

Converting Colors

XYZ(46.4490, 47.4128, 54.8476)

Have a look what the booklet for
XYZ(46.4490, 47.4128, 54.8476)
contains.

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Color

**XYZ(46.4482, 47.4132,
54.8477)**

Conversions

Conversions Part 1

| Format | Color |
|-------------|---------------------------|
| Hex | BCB5BD |
| RGB | 188, 181, 189 |
| RGB Percent | 74%, 71%, 74% |
| CMY | 0.2627, 0.2902, 0.2588 |
| CMYK | 0.01, 0.04, 0.00, 0.26 |
| HSL | 292°, 6%, 73% |
| HSV | 292°, 4%, 74% |
| XYZ | 46.4482, 47.4132, 54.8477 |
| YIQ | 184.0050, 1.6040, 3.9720 |

Conversions

Conversions Part 2

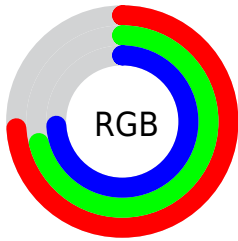
| Format | Color |
|-------------------------------------|-----------------------------|
| R _Y B | 188, 181, 189 |
| Decimal | 12367293 |
| CIE Lab | 74.45, 3.95, -3.18 |
| CIE LCh | 74, 5.070, 321.159 |
| Yxy | 47.4132, 0.3123, 0.3188 |
| Android (android.graphics.Color) | 4290557373 (0xFFBCB5BD) |
| YUV | 184.0050, 2.4625, 3.5036 |
| Hunter-Lab | 68.8572, -0.0916, 0.9731 |




Details

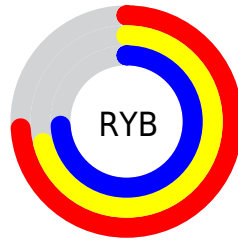
The XYZ color **46.4482, 47.4132, 54.8477** is a light color, and the websafe version is hex **CCCCCC**. A complement of this color would be **45.8312, 49.6777, 50.8916**, and the grayscale version is **45.5501, 47.9222, 52.1873**.




A 20% lighter version of the original color is **84.0738, 86.3940, 98.6308**, and **22.1548, 22.3668, 26.4421** is the 20% darker color. If you saturate the color by 10%, you get **42.2860, 39.9454, 53.6264**, and if you desaturate by 10%, it is **51.1440, 55.9327, 56.2453**.

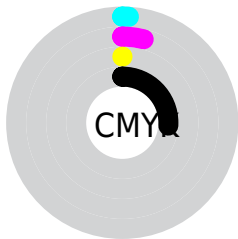
Distribution







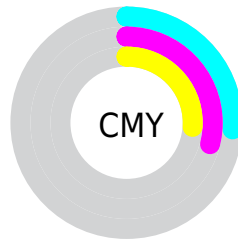
-  Red (74%)
-  Green (71%)
-  Blue (74%)






-  Red (74%)
-  Yellow (71%)
-  Blue (74%)



-  Cyan (1%)
-  Magenta (4%)
-  Yellow (0%)
-  Black (26%)



-  Cyan (26%)
-  Magenta (29%)
-  Yellow (26%)

Brightness & Saturation Gradients

These gradients show how the XYZ color 46.4482, 47.4132, 54.8477 changes by changing the brightness by 10 percent. The first figure shows a shift by +10% for each color and the second figure -10%.

Similar to the brightness gradients but the following saturation gradients show a change of the XYZ color 46.4482, 47.4132, 54.8477 by changing the saturation by 10% instead.

■ 46.4482, 47.4132,
54.8477

■ 46.4482, 47.4132,
54.8477

363.2934,
376.4615, 422.6000

■ 32.8058, 33.3624,
38.8820

■ 84.1131, 86.3301,
98.7867

■ 22.1362, 22.4042,
26.3608

108.8663,
111.9650, 127.5971

■ 14.0742, 14.1542,
16.8656

138.0539,
142.2300, 161.5261

■ 8.2543, 8.2280,
9.9778

172.0410,
177.5096, 200.9924

■ 4.3113, 4.2412,
5.2788

211.1932,
218.1882, 246.4143

■ 1.8797, 1.8094,
2.3502

255.8758,

■ 0.5650, 0.4930,

264.6501, 298.2106

0.7591

306.4541,
317.2797, 356.7996

■ 0.0000, 0.0000,
0.0000

■ 46.4482, 47.4132,
54.8477

■ 46.4482, 47.4132,
54.8477

■ 42.2860, 39.9454,
53.6264

■ 51.1440, 55.9327,
56.2453

■ 38.6324, 33.4814,
52.5712

■ 56.3891, 65.5371,
57.8227

■ 35.4664, 27.9788,
51.6760

■ 62.2034, 76.2658,
59.5871

■ 32.7643, 23.3897,
50.9326

■ 68.0907, 87.1260,
61.3731

■ 30.4998, 19.6621,
50.3325

■ 68.7164, 87.4485,
61.4024

■ 28.6443, 16.7387,
49.8660

■ 69.3518, 87.7761,
61.4321

■ 27.1658, 14.5555,
49.5225

■ 69.9970, 88.1087,
61.4623

■ 26.0271, 13.0382,
49.2897

■ 70.6521, 88.4464,
61.4929

■ 25.1835, 12.0975,
49.1526

■ 71.3170, 88.7892,
61.5241

Harmonies

Analogous

The Analogous color harmony consists of three colors that are next to each other on the color wheel.



45.7025, 47.4132, 56.4646



46.4482, 47.4132, 54.8477



46.8246, 47.4132, 52.4026

Triad

The Triadic color harmony groups three colors that are evenly spaced from another and form a triangle on the color wheel.



46.4482, 47.4132, 54.8477



45.3356, 47.4132, 46.8075



43.4450, 47.4132, 53.4639

Complementary

The Complementary color scheme is a pair of colors which are on the opposite of each other on the color wheel.



46.4482, 47.4132, 54.8477



45.8312, 49.6777, 50.8916

Split Complementary

Split-complementary colors differ from the complementary color scheme. The scheme consists of three colors, the original color and two neighbors of the complement color.



43.3497, 47.4132, 50.8549



46.4482, 47.4132, 54.8477



44.4331, 47.4132, 47.0700

Square

The Square scheme is like the rectangle color scheme, but the four colors are evenly spaced on the color wheel.



46.4482, 47.4132, 54.8477



46.1765, 47.4132, 47.8014



43.7092, 47.4132, 48.5309



43.9711, 47.4132, 55.6471

Rectangle

The Rectangle color scheme consists of four colors that form a rectangle on the color wheel.



46.4482, 47.4132, 54.8477



46.8119, 47.4132, 50.6565



43.7092, 47.4132, 48.5309



43.3618, 47.4132, 52.6056

Sweetspot

The Sweet Spot groups the original color and five complimentary colors.



46.4496, 47.4152, 54.8487



85.7878, 89.6159, 99.0023



44.9850, 46.9833, 54.8426



18.4575, 19.2883, 21.2928



90.7827, 95.5105, 104.0109



18.6292, 19.5994, 21.3438

Same Dimension

The Same Dimension uses a secret algorithm to generate beautiful new colors.



46.4496, 47.4152, 54.8487



82.5206, 83.7120, 98.0349



46.3816, 47.4166, 53.2006



10.1622, 10.2684, 12.1186



16.7161, 7.9035, 33.0374



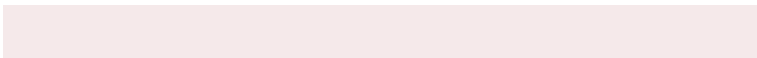
0.6881, 0.3268, 1.2957

Inverse Universe

The Inverse Universe completely reimagines the original color for something new.



45.9553, 47.2461, 50.9557



81.4653, 83.3513, 89.7049



45.9000, 49.6781, 52.4822



10.0185, 10.2193, 10.9833



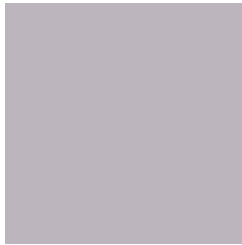
14.2445, 7.3289, 1.3150



0.5741, 0.2935, 0.1363

Previews

White Background



This preview shows how the XYZ color 46.4482, 47.4132, 54.8477 looks on a white background.

Color Contrast Check

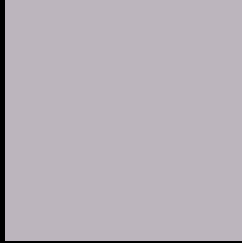
Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA × Fail

Any Text WCAG AA × Fail

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA × Fail

Any Text WCAG AAA × Fail

Black Background



This preview shows how the XYZ color 46.4482, 47.4132, 54.8477 looks on a black background.

Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AA ✓ Pass

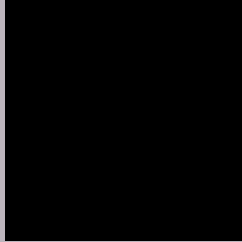
Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

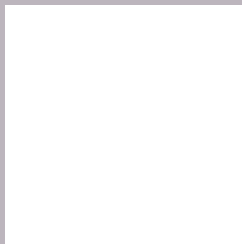
If you want to check with other color combinations, try the [Color Contrast Checker](#).

XYZ 46.4482, 47.4132, 54.8477

Background



This preview shows how black text looks on a background with the XYZ color 46.4482, 47.4132, 54.8477.

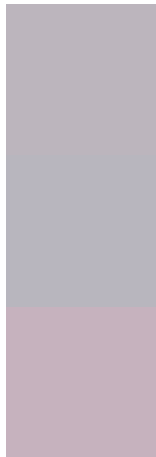


This preview shows how white text looks on a background with the XYZ color 46.4482, 47.4132,

Color Blindness Simulation

Color vision deficiency is a very complex topic, and I could not describe the different causes any better than Wikipedia does, so if you want to learn more, you should check out their [article about color blindness](#).

Dichromacy



Original Color

46.4482, 47.4132, 54.8477

Protanopia

45.7894, 47.3639, 55.4440

Deuteranopia

48.5034, 47.5643, 55.3396



Tritanopia

47.0451, 47.3564, 57.7001

Trichromacy



Original Color

46.4482, 47.4132, 54.8477

Protanomaly

46.0298, 47.4879, 55.4552

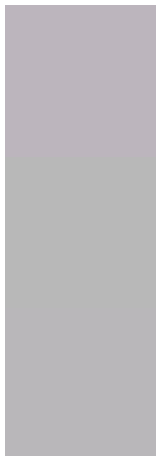
Deuteranomaly

47.6625, 47.4272, 55.3575

Tritanomaly

46.8220, 47.2671, 56.5249

Monochromacy



Original Color

46.4482, 47.4132, 54.8477

Achromatopsia

45.5594, 47.9320, 52.1980

Achromatomaly

45.8040, 47.7264, 53.2524

CSS Examples

Text

The CSS property to change the color of the text to XYZ 46.4482, 47.4132, 54.8477 is called "color". The color property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows how text in the color `rgb(188, 181, 189)` looks like.

```
.text, #text, p{  
    color:rgb(188, 181, 189)  
}
```

If you want to add a text shadow in that color use the text-shadow property, you can generate a text shadow directly with our [CSS Text Shadow Generator](#).

Here you see how black text with a 4 pixel rgb(188, 181, 189) colored shadow looks like.

```
.shadow{ text-shadow: 4px 4px 2px rgb(188, 181, 189) }
```

Border

The CSS property to change the border of an element to XYZ 46.4482, 47.4132, 54.8477 is called "border". The border property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows the color as border, it can be applied via the CSS property "border" or "border-color".

```
.border, #border, table{ border:4px solid rgb(188, 181, 189) }
```


If only the border color should be changed use the property `border-color`.

```
.border{ border-color:rgb(188, 181, 189) }
```

If you want to add a box shadow in that color use:

Here you see how a box with a 4 pixel `rgb(188, 181, 189)` colored shadow looks like.

```
.boxshadow{ -moz-box-shadow:4px 4px 4px  
4px rgb(188, 181, 189); -webkit-box-  
shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(188, 181, 189);  
box-shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(188, 181,  
189) }
```

Background

The CSS property to change the background color of an element to XYZ 46.4482, 47.4132, 54.8477 is called "background". The background property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

```
.background, #background, body{  
background: rgb(188, 181, 189) }
```

If only the background color should be changed can be used:

```
.background{ background-color: rgb(188,  
181, 189) }
```

This example shows the color as background, it is applied via the CSS property "background".

To optimize and compress your CSS code, you can use our [online CSS compressor and optimizer](#) based on csstidy. If you want to create a linear or radial gradient as background or border, check our [CSS Gradient Generator](#).

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