

# Converting Colors

XYZ(46.5383, 55.9584, 29.6583)

Have a look what the booklet for  
XYZ(46.5383, 55.9584, 29.6583)  
contains.

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# Color

**XYZ(46.6671, 55.9927,  
29.8208)**

# Conversions

## Conversions Part 1

Format	Color
Hex	BCCD83
RGB	188, 205, 131
RGB Percent	74%, 80%, 51%
CMY	0.2627, 0.1961, 0.4863
CMYK	0.08, 0.00, 0.36, 0.20
HSL	74°, 43%, 66%
HSV	74°, 36%, 80%
XYZ	46.6671, 55.9927, 29.8208
YIQ	191.4810, 13.6220, -26.6180

# Conversions

## Conversions Part 2

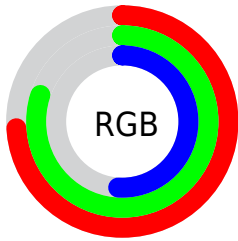
Format	Color
<a href="#">RYB</a>	<a href="#">131, 205, 148</a>
Decimal	<a href="#">12373379</a>
CIELab	<a href="#">79.61, -17.66, 34.96</a>
CIELCh	<a href="#">80, 39.168, 116.797</a>
Yxy	<a href="#">55.9927, 0.3523, 0.4226</a>
Android (android.graphics.Color)	<a href="#">4290563459 (0xFFBCCD83)</a>
YUV	<a href="#">191.4810, -29.8171, -3.0528</a>
Hunter-Lab	<a href="#">74.8283, -19.6269, 28.7513</a>

# Details

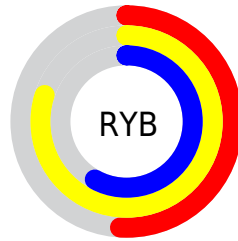
The XYZ color **46.6671, 55.9927, 29.8208** is a light color, and the websafe version is hex **CCCC99**. A complement of this color would be **31.3507, 26.9378, 61.3079**, and the grayscale version is **49.9642, 52.5663, 57.2447**.

A 20% lighter version of the original color is **82.1731, 94.4353, 59.7958**, and **22.3461, 27.7807, 11.7739** is the 20% darker color. If you saturate the color by 10%, you get **44.2718, 54.9046, 23.1598**, and if you desaturate by 10%, it is **49.3781, 57.2153, 37.9338**.

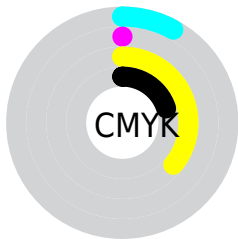
# Distribution



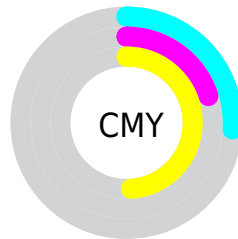
- Red (74%)
- Green (80%)
- Blue (51%)



- Red (51%)
- Yellow (80%)
- Blue (58%)



- Cyan (8%)
- Magenta (0%)
- Yellow (36%)
- Black (20%)



- Cyan (26%)
- Magenta (20%)
- Yellow (49%)

# Brightness & Saturation Gradients

These gradients show how the XYZ color 46.6671, 55.9927, 29.8208 changes by changing the brightness by 10 percent. The first figure shows a shift by +10% for each color and the second figure -10%.

Similar to the brightness gradients but the following saturation gradients show a change of the XYZ color 46.6671, 55.9927, 29.8208 by changing the saturation by 10% instead.



■ 46.6671, 55.9927,  
29.8208

■ 46.6671, 55.9927,  
29.8208

364.1553,  
409.6640, 315.2495

■ 32.9794, 40.1971,  
19.4517

■ 84.4383, 98.9939,  
60.4363

■ 22.2698, 27.6922,  
11.8170

■ 109.2524,  
126.9683, 81.5198

■ 14.1730, 18.0938,  
6.4982

■ 138.5062,  
159.7710, 107.0119

■ 8.3236, 11.0173,  
3.0767

172.5648,  
197.7865, 137.3311

■ 4.3562, 6.0785,  
1.1339

211.7936,  
241.3991, 172.8959

■ 1.9056, 2.8929,  
0.0000

256.5581,

■ 0.5801, 1.0761,

290.9933, 214.1249

0.0000

307.2236,  
346.9535, 261.4366

■ 0.0000, 0.0000,  
0.0000

■ 46.6671, 55.9927,  
29.8208

■ 46.6671, 55.9927,  
29.8208

■ 44.2718, 54.9046,  
23.1598

■ 49.3781, 57.2153,  
37.9338

■ 42.1712, 53.9368,  
17.8613

■ 52.4158, 58.5711,  
47.5741

■ 40.3485, 53.0845,  
13.8318


■ 55.7958, 60.0682,  
58.8159


■ 38.7829, 52.3392,  
10.9642


■ 59.5316, 61.7122,  
71.7276


■ 37.4503, 51.6914,  
9.1338


■ 63.6357, 63.5080,  
86.3737


 36.3208, 51.1290,  
8.1843

 68.1199, 65.4604,  
102.8152

 35.9130, 50.9238,  
7.9365

 69.6938, 66.2533,  
103.7227

 71.1482, 67.0031,  
103.7907

 72.6431, 67.7738,  
103.8607

# Harmonies

## Analogous

The Analogous color harmony consists of three colors that are next to each other on the color wheel.



54.0716, 55.9927, 27.0557



46.6671, 55.9927, 29.8208



41.5053, 55.9927, 40.1308

# Triad

The Triadic color harmony groups three colors that are evenly spaced from another and form a triangle on the color wheel.



46.6671, 55.9927, 29.8208



45.3348, 55.9927, 105.0389



69.8534, 55.9927, 63.4267

# Complementary

The Complementary color scheme is a pair of colors which are on the opposite of each other on the color wheel.



46.6671, 55.9927, 29.8208



31.3507, 26.9378, 61.3079

# Split Complementary

Split-complementary colors differ from the complementary color scheme. The scheme consists of three colors, the original color and two neighbors of the complement color.



66.9530, 55.9927, 87.9952



46.6671, 55.9927, 29.8208



52.3761, 55.9927, 115.4652

# Square

The Square scheme is like the rectangle color scheme, but the four colors are evenly spaced on the color wheel.



46.6671, 55.9927, 29.8208



40.7911, 55.9927, 82.7331



60.3579, 55.9927, 108.5669



67.9458, 55.9927, 43.3976



# Rectangle

The Rectangle color scheme consists of four colors that form a rectangle on the color wheel.



46.6671, 55.9927, 29.8208



39.7708, 55.9927, 51.5698



60.3579, 55.9927, 108.5669



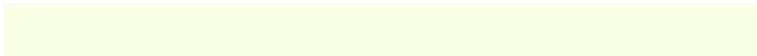
69.4020, 55.9927, 71.4406

# Sweetspot

The Sweet Spot groups the original color and five complimentary colors.



46.6685, 55.9952, 29.8220



88.5265, 97.1213, 86.7173



39.7145, 35.4973, 26.2320



18.7869, 20.7164, 18.0258



0.0000, 0.0000, 0.0000



20.3446, 21.4041, 23.3091



# Same Dimension

The Same Dimension uses a secret algorithm to generate beautiful new colors.



46.6685, 55.9952, 29.8220



73.4681, 90.3657, 40.4999



38.8726, 51.9763, 29.4571



11.8920, 12.9617, 11.9545



22.4423, 31.7447, 4.9445



1.2209, 1.6702, 0.2580



# Inverse Universe

The Inverse Universe completely reimagines the original color for something new.



31.3507, 26.9378, 61.3079



44.9248, 36.1850, 99.2243



38.9128, 30.8362, 61.6618



10.8390, 10.9663, 14.1158



7.6626, 3.1577, 36.1619

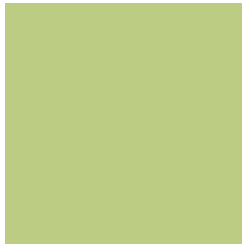


0.4639, 0.1983, 1.8688



# Previews

## White Background



This preview shows how the XYZ color 46.6671, 55.9927, 29.8208 looks on a white background.

## Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA × Fail

Any Text WCAG AA × Fail

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA × Fail

Any Text WCAG AAA × Fail



# Black Background



This preview shows how the XYZ color 46.6671, 55.9927, 29.8208 looks on a black background.

## Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

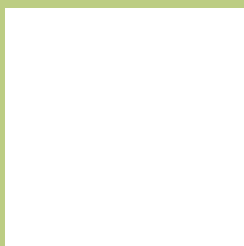
If you want to check with other color combinations, try the [Color Contrast Checker](#).

**XYZ 46.6671, 55.9927, 29.8208**

## **Background**



This preview shows how black text looks on a background with the XYZ color 46.6671, 55.9927, 29.8208.



This preview shows how white text looks on a background with the XYZ color 46.6671, 55.9927,



# Color Blindness Simulation

Color vision deficiency is a very complex topic, and I could not describe the different causes any better than Wikipedia does, so if you want to learn more, you should check out their [article about color blindness](#).

## Dichromacy



### Original Color

46.6671, 55.9927, 29.8208

### Protanopia

51.5941, 55.7872, 28.4708

### Deuteranopia

56.6173, 55.3779, 30.6266



## Tritanopia

54.5617, 55.7391, 69.5110

# Trichromacy



## Original Color

46.6671, 55.9927, 29.8208

## Protanomaly

49.7936, 55.8727, 28.9290

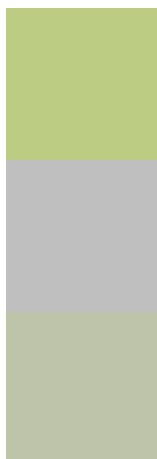
## Deuteranomaly

52.5083, 55.2102, 30.4434

## Tritanomaly

51.1151, 55.6936, 52.3119

# Monochromacy



## Original Color

46.6671, 55.9927, 29.8208

## Achromatopsia

49.5206, 52.0996, 56.7364

## Achromatomaly

48.1366, 53.2916, 45.2854

# CSS Examples

## Text

The CSS property to change the color of the text to XYZ 46.6671, 55.9927, 29.8208 is called "color". The color property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows how text in the color `rgb(188, 205, 131)` looks like.

```
.text, #text, p{  
    color:rgb(188, 205, 131)  
}
```

If you want to add a text shadow in that color use the text-shadow property, you can generate a text shadow directly with our [CSS Text Shadow Generator](#).

Here you see how black text with a 4 pixel rgb(188, 205, 131) colored shadow looks like.

```
.shadow{ text-shadow: 4px 4px 2px rgb(188, 205, 131) }
```

## Border

The CSS property to change the border of an element to XYZ 46.6671, 55.9927, 29.8208 is called "border". The border property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows the color as border, it can be applied via the CSS property "border" or "border-color".

```
.border, #border, table{ border:4px solid rgb(188, 205, 131) }
```



If only the border color should be changed use the property `border-color`.

```
.border{ border-color:rgb(188, 205, 131) }
```

If you want to add a box shadow in that color use:

Here you see how a box with a 4 pixel `rgb(188, 205, 131)` colored shadow looks like.

```
.boxshadow{ -moz-box-shadow:4px 4px 4px  
4px rgb(188, 205, 131); -webkit-box-  
shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(188, 205, 131);  
box-shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(188, 205,  
131) }
```

# Background

The CSS property to change the background color of an element to XYZ 46.6671, 55.9927, 29.8208 is called "background". The background property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

```
.background, #background, body{  
background: rgb(188, 205, 131) }
```

If only the background color should be changed can be used:

```
.background{ background-color: rgb(188,  
205, 131) }
```

This example shows the color as background, it is applied via the CSS property "background".

To optimize and compress your CSS code, you can use our [online CSS compressor and optimizer](#) based on csstidy. If you want to create a linear or radial gradient as background or border, check our [CSS Gradient Generator](#).

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