

# Converting Colors

XYZ(46.7948, 56.5299, 68.3029)

Have a look what the booklet for  
XYZ(46.7948, 56.5299, 68.3029)  
contains.

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# Color

**XYZ(46.7633, 56.6390,  
68.1422)**

# Conversions

## Conversions Part 1

Format	Color
Hex	96D1D0
RGB	150, 209, 208
RGB Percent	59%, 82%, 82%
CMY	0.4118, 0.1804, 0.1843
CMYK	0.28, 0.00, 0.00, 0.18
HSL	179°, 39%, 70%
HSV	179°, 28%, 82%
XYZ	46.7633, 56.6390, 68.1422
YIQ	191.2450, -34.8430, -12.8190

# Conversions

## Conversions Part 2

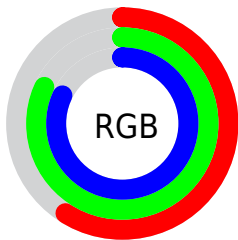
<b>Format</b>	<b>Color</b>
<b>RYB</b>	150, 180, 209
Decimal	9884112
CIELab	79.98, -18.97, -5.60
CIELCh	80, 19.776, 196.441
Yxy	56.6390, 0.2726, 0.3302
Android (android.graphics.Color)	4288074192 (0xFF96D1D0)
YUV	191.2450, 8.2602, -36.1719
Hunter-Lab	75.2589, -20.7893, -1.0022

# Details

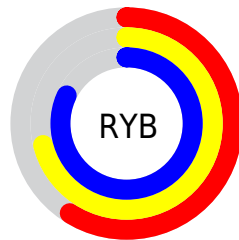
The XYZ color **46.7633, 56.6390, 68.1422** is a light color, and the websafe version is hex **99CCCC**. A complement of this color would be **42.7887, 37.6040, 34.2835**, and the grayscale version is **49.6328, 52.2175, 56.8649**.

A 20% lighter version of the original color is **79.2636, 91.8618, 108.1612**, and **22.3181, 27.9857, 34.7973** is the 20% darker color. If you saturate the color by 10%, you get **43.2119, 54.8147, 67.7494**, and if you desaturate by 10%, it is **51.0040, 58.8215, 68.5702**.

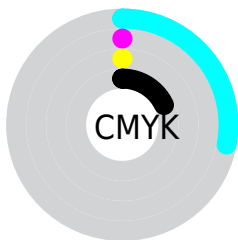
# Distribution



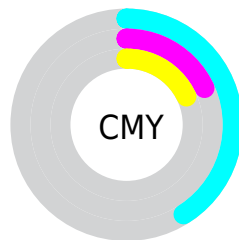
- Red (59%)
- Green (82%)
- Blue (82%)



- Red (59%)
- Yellow (71%)
- Blue (82%)



- Cyan (28%)
- Magenta (0%)
- Yellow (0%)
- Black (18%)




- Cyan (41%)
- Magenta (18%)
- Yellow (18%)


# Brightness & Saturation Gradients

These gradients show how the XYZ color 46.7633, 56.6390, 68.1422 changes by changing the brightness by 10 percent. The first figure shows a shift by +10% for each color and the second figure -10%.

Similar to the brightness gradients but the following saturation gradients show a change of the XYZ color 46.7633, 56.6390, 68.1422 by changing the saturation by 10% instead.





 46.7633, 56.6390,  
68.1422


 46.7633, 56.6390,  
68.1422


364.5336,  
412.0952, 472.6114

 33.0557, 40.7155,  
49.5460


 84.5811, 99.9382,  
118.2117

 22.3286, 28.0968,  
34.6842


 109.4220,  
128.0828, 150.5221

 14.2165, 18.3987,  
23.1381


138.7048,  
161.0697, 188.2409

 8.3541, 11.2366,  
14.4892

172.7948,  
199.2836, 231.7868

 4.3761, 6.2262,  
8.3191

212.0573,  
243.1086, 281.5783

 1.9170, 2.9831,  
4.2091

256.8577,

 0.5867, 1.1229,

292.9293, 338.0338

1.7408

307.5614,  
349.1301, 401.5720

■ 0.0000, 0.0000,  
0.3884

■ 0.0000, 0.0000,  
0.0000

■ 46.7633, 56.6390,  
68.1422

■ 46.7633, 56.6390,  
68.1422

■ 43.2119, 54.8147,  
67.7494

■ 51.0040, 58.8215,  
68.5702

■ 40.3085, 53.3229,  
67.3861

■ 55.9629, 61.3729,  
69.0312

■ 38.0148, 52.1455,  
67.0520

■ 61.6731, 64.3115,  
69.5278

■ 36.2866, 51.2596,  
66.7448

■ 68.1643, 67.6528,  
70.0615

■ 35.0738, 50.6394,  
66.4622

■ 75.4645, 71.4111,  
70.6335

■ 34.3174, 50.2544,  
66.2015

■ 75.6908, 71.5226,  
70.8751

■ 33.9295, 50.0594,  
65.9586

■ 75.7351, 71.5403,  
71.1086

■ 33.8756, 50.0325,  
65.9163

■ 75.7795, 71.5581,  
71.3426

■ 75.8241, 71.5759,  
71.5771

# Harmonies

## Analogous

The Analogous color harmony consists of three colors that are next to each other on the color wheel.



46.6719, 56.6390, 56.6304



46.7633, 56.6390, 68.1422



48.6869, 56.6390, 79.1207

# Triad

The Triadic color harmony groups three colors that are evenly spaced from another and form a triangle on the color wheel.



46.7633, 56.6390, 68.1422



59.6244, 56.6390, 78.1958



55.6640, 56.6390, 42.5764

# Complementary

The Complementary color scheme is a pair of colors which are on the opposite of each other on the color wheel.



46.7633, 56.6390, 68.1422



42.7887, 37.6040, 34.2835

# Split Complementary

Split-complementary colors differ from the complementary color scheme. The scheme consists of three colors, the original color and two neighbors of the complement color.



59.3309, 56.6390, 46.9951



46.7633, 56.6390, 68.1422



61.6930, 56.6390, 67.0006

# Square

The Square scheme is like the rectangle color scheme, but the four colors are evenly spaced on the color wheel.



46.7633, 56.6390, 68.1422



56.0484, 56.6390, 85.4003



61.5830, 56.6390, 55.6216



51.6780, 56.6390, 42.8017



# Rectangle

The Rectangle color scheme consists of four colors that form a rectangle on the color wheel.



46.7633, 56.6390, 68.1422



50.8065, 56.6390, 84.2392



61.5830, 56.6390, 55.6216



56.9788, 56.6390, 43.5419

# Sweetspot

The Sweet Spot groups the original color and five complimentary colors.



46.7650, 56.6413, 68.1435



87.8833, 96.3118, 108.2736



41.2499, 54.4774, 37.1964



18.5408, 20.4758, 23.1507



0.0000, 0.0000, 0.0000



20.3446, 21.4041, 23.3091



# Same Dimension

The Same Dimension uses a secret algorithm to generate beautiful new colors.



46.7650, 56.6413, 68.1435



69.7861, 87.0033, 106.4843



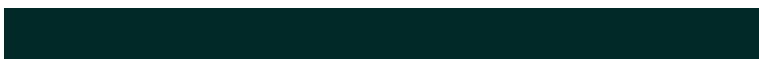
40.7069, 44.3272, 66.7347



12.1494, 13.4035, 15.1429



20.8898, 30.8488, 40.6612



1.1709, 1.7260, 2.2885



# Inverse Universe

The Inverse Universe completely reimagines the original color for something new.



42.7887, 37.6040, 34.2835



62.5323, 52.2699, 44.7111



47.6292, 47.4147, 35.4970



11.8168, 11.8114, 12.3110



16.2281, 8.3641, 0.8412



0.9103, 0.4688, 0.0624



# Previews

## White Background



This preview shows how the XYZ color 46.7633, 56.6390, 68.1422 looks on a white background.

## Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA × Fail

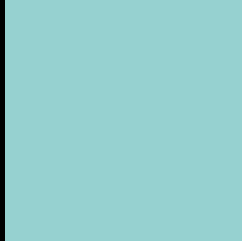
Any Text WCAG AA × Fail

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA × Fail

Any Text WCAG AAA × Fail



# Black Background



This preview shows how the XYZ color 46.7633, 56.6390, 68.1422 looks on a black background.

## Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AA ✓ Pass

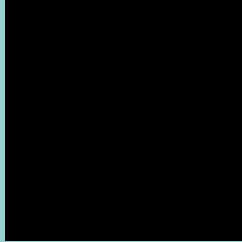
Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

If you want to check with other color combinations, try the [Color Contrast Checker](#).

# XYZ 46.7633, 56.6390, 68.1422

## Background



This preview shows how black text looks on a background with the XYZ color 46.7633, 56.6390, 68.1422.



This preview shows how white text looks on a background with the XYZ color 46.7633, 56.6390,



# Color Blindness Simulation

Color vision deficiency is a very complex topic, and I could not describe the different causes any better than Wikipedia does, so if you want to learn more, you should check out their [article about color blindness](#).

## Dichromacy



### Original Color

46.7633, 56.6390, 68.1422

### Protanopia

54.3283, 56.4289, 63.2868

### Deuteranopia

57.3116, 56.1544, 70.1056



## **Tritanopia**

48.7690, 56.7257, 78.1908

# Trichromacy



## Original Color

46.7633, 56.6390, 68.1422

## Protanomaly

51.0771, 56.0780, 65.2588

## Deuteranomaly

52.6910, 55.7827, 69.6180

## Tritanomaly

48.1597, 56.8491, 74.7644

# Monochromacy



## Original Color

46.7633, 56.6390, 68.1422

## Achromatopsia

49.5206, 52.0996, 56.7364

## Achromatomaly

48.1766, 53.6495, 60.6395

# CSS Examples

## Text

The CSS property to change the color of the text to XYZ 46.7633, 56.6390, 68.1422 is called "color". The color property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows how text in the color `rgb(150, 209, 208)` looks like.

```
.text, #text, p{  
    color:rgb(150, 209, 208)  
}
```

If you want to add a text shadow in that color use the text-shadow property, you can generate a text shadow directly with our [CSS Text Shadow Generator](#).

Here you see how black text with a 4 pixel rgb(150, 209, 208) colored shadow looks like.

```
.shadow{ text-shadow: 4px 4px 2px rgb(150, 209, 208) }
```

## Border

The CSS property to change the border of an element to XYZ 46.7633, 56.6390, 68.1422 is called "border". The border property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows the color as border, it can be applied via the CSS property "border" or "border-color".

```
.border, #border, table{ border:4px solid rgb(150, 209, 208) }
```



If only the border color should be changed use the property `border-color`.

```
.border{ border-color:rgb(150, 209, 208) }
```

If you want to add a box shadow in that color use:

Here you see how a box with a 4 pixel `rgb(150, 209, 208)` colored shadow looks like.

```
.boxshadow{ -moz-box-shadow:4px 4px 4px  
4px rgb(150, 209, 208); -webkit-box-  
shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(150, 209, 208);  
box-shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(150, 209,  
208) }
```

# Background

The CSS property to change the background color of an element to XYZ 46.7633, 56.6390, 68.1422 is called "background". The background property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

```
.background, #background, body{  
background: rgb(150, 209, 208) }
```

If only the background color should be changed can be used:

```
.background{ background-color: rgb(150,  
209, 208) }
```

This example shows the color as background, it is applied via the CSS property "background".

To optimize and compress your CSS code, you can use our [online CSS compressor and optimizer](#) based on csstidy. If you want to create a linear or radial gradient as background or border, check our [CSS Gradient Generator](#).

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