

# Converting Colors

XYZ(46.4180, 26.9986, 19.1194)

Have a look what the booklet for  
XYZ(46.4180, 26.9986, 19.1194)  
contains.

<b>XYZ(46.2849, 26.9434, 18.9808)</b> .....	3
<b><i>Conversions</i></b> .....	4
<b><i>Details</i></b> .....	6
<b><i>Harmonies</i></b> .....	12
<b><i>Previews</i></b> .....	24
<b><i>Color Blindness Simulation</i></b> .....	28
<b><i>CSS Examples</i></b> .....	31

# Color

**XYZ(46.2849, 26.9434,  
18.9808)**

# Conversions

## Conversions Part 1

<b>Format</b>	<b>Color</b>
Hex	FE4873
RGB	254, 72, 115
RGB Percent	100%, 28%, 45%
CMY	0.0039, 0.7176, 0.5490
CMYK	0.00, 0.72, 0.55, 0.00
HSL	346°, 99%, 64%
HSV	346°, 72%, 100%
XYZ	46.2849, 26.9434, 18.9808
YIQ	131.3200, 94.6690, 51.9570

# Conversions

## Conversions Part 2

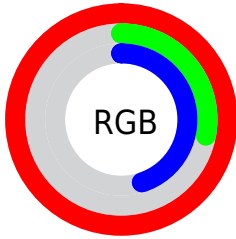
<b>Format</b>	<b>Color</b>
<b>R<sub>YB</sub></b>	254, 72, 115
Decimal	16664691
CIE <sub>Lab</sub>	58.92, 70.43, 17.45
CIE <sub>LCh</sub>	59, 72.563, 13.916
Yxy	26.9434, 0.5020, 0.2922
Android (android.graphics.Color)	4294854771 (0xFFFE4873)
YUV	131.3200, -8.0458, 107.5904
Hunter-Lab	51.9070, 68.3291, 14.6544

# Details

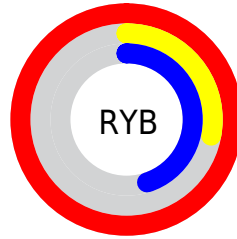
The XYZ color **46.2849, 26.9434, 18.9808** is a dark color, and the websafe version is hex **FF3366**. The color can be described as middle washed rose. A complement of this color would be **49.8744, 76.9652, 73.8629**, and the grayscale version is **21.6938, 22.8236, 24.8549**.

A 20% lighter version of the original color is **56.6026, 40.8251, 41.4560**, and **22.4990, 11.4816, 6.3405** is the 20% darker color. If you saturate the color by 10%, you get **43.9669, 23.9101, 13.2680**, and if you desaturate by 10%, it is **49.5169, 31.4291, 26.1577**.

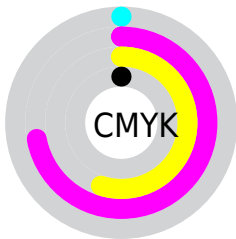
# Distribution



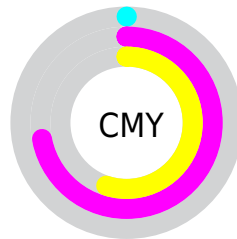
- Red (100%)
- Green (28%)
- Blue (45%)



- Red (100%)
- Yellow (28%)
- Blue (45%)



- Cyan (0%)
- Magenta (72%)
- Yellow (55%)
- Black (0%)




- Cyan (0%)
- Magenta (72%)
- Yellow (55%)


# Brightness & Saturation Gradients

These gradients show how the XYZ color 46.2849, 26.9434, 18.9808 changes by changing the brightness by 10 percent. The first figure shows a shift by +10% for each color and the second figure -10%.


Similar to the brightness gradients but the following saturation gradients show a change of the XYZ color 46.2849, 26.9434, 18.9808 by changing the saturation by 10% instead.





 46.2849, 26.9434,  
18.9808


 46.2849, 26.9434,  
18.9808


362.6496,  
287.3830, 258.7619


 32.6763, 17.5307,  
11.4797

 83.8705, 54.7930,  
42.5379


 22.0366, 10.6136,  
6.2723


 108.5781, 73.9988,  
59.4311

 14.0006, 5.8076,  
2.9399


 137.7162, 97.2376,  
80.2920

 8.2028, 2.7285,  
1.0640

 171.6500,  
124.8941, 105.5392

 4.2779, 0.9917,  
0.0000

 210.7448,  
157.3524, 135.5912

 1.8605, 0.0000,  
0.0000

255.3662,

 0.5537, 0.0000,

194.9971, 170.8667

0.0000

305.8793,  
238.2125, 211.7841

■ 0.0000, 0.0000,  
0.0000

■ 46.2849, 26.9434,  
18.9808

■ 46.2849, 26.9434,  
18.9808

■ 43.9669, 23.9101,  
13.2680

■ 49.5169, 31.4291,  
26.1577

■ 42.4564, 22.1395,  
8.9097


■ 53.7487, 37.5167,  
34.8936


■ 41.6884, 21.3969,  
6.2075

■ 59.0584, 45.3423,  
45.2765

■ 65.5154, 55.0259,  
57.3872

■ 73.1830, 66.6770,  
71.3010

 82.1201, 80.3964,  
87.0888

 92.3815, 96.2781,  
104.8174

94.6828, 99.8107,  
108.8828

# Harmonies

## Analogous

The Analogous color harmony consists of three colors that are next to each other on the color wheel.



46.0345, 26.9434, 45.2757



46.2849, 26.9434, 18.9808



40.1655, 26.9434, 6.6713

# Triad

The Triadic color harmony groups three colors that are evenly spaced from another and form a triangle on the color wheel.



46.2849, 26.9434, 18.9808



15.4046, 26.9434, 6.1905



21.1179, 26.9434, 107.0931

# Complementary

The Complementary color scheme is a pair of colors which are on the opposite of each other on the color wheel.



46.2849, 26.9434, 18.9808



49.8744, 76.9652, 73.8629

# Split Complementary

Split-complementary colors differ from the complementary color scheme. The scheme consists of three colors, the original color and two neighbors of the complement color.



15.0779, 26.9434, 78.7232



46.2849, 26.9434, 18.9808



12.3454, 26.9434, 17.6610

# Square

The Square scheme is like the rectangle color scheme, but the four colors are evenly spaced on the color wheel.



46.2849, 26.9434, 18.9808



21.6776, 26.9434, 2.7589



12.2418, 26.9434, 42.9054



29.9889, 26.9434, 108.2451



# Rectangle

The Rectangle color scheme consists of four colors that form a rectangle on the color wheel.



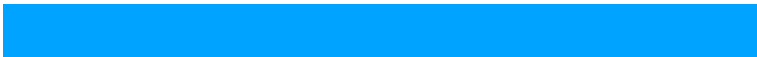
46.2849, 26.9434, 18.9808



33.9736, 26.9434, 3.5685



12.2418, 26.9434, 42.9054



18.7439, 26.9434, 99.9102

# Sweetspot

The Sweet Spot groups the original color and five complimentary colors.



46.2856, 26.9449, 18.9812



74.3820, 68.1035, 72.9097



46.3615, 25.2750, 96.2004



15.4317, 13.8304, 14.7288



0.0000, 0.0000, 0.0000



20.3446, 21.4041, 23.3091



# Same Dimension

The Same Dimension uses a secret algorithm to generate beautiful new colors.



46.2856, 26.9449, 18.9812



43.6027, 23.2000, 11.3046



48.4638, 34.3804, 10.2149



18.1852, 18.0574, 19.5924



22.0258, 11.2996, 3.5206



2.1848, 1.1163, 0.5544



# Inverse Universe

The Inverse Universe completely reimagines the original color for something new.



46.2856, 26.9449, 18.9812



43.6027, 23.2000, 11.3046



43.2414, 53.8912, 101.8884



18.1852, 18.0574, 19.5924



22.0258, 11.2996, 3.5206



2.1848, 1.1163, 0.5544



# Previews

## White Background



This preview shows how the XYZ color 46.2849, 26.9434, 18.9808 looks on a white background.

## Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AA × Fail

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA × Fail

Any Text WCAG AAA × Fail



# Black Background



This preview shows how the XYZ color 46.2849, 26.9434, 18.9808 looks on a black background.

## Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AA ✓ Pass

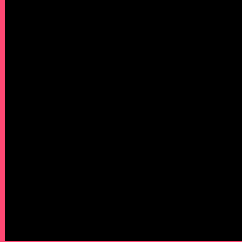
Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AAA × Fail

If you want to check with other color combinations, try the [Color Contrast Checker](#).

**XYZ 46.2849, 26.9434, 18.9808**

## **Background**



This preview shows how black text looks on a background with the XYZ color 46.2849, 26.9434, 18.9808.



This preview shows how white text looks on a background with the XYZ color 46.2849, 26.9434,



# Color Blindness Simulation

Color vision deficiency is a very complex topic, and I could not describe the different causes any better than Wikipedia does, so if you want to learn more, you should check out their [article about color blindness](#).

## Dichromacy



### Original Color

46.2849, 26.9434, 18.9808

### Protanopia

26.1852, 27.0025, 32.6861

### Deuteranopia

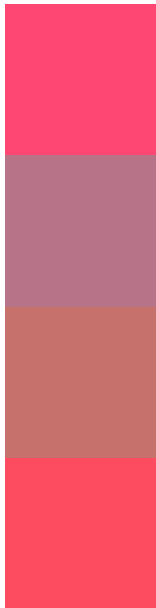
27.5541, 26.9738, 17.3899



## Tritanopia

44.5022, 26.9119, 11.0326

# Trichromacy



## Original Color

46.2849, 26.9434, 18.9808

## Protanomaly

30.2892, 24.3642, 26.7733

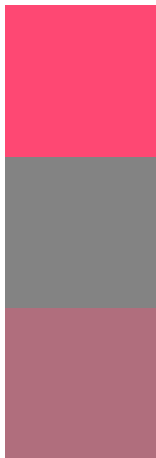
## Deuteranomaly

32.2186, 25.0565, 17.6063

## Tritanomaly

45.1580, 26.8778, 13.6343

# Monochromacy



## Original Color

46.2849, 26.9434, 18.9808

## Achromatopsia

21.5731, 22.6966, 24.7166

## Achromatomaly

27.1821, 21.8626, 22.1893

# CSS Examples

## Text

The CSS property to change the color of the text to XYZ 46.2849, 26.9434, 18.9808 is called "color". The color property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows how text in the color `rgb(254, 72, 115)` looks like.

```
.text, #text, p{  
    color:rgb(254, 72, 115)  
}
```

If you want to add a text shadow in that color use the text-shadow property, you can generate a text shadow directly with our [CSS Text Shadow Generator](#).

Here you see how black text with a 4 pixel rgb(254, 72, 115) colored shadow looks like.

```
.shadow{ text-shadow: 4px 4px 2px rgb(254, 72, 115) }
```

## Border

The CSS property to change the border of an element to XYZ 46.2849, 26.9434, 18.9808 is called "border". The border property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows the color as border, it can be applied via the CSS property "border" or "border-color".

```
.border, #border, table{ border:4px solid rgb(254, 72, 115) }
```



If only the border color should be changed use the property `border-color`.

```
.border{ border-color:rgb(254, 72, 115) }
```

If you want to add a box shadow in that color use:

Here you see how a box with a 4 pixel `rgb(254, 72, 115)` colored shadow looks like.

```
.boxshadow{ -moz-box-shadow:4px 4px 4px  
4px rgb(254, 72, 115); -webkit-box-  
shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(254, 72, 115);  
box-shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(254, 72,  
115) }
```

# Background

The CSS property to change the background color of an element to XYZ 46.2849, 26.9434, 18.9808 is called "background". The background property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

```
.background, #background, body{  
background: rgb(254, 72, 115) }
```

If only the background color should be changed can be used:

```
.background{ background-color: rgb(254, 72,  
115) }
```

This example shows the color as background, it is applied via the CSS property "background".

To optimize and compress your CSS code, you can use our [online CSS compressor and optimizer](#) based on csstidy. If you want to create a linear or radial gradient as background or border, check our [CSS Gradient Generator](#).

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