

# Converting Colors

XYZ(46.8502, 56.6863,  
103.0800)

Have a look what the booklet for  
XYZ(46.8502, 56.6863, 103.0800)  
contains.

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# **Color**

**XYZ(46.8238, 56.6333,  
103.0712)**

# Conversions

## Conversions Part 1

<b>Format</b>	<b>Color</b>
Hex	66D3FF
RGB	102, 211, 255
RGB Percent	40%, 83%, 100%
CMY	0.6000, 0.1725, 0.0000
CMYK	0.60, 0.17, 0.00, 0.00
HSL	197°, 100%, 70%
HSV	197°, 60%, 100%
XYZ	46.8238, 56.6333, 103.0712
YIQ	183.4250, -79.0880, -9.4240

# Conversions

## Conversions Part 2

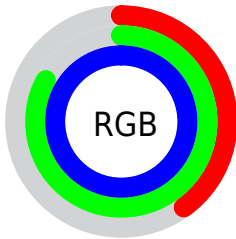
<b>Format</b>	<b>Color</b>
<a href="#">RYB</a>	<a href="#">102, 166, 255</a>
Decimal	<a href="#">6738943</a>
CIELab	<a href="#">79.97, -18.78, -30.91</a>
CIELCh	<a href="#">80, 36.166, 238.710</a>
Yxy	<a href="#">56.6333, 0.2267, 0.2742</a>
Android (android.graphics.Color)	<a href="#">4284929023 (0xFF66D3FF)</a>
YUV	<a href="#">183.4250, 35.2865, -71.4097</a>
Hunter-Lab	<a href="#">75.2551, -20.6335, -28.5264</a>

# Details

The XYZ color **46.8238, 56.6333, 103.0712** is a light color, and the websafe version is hex **66CCFF**. A complement of this color would be **53.9185, 42.7790, 17.9880**, and the grayscale version is **45.0883, 47.4364, 51.6583**.

A 20% lighter version of the original color is **69.1198, 86.6325, 107.6865**, and **22.2952, 27.9643, 57.6487** is the 20% darker color. If you saturate the color by 10%, you get **42.5855, 51.8063, 102.3629**, and if you desaturate by 10%, it is **52.0370, 62.0885, 103.8494**.

# Distribution



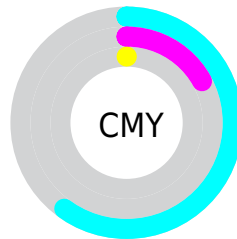
- Red (40%)
- Green (83%)
- Blue (100%)



- Red (40%)
- Yellow (65%)
- Blue (100%)



- Cyan (60%)
- Magenta (17%)
- Yellow (0%)
- Black (0%)



- Cyan (60%)
- Magenta (17%)
- Yellow (0%)

# Brightness & Saturation Gradients

These gradients show how the XYZ color 46.8238, 56.6333, 103.0712 changes by changing the brightness by 10 percent. The first figure shows a shift by +10% for each color and the second figure -10%.

Similar to the brightness gradients but the following saturation gradients show a change of the XYZ color 46.8238, 56.6333, 103.0712 by changing the saturation by 10% instead.



46.8238, 56.6333,  
103.0712

46.8238, 56.6333,  
103.0712

364.7714,  
412.0738, 591.3255

33.1037, 40.7109,  
78.2368

84.6709, 99.9299,  
167.4599

22.3655, 28.0933,  
57.7509

109.5286,  
128.0729, 207.8513

14.2439, 18.3960,  
41.1950

138.8297,  
161.0583, 254.2654

8.3733, 11.2346,  
28.1507

172.9393,  
199.2704, 307.1207

4.3885, 6.2249,  
18.1992

212.2230,  
243.0936, 366.8359

1.9242, 2.9823,  
10.9222

257.0460,

0.5908, 1.1225,

292.9123, 433.8294

5.9010

307.7737,  
349.1109, 508.5197

■ 0.0000, 0.0000,  
2.7172

■ 0.0000, 0.0000,  
0.9521

■ 46.8238, 56.6333,  
103.0712

■ 46.8238, 56.6333,  
103.0712

■ 42.5855, 51.8063,  
102.3629

■ 52.0370, 62.0885,  
103.8494

■ 39.2316, 47.5558,  
101.7192

■ 58.2951, 68.2063,  
104.7004

■ 36.6618, 43.8298,  
101.1354

■ 65.6667, 75.0246,  
105.6279

■ 34.7105, 40.5409,  
100.6035

■ 74.2133, 82.5768,  
106.6352

■ 34.7099, 40.5399,  
100.6033

■ 83.9914, 90.8934,  
107.7251

95.0500, 100.0000,  
108.9000

# Harmonies

## Analogous

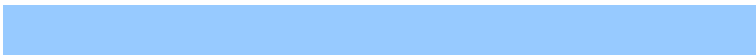
The Analogous color harmony consists of three colors that are next to each other on the color wheel.



42.3712, 56.6333, 83.1980



46.8238, 56.6333, 103.0712



53.5112, 56.6333, 111.5626

# Triad

The Triadic color harmony groups three colors that are evenly spaced from another and form a triangle on the color wheel.



46.8238, 56.6333, 103.0712



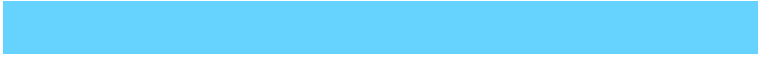
69.2122, 56.6333, 62.5785



47.3271, 56.6333, 32.5656

# Complementary

The Complementary color scheme is a pair of colors which are on the opposite of each other on the color wheel.



46.8238, 56.6333, 103.0712



53.9185, 42.7790, 17.9880

# Split Complementary

Split-complementary colors differ from the complementary color scheme. The scheme consists of three colors, the original color and two neighbors of the complement color.



54.1466, 56.6333, 29.4309



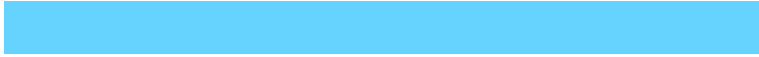
46.8238, 56.6333, 103.0712



67.1842, 56.6333, 44.2088

# Square

The Square scheme is like the rectangle color scheme, but the four colors are evenly spaced on the color wheel.



46.8238, 56.6333, 103.0712



66.8166, 56.6333, 85.1372



61.4986, 56.6333, 33.1638

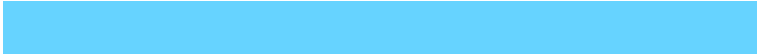


42.6426, 56.6333, 42.9583



# Rectangle

The Rectangle color scheme consists of four colors that form a rectangle on the color wheel.



46.8238, 56.6333, 103.0712



58.4853, 56.6333, 108.4348



61.4986, 56.6333, 33.1638



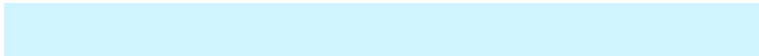
49.4252, 56.6333, 30.7488

# Sweetspot

The Sweet Spot groups the original color and five complimentary colors.



46.8255, 56.6353, 103.0715



76.0655, 84.1753, 106.8461



46.3788, 76.4006, 39.2347



15.7069, 17.5205, 22.8039



0.0000, 0.0000, 0.0000



20.3446, 21.4041, 23.3091



# Same Dimension

The Same Dimension uses a secret algorithm to generate beautiful new colors.



46.8255, 56.6353, 103.0715



41.8456, 50.9100, 102.2289



32.2163, 27.4170, 98.2018



18.0876, 19.5469, 23.0696



18.2710, 21.4516, 52.6122



1.8727, 2.2761, 5.1539



# Inverse Universe

The Inverse Universe completely reimagines the original color for something new.



57.7505, 35.4677, 65.4321



54.2032, 30.0913, 58.9531



69.7206, 74.3834, 23.2554



18.5569, 18.2061, 21.5496



26.0106, 12.8935, 24.5038

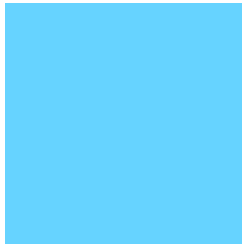


2.5799, 1.2743, 2.6349



# Previews

## White Background



This preview shows how the XYZ color 46.8238, 56.6333, 103.0712 looks on a white background.

## Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA × Fail

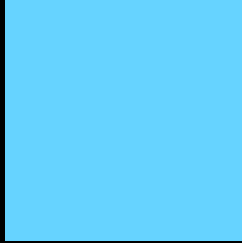
Any Text WCAG AA × Fail

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA × Fail

Any Text WCAG AAA × Fail



# Black Background



This preview shows how the XYZ color 46.8238, 56.6333, 103.0712 looks on a black background.

## Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

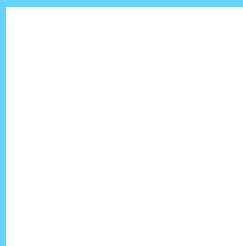
If you want to check with other color combinations, try the [Color Contrast Checker](#).

# XYZ 46.8238, 56.6333, 103.0712

## Background



This preview shows how black text looks on a background with the XYZ color 46.8238, 56.6333, 103.0712.



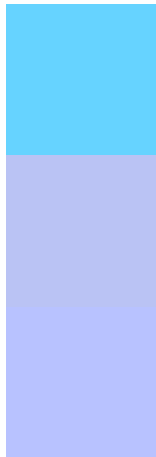
This preview shows how white text looks on a background with the XYZ color 46.8238, 56.6333,



# Color Blindness Simulation

Color vision deficiency is a very complex topic, and I could not describe the different causes any better than Wikipedia does, so if you want to learn more, you should check out their [article about color blindness](#).

## Dichromacy



### Original Color

46.8238, 56.6333, 103.0712

### Protanopia

56.0939, 56.0010, 93.4408

### Deuteranopia

57.1090, 55.9939, 102.4057



## Tritanopia

43.2796, 56.7024, 85.0075

# Trichromacy



## Original Color

46.8238, 56.6333, 103.0712

## Protanomaly

51.3475, 55.5192, 96.8169

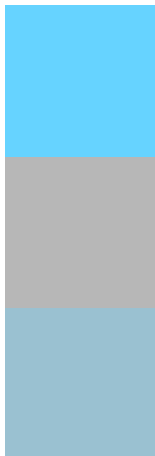
## Deuteranomaly

52.0307, 55.3986, 102.5584

## Tritanomaly

44.5986, 56.8712, 91.0647

# Monochromacy



## Original Color

46.8238, 56.6333, 103.0712

## Achromatopsia

45.0092, 47.3531, 51.5676

## Achromatomaly

43.9050, 49.6134, 67.5839

# CSS Examples

## Text

The CSS property to change the color of the text to XYZ 46.8238, 56.6333, 103.0712 is called "color". The color property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows how text in the color `rgb(102, 211, 255)` looks like.

```
.text, #text, p{  
    color:rgb(102, 211, 255)  
}
```

If you want to add a text shadow in that color use the text-shadow property, you can generate a text shadow directly with our [CSS Text Shadow Generator](#).

Here you see how black text with a 4 pixel rgb(102, 211, 255) colored shadow looks like.

```
.shadow{ text-shadow: 4px 4px 2px rgb(102, 211, 255) }
```

## Border

The CSS property to change the border of an element to XYZ 46.8238, 56.6333, 103.0712 is called "border". The border property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows the color as border, it can be applied via the CSS property "border" or "border-color".

```
.border, #border, table{ border:4px solid rgb(102, 211, 255) }
```



If only the border color should be changed use the property `border-color`.

```
.border{ border-color:rgb(102, 211, 255) }
```

If you want to add a box shadow in that color use:

Here you see how a box with a 4 pixel `rgb(102, 211, 255)` colored shadow looks like.

```
.boxshadow{ -moz-box-shadow:4px 4px 4px  
4px rgb(102, 211, 255); -webkit-box-  
shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(102, 211, 255);  
box-shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(102, 211,  
255) }
```

# Background

The CSS property to change the background color of an element to XYZ 46.8238, 56.6333, 103.0712 is called "background". The background property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

```
.background, #background, body{  
background: rgb(102, 211, 255) }
```

If only the background color should be changed can be used:

```
.background{ background-color: rgb(102,  
211, 255) }
```

This example shows the color as background, it is applied via the CSS property "background".

To optimize and compress your CSS code, you can use our [online CSS compressor and optimizer](#) based on csstidy. If you want to create a linear or radial gradient as background or border, check our [CSS Gradient Generator](#).

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