

# Converting Colors

XYZ(46.8006, 49.6151, 19.1666)

Have a look what the booklet for  
XYZ(46.8006, 49.6151, 19.1666)  
contains.

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# **Color**

**XYZ(46.8006, 49.6151,  
19.1666)**

# Conversions

## Conversions Part 1

Format	Color
Hex	D4B964
RGB	212, 185, 100
RGB Percent	83%, 73%, 39%
CMY	0.1686, 0.2745, 0.6078
CMYK	0.00, 0.13, 0.53, 0.17
HSL	46°, 57%, 61%
HSV	46°, 53%, 83%
XYZ	46.8006, 49.6151, 19.1666
YIQ	183.3830, 43.3770, -20.7110

# Conversions

## Conversions Part 2

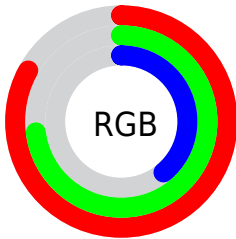
Format	Color
<b>RYB</b>	136, 212, 100
Decimal	13941092
CIELab	75.83, -1.00, 46.24
CIELCh	76, 46.255, 91.241
Yxy	49.6151, 0.4049, 0.4293
Android (android.graphics.Color)	4292131172 (0xFFD4B964)
YUV	183.3830, -41.1078, 25.0971
Hunter-Lab	70.4380, -4.6670, 33.1734

# Details

The XYZ color **46.8006, 49.6151, 19.1666** is a light color, and the websafe version is hex **CCCC66**. A complement of this color would be **24.7283, 22.6407, 65.3539**, and the grayscale version is **45.4234, 47.7889, 52.0422**.

A 20% lighter version of the original color is **78.4451, 86.4705, 42.6930**, and **22.3232, 23.6928, 6.3023** is the 20% darker color. If you saturate the color by 10%, you get **44.8556, 47.1592, 14.0980**, and if you desaturate by 10%, it is **49.0533, 52.2593, 25.6560**.

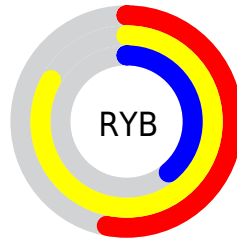
# Distribution



Red (83%)

Green (73%)

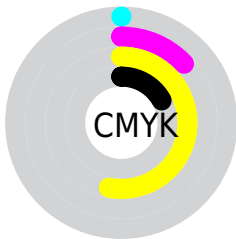
Blue (39%)



Red (53%)

Yellow (83%)

Blue (39%)

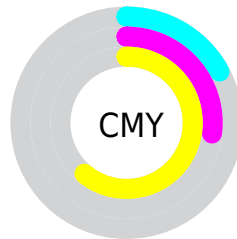


Cyan (0%)

Magenta (13%)

Yellow (53%)

Black (17%)



Cyan (17%)

Magenta (27%)

Yellow (61%)

# Brightness & Saturation Gradients

These gradients show how the XYZ color 46.8006, 49.6151, 19.1666 changes by changing the brightness by 10 percent. The first figure shows a shift by +10% for each color and the second figure -10%.

Similar to the brightness gradients but the following saturation gradients show a change of the XYZ color 46.8006, 49.6151, 19.1666 by changing the saturation by 10% instead.



■ 46.8006, 49.6151,  
19.1666

■ 46.8006, 49.6151,  
19.1666

364.6803,  
385.1588, 259.8203

■ 33.0853, 35.1077,  
11.6127

■ 84.6365, 89.6043,  
42.8559

■ 22.3514, 23.7458,  
6.3612

■ 109.4878,  
115.8549, 59.8283

■ 14.2334, 15.1452,  
2.9936

■ 138.7818,  
146.7887, 80.7773

■ 8.3659, 8.9213,  
1.0914

■ 172.8839,  
182.7900, 106.1215

■ 4.3837, 4.6899,  
0.0000

212.1595,  
224.2433, 136.2793

■ 1.9214, 2.0665,  
0.0000

256.9738,

■ 0.5893, 0.6457,

271.5329, 171.6694

0.0000

307.6923,  
325.0433, 212.7102

■ 0.0000, 0.0000,  
0.0000

■ 46.8006, 49.6151,  
19.1666

■ 46.8006, 49.6151,  
19.1666

■ 44.8556, 47.1592,  
14.0980

■ 49.0533, 52.2593,  
25.6560

■ 43.1933, 44.8753,  
10.3354

■ 51.6296, 55.0932,  
33.6627

■ 41.7901, 42.7552,  
7.7515

■ 54.5481, 58.1268,  
43.2785

■ 40.6161, 40.7864,  
6.1914

■ 57.8251, 61.3670,  
54.5869

■ 39.8792, 39.4528,  
5.5133

■ 61.4758, 64.8206,  
67.6654

■ 65.5141, 68.4939,  
82.5871

■ 69.9537, 72.3927,  
99.4206

■ 72.3659, 75.5462,  
105.3755

■ 73.7752, 78.3648,  
105.8453

# Harmonies

## Analogous

The Analogous color harmony consists of three colors that are next to each other on the color wheel.



55.5672, 49.6151, 22.2389



46.8006, 49.6151, 19.1666



39.0928, 49.6151, 22.8110

# Triad

The Triadic color harmony groups three colors that are evenly spaced from another and form a triangle on the color wheel.



46.8006, 49.6151, 19.1666



34.3882, 49.6151, 82.4861



63.1857, 49.6151, 80.1539

# Complementary

The Complementary color scheme is a pair of colors which are on the opposite of each other on the color wheel.



46.8006, 49.6151, 19.1666



24.7283, 22.6407, 65.3539

# Split Complementary

Split-complementary colors differ from the complementary color scheme. The scheme consists of three colors, the original color and two neighbors of the complement color.



56.2618, 49.6151, 105.4561



46.8006, 49.6151, 19.1666



39.6425, 49.6151, 107.0655

# Square

The Square scheme is like the rectangle color scheme, but the four colors are evenly spaced on the color wheel.



46.8006, 49.6151, 19.1666



32.4854, 49.6151, 55.0541



47.5165, 49.6151, 116.5285



65.6918, 49.6151, 53.0037



# Rectangle

The Rectangle color scheme consists of four colors that form a rectangle on the color wheel.



46.8006, 49.6151, 19.1666



35.4054, 49.6151, 29.4721



47.5165, 49.6151, 116.5285



61.2593, 49.6151, 89.4150

# Sweetspot

The Sweet Spot groups the original color and five complimentary colors.



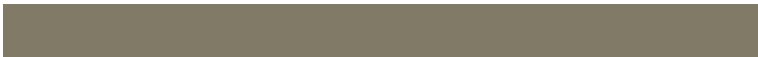
46.8018, 49.6174, 19.1676



86.1059, 91.5307, 76.8813



35.6051, 24.6704, 23.3079



18.2071, 19.3713, 15.6839



0.0000, 0.0000, 0.0000



20.3446, 21.4041, 23.3091



# Same Dimension

The Same Dimension uses a secret algorithm to generate beautiful new colors.



46.8018, 49.6174, 19.1676



67.9037, 71.3296, 20.8613



45.6110, 58.1973, 20.8864



13.2074, 13.9891, 13.1648



24.7009, 24.5190, 3.4308



1.5521, 1.6034, 0.2277



# Inverse Universe

The Inverse Universe completely reimagines the original color for something new.



24.7283, 22.6407, 65.3539



31.0992, 26.4126, 98.0668



25.3434, 18.4576, 64.5140



11.9832, 12.4899, 15.7167



8.1355, 4.5328, 38.8993

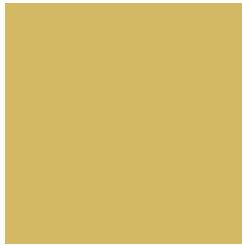


0.5559, 0.4039, 2.3680



# Previews

## White Background



This preview shows how the XYZ color 46.8006, 49.6151, 19.1666 looks on a white background.

## Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA × Fail

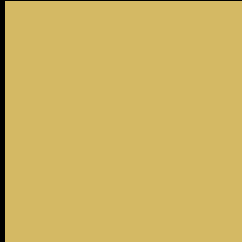
Any Text WCAG AA × Fail

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA × Fail

Any Text WCAG AAA × Fail



# Black Background



This preview shows how the XYZ color 46.8006, 49.6151, 19.1666 looks on a black background.

## Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

If you want to check with other color combinations, try the [Color Contrast Checker](#).

# XYZ 46.8006, 49.6151, 19.1666

## Background



This preview shows how black text looks on a background with the XYZ color 46.8006, 49.6151, 19.1666.



This preview shows how white text looks on a background with the XYZ color 46.8006, 49.6151,



# Color Blindness Simulation

Color vision deficiency is a very complex topic, and I could not describe the different causes any better than Wikipedia does, so if you want to learn more, you should check out their [article about color blindness](#).

## Dichromacy



### Original Color

46.8006, 49.6151, 19.1666

### Protanopia

45.5729, 49.6020, 19.4841

### Deuteranopia

50.6318, 49.4581, 19.4482



## Tritanopia

53.9223, 49.5064, 54.2906

# Trichromacy



## Original Color

46.8006, 49.6151, 19.1666

## Protanomaly

45.9203, 49.4673, 19.4398

## Deuteranomaly

49.3043, 49.6753, 19.3016

## Tritanomaly

50.7361, 49.3922, 38.3121

# Monochromacy



## Original Color

46.8006, 49.6151, 19.1666

## Achromatopsia

45.0092, 47.3531, 51.5676

## Achromatomaly

45.1384, 48.0502, 37.0326

# CSS Examples

## Text

The CSS property to change the color of the text to XYZ 46.8006, 49.6151, 19.1666 is called "color". The color property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows how text in the color `rgb(212, 185, 100)` looks like.

```
.text, #text, p{  
    color:rgb(212, 185, 100)  
}
```

If you want to add a text shadow in that color use the text-shadow property, you can generate a text shadow directly with our [CSS Text Shadow Generator](#).

Here you see how black text with a 4 pixel rgb(212, 185, 100) colored shadow looks like.

```
.shadow{ text-shadow: 4px 4px 2px rgb(212, 185, 100) }
```

## Border

The CSS property to change the border of an element to XYZ 46.8006, 49.6151, 19.1666 is called "border". The border property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows the color as border, it can be applied via the CSS property "border" or "border-color".

```
.border, #border, table{ border:4px solid rgb(212, 185, 100) }
```



If only the border color should be changed use the property `border-color`.

```
.border{ border-color:rgb(212, 185, 100) }
```

If you want to add a box shadow in that color use:

Here you see how a box with a 4 pixel `rgb(212, 185, 100)` colored shadow looks like.

```
.boxshadow{ -moz-box-shadow:4px 4px 4px  
4px rgb(212, 185, 100); -webkit-box-  
shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(212, 185, 100);  
box-shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(212, 185,  
100) }
```

# Background

The CSS property to change the background color of an element to XYZ 46.8006, 49.6151, 19.1666 is called "background". The background property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

```
.background, #background, body{  
background: rgb(212, 185, 100) }
```

If only the background color should be changed can be used:

```
.background{ background-color: rgb(212,  
185, 100) }
```

This example shows the color as background, it is applied via the CSS property "background".

To optimize and compress your CSS code, you can use our [online CSS compressor and optimizer](#) based on csstidy. If you want to create a linear or radial gradient as background or border, check our [CSS Gradient Generator](#).

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