

# Converting Colors

XYZ(46.3785, 28.4066, 13.2934)

Have a look what the booklet for  
XYZ(46.3785, 28.4066, 13.2934)  
contains.

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# Color

**XYZ(46.3861, 28.3910,  
13.3911)**

# Conversions

## Conversions Part 1

Format	Color
Hex	FF545D
RGB	255, 84, 93
RGB Percent	100%, 33%, 36%
CMY	0.0000, 0.6705, 0.6353
CMYK	0.00, 0.67, 0.64, 0.00
HSL	357°, 100%, 66%
HSV	357°, 67%, 100%
XYZ	46.3861, 28.3910, 13.3911
YIQ	136.1550, 99.0270, 39.0510

# Conversions

## Conversions Part 2

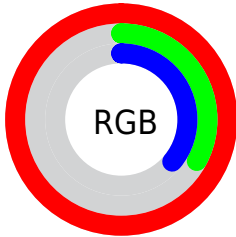
<b>Format</b>	<b>Color</b>
<b>R<sub>YB</sub></b>	255, 84, 93
Decimal	16733277
CIE Lab	60.24, 65.04, 31.99
CIE LCh	60, 72.478, 26.191
Yxy	28.3910, 0.5261, 0.3220
Android (android.graphics.Color)	4294923357 (0xFFFF545D)
YUV	136.1550, -21.2754, 104.2271
Hunter-Lab	53.2832, 62.1489, 22.3975

# Details

The XYZ color **46.3861, 28.3910, 13.3911** is a dark color, and the websafe version is hex **FF6666**. The color can be described as middle muted red. A complement of this color would be **56.0531, 80.0593, 99.6957**, and the grayscale version is **23.5127, 24.7372, 26.9388**.

A 20% lighter version of the original color is **55.8709, 42.5892, 31.2624**, and **22.0424, 11.3684, 3.7219** is the 20% darker color. If you saturate the color by 10%, you get **43.8480, 24.7655, 8.0736**, and if you desaturate by 10%, it is **49.9834, 33.5947, 20.7290**.

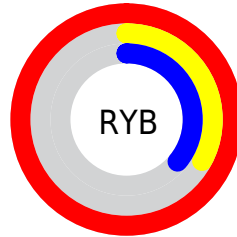
# Distribution



Red (100%)

Green (33%)

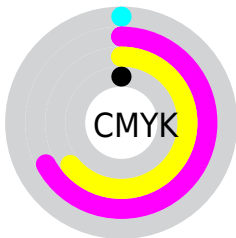
Blue (36%)



Red (100%)

Yellow (33%)

Blue (36%)

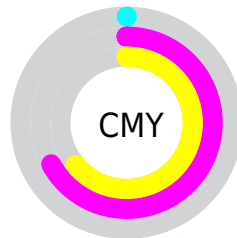


Cyan (0%)

Magenta (67%)

Yellow (64%)

Black (0%)



Cyan (0%)

Magenta (67%)


Yellow (64%)


# Brightness & Saturation Gradients

These gradients show how the XYZ color 46.3861, 28.3910, 13.3911 changes by changing the brightness by 10 percent. The first figure shows a shift by +10% for each color and the second figure -10%.


Similar to the brightness gradients but the following saturation gradients show a change of the XYZ color 46.3861, 28.3910, 13.3911 by changing the saturation by 10% instead.





 46.3861, 28.3910,  
13.3911


 46.3861, 28.3910,  
13.3911


363.0487,  
294.3306, 224.7043

 32.7565, 18.6206,  
7.5645


 84.0209, 57.1081,  
32.7061


 22.0983, 11.3965,  
3.7338


 108.7568, 76.8236,  
47.0316

 14.0462, 6.3342,  
1.4805


 137.9255,  
100.6229, 65.0271

 8.2347, 3.0493,  
0.2033

 171.8924,  
128.8904, 87.1112

 4.2986, 1.1575,  
0.0000

211.0228,  
162.0105, 113.7024

 1.8724, 0.0266,  
0.0000

255.6821,

 0.5607, 0.0000,

200.3677, 145.2193

0.0000

306.2356,  
244.3462, 182.0805

■ 0.0000, 0.0000,  
0.0000

■ 46.3861, 28.3910,  
13.3911

■ 46.3861, 28.3910,  
13.3911

■ 43.8480, 24.7655,  
8.0736

■ 49.9834, 33.5947,  
20.7290

■ 42.2515, 22.5352,  
4.5735

■ 54.7368, 40.5236,  
30.2610


■ 41.4522, 21.4753,  
2.6469

■ 60.7346, 49.3132,  
42.1435

■ 41.3150, 21.2900,  
2.3265

■ 68.0558, 60.0843,  
56.5186

■ 76.7730, 72.9475,  
73.5167

 86.9534, 88.0052,  
93.2594

95.0497, 99.9999,  
108.9000

# Harmonies

## Analogous

The Analogous color harmony consists of three colors that are next to each other on the color wheel.



49.0079, 28.3910, 34.4361



46.3861, 28.3910, 13.3911



38.1887, 28.3910, 4.9183

# Triad

The Triadic color harmony groups three colors that are evenly spaced from another and form a triangle on the color wheel.



46.3861, 28.3910, 13.3911



14.7021, 28.3910, 10.2970



25.8159, 28.3910, 115.1512

# Complementary

The Complementary color scheme is a pair of colors which are on the opposite of each other on the color wheel.



46.3861, 28.3910, 13.3911



56.0531, 80.0593, 99.6957

# Split Complementary

Split-complementary colors differ from the complementary color scheme. The scheme consists of three colors, the original color and two neighbors of the complement color.



18.2193, 28.3910, 95.8372



46.3861, 28.3910, 13.3911



12.8026, 28.3910, 27.6388

# Square

The Square scheme is like the rectangle color scheme, but the four colors are evenly spaced on the color wheel.



46.3861, 28.3910, 13.3911



19.8467, 28.3910, 3.9867



13.9250, 28.3910, 59.4192



35.6570, 28.3910, 103.2430



# Rectangle

The Rectangle color scheme consists of four colors that form a rectangle on the color wheel.



46.3861, 28.3910, 13.3911



31.4748, 28.3910, 3.0993



13.9250, 28.3910, 59.4192



22.9435, 28.3910, 111.9021

# Sweetspot

The Sweet Spot groups the original color and five complimentary colors.



46.3868, 28.3926, 13.3916



74.0564, 68.9351, 68.2299



58.3907, 32.7240, 97.8460



15.3212, 13.9729, 13.5711



0.0000, 0.0000, 0.0000



20.3446, 21.4041, 23.3091



# Same Dimension

The Same Dimension uses a secret algorithm to generate beautiful new colors.



46.3868, 28.3926, 13.3916



43.2858, 23.9724, 6.8636



55.0854, 46.3901, 14.4408



18.0481, 18.0025, 18.8703



21.6039, 11.1308, 1.2985



2.1165, 1.0890, 0.1949



# Inverse Universe

The Inverse Universe completely reimagines the original color for something new.



46.3868, 28.3926, 13.3916



43.2858, 23.9724, 6.8636



38.2116, 42.1143, 100.7220



18.0481, 18.0025, 18.8703



21.6039, 11.1308, 1.2985



2.1165, 1.0890, 0.1949



# Previews

## White Background



This preview shows how the XYZ color 46.3861, 28.3910, 13.3911 looks on a white background.

## Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AA × Fail

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA × Fail

Any Text WCAG AAA × Fail



# Black Background



This preview shows how the XYZ color 46.3861, 28.3910, 13.3911 looks on a black background.

## Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AAA × Fail

If you want to check with other color combinations, try the [Color Contrast Checker](#).

**XYZ 46.3861, 28.3910, 13.3911**

## **Background**



This preview shows how black text looks on a background with the XYZ color 46.3861, 28.3910, 13.3911.



This preview shows how white text looks on a background with the XYZ color 46.3861, 28.3910,



# Color Blindness Simulation

Color vision deficiency is a very complex topic, and I could not describe the different causes any better than Wikipedia does, so if you want to learn more, you should check out their [article about color blindness](#).

## Dichromacy



### Original Color

46.3861, 28.3910, 13.3911

### Protanopia

26.7218, 28.4288, 21.2185

### Deuteranopia

28.9643, 28.4524, 12.3528



## Tritanopia

46.2917, 28.4783, 12.5082

# Trichromacy



## Original Color

46.3861, 28.3910, 13.3911

## Protanomaly

31.3291, 26.3464, 17.9021

## Deuteranomaly

33.4940, 26.8609, 12.4362

## Tritanomaly

46.3340, 28.4952, 12.7309

# Monochromacy



## Original Color

46.3861, 28.3910, 13.3911

## Achromatopsia

23.4014, 24.6201, 26.8113

## Achromatomaly

28.3419, 23.6624, 20.8428

# CSS Examples

## Text

The CSS property to change the color of the text to XYZ 46.3861, 28.3910, 13.3911 is called "color". The color property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows how text in the color `rgb(255, 84, 93)` looks like.

```
.text, #text, p{  
    color:rgb(255, 84, 93)  
}
```

If you want to add a text shadow in that color use the text-shadow property, you can generate a text shadow directly with our [CSS Text Shadow Generator](#).

Here you see how black text with a 4 pixel rgb(255, 84, 93) colored shadow looks like.

```
.shadow{ text-shadow: 4px 4px 2px rgb(255, 84, 93) }
```

## Border

The CSS property to change the border of an element to XYZ 46.3861, 28.3910, 13.3911 is called "border". The border property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows the color as border, it can be applied via the CSS property "border" or "border-color".

```
.border, #border, table{ border:4px solid rgb(255, 84, 93) }
```



If only the border color should be changed use the property border-color.

```
.border{ border-color:rgb(255, 84, 93) }
```

If you want to add a box shadow in that color use:

Here you see how a box with a 4 pixel rgb(255, 84, 93) colored shadow looks like.

```
.boxshadow{ -moz-box-shadow:4px 4px 4px  
4px rgb(255, 84, 93); -webkit-box-  
shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(255, 84, 93);  
box-shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(255, 84,  
93) }
```

# Background

The CSS property to change the background color of an element to XYZ 46.3861, 28.3910, 13.3911 is called "background". The background property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

```
.background, #background, body{  
background: rgb(255, 84, 93) }
```

If only the background color should be changed can be used:

```
.background{ background-color: rgb(255, 84,  
93) }
```

This example shows the color as background, it is applied via the CSS property "background".

To optimize and compress your CSS code, you can use our [online CSS compressor and optimizer](#) based on csstidy. If you want to create a linear or radial gradient as background or border, check our [CSS Gradient Generator](#).

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