.9192,  
100.1665

■ 85.0467, 91.5666,  
107.7994

95.0500, 100.0000,  
108.9000

# Harmonies

## Analogous

The Analogous color harmony consists of three colors that are next to each other on the color wheel.



41.7261, 55.3350, 84.2159



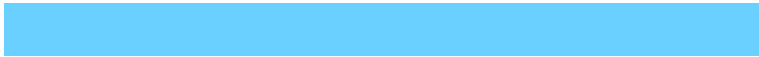
46.4316, 55.3350, 102.8413



53.1928, 55.3350, 109.3575

# Triad

The Triadic color harmony groups three colors that are evenly spaced from another and form a triangle on the color wheel.



46.4316, 55.3350, 102.8413



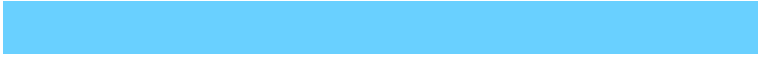
67.7235, 55.3350, 58.5586



45.4875, 55.3350, 32.5386

# Complementary

The Complementary color scheme is a pair of colors which are on the opposite of each other on the color wheel.



46.4316, 55.3350, 102.8413



55.0193, 44.7382, 19.1023

# Split Complementary

Split-complementary colors differ from the complementary color scheme. The scheme consists of three colors, the original color and two neighbors of the complement color.



52.0002, 55.3350, 28.6116



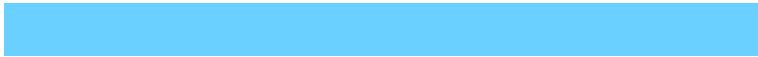
46.4316, 55.3350, 102.8413



65.2026, 55.3350, 41.3264

# Square

The Square scheme is like the rectangle color scheme, but the four colors are evenly spaced on the color wheel.



46.4316, 55.3350, 102.8413



65.8932, 55.3350, 80.5718



59.2794, 55.3350, 31.4191

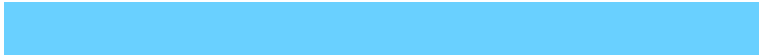


41.2171, 55.3350, 43.6700



# Rectangle

The Rectangle color scheme consists of four colors that form a rectangle on the color wheel.



46.4316, 55.3350, 102.8413



58.0801, 55.3350, 104.9826



59.2794, 55.3350, 31.4191



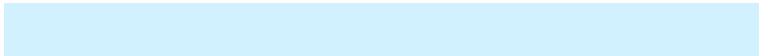
47.4652, 55.3350, 30.4643

# Sweetspot

The Sweet Spot groups the original color and five complimentary colors.



46.4332, 55.3369, 102.8415



75.7152, 83.4747, 106.7293



47.0921, 76.7259, 41.1841



15.6208, 17.3484, 22.7752



0.0000, 0.0000, 0.0000



20.3446, 21.4041, 23.3091



# Same Dimension

The Same Dimension uses a secret algorithm to generate beautiful new colors.



46.4332, 55.3369, 102.8415



41.1264, 49.1863, 101.9341



32.5415, 27.5535, 98.2110



18.0466, 19.4648, 23.0559



17.5916, 20.0928, 52.3857



1.8106, 2.1520, 5.1332



# Inverse Universe

The Inverse Universe completely reimagines the original color for something new.



57.6779, 35.9190, 63.5695



53.9098, 30.2406, 56.5861



70.7159, 76.1314, 24.3345



18.5362, 18.1978, 21.4406



25.6676, 12.7563, 22.6980



2.5485, 1.2618, 2.4700



# Previews

## White Background



This preview shows how the XYZ color 46.4316, 55.3350, 102.8413 looks on a white background.

## Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA × Fail

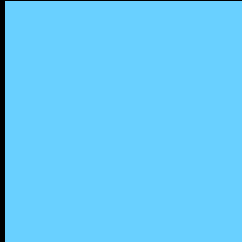
Any Text WCAG AA × Fail

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA × Fail

Any Text WCAG AAA × Fail



# Black Background



This preview shows how the XYZ color 46.4316, 55.3350, 102.8413 looks on a black background.

## Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

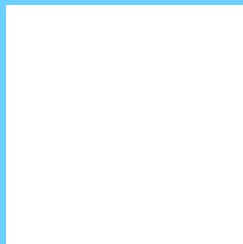
If you want to check with other color combinations, try the [Color Contrast Checker](#).

# XYZ 46.4316, 55.3350, 102.8413

## Background



This preview shows how black text looks on a background with the XYZ color 46.4316, 55.3350, 102.8413.



This preview shows how white text looks on a background with the XYZ color 46.4316, 55.3350,



# Color Blindness Simulation

Color vision deficiency is a very complex topic, and I could not describe the different causes any better than Wikipedia does, so if you want to learn more, you should check out their [article about color blindness](#).

## Dichromacy



### Original Color

46.4316, 55.3350, 102.8413

### Protanopia

54.9275, 54.7389, 93.2586

### Deuteranopia

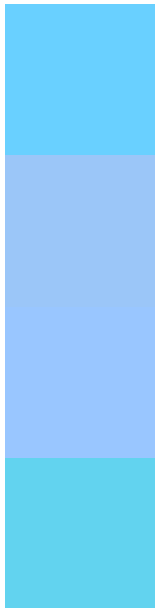
55.7220, 54.6226, 102.2141



## Tritanopia

42.4425, 55.1798, 83.2767

# Trichromacy



**Original Color**

46.4316, 55.3350, 102.8413

**Protanomaly**

50.6549, 54.1340, 96.5861

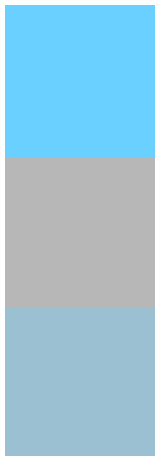
**Deuteranomaly**

51.3810, 54.3805, 102.3962

**Tritanomaly**

43.9113, 55.4172, 90.0436

# Monochromacy



**Original Color**

46.4316, 55.3350, 102.8413

**Achromatopsia**

45.0092, 47.3531, 51.5676

**Achromatomaly**

43.8758, 49.2713, 67.5194

# CSS Examples

## Text

The CSS property to change the color of the text to XYZ 46.4316, 55.3350, 102.8413 is called "color". The color property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows how text in the color `rgb(105, 208, 255)` looks like.

```
.text, #text, p{  
    color:rgb(105, 208, 255)  
}
```

If you want to add a text shadow in that color use the text-shadow property, you can generate a text shadow directly with our [CSS Text Shadow Generator](#).

Here you see how black text with a 4 pixel rgb(105, 208, 255) colored shadow looks like.

```
.shadow{ text-shadow: 4px 4px 2px rgb(105, 208, 255) }
```

## Border

The CSS property to change the border of an element to XYZ 46.4316, 55.3350, 102.8413 is called "border". The border property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows the color as border, it can be applied via the CSS property "border" or "border-color".

```
.border, #border, table{ border:4px solid rgb(105, 208, 255) }
```



If only the border color should be changed use the property `border-color`.

```
.border{ border-color:rgb(105, 208, 255) }
```

If you want to add a box shadow in that color use:

Here you see how a box with a 4 pixel `rgb(105, 208, 255)` colored shadow looks like.

```
.boxshadow{ -moz-box-shadow:4px 4px 4px  
4px rgb(105, 208, 255); -webkit-box-  
shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(105, 208, 255);  
box-shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(105, 208,  
255) }
```

# Background

The CSS property to change the background color of an element to XYZ 46.4316, 55.3350, 102.8413 is called "background". The background property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

```
.background, #background, body{  
background: rgb(105, 208, 255) }
```

If only the background color should be changed can be used:

```
.background{ background-color: rgb(105,  
208, 255) }
```

This example shows the color as background, it is applied via the CSS property "background".

To optimize and compress your CSS code, you can use our [online CSS compressor and optimizer](#) based on csstidy. If you want to create a linear or radial gradient as background or border, check our [CSS Gradient Generator](#).

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