

# Converting Colors

XYZ(46.5286, 47.7993, 39.8493)

Have a look what the booklet for  
XYZ(46.5286, 47.7993, 39.8493)  
contains.

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# Color

**XYZ(46.4222, 47.7279,  
40.0234)**

# Conversions

## Conversions Part 1

<b>Format</b>	<b>Color</b>
Hex	C7B5A0
RGB	199, 181, 160
RGB Percent	78%, 71%, 63%
CMY	0.2196, 0.2902, 0.3725
CMYK	0.00, 0.09, 0.20, 0.22
HSL	32°, 26%, 70%
HSV	32°, 20%, 78%
XYZ	46.4222, 47.7279, 40.0234
YIQ	183.9880, 17.4690, -2.7150

# Conversions

## Conversions Part 2

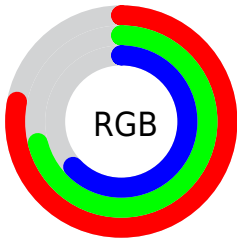
Format	Color
<a href="#">RYB</a>	<a href="#">193, 199, 160</a>
Decimal	<a href="#">13088160</a>
CIELab	<a href="#">74.65, 3.02, 13.03</a>
CIELCh	<a href="#">75, 13.375, 76.972</a>
Yxy	<a href="#">47.7279, 0.3460, 0.3557</a>
Android (android.graphics.Color)	<a href="#">4291278240 (0xFFC7B5A0)</a>
YUV	<a href="#">183.9880, -11.8261, 13.1655</a>
Hunter-Lab	<a href="#">69.0854, -0.9556, 14.0111</a>

# Details

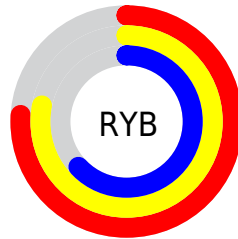
The XYZ color **46.4222, 47.7279, 40.0234** is a light color, and the websafe version is hex **CCCCCC**. A complement of this color would be **40.7261, 43.4369, 60.2708**, and the grayscale version is **45.6109, 47.9862, 52.2569**.

A 20% lighter version of the original color is **83.7899, 86.7347, 76.6152**, and **22.1030, 22.5408, 17.3732** is the 20% darker color. If you saturate the color by 10%, you get **43.0131, 43.4761, 30.9748**, and if you desaturate by 10%, it is **50.2356, 52.3416, 50.5827**.

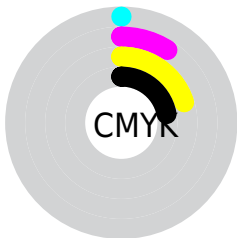
# Distribution



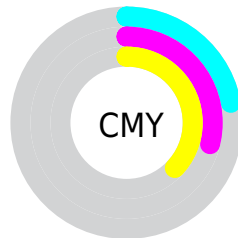
- Red (78%)
- Green (71%)
- Blue (63%)



- Red (76%)
- Yellow (78%)
- Blue (63%)



- Cyan (0%)
- Magenta (9%)
- Yellow (20%)
- Black (22%)




- Cyan (22%)
- Magenta (29%)
- Yellow (37%)


# Brightness & Saturation Gradients

These gradients show how the XYZ color 46.4222, 47.7279, 40.0234 changes by changing the brightness by 10 percent. The first figure shows a shift by +10% for each color and the second figure -10%.


Similar to the brightness gradients but the following saturation gradients show a change of the XYZ color 46.4222, 47.7279, 40.0234 by changing the saturation by 10% instead.





 46.4222, 47.7279,  
40.0234

 46.4222, 47.7279,  
40.0234


363.1910,  
377.7126, 361.7772

 32.7851, 33.6115,  
27.2429


 84.0745, 86.7991,  
76.4366

 22.1203, 22.5953,  
17.5217


 108.8205,  
112.5227, 100.9064

 14.0625, 14.2949,  
10.4412


138.0001,  
142.8841, 130.1096

 8.2461, 8.3261,  
5.5831

171.9788,  
178.2678, 164.4649

 4.3060, 4.3043,  
2.5286

211.1219,  
219.0581, 204.3908

 1.8766, 1.8452,  
0.8553

255.7947,

 0.5632, 0.5151,

265.6394, 250.3058

0.0000

306.3626,  
318.3961, 302.6284

■ 0.0000, 0.0000,  
0.0000

■ 46.4222, 47.7279,  
40.0234

■ 46.4222, 47.7279,  
40.0234

■ 43.0131, 43.4761,  
30.9748

■ 50.2356, 52.3416,  
50.5827

■ 39.9890, 39.5698,  
23.3635

■ 54.4641, 57.3204,  
62.7154

■ 37.3344, 36.0005,  
17.1143

■ 59.1230, 62.6754,  
76.4846

■ 35.0310, 32.7571,  
12.1438

■ 64.2252, 68.4154,  
91.9486

■ 33.0590, 29.8274,  
8.3596

■ 69.0499, 74.2554,  
105.3012

■ 31.3959, 27.1980,  
5.6565

■ 71.6277, 79.4110,  
106.1604

■ 30.0154, 24.8542,  
3.9104

■ 74.3414, 84.8384,  
107.0650

■ 28.8723, 22.7731,  
2.8969

■ 77.1931, 90.5417,  
108.0155

■ 28.8292, 22.6940,  
2.8609

■ 77.3633, 90.8822,  
108.0723

# Harmonies

## Analogous

The Analogous color harmony consists of three colors that are next to each other on the color wheel.



48.6174, 47.7279, 42.8124



46.4222, 47.7279, 40.0234



44.0177, 47.7279, 40.2234

# Triad

The Triadic color harmony groups three colors that are evenly spaced from another and form a triangle on the color wheel.



46.4222, 47.7279, 40.0234



41.0528, 47.7279, 55.9599



48.8552, 47.7279, 61.6129

# Complementary

The Complementary color scheme is a pair of colors which are on the opposite of each other on the color wheel.



46.4222, 47.7279, 40.0234



40.7261, 43.4369, 60.2708

# Split Complementary

Split-complementary colors differ from the complementary color scheme. The scheme consists of three colors, the original color and two neighbors of the complement color.



46.7373, 47.7279, 65.8005



46.4222, 47.7279, 40.0234



42.2589, 47.7279, 62.3429

# Square

The Square scheme is like the rectangle color scheme, but the four colors are evenly spaced on the color wheel.



46.4222, 47.7279, 40.0234



40.9752, 47.7279, 49.0177



44.3219, 47.7279, 66.0790



50.0554, 47.7279, 55.0335



# Rectangle

The Rectangle color scheme consists of four colors that form a rectangle on the color wheel.



46.4222, 47.7279, 40.0234



42.6196, 47.7279, 42.0210



44.3219, 47.7279, 66.0790



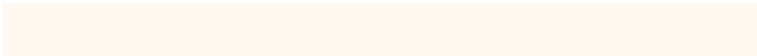
48.2236, 47.7279, 63.3715

# Sweetspot

The Sweet Spot groups the original color and five complimentary colors.



46.4235, 47.7300, 40.0244



90.4726, 94.6314, 95.7019



44.1805, 40.5067, 47.7154



19.2618, 20.1330, 20.1901



0.0000, 0.0000, 0.0000



20.3446, 21.4041, 23.3091

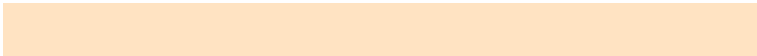


# Same Dimension

The Same Dimension uses a secret algorithm to generate beautiful new colors.



46.4235, 47.7300, 40.0244



78.3587, 79.9531, 62.2238



49.9787, 55.3503, 41.3079



11.0991, 11.5673, 11.2105



18.6262, 14.7697, 1.8691



0.9539, 0.8431, 0.1125

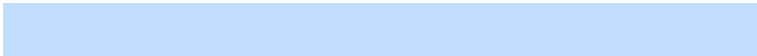


# Inverse Universe

The Inverse Universe completely reimagines the original color for something new.



40.7261, 43.4369, 60.2708



66.3787, 70.9266, 104.7994



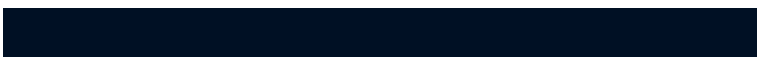
37.6387, 36.8741, 59.1668



10.4532, 11.0805, 13.5053



9.1657, 7.7253, 35.7524

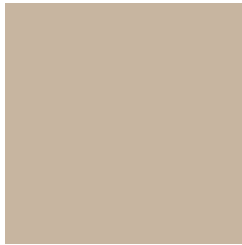


0.5063, 0.5103, 1.7170



# Previews

## White Background



This preview shows how the XYZ color 46.4222, 47.7279, 40.0234 looks on a white background.

## Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA × Fail

Any Text WCAG AA × Fail

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA × Fail

Any Text WCAG AAA × Fail



# Black Background



This preview shows how the XYZ color 46.4222, 47.7279, 40.0234 looks on a black background.

## Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AA ✓ Pass

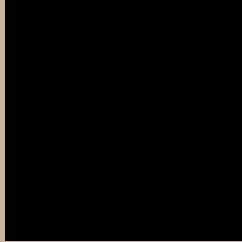
Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

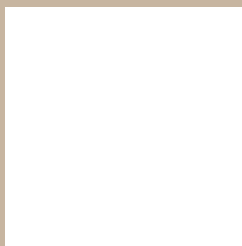
If you want to check with other color combinations, try the [Color Contrast Checker](#).

**XYZ 46.4222, 47.7279, 40.0234**

## **Background**



This preview shows how black text looks on a background with the XYZ color 46.4222, 47.7279, 40.0234.



This preview shows how white text looks on a background with the XYZ color 46.4222, 47.7279,



# Color Blindness Simulation

Color vision deficiency is a very complex topic, and I could not describe the different causes any better than Wikipedia does, so if you want to learn more, you should check out their [article about color blindness](#).

## Dichromacy



### Original Color

46.4222, 47.7279, 40.0234

### Protanopia

45.1047, 47.6466, 40.5377

### Deuteranopia

48.7335, 47.7191, 40.3604



## Tritanopia

49.6450, 47.8585, 55.3362

# Trichromacy



## Original Color

46.4222, 47.7279, 40.0234

## Protanomaly

45.6666, 47.6312, 40.5051

## Deuteranomaly

47.8070, 47.5358, 40.3738

## Tritanomaly

48.4142, 47.6520, 49.2939

# Monochromacy



## Original Color

46.4222, 47.7279, 40.0234

## Achromatopsia

45.5594, 47.9320, 52.1980

## Achromatomaly

45.6576, 47.7809, 47.3737

# CSS Examples

## Text

The CSS property to change the color of the text to XYZ 46.4222, 47.7279, 40.0234 is called "color". The color property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows how text in the color `rgb(199, 181, 160)` looks like.

```
.text, #text, p{  
    color:rgb(199, 181, 160)  
}
```

If you want to add a text shadow in that color use the text-shadow property, you can generate a text shadow directly with our [CSS Text Shadow Generator](#).

Here you see how black text with a 4 pixel rgb(199, 181, 160) colored shadow looks like.

```
.shadow{ text-shadow: 4px 4px 2px rgb(199, 181, 160) }
```

## Border

The CSS property to change the border of an element to XYZ 46.4222, 47.7279, 40.0234 is called "border". The border property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows the color as border, it can be applied via the CSS property "border" or "border-color".

```
.border, #border, table{ border:4px solid rgb(199, 181, 160) }
```



If only the border color should be changed use the property `border-color`.

```
.border{ border-color:rgb(199, 181, 160) }
```

If you want to add a box shadow in that color use:

Here you see how a box with a 4 pixel `rgb(199, 181, 160)` colored shadow looks like.

```
.boxshadow{ -moz-box-shadow:4px 4px 4px  
4px rgb(199, 181, 160); -webkit-box-  
shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(199, 181, 160);  
box-shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(199, 181,  
160) }
```

# Background

The CSS property to change the background color of an element to XYZ 46.4222, 47.7279, 40.0234 is called "background". The background property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

```
.background, #background, body{  
background: rgb(199, 181, 160) }
```

If only the background color should be changed can be used:

```
.background{ background-color: rgb(199,  
181, 160) }
```

This example shows the color as background, it is applied via the CSS property "background".

To optimize and compress your CSS code, you can use our [online CSS compressor and optimizer](#) based on csstidy. If you want to create a linear or radial gradient as background or border, check our [CSS Gradient Generator](#).

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