

# Converting Colors

XYZ(46.4156, 30.4692, 7.1761)

Have a look what the booklet for  
XYZ(46.4156, 30.4692, 7.1761)  
contains.

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# Color

**XYZ(46.4156, 30.4692,  
7.1761)**

# Conversions

## Conversions Part 1

Format	Color
Hex	FF6338
RGB	255, 99, 56
RGB Percent	100%, 39%, 22%
CMY	0.0000, 0.6117, 0.7804
CMYK	0.00, 0.61, 0.78, 0.00
HSL	13°, 100%, 61%
HSV	13°, 78%, 100%
XYZ	46.4156, 30.4692, 7.1761
YIQ	140.7420, 106.7790, 19.6990

# Conversions

## Conversions Part 2

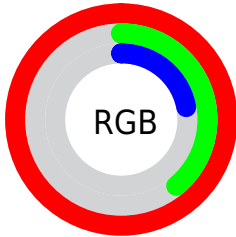
<b>Format</b>	<b>Color</b>
<b>R<sub>YB</sub></b>	255, 111, 56
Decimal	16737080
CIE <sub>Lab</sub>	62.06, 57.29, 53.79
CIE <sub>LCh</sub>	62, 78.587, 43.198
Yxy	30.4692, 0.5522, 0.3625
Android (android.graphics.Color)	4294927160 (0xFFFF6338)
YUV	140.7420, -41.7778, 100.2043
Hunter-Lab	55.1989, 53.4988, 30.9313

# Details

The XYZ color **46.4156, 30.4692, 7.1761** is a dark color, and the websafe version is hex **FF6633**. The color can be described as middle washed orange. A complement of this color would be **43.2218, 55.1427, 102.9725**, and the grayscale version is **25.3468, 26.6668, 29.0402**.

A 20% lighter version of the original color is **55.5629, 45.7433, 19.5365**, and **22.0104, 12.4713, 1.3333** is the 20% darker color. If you saturate the color by 10%, you get **44.2780, 26.9512, 4.1305**, and if you desaturate by 10%, it is **49.3404, 35.0548, 12.0492**.

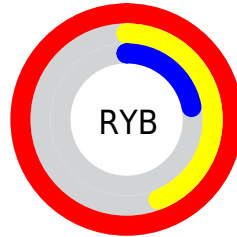
# Distribution



Red (100%)

Green (39%)

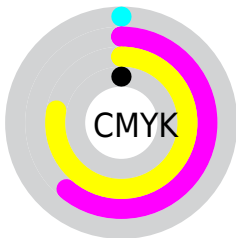
Blue (22%)



Red (100%)

Yellow (44%)

Blue (22%)

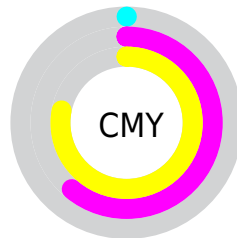


Cyan (0%)

Magenta (61%)

Yellow (78%)

Black (0%)



Cyan (0%)

Magenta (61%)


Yellow (78%)


# Brightness & Saturation Gradients

These gradients show how the XYZ color 46.4156, 30.4692, 7.1761 changes by changing the brightness by 10 percent. The first figure shows a shift by +10% for each color and the second figure -10%.


Similar to the brightness gradients but the following saturation gradients show a change of the XYZ color 46.4156, 30.4692, 7.1761 by changing the saturation by 10% instead.





 46.4156, 30.4692,  
7.1761


 46.4156, 30.4692,  
7.1761


363.1650,  
304.0854, 178.8051

 32.7799, 20.1950,  
3.4924


 84.0647, 60.4034,  
20.8455


 22.1163, 12.5369,  
1.3512


 108.8088, 80.8322,  
31.6682


 14.0595, 7.1104,  
0.1032


 137.9865,  
105.4146, 45.7077

 8.2440, 3.5313,  
0.0000

 171.9630,  
134.5351, 63.3824

 4.3046, 1.4150,  
0.0000

 211.1038,  
168.5780, 85.1110

 1.8759, 0.2277,  
0.0000

 255.7741,

 0.5627, 0.0000,

207.9278, 111.3120

0.0000

306.3394,  
252.9688, 142.4038

■ 0.0000, 0.0000,  
0.0000

■ 46.4156, 30.4692,  
7.1761

■ 46.4156, 30.4692,  
7.1761

■ 44.2780, 26.9512,  
4.1305

■ 49.3404, 35.0548,  
12.0492

■ 42.8327, 24.4021,  
2.5962

■ 53.1243, 40.7830,  
18.9821

■ 42.6112, 24.0029,  
2.3872

■ 57.8329, 47.7276,  
28.1741

■ 63.5243, 55.9545,  
39.8003

■ 70.2518, 65.5250,  
54.0183

■ 78.0647, 76.4961,  
70.9727

■ 87.0092, 88.9216,  
90.7971

95.0496, 99.9998,  
108.9000

# Harmonies

## Analogous

The Analogous color harmony consists of three colors that are next to each other on the color wheel.



53.5506, 30.4692, 21.5971



46.4156, 30.4692, 7.1761



35.2312, 30.4692, 2.8452

# Triad

The Triadic color harmony groups three colors that are evenly spaced from another and form a triangle on the color wheel.



46.4156, 30.4692, 7.1761



13.5534, 30.4692, 19.0520



33.8447, 30.4692, 128.0231

# Complementary

The Complementary color scheme is a pair of colors which are on the opposite of each other on the color wheel.



46.4156, 30.4692, 7.1761



43.2218, 55.1427, 102.9725

# Split Complementary

Split-complementary colors differ from the complementary color scheme. The scheme consists of three colors, the original color and two neighbors of the complement color.



23.4811, 30.4692, 125.7094



46.4156, 30.4692, 7.1761



13.3553, 30.4692, 48.2925

# Square

The Square scheme is like the rectangle color scheme, but the four colors are evenly spaced on the color wheel.



46.4156, 30.4692, 7.1761



17.1717, 30.4692, 6.2844



16.5425, 30.4692, 90.9792



45.1904, 30.4692, 96.1381



# Rectangle

The Rectangle color scheme consists of four colors that form a rectangle on the color wheel.



46.4156, 30.4692, 7.1761



27.8427, 30.4692, 2.4051



16.5425, 30.4692, 90.9792



30.1069, 30.4692, 131.6099

# Sweetspot

The Sweet Spot groups the original color and five complimentary colors.



46.4163, 30.4709, 7.1766



74.0505, 70.8751, 62.2111



54.9453, 29.0048, 67.1270



15.2610, 14.3415, 12.0433



0.0000, 0.0000, 0.0000



20.3446, 21.4041, 23.3091



# Same Dimension

The Same Dimension uses a secret algorithm to generate beautiful new colors.



46.4163, 30.4709, 7.1766



43.3418, 25.3223, 3.0665



61.5358, 60.7100, 12.2164



18.3276, 18.6233, 18.7730



22.3533, 12.7179, 1.2767



2.2522, 1.3898, 0.1495

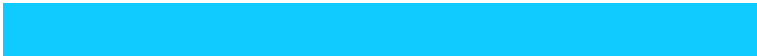


# Inverse Universe

The Inverse Universe completely reimagines the original color for something new.



43.2218, 55.1427, 102.9725



39.6537, 50.1277, 102.1934



25.8917, 20.4826, 97.1958



18.2021, 19.7759, 23.1077



20.3244, 25.5583, 53.2966



2.0577, 2.6461, 5.2156



# Previews

## White Background



This preview shows how the XYZ color 46.4156, 30.4692, 7.1761 looks on a white background.

## Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA × Fail

Any Text WCAG AA × Fail

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA × Fail

Any Text WCAG AAA × Fail



# Black Background



This preview shows how the XYZ color 46.4156, 30.4692, 7.1761 looks on a black background.

## Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

If you want to check with other color combinations, try the [Color Contrast Checker](#).

**XYZ 46.4156, 30.4692, 7.1761**

## **Background**



This preview shows how black text looks on a background with the XYZ color 46.4156, 30.4692, 7.1761.



This preview shows how white text looks on a background with the XYZ color 46.4156, 30.4692,



# Color Blindness Simulation

Color vision deficiency is a very complex topic, and I could not describe the different causes any better than Wikipedia does, so if you want to learn more, you should check out their [article about color blindness](#).

## Dichromacy



### Original Color

46.4156, 30.4692, 7.1761

### Protanopia

27.9800, 30.4831, 10.3704

### Deuteranopia

31.2633, 30.6456, 6.6503



## Tritanopia

47.6812, 30.3840, 15.6635

# Trichromacy



## Original Color

46.4156, 30.4692, 7.1761

## Protanomaly

32.6529, 28.7681, 8.9861

## Deuteranomaly

35.5634, 29.5383, 6.6234

## Tritanomaly

47.0626, 30.2816, 11.9588

# Monochromacy



## Original Color

46.4156, 30.4692, 7.1761

## Achromatopsia

25.3171, 26.6356, 29.0061

## Achromatomaly

29.5667, 25.9926, 18.2106

# CSS Examples

## Text

The CSS property to change the color of the text to XYZ 46.4156, 30.4692, 7.1761 is called "color". The color property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows how text in the color `rgb(255, 99, 56)` looks like.

```
.text, #text, p{  
    color:rgb(255, 99, 56)  
}
```

If you want to add a text shadow in that color use the text-shadow property, you can generate a text shadow directly with our [CSS Text Shadow Generator](#).

Here you see how black text with a 4 pixel rgb(255, 99, 56) colored shadow looks like.

```
.shadow{ text-shadow: 4px 4px 2px rgb(255, 99, 56) }
```

## Border

The CSS property to change the border of an element to XYZ 46.4156, 30.4692, 7.1761 is called "border". The border property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows the color as border, it can be applied via the CSS property "border" or "border-color".

```
.border, #border, table{ border:4px solid rgb(255, 99, 56) }
```



If only the border color should be changed use the property `border-color`.

```
.border{ border-color:rgb(255, 99, 56) }
```

If you want to add a box shadow in that color use:

Here you see how a box with a 4 pixel `rgb(255, 99, 56)` colored shadow looks like.

```
.boxshadow{ -moz-box-shadow:4px 4px 4px  
4px rgb(255, 99, 56); -webkit-box-  
shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(255, 99, 56);  
box-shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(255, 99,  
56) }
```

# Background

The CSS property to change the background color of an element to XYZ 46.4156, 30.4692, 7.1761 is called "background". The background property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

```
.background, #background, body{  
background: rgb(255, 99, 56) }
```

If only the background color should be changed can be used:

```
.background{ background-color: rgb(255, 99,  
56) }
```

This example shows the color as background, it is applied via the CSS property "background".

To optimize and compress your CSS code, you can use our [online CSS compressor and optimizer](#) based on csstidy. If you want to create a linear or radial gradient as background or border, check our [CSS Gradient Generator](#).

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