

# Converting Colors

XYZ(46.8467, 41.6284, 44.5784)

Have a look what the booklet for  
XYZ(46.8467, 41.6284, 44.5784)  
contains.

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# Color

**XYZ(46.9959, 41.7719,  
44.6156)**

# Conversions

## Conversions Part 1

Format	Color
Hex	D49FAC
RGB	212, 159, 172
RGB Percent	83%, 62%, 67%
CMY	0.1686, 0.3764, 0.3255
CMYK	0.00, 0.25, 0.19, 0.17
HSL	345°, 38%, 73%
HSV	345°, 25%, 83%
XYZ	46.9959, 41.7719, 44.6156
YIQ	176.3290, 27.4150, 15.2790

# Conversions

## Conversions Part 2

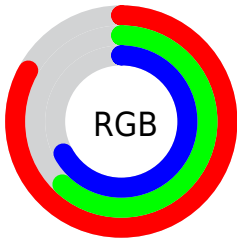
Format	Color
R <sub>Y</sub> B	212, 159, 172
Decimal	13934508
CIE Lab	70.71, 21.61, 0.96
CIE LCh	71, 21.633, 2.533
Yxy	41.7719, 0.3523, 0.3132
Android (android.graphics.Color)	4292124588 (0xFFD49FAC)
YUV	176.3290, -2.1342, 31.2835
Hunter-Lab	64.6312, 16.6899, 4.3133

# Details

The XYZ color **46.9959, 41.7719, 44.6156** is a light color, and the websafe version is hex **CC9999**. A complement of this color would be **48.1521, 58.5824, 62.8053**, and the grayscale version is **41.4403, 43.5984, 47.4787**.

A 20% lighter version of the original color is **79.1517, 74.8992, 82.9583**, and **22.5525, 19.0396, 20.2557** is the 20% darker color. If you saturate the color by 10%, you get **42.2128, 34.5185, 35.8904**, and if you desaturate by 10%, it is **52.5916, 50.3535, 54.5256**.

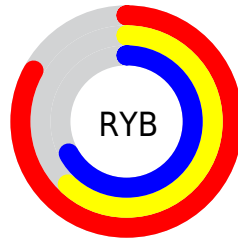
# Distribution



Red (83%)

Green (62%)

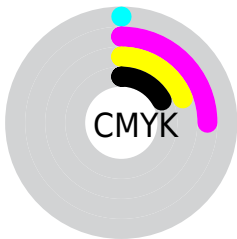
Blue (67%)



Red (83%)

Yellow (62%)

Blue (67%)

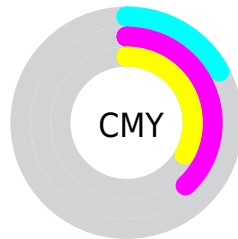


Cyan (0%)

Magenta (25%)

Yellow (19%)

Black (17%)



Cyan (17%)

Magenta (38%)


Yellow (33%)


# Brightness & Saturation Gradients

These gradients show how the XYZ color 46.9959, 41.7719, 44.6156 changes by changing the brightness by 10 percent. The first figure shows a shift by +10% for each color and the second figure -10%.

Similar to the brightness gradients but the following saturation gradients show a change of the XYZ color 46.9959, 41.7719, 44.6156 by changing the saturation by 10% instead.





 46.9959, 41.7719,  
44.6156


 46.9959, 41.7719,  
44.6156


365.4473,  
353.5365, 381.3291

 33.2403, 28.9227,  
30.8140


 84.9263, 77.8543,  
83.4556

 22.4707, 19.0224,  
20.2000


 109.8318,  
101.8563, 109.3311

 14.3217, 11.6864,  
12.3550

139.1847,  
130.3447, 140.0683

 8.4280, 6.5305,  
6.8605

173.3504,  
163.7039, 176.0858

 4.4241, 3.1703,  
3.2979

212.6941,  
202.3183, 217.8021

 1.9447, 1.2213,  
1.2487

257.5813,

 0.6026, 0.0790,

246.5722, 265.6357

0.0192

308.3772,  
296.8502, 320.0052

■ 0.0000, 0.0000,  
0.0000

■ 46.9959, 41.7719,  
44.6156

■ 46.9959, 41.7719,  
44.6156

■ 42.2128, 34.5185,  
35.8904

■ 52.5916, 50.3535,  
54.5256

■ 38.2004, 28.5213,  
28.3022

■ 59.0323, 60.3195,  
65.6605

■ 34.9183, 23.7099,  
21.8041

■ 66.3528, 71.7294,  
78.0615

■ 32.3206, 20.0047,  
16.3442

■ 74.5849, 84.6380,  
91.7672

■ 30.3564, 17.3164,  
11.8665

■ 80.4833, 92.5459,  
105.7227

■ 28.9671, 15.5414,  
8.3094

■ 80.9615, 92.7371,  
108.2407

■ 28.0821, 14.5537,  
5.6030

■ 27.7711, 14.2449,  
4.5333

# Harmonies

## Analogous

The Analogous color harmony consists of three colors that are next to each other on the color wheel.



46.1391, 41.7719, 55.2102



46.9959, 41.7719, 44.6156



45.8032, 41.7719, 35.6697

# Triad

The Triadic color harmony groups three colors that are evenly spaced from another and form a triangle on the color wheel.



46.9959, 41.7719, 44.6156



36.1098, 41.7719, 30.7852



36.6074, 41.7719, 65.3455

# Complementary

The Complementary color scheme is a pair of colors which are on the opposite of each other on the color wheel.



46.9959, 41.7719, 44.6156



48.1521, 58.5824, 62.8053

# Split Complementary

Split-complementary colors differ from the complementary color scheme. The scheme consists of three colors, the original color and two neighbors of the complement color.



34.1699, 41.7719, 56.9477



46.9959, 41.7719, 44.6156



33.8950, 41.7719, 36.9703

# Square

The Square scheme is like the rectangle color scheme, but the four colors are evenly spaced on the color wheel.



46.9959, 41.7719, 44.6156



39.3991, 41.7719, 28.4723



33.2064, 41.7719, 46.3606



40.0084, 41.7719, 68.1951



# Rectangle

The Rectangle color scheme consists of four colors that form a rectangle on the color wheel.



46.9959, 41.7719, 44.6156



44.0459, 41.7719, 31.5430



33.2064, 41.7719, 46.3606



35.6553, 41.7719, 63.0213

# Sweetspot

The Sweet Spot groups the original color and five complimentary colors.



46.9971, 41.7738, 44.6165



87.5237, 88.2977, 96.0628



47.7701, 41.6598, 67.8110



18.6015, 18.6944, 20.3341



0.0000, 0.0000, 0.0000



20.3446, 21.4041, 23.3091



# Same Dimension

The Same Dimension uses a secret algorithm to generate beautiful new colors.



46.9971, 41.7738, 44.6165



67.3679, 57.3433, 60.4973



48.2109, 46.1024, 39.1610



12.5469, 12.4703, 13.5542



17.1780, 8.8075, 2.9755



1.0693, 0.5445, 0.3543



# Inverse Universe

The Inverse Universe completely reimagines the original color for something new.



46.9971, 41.7738, 44.6165



67.3679, 57.3433, 60.4973



46.5492, 52.8576, 70.0368



12.5469, 12.4703, 13.5542



17.1780, 8.8075, 2.9755

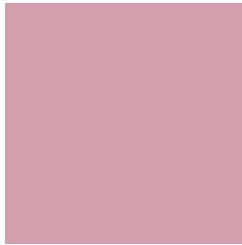


1.0693, 0.5445, 0.3543



# Previews

## White Background



This preview shows how the XYZ color 46.9959, 41.7719, 44.6156 looks on a white background.

## Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA × Fail

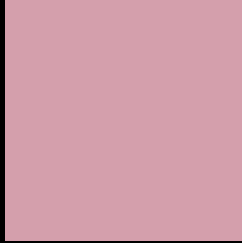
Any Text WCAG AA × Fail

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA × Fail

Any Text WCAG AAA × Fail



# Black Background



This preview shows how the XYZ color 46.9959, 41.7719, 44.6156 looks on a black background.

## Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AA ✓ Pass

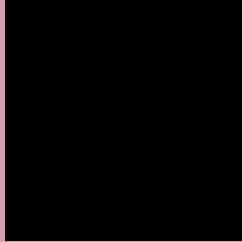
Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

If you want to check with other color combinations, try the [Color Contrast Checker](#).

**XYZ 46.9959, 41.7719, 44.6156**

## **Background**



This preview shows how black text looks on a background with the XYZ color 46.9959, 41.7719, 44.6156.



This preview shows how white text looks on a background with the XYZ color 46.9959, 41.7719,



# Color Blindness Simulation

Color vision deficiency is a very complex topic, and I could not describe the different causes any better than Wikipedia does, so if you want to learn more, you should check out their [article about color blindness](#).

## Dichromacy



### Original Color

46.9959, 41.7719, 44.6156

### Protanopia

40.4463, 41.7990, 49.1163

### Deuteranopia

42.7442, 41.9839, 43.8811



## Tritanopia

46.9002, 41.7336, 44.1116

# Trichromacy



## Original Color

46.9959, 41.7719, 44.6156

## Protanomaly

42.4936, 41.5031, 47.3662

## Deuteranomaly

44.3590, 41.9927, 44.2955

## Tritanomaly

46.9002, 41.7336, 44.1116

# Monochromacy



## Original Color

46.9959, 41.7719, 44.6156

## Achromatopsia

41.2663, 43.4154, 47.2793

## Achromatomaly

43.0989, 42.6634, 46.5207

# CSS Examples

## Text

The CSS property to change the color of the text to XYZ 46.9959, 41.7719, 44.6156 is called "color". The color property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows how text in the color `rgb(212, 159, 172)` looks like.

```
.text, #text, p{  
    color:rgb(212, 159, 172)  
}
```

If you want to add a text shadow in that color use the text-shadow property, you can generate a text shadow directly with our [CSS Text Shadow Generator](#).

Here you see how black text with a 4 pixel rgb(212, 159, 172) colored shadow looks like.

```
.shadow{ text-shadow: 4px 4px 2px rgb(212, 159, 172) }
```

## Border

The CSS property to change the border of an element to XYZ 46.9959, 41.7719, 44.6156 is called "border". The border property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows the color as border, it can be applied via the CSS property "border" or "border-color".

```
.border, #border, table{ border:4px solid rgb(212, 159, 172) }
```



If only the border color should be changed use the property `border-color`.

```
.border{ border-color:rgb(212, 159, 172) }
```

If you want to add a box shadow in that color use:

Here you see how a box with a 4 pixel `rgb(212, 159, 172)` colored shadow looks like.

```
.boxshadow{ -moz-box-shadow:4px 4px 4px  
4px rgb(212, 159, 172); -webkit-box-  
shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(212, 159, 172);  
box-shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(212, 159,  
172) }
```

# Background

The CSS property to change the background color of an element to XYZ 46.9959, 41.7719, 44.6156 is called "background". The background property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

```
.background, #background, body{  
background: rgb(212, 159, 172) }
```

If only the background color should be changed can be used:

```
.background{ background-color: rgb(212,  
159, 172) }
```

This example shows the color as background, it is applied via the CSS property "background".

To optimize and compress your CSS code, you can use our [online CSS compressor and optimizer](#) based on csstidy. If you want to create a linear or radial gradient as background or border, check our [CSS Gradient Generator](#).

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