

# Converting Colors

XYZ(46.3821, 54.2839, 68.3548)

Have a look what the booklet for  
XYZ(46.3821, 54.2839, 68.3548)  
contains.

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# Color

**XYZ(46.3821, 54.2839,  
68.3548)**

# Conversions

## Conversions Part 1

Format	Color
Hex	9BCBD1
RGB	155, 203, 209
RGB Percent	61%, 80%, 82%
CMY	0.3921, 0.2039, 0.1804
CMYK	0.26, 0.03, 0.00, 0.18
HSL	187°, 37%, 71%
HSV	187°, 26%, 82%
XYZ	46.3821, 54.2839, 68.3548
YIQ	189.3320, -30.5340, -8.3100

# Conversions

## Conversions Part 2

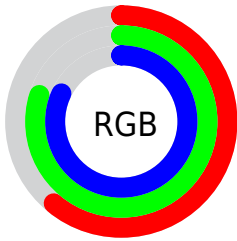
<b>Format</b>	<b>Color</b>
<b>R<sub>YB</sub></b>	155, 180, 209
Decimal	10210257
CIE <sub>Lab</sub>	78.63, -14.23, -8.10
CIE <sub>LCh</sub>	79, 16.372, 209.657
Yxy	54.2839, 0.2744, 0.3212
Android (android.graphics.Color)	4288400337 (0xFF9BCBD1)
YUV	189.3320, 9.6963, -30.1092
Hunter-Lab	73.6776, -16.5651, -3.4323

# Details

The XYZ color **46.3821, 54.2839, 68.3548** is a light color, and the websafe version is hex **99CCCC**. A complement of this color would be **44.9563, 41.4118, 36.6352**, and the grayscale version is **48.5198, 51.0466, 55.5898**.

A 20% lighter version of the original color is **80.6740, 92.5889, 108.2272**, and **22.1433, 26.6862, 34.9942** is the 20% darker color. If you saturate the color by 10%, you get **42.1694, 51.3058, 68.0029**, and if you desaturate by 10%, it is **51.3005, 57.6407, 68.7444**.

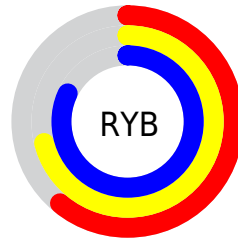
# Distribution



Red (61%)

Green (80%)

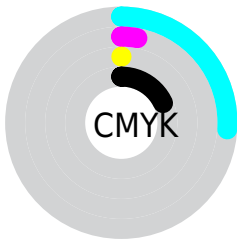
Blue (82%)



Red (61%)

Yellow (71%)

Blue (82%)

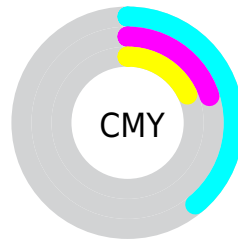


Cyan (26%)

Magenta (3%)

Yellow (0%)

Black (18%)



Cyan (39%)

Magenta (20%)


Yellow (18%)


# Brightness & Saturation Gradients

These gradients show how the XYZ color 46.3821, 54.2839, 68.3548 changes by changing the brightness by 10 percent. The first figure shows a shift by +10% for each color and the second figure -10%.

Similar to the brightness gradients but the following saturation gradients show a change of the XYZ color 46.3821, 54.2839, 68.3548 by changing the saturation by 10% instead.





 46.3821, 54.2839,  
68.3548


 46.3821, 54.2839,  
68.3548


363.0329,  
403.1917, 473.3842

 32.7533, 38.8287,  
49.7179


 84.0149, 96.4910,  
118.5186

 22.0959, 26.6265,  
34.8197

 108.7497,  
124.0116, 150.8826

 14.0444, 17.2929,  
23.2416


137.9172,  
156.3228, 188.6594

 8.2334, 10.4435,  
14.5650

171.8828,  
193.8090, 232.2675

 4.2977, 5.6940,  
8.3715

211.0118,  
236.8546, 282.1255

 1.8719, 2.6599,  
4.2424

255.6696,

 0.5604, 0.9569,

285.8440, 338.6519

1.7592

306.2215,  
341.1616, 402.2653

■ 0.0000, 0.0000,  
0.4009

■ 0.0000, 0.0000,  
0.0000

■ 46.3821, 54.2839,  
68.3548

■ 46.3821, 54.2839,  
68.3548

■ 42.1694, 51.3058,  
68.0029

■ 51.3005, 57.6407,  
68.7444

■ 38.6217, 48.6813,  
67.6833

■ 56.9529, 61.3868,  
69.1695

■ 35.7017, 46.3925,  
67.3954

■ 63.3720, 65.5404,  
69.6330

■ 33.3662, 44.4170,  
67.1372

■ 70.5872, 70.1168,  
70.1360

■ 31.5668, 42.7298,  
66.9064

■ 76.9501, 74.2661,  
70.6015

■ 30.2467, 41.3018,  
66.7003

■ 77.5440, 75.4539,  
70.7995

■ 29.3362, 40.0966,  
66.5157

■ 78.1463, 76.6585,  
71.0003

■ 29.0233, 39.6325,  
66.4426

■ 78.7570, 77.8800,  
71.2039

■ 79.3763, 79.1185,  
71.4103

# Harmonies

## Analogous

The Analogous color harmony consists of three colors that are next to each other on the color wheel.



45.6282, 54.2839, 58.9993



46.3821, 54.2839, 68.3548



48.5197, 54.2839, 75.8307

# Triad

The Triadic color harmony groups three colors that are evenly spaced from another and form a triangle on the color wheel.



46.3821, 54.2839, 68.3548



57.1451, 54.2839, 68.5586



51.6325, 54.2839, 43.0381

# Complementary

The Complementary color scheme is a pair of colors which are on the opposite of each other on the color wheel.



46.3821, 54.2839, 68.3548



44.9563, 41.4118, 36.6352

# Split Complementary

Split-complementary colors differ from the complementary color scheme. The scheme consists of three colors, the original color and two neighbors of the complement color.



54.7981, 54.2839, 45.0410



46.3821, 54.2839, 68.3548



58.0610, 54.2839, 59.2127

# Square

The Square scheme is like the rectangle color scheme, but the four colors are evenly spaced on the color wheel.



46.3821, 54.2839, 68.3548



54.7309, 54.2839, 75.9567



57.1850, 54.2839, 50.7314



48.5816, 54.2839, 44.9521



# Rectangle

The Rectangle color scheme consists of four colors that form a rectangle on the color wheel.



46.3821, 54.2839, 68.3548



50.4877, 54.2839, 78.3957



57.1850, 54.2839, 50.7314



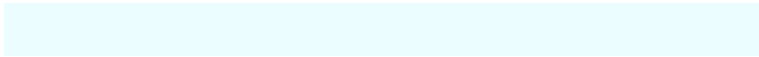
52.7188, 54.2839, 43.2723

# Sweetspot

The Sweet Spot groups the original color and five complimentary colors.



46.3837, 54.2861, 68.3560



87.2205, 94.8971, 108.3277



42.6992, 55.1225, 41.8317



18.3724, 20.1165, 23.1645



0.0000, 0.0000, 0.0000



20.3446, 21.4041, 23.3091

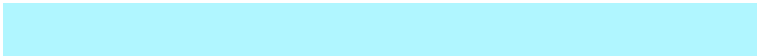


# Same Dimension

The Same Dimension uses a secret algorithm to generate beautiful new colors.



46.3837, 54.2861, 68.3560



68.9661, 82.4900, 106.8950



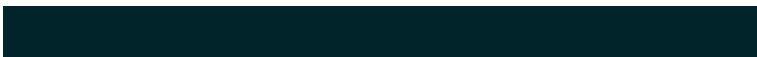
40.6704, 42.8596, 66.4516



12.0416, 13.1734, 15.1517



17.9398, 24.5262, 40.9810



1.0358, 1.4368, 2.3023



# Inverse Universe

The Inverse Universe completely reimagines the original color for something new.



48.7966, 41.3110, 61.9044



73.4240, 58.9584, 94.8766



50.0671, 51.6335, 38.3388



12.2519, 11.9855, 14.6022



21.6859, 10.5472, 29.5818

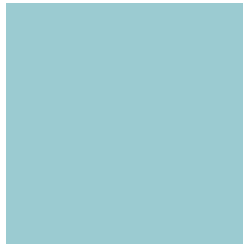


1.2291, 0.5963, 1.7410



# Previews

## White Background



This preview shows how the XYZ color 46.3821, 54.2839, 68.3548 looks on a white background.

## Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA × Fail

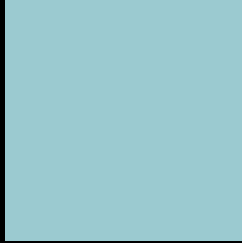
Any Text WCAG AA × Fail

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA × Fail

Any Text WCAG AAA × Fail



# Black Background



This preview shows how the XYZ color 46.3821, 54.2839, 68.3548 looks on a black background.

## Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

If you want to check with other color combinations, try the [Color Contrast Checker](#).

**XYZ 46.3821, 54.2839, 68.3548**

## **Background**



This preview shows how black text looks on a background with the XYZ color 46.3821, 54.2839, 68.3548.



This preview shows how white text looks on a background with the XYZ color 46.3821, 54.2839,



# Color Blindness Simulation

Color vision deficiency is a very complex topic, and I could not describe the different causes any better than Wikipedia does, so if you want to learn more, you should check out their [article about color blindness](#).

## Dichromacy



### Original Color

46.3821, 54.2839, 68.3548

### Protanopia

52.3551, 54.0538, 64.1739

### Deuteranopia

55.2581, 54.1278, 69.8226



## Tritanopia

47.6800, 54.4711, 74.3306

# Trichromacy



## Original Color

46.3821, 54.2839, 68.3548

## Protanomaly

49.8081, 54.0436, 65.5639

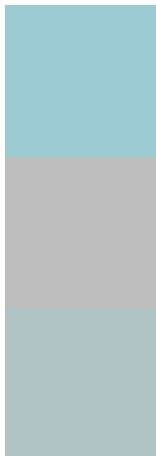
## Deuteranomaly

51.5432, 53.8515, 69.3058

## Tritanomaly

47.0966, 54.2153, 72.2723

# Monochromacy



## Original Color

46.3821, 54.2839, 68.3548

## Achromatopsia

48.3692, 50.8881, 55.4172

## Achromatomaly

47.3871, 51.9162, 59.7478

# CSS Examples

## Text

The CSS property to change the color of the text to XYZ 46.3821, 54.2839, 68.3548 is called "color". The color property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows how text in the color `rgb(155, 203, 209)` looks like.

```
.text, #text, p{  
    color:rgb(155, 203, 209)  
}
```

If you want to add a text shadow in that color use the text-shadow property, you can generate a text shadow directly with our [CSS Text Shadow Generator](#).

Here you see how black text with a 4 pixel rgb(155, 203, 209) colored shadow looks like.

```
.shadow{ text-shadow: 4px 4px 2px rgb(155, 203, 209) }
```

## Border

The CSS property to change the border of an element to XYZ 46.3821, 54.2839, 68.3548 is called "border". The border property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows the color as border, it can be applied via the CSS property "border" or "border-color".

```
.border, #border, table{ border:4px solid rgb(155, 203, 209) }
```



If only the border color should be changed use the property `border-color`.

```
.border{ border-color:rgb(155, 203, 209) }
```

If you want to add a box shadow in that color use:

Here you see how a box with a 4 pixel `rgb(155, 203, 209)` colored shadow looks like.

```
.boxshadow{ -moz-box-shadow:4px 4px 4px  
4px rgb(155, 203, 209); -webkit-box-  
shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(155, 203, 209);  
box-shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(155, 203,  
209) }
```

# Background

The CSS property to change the background color of an element to XYZ 46.3821, 54.2839, 68.3548 is called "background". The background property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

```
.background, #background, body{  
background: rgb(155, 203, 209) }
```

If only the background color should be changed can be used:

```
.background{ background-color: rgb(155,  
203, 209) }
```

This example shows the color as background, it is applied via the CSS property "background".

To optimize and compress your CSS code, you can use our [online CSS compressor and optimizer](#) based on csstidy. If you want to create a linear or radial gradient as background or border, check our [CSS Gradient Generator](#).

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