

# Converting Colors

XYZ(46.7103, 33.0743, 60.1015)

Have a look what the booklet for  
XYZ(46.7103, 33.0743, 60.1015)  
contains.

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# Color

**XYZ(46.7115, 32.9991,  
59.7846)**

# Conversions

## Conversions Part 1

<b>Format</b>	<b>Color</b>
Hex	DB79CA
RGB	219, 121, 202
RGB Percent	86%, 47%, 79%
CMY	0.1412, 0.5255, 0.2078
CMYK	0.00, 0.45, 0.08, 0.14
HSL	310°, 58%, 67%
HSV	310°, 45%, 86%
XYZ	46.7115, 32.9991, 59.7846
YIQ	159.5360, 32.4070, 45.9670

# Conversions

## Conversions Part 2

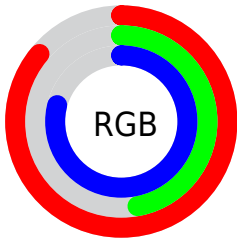
<b>Format</b>	<b>Color</b>
R <sub>Y</sub> B	219, 121, 202
Decimal	14383562
CIE Lab	64.16, 49.06, -25.56
CIE LCh	64, 55.320, 332.476
Yxy	32.9991, 0.3349, 0.2366
Android (android.graphics.Color)	4292573642 (0xFFDB79CA)
YUV	159.5360, 20.9348, 52.1499
Hunter-Lab	57.4448, 44.6195, -21.4935

# Details

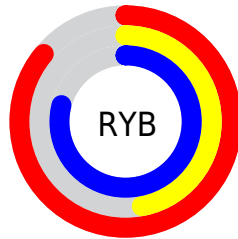
The XYZ color **46.7115, 32.9991, 59.7846** is a light color, and the websafe version is hex **CC66CC**. A complement of this color would be **37.8056, 56.5642, 32.9724**, and the grayscale version is **33.0978, 34.8214, 37.9205**.

A 20% lighter version of the original color is **74.8153, 59.5307, 102.1551**, and **22.3127, 13.9537, 29.5343** is the 20% darker color. If you saturate the color by 10%, you get **43.9019, 28.0904, 56.6561**, and if you desaturate by 10%, it is **50.1384, 39.1233, 63.1742**.

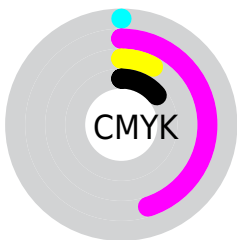
# Distribution



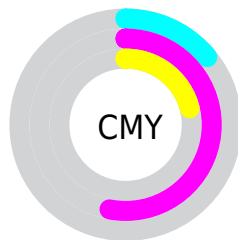
- Red (86%)
- Green (47%)
- Blue (79%)



- Red (86%)
- Yellow (47%)
- Blue (79%)



- Cyan (0%)
- Magenta (45%)
- Yellow (8%)
- Black (14%)



- Cyan (14%)
- Magenta (53%)
- Yellow (21%)

# Brightness & Saturation Gradients

These gradients show how the XYZ color 46.7115, 32.9991, 59.7846 changes by changing the brightness by 10 percent. The first figure shows a shift by +10% for each color and the second figure -10%.

Similar to the brightness gradients but the following saturation gradients show a change of the XYZ color 46.7115, 32.9991, 59.7846 by changing the saturation by 10% instead.



46.7115, 32.9991,  
59.7846

46.7115, 32.9991,  
59.7846

364.3299,  
315.6457, 441.5859

33.0146, 22.1258,  
42.8209

84.5042, 64.3741,  
106.0575

22.2969, 13.9493,  
29.4142

109.3307, 85.6446,  
136.2037

14.1931, 8.0854,  
19.1461

138.5979,  
111.1496, 171.5811

8.3377, 4.1497,  
11.5980

172.6709,  
141.2734, 212.6083

4.3654, 1.7576,  
6.3514

211.9153,  
176.4006, 259.7039

1.9109, 0.4606,  
2.9877

256.6964,

0.5831, 0.0000,

216.9154, 313.2863

1.0884

307.3795,  
263.2023, 373.7742

■ 0.0000, 0.0000,  
0.0000

■ 46.7115, 32.9991,  
59.7846

■ 46.7115, 32.9991,  
59.7846

■ 43.9019, 28.0904,  
56.6561

■ 50.1384, 39.1233,  
63.1742

■ 41.6649, 24.3099,  
53.7723

■ 54.2169, 46.5337,  
66.8357

■ 39.9548, 21.5658,  
51.1181

■ 58.9827, 55.3005,  
70.7817

■ 38.7176, 19.7500,  
48.6750

■ 64.4678, 65.4881,  
75.0233

■ 37.8870, 18.7304,  
46.4205

■ 70.7024, 77.1562,  
79.5708

■ 37.5551, 18.3968,  
45.2921

■ 77.7147, 90.3616,  
84.4341

■ 79.0602, 92.2148,  
87.4654

■ 79.5955, 92.4289,  
90.2838

■ 80.1423, 92.6477,  
93.1637

# Harmonies

## Analogous

The Analogous color harmony consists of three colors that are next to each other on the color wheel.



40.1692, 32.9991, 86.0033



46.7115, 32.9991, 59.7846



48.9518, 32.9991, 34.0987

# Triad

The Triadic color harmony groups three colors that are evenly spaced from another and form a triangle on the color wheel.



46.7115, 32.9991, 59.7846



30.7184, 32.9991, 7.7649



20.2947, 32.9991, 64.4330

# Complementary

The Complementary color scheme is a pair of colors which are on the opposite of each other on the color wheel.



46.7115, 32.9991, 59.7846



37.8056, 56.5642, 32.9724

# Split Complementary

Split-complementary colors differ from the complementary color scheme. The scheme consists of three colors, the original color and two neighbors of the complement color.



18.5927, 32.9991, 37.8266



46.7115, 32.9991, 59.7846



23.9510, 32.9991, 10.4393

# Square

The Square scheme is like the rectangle color scheme, but the four colors are evenly spaced on the color wheel.



46.7115, 32.9991, 59.7846



38.8545, 32.9991, 9.6429



19.8117, 32.9991, 19.4525



24.9051, 32.9991, 89.3817



# Rectangle

The Rectangle color scheme consists of four colors that form a rectangle on the color wheel.



46.7115, 32.9991, 59.7846



47.4467, 32.9991, 21.8313



19.8117, 32.9991, 19.4525



19.4017, 32.9991, 55.0775

# Sweetspot

The Sweet Spot groups the original color and five complimentary colors.



46.7126, 33.0006, 59.7853



84.4592, 80.2780, 100.8701



29.9964, 24.1376, 70.0967



17.7308, 16.5410, 21.3141



0.0000, 0.0000, 0.0000



20.3446, 21.4041, 23.3091



# Same Dimension

The Same Dimension uses a secret algorithm to generate beautiful new colors.



46.7126, 33.0006, 59.7853



62.0759, 39.8284, 80.0998



41.8571, 31.0584, 34.2170



13.5124, 13.2340, 15.9593



22.3042, 10.9227, 27.0459



1.4711, 0.7181, 1.8895



# Inverse Universe

The Inverse Universe completely reimagines the original color for something new.



46.7126, 33.0006, 59.7853



62.0759, 39.8284, 80.0998



42.1164, 58.2885, 55.6729



13.5124, 13.2340, 15.9593



22.3042, 10.9227, 27.0459

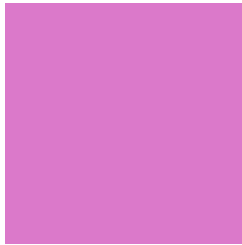


1.4711, 0.7181, 1.8895



# Previews

## White Background



This preview shows how the XYZ color 46.7115, 32.9991, 59.7846 looks on a white background.

## Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA × Fail

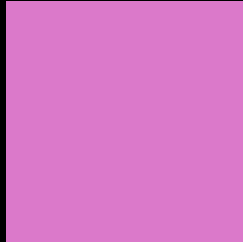
Any Text WCAG AA × Fail

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA × Fail

Any Text WCAG AAA × Fail



# Black Background



This preview shows how the XYZ color 46.7115, 32.9991, 59.7846 looks on a black background.

## Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AA ✓ Pass

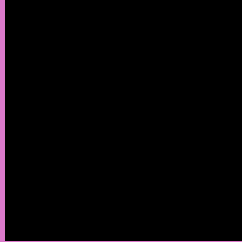
Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

If you want to check with other color combinations, try the [Color Contrast Checker](#).

**XYZ 46.7115, 32.9991, 59.7846**

## **Background**



This preview shows how black text looks on a background with the XYZ color 46.7115, 32.9991, 59.7846.



This preview shows how white text looks on a background with the XYZ color 46.7115, 32.9991,



# Color Blindness Simulation

Color vision deficiency is a very complex topic, and I could not describe the different causes any better than Wikipedia does, so if you want to learn more, you should check out their [article about color blindness](#).

## Dichromacy



### Original Color

46.7115, 32.9991, 59.7846

### Protanopia

34.9364, 33.5628, 77.3100

### Deuteranopia

33.9327, 33.2520, 56.8544



## Tritanopia

40.7105, 33.0609, 30.6213

# Trichromacy



## Original Color

46.7115, 32.9991, 59.7846



## Protanomaly

37.6377, 32.3005, 70.5806



## Deuteranomaly

37.3971, 32.2409, 57.6782



## Tritanomaly

42.6661, 32.8642, 39.6920

# Monochromacy



## Original Color

46.7115, 32.9991, 59.7846



## Achromatopsia

33.4132, 35.1533, 38.2819



## Achromatomaly

37.0728, 33.4767, 45.0651

# CSS Examples

## Text

The CSS property to change the color of the text to XYZ 46.7115, 32.9991, 59.7846 is called "color". The color property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows how text in the color `rgb(219, 121, 202)` looks like.

```
.text, #text, p{  
    color:rgb(219, 121, 202)  
}
```

If you want to add a text shadow in that color use the text-shadow property, you can generate a text shadow directly with our [CSS Text Shadow Generator](#).

Here you see how black text with a 4 pixel rgb(219, 121, 202) colored shadow looks like.

```
.shadow{ text-shadow: 4px 4px 2px rgb(219, 121, 202) }
```

## Border

The CSS property to change the border of an element to XYZ 46.7115, 32.9991, 59.7846 is called "border". The border property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows the color as border, it can be applied via the CSS property "border" or "border-color".

```
.border, #border, table{ border:4px solid rgb(219, 121, 202) }
```



If only the border color should be changed use the property `border-color`.

```
.border{ border-color:rgb(219, 121, 202) }
```

If you want to add a box shadow in that color use:

Here you see how a box with a 4 pixel `rgb(219, 121, 202)` colored shadow looks like.

```
.boxshadow{ -moz-box-shadow:4px 4px 4px  
4px rgb(219, 121, 202); -webkit-box-  
shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(219, 121, 202);  
box-shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(219, 121,  
202) }
```

# Background

The CSS property to change the background color of an element to XYZ 46.7115, 32.9991, 59.7846 is called "background". The background property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

```
.background, #background, body{  
background: rgb(219, 121, 202) }
```

If only the background color should be changed can be used:

```
.background{ background-color: rgb(219,  
121, 202) }
```

This example shows the color as background, it is applied via the CSS property "background".

To optimize and compress your CSS code, you can use our [online CSS compressor and optimizer](#) based on csstidy. If you want to create a linear or radial gradient as background or border, check our [CSS Gradient Generator](#).

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