

Converting Colors

XYZ(46.4621, 48.7644, 53.3096)

Have a look what the booklet for
XYZ(46.4621, 48.7644, 53.3096)
contains.

XYZ(46.4616, 48.6822, 53.4022)	3
<i>Conversions</i>	4
<i>Details</i>	6
<i>Harmonies</i>	12
<i>Previews</i>	23
<i>Color Blindness Simulation</i>	27
<i>CSS Examples</i>	30

Color

**XYZ(46.4616, 48.6822,
53.4022)**

Conversions

Conversions Part 1

Format	Color
Hex	BAB9BA
RGB	186, 185, 186
RGB Percent	73%, 73%, 73%
CMY	0.2706, 0.2745, 0.2706
CMYK	0.00, 0.01, 0.00, 0.27
HSL	300°, 1%, 73%
HSV	300°, 1%, 73%
XYZ	46.4616, 48.6822, 53.4022
YIQ	185.4130, 0.2750, 0.5230

Conversions

Conversions Part 2

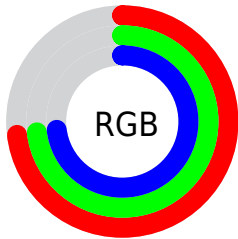
Format	Color
R _Y B	186, 185, 186
Decimal	12237242
CIE Lab	75.25, 0.54, -0.39
CIE LCh	75, 0.666, 324.105
Yxy	48.6822, 0.3128, 0.3277
Android (android.graphics.Color)	4290427322 (0xFFBAB9BA)
YUV	185.4130, 0.2894, 0.5148
Hunter-Lab	69.7726, -3.2389, 3.4618

Details

The XYZ color **46.4616, 48.6822, 53.4022** is a light color, and the websafe version is hex **CCCCCC**. A complement of this color would be **46.3253, 48.9362, 52.9054**, and the grayscale version is **46.3436, 48.7571, 53.0964**.

A 20% lighter version of the original color is **84.1003, 88.1986, 96.5959**, and **22.1578, 23.1825, 25.4971** is the 20% darker color. If you saturate the color by 10%, you get **42.8228, 41.4041, 52.1899**, and if you desaturate by 10%, it is **50.6123, 56.9826, 54.7863**.

Distribution



Red (73%)

Green (73%)

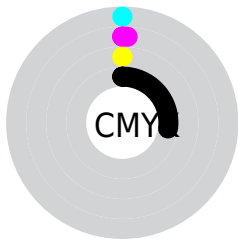
Blue (73%)



Red (73%)

Yellow (73%)

Blue (73%)



Cyan (0%)

Magenta (1%)

Yellow (0%)

Black (27%)



Cyan (27%)

Magenta (27%)

Yellow (27%)

Brightness & Saturation Gradients

These gradients show how the XYZ color 46.4616, 48.6822, 53.4022 changes by changing the brightness by 10 percent. The first figure shows a shift by +10% for each color and the second figure -10%.

Similar to the brightness gradients but the following saturation gradients show a change of the XYZ color 46.4616, 48.6822, 53.4022 by changing the saturation by 10% instead.

■ 46.4616, 48.6822,
53.4022

■ 46.4616, 48.6822,
53.4022

363.3462,
381.4899, 416.9363

■ 32.8164, 34.3674,
37.7340

■ 84.1330, 88.2193,
96.6435

■ 22.1444, 23.1760,
25.4761

108.8900,
114.2104, 125.0536

■ 14.0802, 14.7235,
16.2099

138.0816,
144.8624, 158.5482

■ 8.2586, 8.6256,
9.5168

172.0731,
180.5597, 197.5458

■ 4.3140, 4.4978,
4.9784

211.2300,
221.6867, 242.4648

■ 1.8813, 1.9557,
2.1761

255.9176,

■ 0.5659, 0.5816,

268.6278, 293.7239

0.6605

306.5012,
321.7674, 351.7415

■ 0.0000, 0.0000,
0.0000

■ 46.4616, 48.6822,
53.4022

■ 46.4616, 48.6822,
53.4022

■ 42.8228, 41.4041,
52.1899

■ 50.6123, 56.9826,
54.7863

■ 39.6720, 35.1028,
51.1397

■ 55.2891, 66.3360,
56.3452

■ 36.9898, 29.7386,
50.2457

■ 60.5111, 76.7799,
58.0858

■ 34.7537, 25.2668,
49.5004

■ 64.8737, 85.5048,
59.5400

■ 32.9397, 21.6390,
48.8957

■ 64.8739, 85.5049,
59.5400

■ 31.5212, 18.8023,
48.4230

■ 64.8741, 85.5050,
59.5400

■ 30.4688, 16.6976,
48.0722

■ 64.8742, 85.5051,
59.5400

■ 29.7488, 15.2579,
47.8322

■ 64.8744, 85.5052,
59.5400

■ 29.3215, 14.4036,
47.6899

■ 64.8746, 85.5053,
59.5400

Harmonies

Analogous

The Analogous color harmony consists of three colors that are next to each other on the color wheel.



46.3670, 48.6822, 53.6233



46.4616, 48.6822, 53.4022



46.5051, 48.6822, 53.0758

Triad

The Triadic color harmony groups three colors that are evenly spaced from another and form a triangle on the color wheel.



46.4616, 48.6822, 53.4022



46.2951, 48.6822, 52.3400



46.0568, 48.6822, 53.2820

Complementary

The Complementary color scheme is a pair of colors which are on the opposite of each other on the color wheel.



46.4616, 48.6822, 53.4022



46.3253, 48.9362, 52.9054

Split Complementary

Split-complementary colors differ from the complementary color scheme. The scheme consists of three colors, the original color and two neighbors of the complement color.



46.0376, 48.6822, 52.9376



46.4616, 48.6822, 53.4022



46.1751, 48.6822, 52.3947

Square

The Square scheme is like the rectangle color scheme, but the four colors are evenly spaced on the color wheel.



46.4616, 48.6822, 53.4022



46.4089, 48.6822, 52.4633



46.0809, 48.6822, 52.6130



46.1333, 48.6822, 53.5537

Rectangle

The Rectangle color scheme consists of four colors that form a rectangle on the color wheel.



46.4616, 48.6822, 53.4022



46.4993, 48.6822, 52.8428



46.0809, 48.6822, 52.6130



46.0434, 48.6822, 53.1708

Sweetspot

The Sweet Spot groups the original color and five complimentary colors.



46.4630, 48.6843, 53.4033



84.5950, 89.0005, 96.9216



46.2251, 48.5668, 53.3931



18.6292, 19.5994, 21.3438



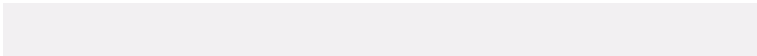
90.7827, 95.5105, 104.0109

Same Dimension

The Same Dimension uses a secret algorithm to generate beautiful new colors.



46.4630, 48.6843, 53.4033



83.8777, 87.5660, 96.6825



46.4118, 48.6638, 53.1339



10.0477, 10.4962, 11.5758



19.5850, 9.4076, 32.0367



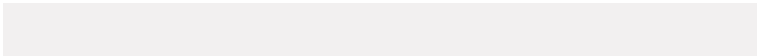
0.6904, 0.3316, 1.1294

Inverse Universe

The Inverse Universe completely reimagines the original color for something new.



46.3574, 48.6420, 52.8470



83.5157, 87.4212, 94.7761



46.3762, 48.9566, 53.1738



10.0079, 10.4803, 11.3663



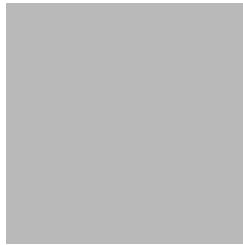
13.6234, 7.0231, 0.6377



0.4803, 0.2476, 0.0225

Previews

White Background



This preview shows how the XYZ color 46.4616, 48.6822, 53.4022 looks on a white background.

Color Contrast Check

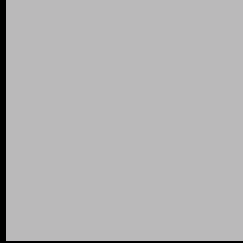
Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA × Fail

Any Text WCAG AA × Fail

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA × Fail

Any Text WCAG AAA × Fail

Black Background



This preview shows how the XYZ color 46.4616, 48.6822, 53.4022 looks on a black background.

Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AA ✓ Pass

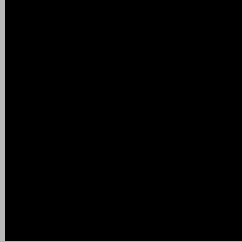
Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

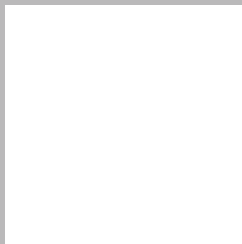
If you want to check with other color combinations, try the [Color Contrast Checker](#).

XYZ 46.4616, 48.6822, 53.4022

Background



This preview shows how black text looks on a background with the XYZ color 46.4616, 48.6822, 53.4022.

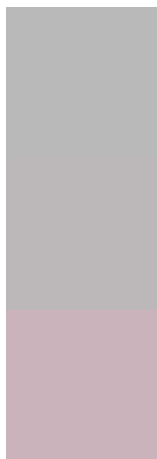


This preview shows how white text looks on a background with the XYZ color 46.4616, 48.6822,

Color Blindness Simulation

Color vision deficiency is a very complex topic, and I could not describe the different causes any better than Wikipedia does, so if you want to learn more, you should check out their [article about color blindness](#).

Dichromacy



Original Color

46.4616, 48.6822, 53.4022

Protanopia

46.7425, 48.5175, 53.3556

Deuteranopia

49.4469, 48.3846, 53.7467



Tritanopia

47.8656, 48.6356, 60.2909

Trichromacy



Original Color

46.4616, 48.6822, 53.4022

Protanomaly

46.4969, 48.3909, 53.3441

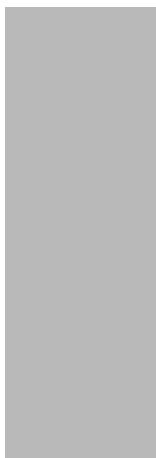
Deuteranomaly

48.2585, 48.3714, 53.8068

Tritanomaly

47.3716, 48.7408, 57.9501

Monochromacy



Original Color

46.4616, 48.6822, 53.4022

Achromatopsia

46.1135, 48.5150, 52.8328

Achromatomaly

46.1135, 48.5150, 52.8328

CSS Examples

Text

The CSS property to change the color of the text to XYZ 46.4616, 48.6822, 53.4022 is called "color". The color property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows how text in the color rgb(186, 185, 186) looks like.

```
.text, #text, p{  
    color:rgb(186, 185, 186)  
}
```

If you want to add a text shadow in that color use the text-shadow property, you can generate a text shadow directly with our [CSS Text Shadow Generator](#).

Here you see how black text with a 4 pixel rgb(186, 185, 186) colored shadow looks like.

```
.shadow{ text-shadow: 4px 4px 2px rgb(186, 185, 186) }
```

Border

The CSS property to change the border of an element to XYZ 46.4616, 48.6822, 53.4022 is called "border". The border property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows the color as border, it can be applied via the CSS property "border" or "border-color".

```
.border, #border, table{ border:4px solid rgb(186, 185, 186) }
```

If only the border color should be changed use the property `border-color`.

```
.border{ border-color:rgb(186, 185, 186) }
```

If you want to add a box shadow in that color use:

Here you see how a box with a 4 pixel `rgb(186, 185, 186)` colored shadow looks like.

```
.boxshadow{ -moz-box-shadow:4px 4px 4px  
4px rgb(186, 185, 186); -webkit-box-  
shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(186, 185, 186);  
box-shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(186, 185,  
186) }
```


Background

The CSS property to change the background color of an element to XYZ 46.4616, 48.6822, 53.4022 is called "background". The background property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

```
.background, #background, body{  
background: rgb(186, 185, 186) }
```

If only the background color should be changed can be used:

```
.background{ background-color: rgb(186,  
185, 186) }
```

This example shows the color as background, it is applied via the CSS property "background".

To optimize and compress your CSS code, you can use our [online CSS compressor and optimizer](#) based on csstidy. If you want to create a linear or radial gradient as background or border, check our [CSS Gradient Generator](#).

Hey! You found this booklet interesting? Support Converting Colors with the new Membership Option!

The pro membership hides all ads, plus gives you double the colors in the color bucket, and more awesome pro features!

[Learn more, Memberships starting at \\$2.50/m!](#)

**Follow me
on Twitter!**

@ConvertingColor