

Converting Colors

XYZ(46.7710, 49.2081, 53.5677)

Have a look what the booklet for
XYZ(46.7710, 49.2081, 53.5677)
contains.

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Color

**XYZ(46.6715, 49.1021,
53.4722)**

Conversions

Conversions Part 1

Format	Color
Hex	BABABA
RGB	186, 186, 186
RGB Percent	73%, 73%, 73%
CMY	0.2706, 0.2706, 0.2706
CMYK	0.00, 0.00, 0.00, 0.27
HSL	126°, 0%, 73%
HSV	126°, 0%, 73%
XYZ	46.6715, 49.1021, 53.4722
YIQ	186.0000, -0.0000, -0.0000

Conversions

Conversions Part 2

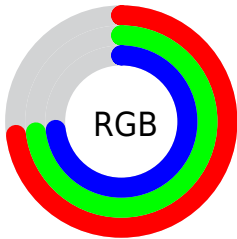
Format	Color
R _Y B	186, 186, 186
Decimal	12237498
CIE Lab	75.51, 0.00, -0.01
CIE LCh	76, 0.009, 296.052
Yxy	49.1021, 0.3127, 0.3290
Android (android.graphics.Color)	4290427578 (0xFFBABABA)
YUV	186.0000, 0.0000, 0.0000
Hunter-Lab	70.0729, -3.7390, 3.8072

Details

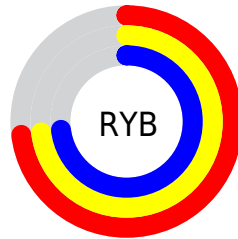
The XYZ color **46.6715, 49.1021, 53.4722** is a light color, and the websafe version is hex **CCCCCC**. A complement of this color would be **46.6733, 49.1033, 53.4747**, and the grayscale version is **46.6733, 49.1040, 53.4742**.

A 20% lighter version of the original color is **84.3971, 88.7923, 96.6948**, and **22.2940, 23.4551, 25.5426** is the 20% darker color. If you saturate the color by 10%, you get **40.7681, 46.2538, 44.4498**, and if you desaturate by 10%, it is **53.3742, 52.3412, 63.6210**.

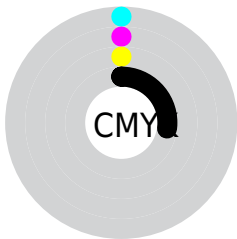
Distribution



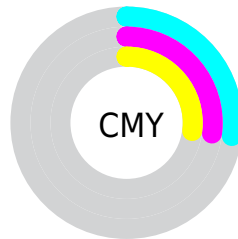
- Red (73%)
- Green (73%)
- Blue (73%)



- Red (73%)
- Yellow (73%)
- Blue (73%)



- Cyan (0%)
- Magenta (0%)
- Yellow (0%)
- Black (27%)



- Cyan (27%)
- Magenta (27%)
- Yellow (27%)

Brightness & Saturation Gradients

These gradients show how the XYZ color 46.6715, 49.1021, 53.4722 changes by changing the brightness by 10 percent. The first figure shows a shift by +10% for each color and the second figure -10%.

Similar to the brightness gradients but the following saturation gradients show a change of the XYZ color 46.6715, 49.1021, 53.4722 by changing the saturation by 10% instead.

■ 46.6715, 49.1021,
53.4722

■ 46.6715, 49.1021,
53.4722

364.1726,
383.1441, 417.2117

■ 32.9829, 34.7005,
37.7896

■ 84.4448, 88.8431,
96.7474

■ 22.2725, 23.4322,
25.5188

109.2602,
114.9512, 125.1771

■ 14.1750, 14.9130,
16.2415

138.5153,
145.7303, 158.6928

■ 8.3250, 8.7583,
9.5390

172.5753,
181.5648, 197.7132

■ 4.3572, 4.5839,
4.9928

211.8057,
222.8390, 242.6567

■ 1.9061, 2.0053,
2.1844

256.5718,

■ 0.5804, 0.6105,

269.9374, 293.9420

0.6653

307.2390,
323.2443, 351.9874

■ 0.0000, 0.0000,
0.0000

■ 46.6715, 49.1021,
53.4722

■ 46.6715, 49.1021,
53.4722

■ 40.7681, 46.2538,
44.4498

■ 53.3742, 52.3412,
63.6210

■ 35.6301, 43.7754,
36.5117

■ 60.9002, 55.9785,
74.9297

■ 31.2273, 41.6537,
29.6182

■ 69.2775, 60.0290,
87.4346

■ 27.5261, 39.8723,
23.7257

■ 76.5160, 63.4662,
101.0750

■ 24.4901, 38.4133,
18.7877

■ 76.8499, 63.5998,
102.8333

■ 22.0795, 37.2574,
14.7540

■ 20.2506, 36.3831,
11.5697

■ 18.9537, 35.7662,
9.1740

■ 18.1307, 35.3782,
7.4981

Harmonies

Analogous

The Analogous color harmony consists of three colors that are next to each other on the color wheel.



46.6698, 49.1021, 53.4731



46.6715, 49.1021, 53.4722



46.6728, 49.1021, 53.4690

Triad

The Triadic color harmony groups three colors that are evenly spaced from another and form a triangle on the color wheel.



46.6715, 49.1021, 53.4722



46.6719, 49.1021, 53.4561



46.6668, 49.1021, 53.4632

Complementary

The Complementary color scheme is a pair of colors which are on the opposite of each other on the color wheel.



46.6715, 49.1021, 53.4722



46.6733, 49.1033, 53.4747

Split Complementary

Split-complementary colors differ from the complementary color scheme. The scheme consists of three colors, the original color and two neighbors of the complement color.



46.6674, 49.1021, 53.4586



46.6715, 49.1021, 53.4722



46.6703, 49.1021, 53.4546

Square

The Square scheme is like the rectangle color scheme, but the four colors are evenly spaced on the color wheel.



46.6715, 49.1021, 53.4722



46.6730, 49.1021, 53.4598



46.6686, 49.1021, 53.4555



46.6672, 49.1021, 53.4679

Rectangle

The Rectangle color scheme consists of four colors that form a rectangle on the color wheel.



46.6715, 49.1021, 53.4722



46.6732, 49.1021, 53.4661



46.6686, 49.1021, 53.4555



46.6669, 49.1021, 53.4616

Sweetspot

The Sweet Spot groups the original color and five complimentary colors.



46.6729, 49.1042, 53.4733



84.5950, 89.0005, 96.9216



46.6736, 49.1046, 53.4731



18.6292, 19.5994, 21.3438



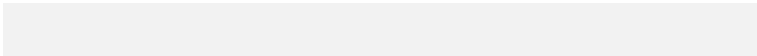
90.7827, 95.5105, 104.0109

Same Dimension

The Same Dimension uses a secret algorithm to generate beautiful new colors.



46.6729, 49.1042, 53.4733



84.5950, 89.0005, 96.9216



46.6731, 49.1043, 53.4743



10.1266, 10.6539, 11.6021



11.9041, 23.6626, 4.4167



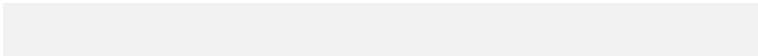
0.4319, 0.8391, 0.2203

Inverse Universe

The Inverse Universe completely reimagines the original color for something new.



46.6733, 49.1033, 53.4747



84.5950, 89.0005, 96.9216



46.6731, 49.1032, 53.4737



10.1266, 10.6539, 11.6021



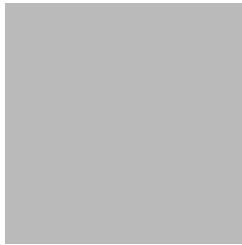
18.3493, 8.9135, 25.5237



0.6582, 0.3188, 0.9594

Previews

White Background



This preview shows how the XYZ color 46.6715, 49.1021, 53.4722 looks on a white background.

Color Contrast Check

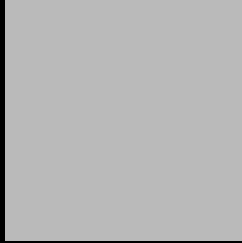
Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA × Fail

Any Text WCAG AA × Fail

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA × Fail

Any Text WCAG AAA × Fail

Black Background



This preview shows how the XYZ color 46.6715, 49.1021, 53.4722 looks on a black background.

Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AA ✓ Pass

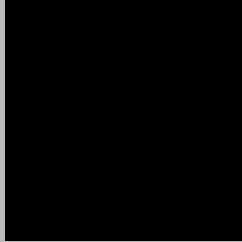
Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

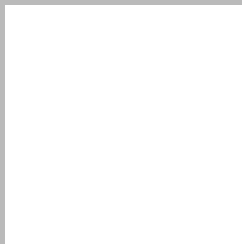
If you want to check with other color combinations, try the [Color Contrast Checker](#).

XYZ 46.6715, 49.1021, 53.4722

Background



This preview shows how black text looks on a background with the XYZ color 46.6715, 49.1021, 53.4722.

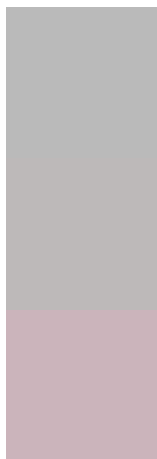


This preview shows how white text looks on a background with the XYZ color 46.6715, 49.1021,

Color Blindness Simulation

Color vision deficiency is a very complex topic, and I could not describe the different causes any better than Wikipedia does, so if you want to learn more, you should check out their [article about color blindness](#).

Dichromacy



Original Color

46.6715, 49.1021, 53.4722

Protanopia

47.0922, 49.0195, 52.8786

Deuteranopia

49.9195, 48.9269, 53.8265



Tritanopia

48.1883, 49.0959, 60.9695

Trichromacy



Original Color

46.6715, 49.1021, 53.4722

Protanomaly

46.8450, 48.8921, 52.8671

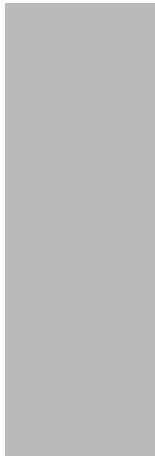
Deuteranomaly

48.7235, 48.9141, 53.8871

Tritanomaly

47.5801, 49.1578, 58.0196

Monochromacy



Original Color

46.6715, 49.1021, 53.4722

Achromatopsia

46.6715, 49.1021, 53.4722

Achromatomaly

46.6715, 49.1021, 53.4722

CSS Examples

Text

The CSS property to change the color of the text to XYZ 46.6715, 49.1021, 53.4722 is called "color". The color property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows how text in the color `rgb(186, 186, 186)` looks like.

```
.text, #text, p{  
    color:rgb(186, 186, 186)  
}
```

If you want to add a text shadow in that color use the text-shadow property, you can generate a text shadow directly with our [CSS Text Shadow Generator](#).

Here you see how black text with a 4 pixel rgb(186, 186, 186) colored shadow looks like.

```
.shadow{ text-shadow: 4px 4px 2px rgb(186, 186, 186) }
```

Border

The CSS property to change the border of an element to XYZ 46.6715, 49.1021, 53.4722 is called "border". The border property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows the color as border, it can be applied via the CSS property "border" or "border-color".

```
.border, #border, table{ border:4px solid rgb(186, 186, 186) }
```

If only the border color should be changed use the property `border-color`.

```
.border{ border-color:rgb(186, 186, 186) }
```

If you want to add a box shadow in that color use:

Here you see how a box with a 4 pixel `rgb(186, 186, 186)` colored shadow looks like.

```
.boxshadow{ -moz-box-shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(186, 186, 186); -webkit-box-shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(186, 186, 186); box-shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(186, 186, 186) }
```


Background

The CSS property to change the background color of an element to XYZ 46.6715, 49.1021, 53.4722 is called "background". The background property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

```
.background, #background, body{  
background: rgb(186, 186, 186) }
```

If only the background color should be changed can be used:

```
.background{ background-color: rgb(186,  
186, 186) }
```

This example shows the color as background, it is applied via the CSS property "background".

To optimize and compress your CSS code, you can use our [online CSS compressor and optimizer](#) based on csstidy. If you want to create a linear or radial gradient as background or border, check our [CSS Gradient Generator](#).

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