

# Converting Colors

XYZ(46.5349, 22.8842, 52.1542)

Have a look what the booklet for  
XYZ(46.5349, 22.8842, 52.1542)  
contains.

<b>XYZ(46.5878, 22.9049, 52.4177)</b> .....	3
<i><b>Conversions</b></i> .....	4
<i><b>Details</b></i> .....	6
<i><b>Harmonies</b></i> .....	12
<i><b>Previews</b></i> .....	24
<i><b>Color Blindness Simulation</b></i> .....	28
<i><b>CSS Examples</b></i> .....	31

# Color

**XYZ(46.5878, 22.9049,  
52.4177)**

# Conversions

## Conversions Part 1

Format	Color
Hex	F300C1
RGB	243, 0, 193
RGB Percent	95%, 0%, 76%
CMY	0.0471, 0.9998, 0.2431
CMYK	0.00, 1.00, 0.21, 0.05
HSL	312°, 100%, 48%
HSV	312°, 100%, 95%
XYZ	46.5878, 22.9049, 52.4177
YIQ	94.6590, 82.8750, 111.5390

# Conversions

## Conversions Part 2

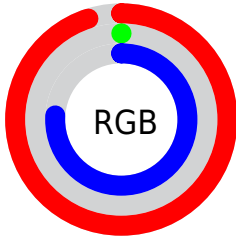
Format	Color
<b>R<sub>YB</sub></b>	243, 0, 193
Decimal	15925441
CIE <sub>Lab</sub>	54.97, 88.30, -34.38
CIE <sub>LCh</sub>	55, 94.761, 338.728
Yxy	22.9049, 0.3821, 0.1879
Android (android.graphics.Color)	4294115521 (0xFFFF300C1)
YUV	94.6590, 48.4821, 130.0951
Hunter-Lab	47.8591, 90.0052, -31.4361

# Details

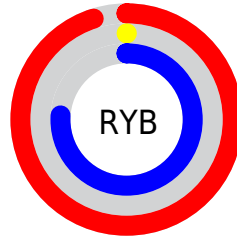
The XYZ color **46.5878, 22.9049, 52.4177** is a light color, and the websafe version is hex **FF00CC**. The color can be described as light saturated magenta. A complement of this color would be **32.6281, 64.3326, 13.7207**, and the grayscale version is **10.6766, 11.2326, 12.2323**.

A 20% lighter version of the original color is **63.0525, 37.2765, 94.3143**, and **23.9516, 11.8092, 25.4431** is the 20% darker color. If you saturate the color by 10%, you get **46.5870, 22.9047, 52.4122**, and if you desaturate by 10%, it is **47.4894, 23.7998, 55.5177**.

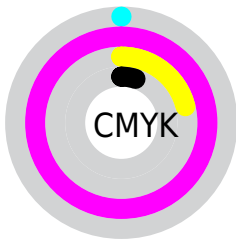
# Distribution



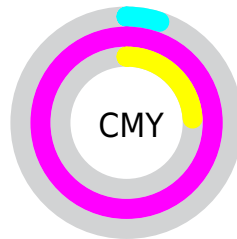
- Red (95%)
- Green (0%)
- Blue (76%)



- Red (95%)
- Yellow (0%)
- Blue (76%)



- Cyan (0%)
- Magenta (100%)
- Yellow (21%)
- Black (5%)




- Cyan (5%)
- Magenta (100%)
- Yellow (24%)

# Brightness & Saturation Gradients

These gradients show how the XYZ color 46.5878, 22.9049, 52.4177 changes by changing the brightness by 10 percent. The first figure shows a shift by +10% for each color and the second figure -10%.


Similar to the brightness gradients but the following saturation gradients show a change of the XYZ color 46.5878, 22.9049, 52.4177 by changing the saturation by 10% instead.





 46.5878, 22.9049,  
52.4177


 46.5878, 22.9049,  
52.4177


363.8432,  
267.2362, 413.0498

 32.9165, 14.5233,  
36.9536


 84.3205, 48.2371,  
95.1798


 22.2214, 8.4855,  
24.8761


 109.1126, 65.9565,  
123.3149


 14.1372, 4.4072,  
15.7666


 138.3424, 87.5574,  
156.5107

 8.2985, 1.9038,  
9.2066

 172.3751,  
113.4240, 195.1858

 4.3399, 0.5507,  
4.7775

 211.5762,  
143.9407, 239.7587

 1.8962, 0.0000,  
2.0609

256.3110,

 0.5746, 0.0000,

179.4921, 290.6480

0.5923

306.9449,  
220.4625, 348.2722

■ 0.0000, 0.0000,  
0.0000

■ 46.5878, 22.9049,  
52.4177

■ 46.5878, 22.9049,  
52.4177

■ 46.5870, 22.9047,  
52.4122

■ 47.4894, 23.7998,  
55.5177

■ 48.8258, 25.5340,  
58.8565

■ 50.7271, 28.3672,  
62.4785

■ 53.2708, 32.4543,  
66.4103

■ 56.5221, 37.9252,  
70.6746

■ 60.5379, 44.8936,  
75.2912

■ 65.3694, 53.4615,  
80.2779

■ 71.0631, 63.7216,  
85.6511

■ 77.6621, 75.7599,  
91.4260

# Harmonies

## Analogous

The Analogous color harmony consists of three colors that are next to each other on the color wheel.



37.0383, 22.9049, 102.9429



46.5878, 22.9049, 52.4177



48.5136, 22.9049, 17.1403

# Triad

The Triadic color harmony groups three colors that are evenly spaced from another and form a triangle on the color wheel.



46.5878, 22.9049, 52.4177



18.8426, 22.9049, 0.0783



9.4947, 22.9049, 81.5844

# Complementary

The Complementary color scheme is a pair of colors which are on the opposite of each other on the color wheel.



46.5878, 22.9049, 52.4177



32.6281, 64.3326, 13.7207

# Split Complementary

Split-complementary colors differ from the complementary color scheme. The scheme consists of three colors, the original color and two neighbors of the complement color.



7.2716, 22.9049, 34.8050



46.5878, 22.9049, 52.4177



11.4080, 22.9049, 1.5474

# Square

The Square scheme is like the rectangle color scheme, but the four colors are evenly spaced on the color wheel.



46.5878, 22.9049, 52.4177



29.9656, 22.9049, 0.4529



7.8364, 22.9049, 9.2721



15.2248, 22.9049, 127.2638



# Rectangle

The Rectangle color scheme consists of four colors that form a rectangle on the color wheel.



46.5878, 22.9049, 52.4177



44.7658, 22.9049, 6.1706



7.8364, 22.9049, 9.2721



8.4126, 22.9049, 64.4393

# Sweetspot

The Sweet Spot groups the original color and five complimentary colors.



46.5886, 22.9061, 52.4181



72.8779, 59.5473, 89.5126



17.4275, 7.1161, 85.2496



15.0875, 11.8342, 18.6453



0.0000, 0.0000, 0.0000



20.3446, 21.4041, 23.3091



# Same Dimension

The Same Dimension uses a secret algorithm to generate beautiful new colors.



46.5886, 22.9061, 52.4181



51.9624, 25.5490, 58.3935



38.1633, 19.5360, 8.0511



17.0590, 16.7064, 20.0570



25.6188, 12.5910, 29.0306



2.2876, 1.1210, 2.7409



# Inverse Universe

The Inverse Universe completely reimagines the original color for something new.



46.5886, 22.9061, 52.4181



51.9624, 25.5490, 58.3935



39.3179, 67.0085, 48.9488



17.0590, 16.7064, 20.0570



25.6188, 12.5910, 29.0306



2.2876, 1.1210, 2.7409



# Previews

## White Background



This preview shows how the XYZ color 46.5878, 22.9049, 52.4177 looks on a white background.

## Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA ✓ Pass

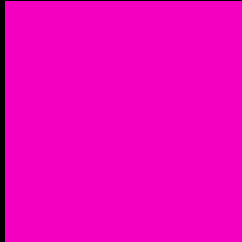
Any Text WCAG AA × Fail

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA × Fail

Any Text WCAG AAA × Fail



# Black Background



This preview shows how the XYZ color 46.5878, 22.9049, 52.4177 looks on a black background.

## Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AA ✓ Pass

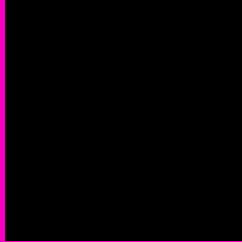
Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AAA × Fail

If you want to check with other color combinations, try the [Color Contrast Checker](#).

**XYZ 46.5878, 22.9049, 52.4177**

## **Background**



This preview shows how black text looks on a background with the XYZ color 46.5878, 22.9049, 52.4177.



This preview shows how white text looks on a background with the XYZ color 46.5878, 22.9049,



# Color Blindness Simulation

Color vision deficiency is a very complex topic, and I could not describe the different causes any better than Wikipedia does, so if you want to learn more, you should check out their [article about color blindness](#).

## Dichromacy



### Original Color

46.5878, 22.9049, 52.4177

### Protanopia

27.7637, 23.8812, 97.7540

### Deuteranopia

24.0645, 23.4907, 46.9819



## Tritanopia

37.9641, 23.2405, 10.0744

# Trichromacy



## Original Color

46.5878, 22.9049, 52.4177



## Protanomaly

26.3352, 16.3728, 78.1162



## Deuteranomaly

27.1601, 17.5818, 47.8611



## Tritanomaly

39.4332, 21.4989, 20.1605

# Monochromacy



## Original Color

46.5878, 22.9049, 52.4177



## Achromatopsia

10.8771, 11.4435, 12.4620



## Achromatomaly

18.1070, 11.2600, 22.6918

# CSS Examples

## Text

The CSS property to change the color of the text to XYZ 46.5878, 22.9049, 52.4177 is called "color". The color property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows how text in the color `rgb(243, 0, 193)` looks like.

```
.text, #text, p{  
    color:rgb(243, 0, 193)  
}
```

If you want to add a text shadow in that color use the text-shadow property, you can generate a text shadow directly with our [CSS Text Shadow Generator](#).

Here you see how black text with a 4 pixel rgb(243, 0, 193) colored shadow looks like.

```
.shadow{ text-shadow: 4px 4px 2px rgb(243, 0, 193) }
```

## Border

The CSS property to change the border of an element to XYZ 46.5878, 22.9049, 52.4177 is called "border". The border property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows the color as border, it can be applied via the CSS property "border" or "border-color".

```
.border, #border, table{ border:4px solid rgb(243, 0, 193) }
```



If only the border color should be changed use the property border-color.

```
.border{ border-color:rgb(243, 0, 193) }
```

If you want to add a box shadow in that color use:

Here you see how a box with a 4 pixel rgb(243, 0, 193) colored shadow looks like.

```
.boxshadow{ -moz-box-shadow:4px 4px 4px  
4px rgb(243, 0, 193); -webkit-box-  
shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(243, 0, 193);  
box-shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(243, 0,  
193) }
```

# Background

The CSS property to change the background color of an element to XYZ 46.5878, 22.9049, 52.4177 is called "background". The background property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

```
.background, #background, body{  
background: rgb(243, 0, 193) }
```

If only the background color should be changed can be used:

```
.background{ background-color: rgb(243, 0,  
193) }
```

This example shows the color as background, it is applied via the CSS property "background".

To optimize and compress your CSS code, you can use our [online CSS compressor and optimizer](#) based on csstidy. If you want to create a linear or radial gradient as background or border, check our [CSS Gradient Generator](#).

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