

# Converting Colors

XYZ(46.4036, 49.1204, 47.1018)

Have a look what the booklet for  
XYZ(46.4036, 49.1204, 47.1018)  
contains.

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# **Color**

**XYZ(46.4341, 49.1210,  
47.0784)**

# Conversions

## Conversions Part 1

Format	Color
Hex	<a href="#">BEBAAE</a>
RGB	<a href="#">190, 186, 174</a>
RGB Percent	<a href="#">75%, 73%, 68%</a>
CMY	<a href="#">0.2549, 0.2706, 0.3176</a>
CMYK	<a href="#">0.00, 0.02, 0.08, 0.25</a>
HSL	<a href="#">45°, 11%, 71%</a>
HSV	<a href="#">45°, 8%, 75%</a>
XYZ	<a href="#">46.4341, 49.1210, 47.0784</a>
YIQ	<a href="#">185.8280, 6.2360, -2.8840</a>

# Conversions

## Conversions Part 2

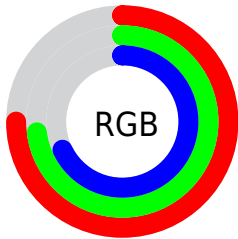
<b>Format</b>	<b>Color</b>
<b>RYB</b>	179, 190, 174
Decimal	12499630
CIELab	75.53, -0.72, 6.57
CIELCh	76, 6.609, 96.224
Yxy	49.1210, 0.3255, 0.3444
Android (android.graphics.Color)	4290689710 (0xFFBEBAAE)
YUV	185.8280, -5.8312, 3.6588
Hunter-Lab	70.0864, -4.3901, 9.2342

# Details

The XYZ color **46.4341, 49.1210, 47.0784** is a light color, and the websafe version is hex **CCCCCC**. A complement of this color would be **42.6701, 44.5564, 55.0669**, and the grayscale version is **46.6062, 49.0333, 53.3973**.

A 20% lighter version of the original color is **83.9010, 88.7542, 86.8380**, and **22.2169, 23.4986, 21.7771** is the 20% darker color. If you saturate the color by 10%, you get **43.7286, 46.4672, 37.6753**, and if you desaturate by 10%, it is **49.4376, 51.9503, 57.8748**.

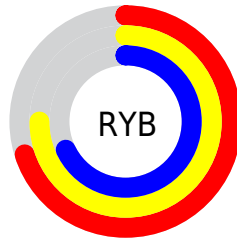
# Distribution



Red (75%)

Green (73%)

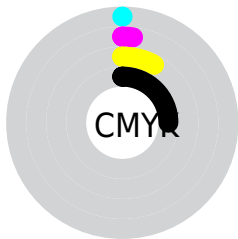
Blue (68%)



Red (70%)

Yellow (75%)

Blue (68%)

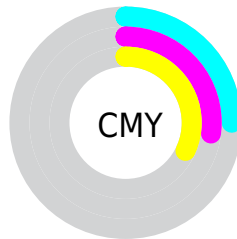


Cyan (0%)

Magenta (2%)

Yellow (8%)

Black (25%)



Cyan (25%)

Magenta (27%)

Yellow (32%)

# Brightness & Saturation Gradients

These gradients show how the XYZ color 46.4341, 49.1210, 47.0784 changes by changing the brightness by 10 percent. The first figure shows a shift by +10% for each color and the second figure -10%.

Similar to the brightness gradients but the following saturation gradients show a change of the XYZ color 46.4341, 49.1210, 47.0784 by changing the saturation by 10% instead.



■ 46.4341, 49.1210,  
47.0784

■ 46.4341, 49.1210,  
47.0784

363.2379,  
383.2185, 391.5302

■ 32.7946, 34.7155,  
32.7428

■ 84.0922, 88.8711,  
87.1818

■ 22.1276, 23.4438,  
21.6600

108.8415,  
114.9845, 113.7868

■ 14.0678, 14.9215,  
13.4114

138.0247,  
145.7694, 145.3187

■ 8.2499, 8.7643,  
7.5784

172.0073,  
181.6100, 182.1960

■ 4.3084, 4.5878,  
3.7425

211.1545,  
222.8908, 224.8372

■ 1.8780, 2.0075,  
1.4852

255.8318,

■ 0.5640, 0.6118,

269.9962, 273.6610

0.2068

306.4045,  
323.3107, 329.0858

■ 0.0000, 0.0000,  
0.0000

■ 46.4341, 49.1210,  
47.0784

■ 46.4341, 49.1210,  
47.0784

■ 43.7286, 46.4672,  
37.6753

■ 49.4376, 51.9503,  
57.8748

■ 41.3057, 43.9775,  
29.6045

■ 52.7456, 54.9535,  
70.1155

■ 39.1549, 41.6486,  
22.8053

■ 56.3696, 58.1372,  
83.8532

■ 37.2630, 39.4750,  
17.2110

■ 60.3191, 61.5057,  
99.1366

■ 35.6160, 37.4504,  
12.7488

■ 62.2659, 64.1282,  
103.7040

■ 34.1982, 35.5679,  
9.3380

■ 63.4530, 66.5024,  
104.0997

■ 32.9920, 33.8201,  
6.8870

■ 64.6751, 68.9467,  
104.5070

■ 31.9766, 32.1979,  
5.2886

■ 65.9326, 71.4616,  
104.9262

■ 31.1188, 30.6877,  
4.3693

■ 67.2256, 74.0476,  
105.3572

# Harmonies

## Analogous

The Analogous color harmony consists of three colors that are next to each other on the color wheel.



47.6404, 49.1210, 47.5675



46.4341, 49.1210, 47.0784



45.3151, 49.1210, 48.2445

# Triad

The Triadic color harmony groups three colors that are evenly spaced from another and form a triangle on the color wheel.



46.4341, 49.1210, 47.0784



44.8206, 49.1210, 57.5546



48.8684, 49.1210, 56.2396

# Complementary

The Complementary color scheme is a pair of colors which are on the opposite of each other on the color wheel.



46.4341, 49.1210, 47.0784



42.6701, 44.5564, 55.0669

# Split Complementary

Split-complementary colors differ from the complementary color scheme. The scheme consists of three colors, the original color and two neighbors of the complement color.



48.0884, 49.1210, 59.0906



46.4341, 49.1210, 47.0784



45.7484, 49.1210, 59.8727

# Square

The Square scheme is like the rectangle color scheme, but the four colors are evenly spaced on the color wheel.



46.4341, 49.1210, 47.0784



44.3941, 49.1210, 54.2163



46.9429, 49.1210, 60.4467



49.0597, 49.1210, 52.7591



# Rectangle

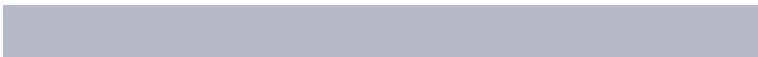
The Rectangle color scheme consists of four colors that form a rectangle on the color wheel.



46.4341, 49.1210, 47.0784



44.7647, 49.1210, 49.8348



46.9429, 49.1210, 60.4467



48.6657, 49.1210, 57.3080

# Sweetspot

The Sweet Spot groups the original color and five complimentary colors.



46.4355, 49.1231, 47.0795



87.0019, 91.7307, 95.5035



44.4078, 44.4343, 48.3563



19.0077, 20.0518, 20.6226



92.9021, 97.7402, 106.4391



19.4759, 20.4902, 22.3138

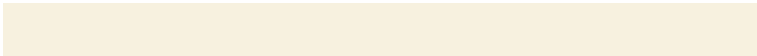


# Same Dimension

The Same Dimension uses a secret algorithm to generate beautiful new colors.



46.4355, 49.1231, 47.0795



83.2550, 88.1574, 82.1683



46.3037, 50.3225, 47.3179



10.1150, 10.7059, 10.1100



20.6711, 20.3810, 2.8444



0.8587, 0.8962, 0.1277



# Inverse Universe

The Inverse Universe completely reimagines the original color for something new.



42.6701, 44.5564, 55.0669



75.1175, 78.2879, 99.4311



42.7911, 43.4555, 54.8481



9.2049, 9.6022, 12.0405



6.9218, 3.9553, 32.7915



0.3250, 0.2627, 1.3024



# Previews

## White Background



This preview shows how the XYZ color 46.4341, 49.1210, 47.0784 looks on a white background.

## Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA × Fail

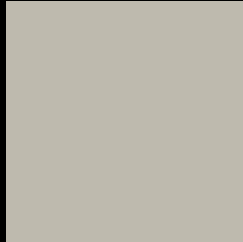
Any Text WCAG AA × Fail

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA × Fail

Any Text WCAG AAA × Fail



# Black Background



This preview shows how the XYZ color 46.4341, 49.1210, 47.0784 looks on a black background.

## Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AA ✓ Pass

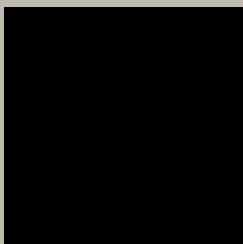
Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

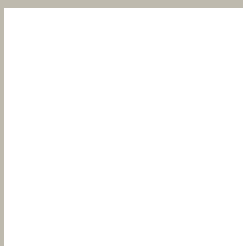
If you want to check with other color combinations, try the [Color Contrast Checker](#).

**XYZ 46.4341, 49.1210, 47.0784**

## **Background**



This preview shows how black text looks on a background with the XYZ color 46.4341, 49.1210, 47.0784.



This preview shows how white text looks on a background with the XYZ color 46.4341, 49.1210,



# Color Blindness Simulation

Color vision deficiency is a very complex topic, and I could not describe the different causes any better than Wikipedia does, so if you want to learn more, you should check out their [article about color blindness](#).

## Dichromacy



### Original Color

46.4341, 49.1210, 47.0784

### Protanopia

46.7272, 48.9604, 47.0319

### Deuteranopia

50.0715, 49.1476, 47.4048



## Tritanopia

49.0038, 49.2356, 59.7440

# Trichromacy



## Original Color

46.4341, 49.1210, 47.0784

## Protanomaly

46.4748, 48.8303, 47.0201

## Deuteranomaly

48.5532, 48.9685, 47.4503

## Tritanomaly

48.0640, 49.1616, 55.1000

# Monochromacy



## Original Color

46.4341, 49.1210, 47.0784

## Achromatopsia

46.6715, 49.1021, 53.4722

## Achromatomaly

46.4959, 49.0600, 51.2749

# CSS Examples

## Text

The CSS property to change the color of the text to XYZ 46.4341, 49.1210, 47.0784 is called "color". The color property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows how text in the color `rgb(190, 186, 174)` looks like.

```
.text, #text, p{  
    color:rgb(190, 186, 174)  
}
```

If you want to add a text shadow in that color use the text-shadow property, you can generate a text shadow directly with our [CSS Text Shadow Generator](#).

Here you see how black text with a 4 pixel rgb(190, 186, 174) colored shadow looks like.

```
.shadow{ text-shadow: 4px 4px 2px rgb(190, 186, 174) }
```

## Border

The CSS property to change the border of an element to XYZ 46.4341, 49.1210, 47.0784 is called "border". The border property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows the color as border, it can be applied via the CSS property "border" or "border-color".

```
.border, #border, table{ border:4px solid rgb(190, 186, 174) }
```



If only the border color should be changed use the property `border-color`.

```
.border{ border-color:rgb(190, 186, 174) }
```

If you want to add a box shadow in that color use:

Here you see how a box with a 4 pixel `rgb(190, 186, 174)` colored shadow looks like.

```
.boxshadow{ -moz-box-shadow:4px 4px 4px  
4px rgb(190, 186, 174); -webkit-box-  
shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(190, 186, 174);  
box-shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(190, 186,  
174) }
```

# Background

The CSS property to change the background color of an element to XYZ 46.4341, 49.1210, 47.0784 is called "background". The background property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

```
.background, #background, body{  
background: rgb(190, 186, 174) }
```

If only the background color should be changed can be used:

```
.background{ background-color: rgb(190,  
186, 174) }
```

This example shows the color as background, it is applied via the CSS property "background".

To optimize and compress your CSS code, you can use our [online CSS compressor and optimizer](#) based on csstidy. If you want to create a linear or radial gradient as background or border, check our [CSS Gradient Generator](#).

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