

# Converting Colors

XYZ(46.9029, 59.1588, 73.5816)

Have a look what the booklet for  
XYZ(46.9029, 59.1588, 73.5816)  
contains.

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# Color

**XYZ(46.9422, 59.2205,  
73.9223)**

# Conversions

## Conversions Part 1

Format	Color
Hex	87D8D8
RGB	135, 216, 216
RGB Percent	53%, 85%, 85%
CMY	0.4706, 0.1529, 0.1529
CMYK	0.37, 0.00, 0.00, 0.15
HSL	180°, 51%, 69%
HSV	180°, 37%, 85%
XYZ	46.9422, 59.2205, 73.9223
YIQ	191.7810, -48.2760, -17.1720

# Conversions

## Conversions Part 2

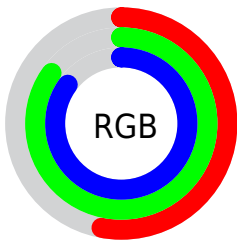
Format	Color
<a href="#">RYB</a>	<a href="#">135, 176, 216</a>
Decimal	<a href="#">8902872</a>
CIELab	<a href="#">81.41, -24.66, -7.83</a>
CIELCh	<a href="#">81, 25.869, 197.611</a>
Yxy	<a href="#">59.2205, 0.2607, 0.3288</a>
Android (android.graphics.Color)	<a href="#">4287092952</a> ( <a href="#">0xFF87D8D8</a> )
YUV	<a href="#">191.7810, 11.9400, -49.7969</a>
Hunter-Lab	<a href="#">76.9549, -25.7866, -3.0852</a>

# Details

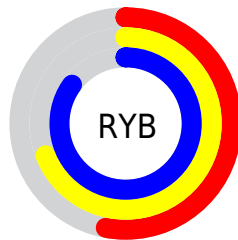
The XYZ color **46.9422, 59.2205, 73.9223** is a light color, and the websafe version is hex **66CCCC**. A complement of this color would be **41.3581, 33.6779, 27.2445**, and the grayscale version is **49.9294, 52.5296, 57.2048**.

A 20% lighter version of the original color is **75.5482, 89.9465, 107.9873**, and **22.4023, 29.7252, 38.2750** is the 20% darker color. If you saturate the color by 10%, you get **43.8137, 57.6091, 73.7767**, and if you desaturate by 10%, it is **50.7793, 61.2000, 74.1036**.

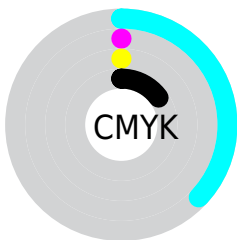
# Distribution



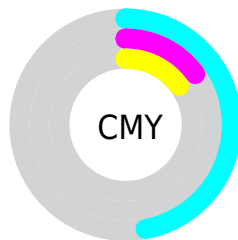
- Red (53%)
- Green (85%)
- Blue (85%)



- Red (53%)
- Yellow (69%)
- Blue (85%)



- Cyan (37%)
- Magenta (0%)
- Yellow (0%)
- Black (15%)




- Cyan (47%)
- Magenta (15%)
- Yellow (15%)


# Brightness & Saturation Gradients

These gradients show how the XYZ color 46.9422, 59.2205, 73.9223 changes by changing the brightness by 10 percent. The first figure shows a shift by +10% for each color and the second figure -10%.


Similar to the brightness gradients but the following saturation gradients show a change of the XYZ color 46.9422, 59.2205, 73.9223 by changing the saturation by 10% instead.





 46.9422, 59.2205,  
73.9223

 46.9422, 59.2205,  
73.9223


365.2365,  
421.7186, 493.3614


 33.1977, 42.7906,  
54.2340


 84.8466, 103.6981,  
126.5187

 22.4379, 29.7209,  
38.3944


 109.7372,  
132.5146, 160.2639

 14.2974, 19.6268,  
25.9847

 139.0740,  
166.2288, 199.5318

 8.4109, 12.1241,  
16.5865

173.2222,  
205.2250, 244.7410

 4.4130, 6.8282,  
9.7813

212.5472,  
249.8877, 296.3101

 1.9383, 3.3549,  
5.1505

257.4143,

 0.5990, 1.3197,

300.6013, 354.6574

2.2756

308.1890,  
357.7501, 420.2017

■ 0.0000, 0.1564,  
0.7175

■ 0.0000, 0.0000,  
0.0000

■ 46.9422, 59.2205,  
73.9223

■ 46.9422, 59.2205,  
73.9223

■ 43.8137, 57.6091,  
73.7767

■ 50.7793, 61.2000,  
74.1036

■ 41.3455, 56.3367,  
73.6608

■ 55.3589, 63.5609,  
74.3184

■ 39.4919, 55.3812,  
73.5736

■ 60.7192, 66.3242,  
74.5696

■ 38.1989, 54.7146,  
73.5127

■ 66.8943, 69.5076,  
74.8591

■ 37.4033, 54.3045,  
73.4750

■ 73.9162, 73.1275,  
75.1881

■ 37.0188, 54.1063,  
73.4566

■ 78.1922, 75.3318,  
75.3887

■ 36.9512, 54.0714,  
73.4533

■ 78.1923, 75.3319,  
75.3891

■ 78.1924, 75.3319,  
75.3895

■ 78.1925, 75.3319,  
75.3900

# Harmonies

## Analogous

The Analogous color harmony consists of three colors that are next to each other on the color wheel.



46.7252, 59.2205, 58.2975



46.9422, 59.2205, 73.9223



49.5609, 59.2205, 89.0857

# Triad

The Triadic color harmony groups three colors that are evenly spaced from another and form a triangle on the color wheel.



46.9422, 59.2205, 73.9223



64.3262, 59.2205, 86.7257



58.5490, 59.2205, 39.5382

# Complementary

The Complementary color scheme is a pair of colors which are on the opposite of each other on the color wheel.



46.9422, 59.2205, 73.9223



41.3581, 33.6779, 27.2445

# Split Complementary

Split-complementary colors differ from the complementary color scheme. The scheme consists of three colors, the original color and two neighbors of the complement color.



63.5963, 59.2205, 44.8833



46.9422, 59.2205, 73.9223



67.0724, 59.2205, 71.0871

# Square

The Square scheme is like the rectangle color scheme, but the four colors are evenly spaced on the color wheel.



46.9422, 59.2205, 73.9223



59.4940, 59.2205, 97.2529



66.7970, 59.2205, 55.8800



53.1980, 59.2205, 40.0475



# Rectangle

The Rectangle color scheme consists of four colors that form a rectangle on the color wheel.



46.9422, 59.2205, 73.9223



52.4169, 59.2205, 96.1399



66.7970, 59.2205, 55.8800



60.3437, 59.2205, 40.6691

# Sweetspot

The Sweet Spot groups the original color and five complimentary colors.



46.9439, 59.2228, 73.9237



85.4726, 95.0627, 108.4511



39.1411, 56.1270, 31.6936



18.0636, 20.2282, 23.2022



0.0000, 0.0000, 0.0000



20.3446, 21.4041, 23.3091



# Same Dimension

The Same Dimension uses a secret algorithm to generate beautiful new colors.



46.9439, 59.2228, 73.9237



64.6668, 84.3370, 107.4752



38.0807, 41.4958, 70.9708



12.7922, 14.1079, 15.9863



21.8705, 32.0035, 43.4752



1.3191, 1.9303, 2.6222



# Inverse Universe

The Inverse Universe completely reimagines the original color for something new.



41.3581, 33.6779, 27.2445



55.4070, 41.9902, 30.0937



47.8592, 46.6804, 29.4107



12.4233, 12.4208, 12.9035



16.7620, 8.6411, 0.7846

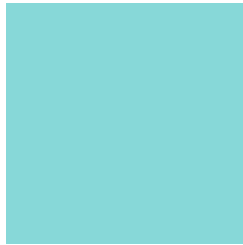


1.0110, 0.5212, 0.0474



# Previews

## White Background



This preview shows how the XYZ color 46.9422, 59.2205, 73.9223 looks on a white background.

## Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA × Fail

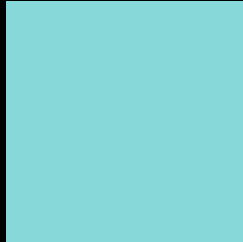
Any Text WCAG AA × Fail

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA × Fail

Any Text WCAG AAA × Fail



# Black Background



This preview shows how the XYZ color 46.9422, 59.2205, 73.9223 looks on a black background.

## Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

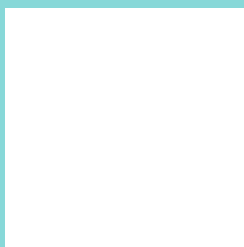
If you want to check with other color combinations, try the [Color Contrast Checker](#).

**XYZ 46.9422, 59.2205, 73.9223**

## **Background**



This preview shows how black text looks on a background with the XYZ color 46.9422, 59.2205, 73.9223.



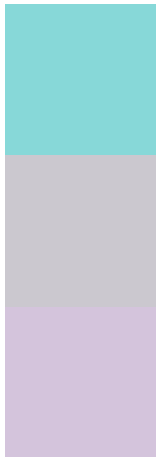
This preview shows how white text looks on a background with the XYZ color 46.9422, 59.2205,



# Color Blindness Simulation

Color vision deficiency is a very complex topic, and I could not describe the different causes any better than Wikipedia does, so if you want to learn more, you should check out their [article about color blindness](#).

## Dichromacy



### Original Color

46.9422, 59.2205, 73.9223

### Protanopia

56.5454, 58.5101, 67.3448

### Deuteranopia

59.8096, 58.6442, 75.8773



## Tritanopia

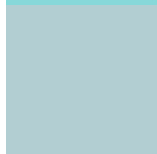
49.1178, 59.3516, 84.4685

# Trichromacy



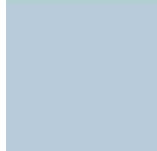
## Original Color

46.9422, 59.2205, 73.9223



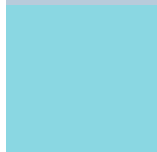
## Protanomaly

52.0643, 58.2607, 69.4741



## Deuteranomaly

53.9093, 58.0167, 75.3749



## Tritanomaly

48.5091, 59.4951, 80.8785

# Monochromacy



## Original Color

46.9422, 59.2205, 73.9223



## Achromatopsia

50.1023, 52.7115, 57.4028



## Achromatomaly

48.2238, 54.6483, 63.2648

# CSS Examples

## Text

The CSS property to change the color of the text to XYZ 46.9422, 59.2205, 73.9223 is called "color". The color property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows how text in the color `rgb(135, 216, 216)` looks like.

```
.text, #text, p{  
    color:rgb(135, 216, 216)  
}
```

If you want to add a text shadow in that color use the text-shadow property, you can generate a text shadow directly with our [CSS Text Shadow Generator](#).

Here you see how black text with a 4 pixel rgb(135, 216, 216) colored shadow looks like.

```
.shadow{ text-shadow: 4px 4px 2px rgb(135, 216, 216) }
```

## Border

The CSS property to change the border of an element to XYZ 46.9422, 59.2205, 73.9223 is called "border". The border property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows the color as border, it can be applied via the CSS property "border" or "border-color".

```
.border, #border, table{ border:4px solid rgb(135, 216, 216) }
```



If only the border color should be changed use the property `border-color`.

```
.border{ border-color:rgb(135, 216, 216) }
```

If you want to add a box shadow in that color use:

Here you see how a box with a 4 pixel `rgb(135, 216, 216)` colored shadow looks like.

```
.boxshadow{ -moz-box-shadow:4px 4px 4px  
4px rgb(135, 216, 216); -webkit-box-  
shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(135, 216, 216);  
box-shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(135, 216,  
216) }
```

# Background

The CSS property to change the background color of an element to XYZ 46.9422, 59.2205, 73.9223 is called "background". The background property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

```
.background, #background, body{  
background: rgb(135, 216, 216) }
```

If only the background color should be changed can be used:

```
.background{ background-color: rgb(135,  
216, 216) }
```

This example shows the color as background, it is applied via the CSS property "background".

To optimize and compress your CSS code, you can use our [online CSS compressor and optimizer](#) based on csstidy. If you want to create a linear or radial gradient as background or border, check our [CSS Gradient Generator](#).

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