

# Converting Colors

XYZ(46.5700, 43.9777, 38.3823)

Have a look what the booklet for  
XYZ(46.5700, 43.9777, 38.3823)  
contains.

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# Color

**XYZ(46.7525, 44.1755,  
38.4104)**

# Conversions

## Conversions Part 1

Format	Color
Hex	D2A89E
RGB	210, 168, 158
RGB Percent	82%, 66%, 62%
CMY	0.1765, 0.3412, 0.3804
CMYK	0.00, 0.20, 0.25, 0.18
HSL	12°, 37%, 72%
HSV	12°, 25%, 82%
XYZ	46.7525, 44.1755, 38.4104
YIQ	179.4180, 28.2420, 5.7940

# Conversions

## Conversions Part 2

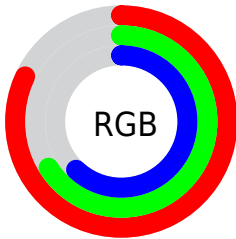
Format	Color
R <sub>Y</sub> B	210, 170, 158
Decimal	13805726
CIE Lab	72.35, 13.89, 11.00
CIE LCh	72, 17.722, 38.382
Yxy	44.1755, 0.3615, 0.3415
Android (android.graphics.Color)	4291995806 (0xFFD2A89E)
YUV	179.4180, -10.5591, 26.8204
Hunter-Lab	66.4647, 9.2472, 12.2611

# Details

The XYZ color **46.7525, 44.1755, 38.4104** is a light color, and the websafe version is hex **CC9999**. A complement of this color would be **46.3872, 53.2293, 68.8024**, and the grayscale version is **43.1158, 45.3612, 49.3983**.

A 20% lighter version of the original color is **79.6379, 78.8394, 73.9710**, and **22.4168, 20.5209, 16.6894** is the 20% darker color. If you saturate the color by 10%, you get **42.1678, 37.6557, 28.7132**, and if you desaturate by 10%, it is **52.0569, 51.6397, 49.8723**.

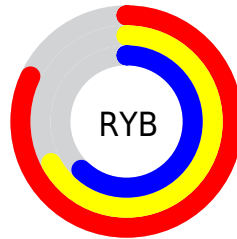
# Distribution



Red (82%)

Green (66%)

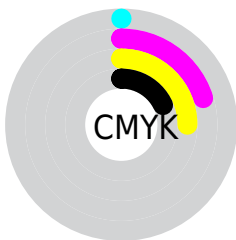
Blue (62%)



Red (82%)

Yellow (67%)

Blue (62%)

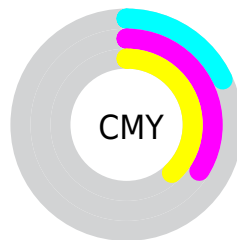


Cyan (0%)

Magenta (20%)

Yellow (25%)

Black (18%)



Cyan (18%)

Magenta (34%)


Yellow (38%)


# Brightness & Saturation Gradients

These gradients show how the XYZ color 46.7525, 44.1755, 38.4104 changes by changing the brightness by 10 percent. The first figure shows a shift by +10% for each color and the second figure -10%.


Similar to the brightness gradients but the following saturation gradients show a change of the XYZ color 46.7525, 44.1755, 38.4104 by changing the saturation by 10% instead.





 46.7525, 44.1755,  
38.4104

 46.7525, 44.1755,  
38.4104


364.4912,  
363.4240, 354.7280

 33.0472, 30.8085,  
25.9971


 84.5651, 81.4818,  
73.9471

 22.3220, 20.4531,  
16.5957


 109.4030,  
106.1898, 97.9076

 14.2116, 12.7248,  
9.7878


138.6825,  
135.4470, 126.5542

 8.3507, 7.2393,  
5.1547

172.7689,  
169.6378, 160.3055

 4.3738, 3.6122,  
2.2780

212.0277,  
209.1464, 199.5800

 1.9157, 1.4591,  
0.7189

256.8241,

 0.5859, 0.2597,

254.3574, 244.7962

0.0000

307.5234,  
305.6551, 296.3727

■ 0.0000, 0.0000,  
0.0000

■ 46.7525, 44.1755,  
38.4104

■ 46.7525, 44.1755,  
38.4104

■ 42.1678, 37.6557,  
28.7132

■ 52.0569, 51.6397,  
49.8723

■ 38.2678, 32.0365,  
20.6901

■ 58.1069, 60.0778,  
63.1781

■ 35.0199, 27.2798,  
14.2466

■ 64.9313, 69.5253,  
78.4051

■ 32.3876, 23.3422,  
9.2773

■ 72.5565, 80.0142,  
95.6257

■ 30.3301, 20.1767,  
5.6642

■ 79.6921, 91.0491,  
107.9818

■ 28.8017, 17.7312,  
3.2710

■ 80.3884, 92.4417,  
108.2138

■ 27.7491, 15.9464,  
1.9321

■ 27.3508, 15.2464,  
1.5013

# Harmonies

## Analogous

The Analogous color harmony consists of three colors that are next to each other on the color wheel.



48.0582, 44.1755, 45.6937



46.7525, 44.1755, 38.4104



44.1845, 44.1755, 34.1191

# Triad

The Triadic color harmony groups three colors that are evenly spaced from another and form a triangle on the color wheel.



46.7525, 44.1755, 38.4104



36.7701, 44.1755, 42.1755



42.8478, 44.1755, 66.6943

# Complementary

The Complementary color scheme is a pair of colors which are on the opposite of each other on the color wheel.



46.7525, 44.1755, 38.4104



46.3872, 53.2293, 68.8024

# Split Complementary

Split-complementary colors differ from the complementary color scheme. The scheme consists of three colors, the original color and two neighbors of the complement color.



39.8645, 44.1755, 65.4566



46.7525, 44.1755, 38.4104



36.4508, 44.1755, 50.5886

# Square

The Square scheme is like the rectangle color scheme, but the four colors are evenly spaced on the color wheel.



46.7525, 44.1755, 38.4104



38.4519, 44.1755, 36.1028



37.5578, 44.1755, 59.2949



45.7335, 44.1755, 62.4971



# Rectangle

The Rectangle color scheme consists of four colors that form a rectangle on the color wheel.



46.7525, 44.1755, 38.4104



42.1533, 44.1755, 33.1936



37.5578, 44.1755, 59.2949



41.8221, 44.1755, 66.9092

# Sweetspot

The Sweet Spot groups the original color and five complimentary colors.



46.7537, 44.1775, 38.4113



87.8803, 90.0478, 92.9849



49.2855, 42.3479, 60.5066



18.6837, 19.0981, 19.6238



0.0000, 0.0000, 0.0000



20.3446, 21.4041, 23.3091



# Same Dimension

The Same Dimension uses a secret algorithm to generate beautiful new colors.



46.7537, 44.1775, 38.4113



68.4443, 62.7306, 50.8840



51.9383, 54.5468, 40.1395



11.9902, 12.1711, 12.3293



16.7392, 9.4113, 0.9343



0.9917, 0.6377, 0.0708

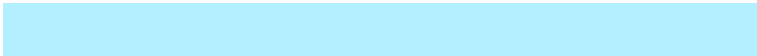


# Inverse Universe

The Inverse Universe completely reimagines the original color for something new.



46.3872, 53.2293, 68.8024



67.7684, 79.2309, 106.3291



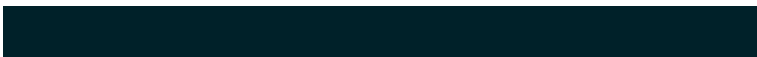
40.9603, 42.3755, 66.9934



11.9570, 13.0044, 15.1235



15.8890, 20.4246, 40.2974



0.9392, 1.2437, 2.2701



# Previews

## White Background



This preview shows how the XYZ color 46.7525, 44.1755, 38.4104 looks on a white background.

## Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA × Fail

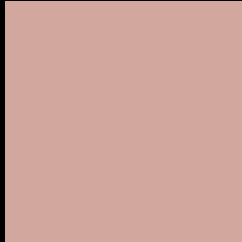
Any Text WCAG AA × Fail

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA × Fail

Any Text WCAG AAA × Fail



# Black Background



This preview shows how the XYZ color 46.7525, 44.1755, 38.4104 looks on a black background.

## Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AA ✓ Pass

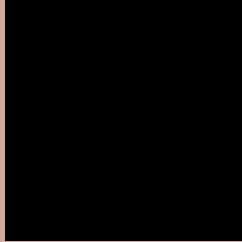
Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

If you want to check with other color combinations, try the [Color Contrast Checker](#).

# XYZ 46.7525, 44.1755, 38.4104

## Background



This preview shows how black text looks on a background with the XYZ color 46.7525, 44.1755, 38.4104.



This preview shows how white text looks on a background with the XYZ color 46.7525, 44.1755,



# Color Blindness Simulation

Color vision deficiency is a very complex topic, and I could not describe the different causes any better than Wikipedia does, so if you want to learn more, you should check out their [article about color blindness](#).

## Dichromacy



### Original Color

46.7525, 44.1755, 38.4104

### Protanopia

42.1002, 44.2790, 40.9781

### Deuteranopia

45.0058, 44.1167, 38.0416



## Tritanopia

48.6424, 44.1217, 48.0721

# Trichromacy



## Original Color

46.7525, 44.1755, 38.4104

## Protanomaly

43.5614, 44.1828, 39.9504

## Deuteranomaly

45.6374, 44.1629, 38.0172

## Tritanomaly

47.8509, 44.0616, 44.5108

# Monochromacy



## Original Color

46.7525, 44.1755, 38.4104

## Achromatopsia

42.8472, 45.0786, 49.0906

## Achromatomaly

43.9159, 44.5474, 44.8120

# CSS Examples

## Text

The CSS property to change the color of the text to XYZ 46.7525, 44.1755, 38.4104 is called "color". The color property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows how text in the color `rgb(210, 168, 158)` looks like.

```
.text, #text, p{  
    color:rgb(210, 168, 158)  
}
```

If you want to add a text shadow in that color use the text-shadow property, you can generate a text shadow directly with our [CSS Text Shadow Generator](#).

Here you see how black text with a 4 pixel rgb(210, 168, 158) colored shadow looks like.

```
.shadow{ text-shadow: 4px 4px 2px rgb(210, 168, 158) }
```

## Border

The CSS property to change the border of an element to XYZ 46.7525, 44.1755, 38.4104 is called "border". The border property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows the color as border, it can be applied via the CSS property "border" or "border-color".

```
.border, #border, table{ border:4px solid rgb(210, 168, 158) }
```



If only the border color should be changed use the property `border-color`.

```
.border{ border-color:rgb(210, 168, 158) }
```

If you want to add a box shadow in that color use:

Here you see how a box with a 4 pixel `rgb(210, 168, 158)` colored shadow looks like.

```
.boxshadow{ -moz-box-shadow:4px 4px 4px  
4px rgb(210, 168, 158); -webkit-box-  
shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(210, 168, 158);  
box-shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(210, 168,  
158) }
```

# Background

The CSS property to change the background color of an element to XYZ 46.7525, 44.1755, 38.4104 is called "background". The background property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

```
.background, #background, body{  
background: rgb(210, 168, 158) }
```

If only the background color should be changed can be used:

```
.background{ background-color: rgb(210,  
168, 158) }
```

This example shows the color as background, it is applied via the CSS property "background".

To optimize and compress your CSS code, you can use our [online CSS compressor and optimizer](#) based on csstidy. If you want to create a linear or radial gradient as background or border, check our [CSS Gradient Generator](#).

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