

# Converting Colors

XYZ(46.8123, 49.3698, 40.4660)

Have a look what the booklet for  
XYZ(46.8123, 49.3698, 40.4660)  
contains.

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# Color

**XYZ(46.9300, 49.5262,  
40.3437)**

# Conversions

## Conversions Part 1

<b>Format</b>	<b>Color</b>
Hex	C5BAA0
RGB	197, 186, 160
RGB Percent	77%, 73%, 63%
CMY	0.2274, 0.2706, 0.3725
CMYK	0.00, 0.06, 0.19, 0.23
HSL	42°, 24%, 70%
HSV	42°, 19%, 77%
XYZ	46.9300, 49.5262, 40.3437
YIQ	186.3250, 14.9020, -5.7540

# Conversions

## Conversions Part 2

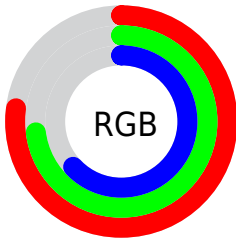
<b>Format</b>	<b>Color</b>
<b>RYB</b>	176, 197, 160
Decimal	12958368
CIELab	75.78, -0.40, 14.59
CIELCh	76, 14.594, 91.576
Yxy	49.5262, 0.3431, 0.3620
Android (android.graphics.Color)	4291148448 (0xFFC5BAA0)
YUV	186.3250, -12.9782, 9.3620
Hunter-Lab	70.3749, -4.1219, 15.2733

# Details

The XYZ color **46.9300, 49.5262, 40.3437** is a light color, and the websafe version is hex **CCCC99**. A complement of this color would be **39.1379, 40.6296, 58.6031**, and the grayscale version is **46.9201, 49.3636, 53.7570**.

A 20% lighter version of the original color is **84.8909, 89.4814, 77.0874**, and **22.4220, 23.6974, 17.5796** is the 20% darker color. If you saturate the color by 10%, you get **44.1336, 46.4761, 31.5723**, and if you desaturate by 10%, it is **50.0527, 52.7911, 50.5724**.

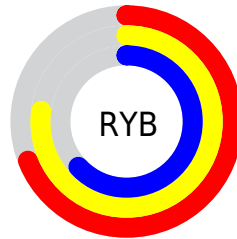
# Distribution



Red (77%)

Green (73%)

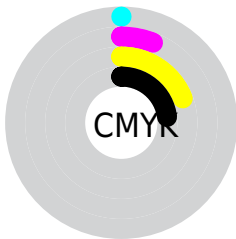
Blue (63%)



Red (69%)

Yellow (77%)

Blue (63%)

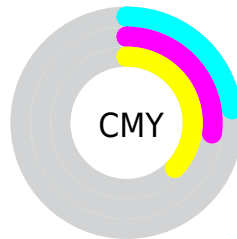


Cyan (0%)

Magenta (6%)

Yellow (19%)

Black (23%)



Cyan (23%)

Magenta (27%)

Yellow (37%)

# Brightness & Saturation Gradients

These gradients show how the XYZ color 46.9300, 49.5262, 40.3437 changes by changing the brightness by 10 percent. The first figure shows a shift by +10% for each color and the second figure -10%.

Similar to the brightness gradients but the following saturation gradients show a change of the XYZ color 46.9300, 49.5262, 40.3437 by changing the saturation by 10% instead.



■ 46.9300, 49.5262,  
40.3437

■ 46.9300, 49.5262,  
40.3437

365.1886,  
384.8102, 363.1652

■ 33.1880, 35.0371,  
27.4908

■ 84.8285, 89.4725,  
76.9294

■ 22.4305, 23.6914,  
17.7065

■ 109.7158,  
115.6984, 101.4993

■ 14.2919, 15.1049,  
10.5722

139.0488,  
146.6054, 130.8119

■ 8.4070, 8.8930,  
5.6694

173.1930,  
182.5779, 165.2858

■ 4.4105, 4.6715,  
2.5796

212.5138,  
224.0002, 205.3396

■ 1.9369, 2.0558,  
0.8819

257.3764,

■ 0.5981, 0.6396,

271.2568, 251.3917

0.0000

308.1462,  
324.7320, 303.8607

0.0000, 0.0000,  
0.0000

46.9300, 49.5262,  
40.3437

46.9300, 49.5262,  
40.3437

44.1336, 46.4761,  
31.5723

50.0527, 52.7911,  
50.5724

41.6462, 43.6277,  
24.1872

53.5103, 56.2701,  
62.3185

39.4545, 40.9766,  
18.1164

57.3161, 59.9711,  
75.6426

37.5428, 38.5154,  
13.2797

61.4811, 63.8994,  
90.6012

35.8937, 36.2363,  
9.5885

65.4472, 67.8327,  
104.2513

■ 34.4874, 34.1301,  
6.9420

■ 66.9674, 70.8730,  
104.7580

■ 33.3009, 32.1867,  
5.2217

■ 68.5415, 74.0211,  
105.2827

■ 32.2963, 30.3899,  
4.2326

■ 70.1700, 77.2782,  
105.8256

■ 32.1800, 30.1783,  
4.1289

■ 71.8535, 80.6452,  
106.3867

# Harmonies

## Analogous

The Analogous color harmony consists of three colors that are next to each other on the color wheel.



49.5967, 49.5262, 41.8394



46.9300, 49.5262, 40.3437



44.3975, 49.5262, 42.1869

# Triad

The Triadic color harmony groups three colors that are evenly spaced from another and form a triangle on the color wheel.



46.9300, 49.5262, 40.3437



42.7728, 49.5262, 62.1218



51.8051, 49.5262, 61.3438

# Complementary

The Complementary color scheme is a pair of colors which are on the opposite of each other on the color wheel.



46.9300, 49.5262, 40.3437



39.1379, 40.6296, 58.6031

# Split Complementary

Split-complementary colors differ from the complementary color scheme. The scheme consists of three colors, the original color and two neighbors of the complement color.



49.8542, 49.5262, 67.6618



46.9300, 49.5262, 40.3437



44.6367, 49.5262, 68.1404

# Square

The Square scheme is like the rectangle color scheme, but the four colors are evenly spaced on the color wheel.



46.9300, 49.5262, 40.3437



42.0551, 49.5262, 54.3371



47.2166, 49.5262, 70.2576



52.4754, 49.5262, 53.5162



# Rectangle

The Rectangle color scheme consists of four colors that form a rectangle on the color wheel.



46.9300, 49.5262, 40.3437



43.1085, 49.5262, 45.1744



47.2166, 49.5262, 70.2576



51.2738, 49.5262, 63.7398

# Sweetspot

The Sweet Spot groups the original color and five complimentary colors.



46.9313, 49.5284, 40.3447



91.2502, 96.1866, 95.9611



42.9575, 39.9566, 44.0269



19.4457, 20.5009, 20.2514



0.0000, 0.0000, 0.0000



20.3446, 21.4041, 23.3091

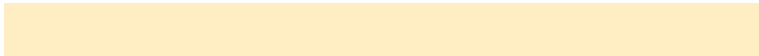


# Same Dimension

The Same Dimension uses a secret algorithm to generate beautiful new colors.



46.9313, 49.5284, 40.3447



81.6933, 86.1606, 64.7586



47.4472, 53.3666, 41.0584



11.2475, 11.8641, 11.2600



21.2418, 20.0008, 2.7410



1.0667, 1.0688, 0.1501



# Inverse Universe

The Inverse Universe completely reimagines the original color for something new.



39.1379, 40.6296, 58.6031



64.8970, 66.9845, 104.1166



38.6704, 37.4326, 58.0106



10.3093, 10.7927, 13.4573



7.7063, 4.8066, 35.2659

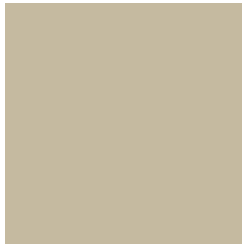


0.4291, 0.3560, 1.6912



# Previews

## White Background



This preview shows how the XYZ color 46.9300, 49.5262, 40.3437 looks on a white background.

## Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA × Fail

Any Text WCAG AA × Fail

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA × Fail

Any Text WCAG AAA × Fail



# Black Background



This preview shows how the XYZ color 46.9300, 49.5262, 40.3437 looks on a black background.

## Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AA ✓ Pass

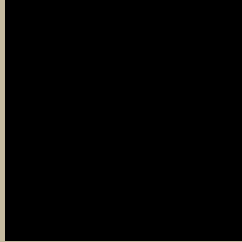
Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

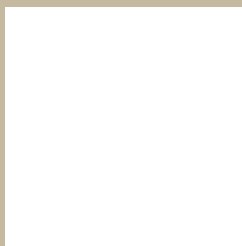
If you want to check with other color combinations, try the [Color Contrast Checker](#).

**XYZ 46.9300, 49.5262, 40.3437**

## **Background**



This preview shows how black text looks on a background with the XYZ color 46.9300, 49.5262, 40.3437.



This preview shows how white text looks on a background with the XYZ color 46.9300, 49.5262,



# Color Blindness Simulation

Color vision deficiency is a very complex topic, and I could not describe the different causes any better than Wikipedia does, so if you want to learn more, you should check out their [article about color blindness](#).

## Dichromacy



### Original Color

46.9300, 49.5262, 40.3437

### Protanopia

46.6690, 49.3916, 40.3315

### Deuteranopia

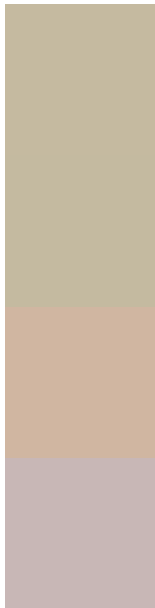
50.4858, 49.5119, 40.6141



## Tritanopia

50.7313, 49.5444, 58.5190

# Trichromacy



## Original Color

46.9300, 49.5262, 40.3437

## Protanomaly

46.6690, 49.3916, 40.3315

## Deuteranomaly

49.1734, 49.4390, 40.6692

## Tritanomaly

49.1964, 49.5237, 51.2221

# Monochromacy



## Original Color

46.9300, 49.5262, 40.3437

## Achromatopsia

46.6715, 49.1021, 53.4722

## Achromatomaly

46.7299, 49.2393, 48.6362

# CSS Examples

## Text

The CSS property to change the color of the text to XYZ 46.9300, 49.5262, 40.3437 is called "color". The color property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows how text in the color `rgb(197, 186, 160)` looks like.

```
.text, #text, p{  
    color:rgb(197, 186, 160)  
}
```

If you want to add a text shadow in that color use the text-shadow property, you can generate a text shadow directly with our [CSS Text Shadow Generator](#).

Here you see how black text with a 4 pixel rgb(197, 186, 160) colored shadow looks like.

```
.shadow{ text-shadow: 4px 4px 2px rgb(197, 186, 160) }
```

## Border

The CSS property to change the border of an element to XYZ 46.9300, 49.5262, 40.3437 is called "border". The border property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows the color as border, it can be applied via the CSS property "border" or "border-color".

```
.border, #border, table{ border:4px solid rgb(197, 186, 160) }
```



If only the border color should be changed use the property `border-color`.

```
.border{ border-color:rgb(197, 186, 160) }
```

If you want to add a box shadow in that color use:

Here you see how a box with a 4 pixel `rgb(197, 186, 160)` colored shadow looks like.

```
.boxshadow{ -moz-box-shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(197, 186, 160); -webkit-box-shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(197, 186, 160); box-shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(197, 186, 160) }
```

# Background

The CSS property to change the background color of an element to XYZ 46.9300, 49.5262, 40.3437 is called "background". The background property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

```
.background, #background, body{  
background: rgb(197, 186, 160) }
```

If only the background color should be changed can be used:

```
.background{ background-color: rgb(197,  
186, 160) }
```

This example shows the color as background, it is applied via the CSS property "background".

To optimize and compress your CSS code, you can use our [online CSS compressor and optimizer](#) based on csstidy. If you want to create a linear or radial gradient as background or border, check our [CSS Gradient Generator](#).

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