

# Converting Colors

XYZ(46.7588, 45.7185, 56.6686)

Have a look what the booklet for  
XYZ(46.7588, 45.7185, 56.6686)  
contains.

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# **Color**

**XYZ(46.6938, 45.7167,  
56.8152)**

# Conversions

## Conversions Part 1

Format	Color
Hex	C0AFC1
RGB	192, 175, 193
RGB Percent	75%, 69%, 76%
CMY	0.2471, 0.3137, 0.2431
CMYK	0.01, 0.09, 0.00, 0.24
HSL	297°, 13%, 72%
HSV	297°, 9%, 76%
XYZ	46.6938, 45.7167, 56.8152
YIQ	182.1350, 4.3540, 9.2020

# Conversions

## Conversions Part 2

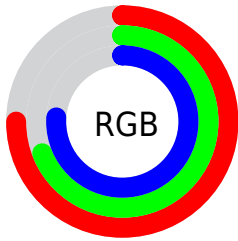
Format	Color
<a href="#">RYB</a>	<a href="#">192, 175, 193</a>
Decimal	<a href="#">12627905</a>
CIELab	<a href="#">73.36, 9.35, -6.94</a>
CIELCh	<a href="#">73, 11.645, 323.400</a>
Yxy	<a href="#">45.7167, 0.3129, 0.3064</a>
Android (android.graphics.Color)	<a href="#">4290817985</a> ( <a href="#">0xFFC0AFC1</a> )
YUV	<a href="#">182.1350, 5.3564, 8.6516</a>
Hunter-Lab	<a href="#">67.6141, 4.9460, -2.4907</a>

# Details

The XYZ color **46.6938, 45.7167, 56.8152** is a light color, and the websafe version is hex **CCCCCC**. A complement of this color would be **44.7141, 50.4664, 47.9442**, and the grayscale version is **44.5082, 46.8260, 50.9936**.

A 20% lighter version of the original color is **84.3862, 83.9478, 101.3785**, and **22.2978, 21.4626, 27.7784** is the 20% darker color. If you saturate the color by 10%, you get **42.9326, 38.5953, 55.6396**, and if you desaturate by 10%, it is **50.9965, 53.9168, 58.1719**.

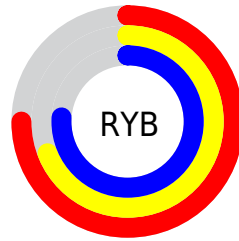
# Distribution



Red (75%)

Green (69%)

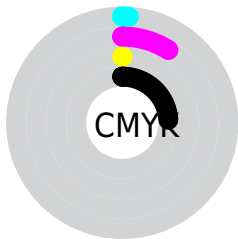
Blue (76%)



Red (75%)

Yellow (69%)

Blue (76%)

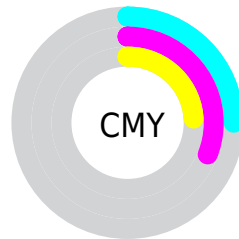


Cyan (1%)

Magenta (9%)

Yellow (0%)

Black (24%)



Cyan (25%)

Magenta (31%)

Yellow (24%)

# Brightness & Saturation Gradients

These gradients show how the XYZ color 46.6938, 45.7167, 56.8152 changes by changing the brightness by 10 percent. The first figure shows a shift by +10% for each color and the second figure -10%.

Similar to the brightness gradients but the following saturation gradients show a change of the XYZ color 46.6938, 45.7167, 56.8152 by changing the saturation by 10% instead.



■ 46.6938, 45.7167,  
56.8152

■ 46.6938, 45.7167,  
56.8152

364.2603,  
369.6685, 430.2308

■ 33.0006, 32.0223,  
40.4485

■ 84.4779, 83.7949,  
101.6931

■ 22.2861, 21.3785,  
27.5720

109.2995,  
108.9474, 131.0415

■ 14.1851, 13.4010,  
17.7670

138.5613,  
138.6882, 165.5541

■ 8.3321, 7.7052,  
10.6152

172.6286,  
173.4015, 205.6496

■ 4.3617, 3.9069,  
5.6978

211.8668,  
213.4718, 251.7465

■ 1.9088, 1.6216,  
2.5964

256.6413,

■ 0.5819, 0.3721,

259.2835, 304.2633

0.8906

307.3173,  
311.2209, 363.6185

■ 0.0000, 0.0000,  
0.0000

■ 46.6938, 45.7167,  
56.8152

■ 46.6938, 45.7167,  
56.8152

■ 42.9326, 38.5953,  
55.6396

■ 50.9965, 53.9168,  
58.1719

■ 39.6863, 32.5014,  
54.6344

■ 55.8581, 63.2323,  
59.7137

■ 36.9318, 27.3884,  
53.7927

■ 61.3000, 73.7056,  
61.4485

■ 34.6431, 23.2038,  
53.1056

■ 67.3413, 85.3748,  
63.3824

■ 32.7913, 19.8903,  
52.5636

■ 68.5070, 87.2897,  
63.6906

■ 31.3447, 17.3841,  
52.1561

■ 68.7895, 87.4354,  
63.7038

■ 30.2670, 15.6129,  
51.8710

■ 69.0741, 87.5821,  
63.7171

■ 29.5155, 14.4912,  
51.6941

■ 69.3606, 87.7298,  
63.7306

■ 29.0138, 13.8662,  
51.6000

■ 69.6492, 87.8785,  
63.7441

# Harmonies

## Analogous

The Analogous color harmony consists of three colors that are next to each other on the color wheel.



45.0364, 45.7167, 60.8717



46.6938, 45.7167, 56.8152



47.4861, 45.7167, 51.0863

# Triad

The Triadic color harmony groups three colors that are evenly spaced from another and form a triangle on the color wheel.



46.6938, 45.7167, 56.8152



43.9069, 45.7167, 39.3861



39.9348, 45.7167, 54.3963

# Complementary

The Complementary color scheme is a pair of colors which are on the opposite of each other on the color wheel.



46.6938, 45.7167, 56.8152



44.7141, 50.4664, 47.9442

# Split Complementary

Split-complementary colors differ from the complementary color scheme. The scheme consists of three colors, the original color and two neighbors of the complement color.



39.6537, 45.7167, 48.4917



46.6938, 45.7167, 56.8152



41.9058, 45.7167, 40.1208

# Square

The Square scheme is like the rectangle color scheme, but the four colors are evenly spaced on the color wheel.



46.6938, 45.7167, 56.8152



45.8448, 45.7167, 41.2549



40.3645, 45.7167, 43.3468



41.1447, 45.7167, 59.4002



# Rectangle

The Rectangle color scheme consists of four colors that form a rectangle on the color wheel.



46.6938, 45.7167, 56.8152



47.4001, 45.7167, 47.2075



40.3645, 45.7167, 43.3468



39.7301, 45.7167, 52.4396

# Sweetspot

The Sweet Spot groups the original color and five complimentary colors.



46.6951, 45.7187, 56.8162



88.3513, 90.8690, 103.2431



42.8715, 44.0957, 56.7045



18.8189, 19.2361, 22.1064



92.9021, 97.7402, 106.4391



19.4759, 20.4902, 22.3138



# Same Dimension

The Same Dimension uses a secret algorithm to generate beautiful new colors.



46.6951, 45.7187, 56.8162



82.3138, 79.3816, 101.3441



46.1018, 45.5107, 52.3658



10.4402, 10.2181, 12.7069



19.2993, 9.2096, 34.3171



0.8510, 0.4068, 1.4835

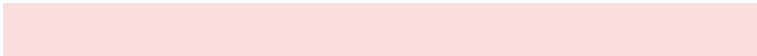


# Inverse Universe

The Inverse Universe completely reimagines the original color for something new.



45.1604, 45.1341, 47.4083



79.0653, 78.1452, 81.3936



45.2772, 50.6656, 52.0855



10.0954, 10.0868, 10.5928



14.6764, 7.5603, 0.9421

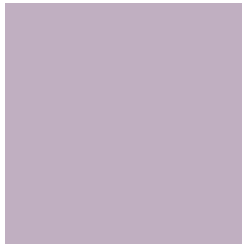


0.6421, 0.3299, 0.0827



# Previews

## White Background



This preview shows how the XYZ color 46.6938, 45.7167, 56.8152 looks on a white background.

## Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA × Fail

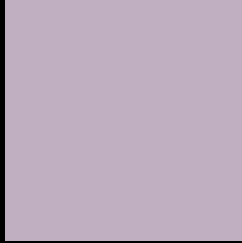
Any Text WCAG AA × Fail

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA × Fail

Any Text WCAG AAA × Fail



# Black Background



This preview shows how the XYZ color 46.6938, 45.7167, 56.8152 looks on a black background.

## Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AA ✓ Pass

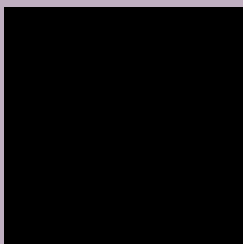
Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

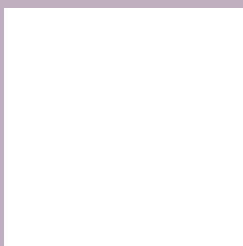
If you want to check with other color combinations, try the [Color Contrast Checker](#).

**XYZ 46.6938, 45.7167, 56.8152**

## **Background**



This preview shows how black text looks on a background with the XYZ color 46.6938, 45.7167, 56.8152.



This preview shows how white text looks on a background with the XYZ color 46.6938, 45.7167,



# Color Blindness Simulation

Color vision deficiency is a very complex topic, and I could not describe the different causes any better than Wikipedia does, so if you want to learn more, you should check out their [article about color blindness](#).

## Dichromacy



### Original Color

46.6938, 45.7167, 56.8152

### Protanopia

44.5608, 45.7640, 58.1145

### Deuteranopia

46.6938, 45.7167, 56.8152



## Tritanopia

46.1965, 45.8012, 54.5498

# Trichromacy



## Original Color

46.6938, 45.7167, 56.8152

## Protanomaly

45.4252, 45.9262, 57.5094

## Deuteranomaly

46.6938, 45.7167, 56.8152

## Tritanomaly

46.3055, 45.8447, 55.1236

# Monochromacy



## Original Color

46.6938, 45.7167, 56.8152

## Achromatopsia

44.4628, 46.7784, 50.9417

## Achromatomaly

45.2327, 46.2245, 52.9926

# CSS Examples

## Text

The CSS property to change the color of the text to XYZ 46.6938, 45.7167, 56.8152 is called "color". The color property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows how text in the color `rgb(192, 175, 193)` looks like.

```
.text, #text, p{  
    color:rgb(192, 175, 193)  
}
```

If you want to add a text shadow in that color use the text-shadow property, you can generate a text shadow directly with our [CSS Text Shadow Generator](#).

Here you see how black text with a 4 pixel rgb(192, 175, 193) colored shadow looks like.

```
.shadow{ text-shadow: 4px 4px 2px rgb(192, 175, 193) }
```

## Border

The CSS property to change the border of an element to XYZ 46.6938, 45.7167, 56.8152 is called "border". The border property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows the color as border, it can be applied via the CSS property "border" or "border-color".

```
.border, #border, table{ border:4px solid rgb(192, 175, 193) }
```



If only the border color should be changed use the property `border-color`.

```
.border{ border-color:rgb(192, 175, 193) }
```

If you want to add a box shadow in that color use:

Here you see how a box with a 4 pixel `rgb(192, 175, 193)` colored shadow looks like.

```
.boxshadow{ -moz-box-shadow:4px 4px 4px  
4px rgb(192, 175, 193); -webkit-box-  
shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(192, 175, 193);  
box-shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(192, 175,  
193) }
```

# Background

The CSS property to change the background color of an element to XYZ 46.6938, 45.7167, 56.8152 is called "background". The background property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

```
.background, #background, body{  
background: rgb(192, 175, 193) }
```

If only the background color should be changed can be used:

```
.background{ background-color: rgb(192,  
175, 193) }
```

This example shows the color as background, it is applied via the CSS property "background".

To optimize and compress your CSS code, you can use our [online CSS compressor and optimizer](#) based on csstidy. If you want to create a linear or radial gradient as background or border, check our [CSS Gradient Generator](#).

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