

# Converting Colors

XYZ(46.8511, 57.6195, 67.5522)

Have a look what the booklet for  
XYZ(46.8511, 57.6195, 67.5522)  
contains.

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# Color

**XYZ(47.0187, 57.8879,  
67.7268)**

# Conversions

## Conversions Part 1

Format	Color
Hex	94D4CF
RGB	148, 212, 207
RGB Percent	58%, 83%, 81%
CMY	0.4196, 0.1686, 0.1882
CMYK	0.30, 0.00, 0.02, 0.17
HSL	175°, 43%, 71%
HSV	175°, 30%, 83%
XYZ	47.0187, 57.8879, 67.7268
YIQ	192.2940, -36.5390, -15.1230

# Conversions

## Conversions Part 2

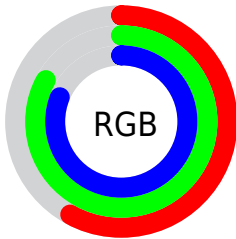
<b>Format</b>	<b>Color</b>
<b>RYB</b>	148, 181, 212
Decimal	9753807
CIELab	80.68, -21.27, -4.04
CIELCh	81, 21.649, 190.759
Yxy	57.8879, 0.2724, 0.3353
Android (android.graphics.Color)	4287943887 (0xFF94D4CF)
YUV	192.2940, 7.2501, -38.8458
Hunter-Lab	76.0841, -22.8372, 0.4815

# Details

The XYZ color **47.0187, 57.8879, 67.7268** is a light color, and the websafe version is hex **99CCCC**. A complement of this color would be **43.4931, 37.4783, 35.0809**, and the grayscale version is **50.2503, 52.8672, 57.5724**.

A 20% lighter version of the original color is **78.7118, 91.5774, 108.1354**, and **22.4228, 28.7935, 34.5129** is the 20% darker color. If you saturate the color by 10%, you get **43.3285, 56.0103, 66.5032**, and if you desaturate by 10%, it is **51.4167, 60.1331, 68.9971**.

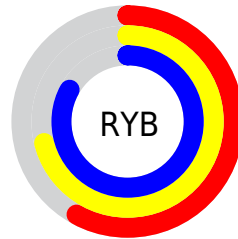
# Distribution



Red (58%)

Green (83%)

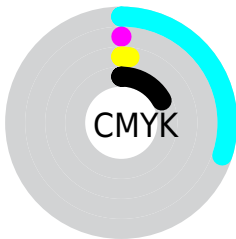
Blue (81%)



Red (58%)

Yellow (71%)

Blue (83%)

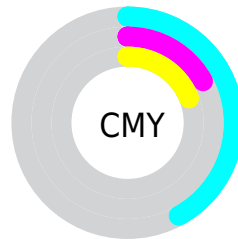


Cyan (30%)

Magenta (0%)

Yellow (2%)

Black (17%)



Cyan (42%)

Magenta (17%)

Yellow (19%)


# Brightness & Saturation Gradients

These gradients show how the XYZ color 47.0187, 57.8879, 67.7268 changes by changing the brightness by 10 percent. The first figure shows a shift by +10% for each color and the second figure -10%.


Similar to the brightness gradients but the following saturation gradients show a change of the XYZ color 47.0187, 57.8879, 67.7268 by changing the saturation by 10% instead.




 47.0187, 57.8879,  
67.7268

 47.0187, 57.8879,  
67.7268


365.5368,  
416.7681, 471.0992

 33.2584, 41.7185,  
49.2102


 84.9601, 101.7596,  
117.6117

 22.4847, 28.8810,  
34.4195


 109.8720,  
130.2307, 149.8172

 14.3321, 18.9908,  
22.9361

139.2318,  
163.5712, 187.4226

 8.4352, 11.6636,  
14.3415

173.4048,  
202.1655, 230.8466

 4.4288, 6.5151,  
8.2171

212.7565,  
246.3979, 280.5078

 1.9475, 3.1607,  
4.1444

257.6521,

 0.6042, 1.2162,

296.6529, 336.8245

1.7049

308.4571,  
353.3148, 400.2155

■ 0.0000, 0.0749,  
0.3641

■ 0.0000, 0.0000,  
0.0000

■ 47.0187, 57.8879,  
67.7268

■ 47.0187, 57.8879,  
67.7268

■ 43.3285, 56.0103,  
66.5032

■ 51.4167, 60.1331,  
68.9971

■ 40.3027, 54.4735,  
65.3205

■ 56.5529, 62.7571,  
70.3119

■ 37.9009, 53.2581,  
64.1781

■ 62.4620, 65.7794,  
71.6740

■ 36.0763, 52.3400,  
63.0736

■ 69.1753, 69.2159,  
73.0849

■ 34.7752, 51.6916,  
62.0047

■ 76.7219, 73.0818,  
74.5461

■ 33.9343, 51.2802,  
60.9682

■ 77.3016, 73.3559,  
75.6925

■ 33.4439, 51.0488,  
59.9775

■ 77.5183, 73.4425,  
76.8331

■ 77.7370, 73.5300,  
77.9853

■ 77.9580, 73.6184,  
79.1489

# Harmonies

## Analogous

The Analogous color harmony consists of three colors that are next to each other on the color wheel.



47.3149, 57.8879, 55.2781



47.0187, 57.8879, 67.7268



48.7774, 57.8879, 80.4624

# Triad

The Triadic color harmony groups three colors that are evenly spaced from another and form a triangle on the color wheel.



47.0187, 57.8879, 67.7268



60.8115, 57.8879, 83.5231



57.8954, 57.8879, 42.5698

# Complementary

The Complementary color scheme is a pair of colors which are on the opposite of each other on the color wheel.



47.0187, 57.8879, 67.7268



43.4931, 37.4783, 35.0809

# Split Complementary

Split-complementary colors differ from the complementary color scheme. The scheme consists of three colors, the original color and two neighbors of the complement color.



61.7753, 57.8879, 48.3170



47.0187, 57.8879, 67.7268



63.5207, 57.8879, 71.4748

# Square

The Square scheme is like the rectangle color scheme, but the four colors are evenly spaced on the color wheel.



47.0187, 57.8879, 67.7268



56.6371, 57.8879, 90.3674



63.8827, 57.8879, 58.5557



53.4354, 57.8879, 41.8501



# Rectangle

The Rectangle color scheme consists of four colors that form a rectangle on the color wheel.



47.0187, 57.8879, 67.7268



50.9371, 57.8879, 86.9803



63.8827, 57.8879, 58.5557



59.3169, 57.8879, 43.9372

# Sweetspot

The Sweet Spot groups the original color and five complimentary colors.



47.0204, 57.8902, 67.7281



86.8174, 95.7892, 107.0142



42.0904, 56.0323, 36.6149



18.3174, 20.3673, 22.8414



0.0000, 0.0000, 0.0000



20.3446, 21.4041, 23.3091

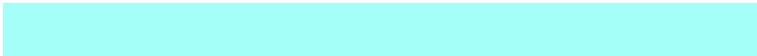


# Same Dimension

The Same Dimension uses a secret algorithm to generate beautiful new colors.



47.0204, 57.8902, 67.7281



67.8213, 86.0941, 101.7075



41.5169, 45.8888, 68.9593



12.7484, 14.0903, 15.7552



20.6628, 31.5205, 37.1156



1.2590, 1.9063, 2.3056



# Inverse Universe

The Inverse Universe completely reimagines the original color for something new.



43.4931, 37.4783, 35.0809



61.6640, 50.4420, 44.7029



47.7639, 46.6674, 34.5083



12.4623, 12.4364, 13.1085



16.8369, 8.6711, 1.1791



1.0296, 0.5286, 0.1451



# Previews

## White Background



This preview shows how the XYZ color 47.0187, 57.8879, 67.7268 looks on a white background.

## Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA × Fail

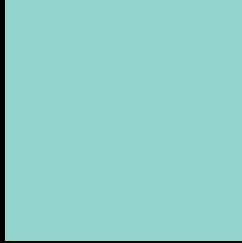
Any Text WCAG AA × Fail

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA × Fail

Any Text WCAG AAA × Fail



# Black Background



This preview shows how the XYZ color 47.0187, 57.8879, 67.7268 looks on a black background.

## Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

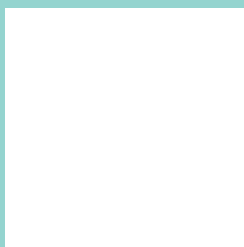
If you want to check with other color combinations, try the [Color Contrast Checker](#).

**XYZ 47.0187, 57.8879, 67.7268**

## **Background**



This preview shows how black text looks on a background with the XYZ color 47.0187, 57.8879, 67.7268.



This preview shows how white text looks on a background with the XYZ color 47.0187, 57.8879,



# Color Blindness Simulation

Color vision deficiency is a very complex topic, and I could not describe the different causes any better than Wikipedia does, so if you want to learn more, you should check out their [article about color blindness](#).

## Dichromacy



### Original Color

47.0187, 57.8879, 67.7268

### Protanopia

55.1315, 57.2082, 62.1694

### Deuteranopia

58.7812, 57.5829, 69.6445



## Tritanopia

49.4768, 57.7673, 80.4940

# Trichromacy



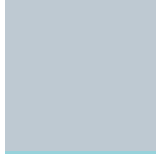
## Original Color

47.0187, 57.8879, 67.7268



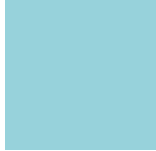
## Protanomaly

51.5450, 57.0434, 64.1709



## Deuteranomaly

53.7547, 57.3736, 69.2138



## Tritanomaly

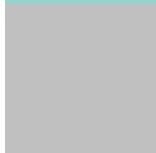
48.5953, 57.7870, 75.6106

# Monochromacy



## Original Color

47.0187, 57.8879, 67.7268



## Achromatopsia

50.1023, 52.7115, 57.4028



## Achromatomaly

48.4060, 54.1082, 60.7160

# CSS Examples

## Text

The CSS property to change the color of the text to XYZ 47.0187, 57.8879, 67.7268 is called "color". The color property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows how text in the color rgb(148, 212, 207) looks like.

```
.text, #text, p{  
    color:rgb(148, 212, 207)  
}
```

If you want to add a text shadow in that color use the text-shadow property, you can generate a text shadow directly with our [CSS Text Shadow Generator](#).

Here you see how black text with a 4 pixel rgb(148, 212, 207) colored shadow looks like.

```
.shadow{ text-shadow: 4px 4px 2px rgb(148, 212, 207) }
```

## Border

The CSS property to change the border of an element to XYZ 47.0187, 57.8879, 67.7268 is called "border". The border property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows the color as border, it can be applied via the CSS property "border" or "border-color".

```
.border, #border, table{ border:4px solid rgb(148, 212, 207) }
```



If only the border color should be changed use the property `border-color`.

```
.border{ border-color:rgb(148, 212, 207) }
```

If you want to add a box shadow in that color use:

Here you see how a box with a 4 pixel `rgb(148, 212, 207)` colored shadow looks like.

```
.boxshadow{ -moz-box-shadow:4px 4px 4px  
4px rgb(148, 212, 207); -webkit-box-  
shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(148, 212, 207);  
box-shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(148, 212,  
207) }
```

# Background

The CSS property to change the background color of an element to XYZ 47.0187, 57.8879, 67.7268 is called "background". The background property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

```
.background, #background, body{  
background: rgb(148, 212, 207) }
```

If only the background color should be changed can be used:

```
.background{ background-color: rgb(148,  
212, 207) }
```

This example shows the color as background, it is applied via the CSS property "background".

To optimize and compress your CSS code, you can use our [online CSS compressor and optimizer](#) based on csstidy. If you want to create a linear or radial gradient as background or border, check our [CSS Gradient Generator](#).

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