

# Converting Colors

XYZ(46.9272, 32.0423, 5.6515)

Have a look what the booklet for  
XYZ(46.9272, 32.0423, 5.6515)  
contains.

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# Color

**XYZ(46.9688, 32.1316,  
5.6459)**

# Conversions

## Conversions Part 1

Format	Color
Hex	FF6C27
RGB	255, 108, 39
RGB Percent	100%, 42%, 15%
CMY	0.0000, 0.5764, 0.8471
CMYK	0.00, 0.58, 0.85, 0.00
HSL	19°, 100%, 58%
HSV	19°, 85%, 100%
XYZ	46.9688, 32.1316, 5.6459
YIQ	144.0870, 109.7610, 9.7050

# Conversions

## Conversions Part 2

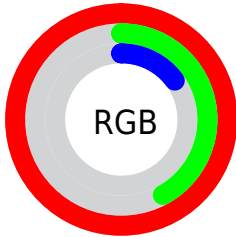
<b>Format</b>	<b>Color</b>
<b>R<sub>YB</sub></b>	255, 140, 39
Decimal	16739367
CIE <sub>Lab</sub>	63.45, 52.84, 62.41
CIE <sub>LCh</sub>	63, 81.769, 49.746
Yxy	32.1316, 0.5542, 0.3792
Android (android.graphics.Color)	4294929447 (0xFFFF6C27)
YUV	144.0870, -51.8079, 97.2707
Hunter-Lab	56.6847, 48.7062, 33.7739

# Details

The XYZ color **46.9688, 32.1316, 5.6459** is a dark color, and the websafe version is hex **FF6633**. The color can be described as dark washed orange. A complement of this color would be **36.4439, 42.7658, 100.9410**, and the grayscale version is **26.7169, 28.1082, 30.6099**.

A 20% lighter version of the original color is **56.2255, 48.2097, 16.2395**, and **22.5083, 13.4934, 1.4182** is the 20% darker color. If you saturate the color by 10%, you get **45.0274, 28.7137, 3.5671**, and if you desaturate by 10%, it is **49.5591, 36.3949, 9.3386**.

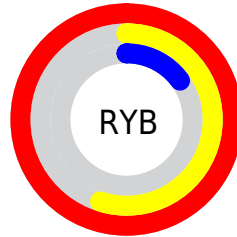
# Distribution



Red (100%)

Green (42%)

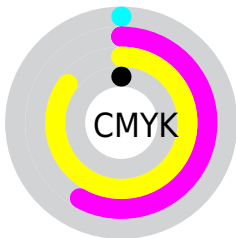
Blue (15%)



Red (100%)

Yellow (55%)

Blue (15%)

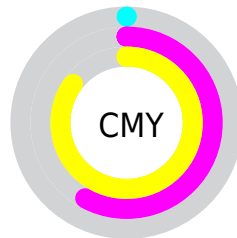


Cyan (0%)

Magenta (58%)

Yellow (85%)

Black (0%)



Cyan (0%)

Magenta (58%)


Yellow (85%)


# Brightness & Saturation Gradients

These gradients show how the XYZ color 46.9688, 32.1316, 5.6459 changes by changing the brightness by 10 percent. The first figure shows a shift by +10% for each color and the second figure -10%.


Similar to the brightness gradients but the following saturation gradients show a change of the XYZ color 46.9688, 32.1316, 5.6459 by changing the saturation by 10% instead.





 46.9688, 32.1316,  
5.6459


 46.9688, 32.1316,  
5.6459

365.3410,  
311.7183, 165.0627

 33.2188, 21.4620,  
2.5657


 84.8861, 63.0173,  
17.6562

 22.4542, 13.4622,  
0.8747


 109.7841, 84.0023,  
27.4233


 14.3095, 7.7476,  
0.0000


 139.1288,  
109.1945, 40.2566

 8.4194, 3.9338,  
0.0000

 173.2857,  
138.9784, 56.5744

 4.4185, 1.6366,  
0.0000

 212.6199,  
173.7383, 76.7954

 1.9415, 0.3821,  
0.0000

 257.4970,

 0.6008, 0.0000,

213.8587, 101.3381

0.0000

308.2822,  
259.7239, 130.6210

■ 0.0000, 0.0000,  
0.0000

■ 46.9688, 32.1316,  
5.6459

■ 46.9688, 32.1316,  
5.6459

■ 45.0274, 28.7137,  
3.5671

■ 49.5591, 36.3949,  
9.3386

■ 44.2170, 27.2145,  
2.9224

■ 52.8651, 41.5577,  
14.9084

■ 56.9459, 47.6747,  
22.5722

■ 61.8532, 54.7942,  
32.5163

■ 67.6335, 62.9609,  
44.9061

74.3299, 72.2168,  
59.8917

81.9821, 82.6011,  
77.6108

90.6278, 94.1513,  
98.1915

95.0497, 99.9999,  
108.9000

# Harmonies

## Analogous

The Analogous color harmony consists of three colors that are next to each other on the color wheel.



56.1034, 32.1316, 17.8005



46.9688, 32.1316, 5.6459



34.6020, 32.1316, 2.4577

# Triad

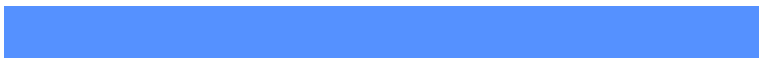
The Triadic color harmony groups three colors that are evenly spaced from another and form a triangle on the color wheel.



46.9688, 32.1316, 5.6459



13.6752, 32.1316, 24.9767



38.5434, 32.1316, 133.2857

# Complementary

The Complementary color scheme is a pair of colors which are on the opposite of each other on the color wheel.



46.9688, 32.1316, 5.6459



36.4439, 42.7658, 100.9410

# Split Complementary

Split-complementary colors differ from the complementary color scheme. The scheme consists of three colors, the original color and two neighbors of the complement color.



26.8093, 32.1316, 139.9393



46.9688, 32.1316, 5.6459



14.2310, 32.1316, 60.7089

# Square

The Square scheme is like the rectangle color scheme, but the four colors are evenly spaced on the color wheel.



46.9688, 32.1316, 5.6459



16.7021, 32.1316, 8.1098



18.4733, 32.1316, 107.8913



50.4629, 32.1316, 93.0917



# Rectangle

The Rectangle color scheme consists of four colors that form a rectangle on the color wheel.



46.9688, 32.1316, 5.6459



26.9844, 32.1316, 2.4413



18.4733, 32.1316, 107.8913



34.3952, 32.1316, 140.1821

# Sweetspot

The Sweet Spot groups the original color and five complimentary colors.



46.9695, 32.1334, 5.6464



74.1194, 71.9283, 59.4116



50.8922, 26.2818, 49.1801



15.3402, 14.6749, 11.5304



0.0000, 0.0000, 0.0000



20.3446, 21.4041, 23.3091



# Same Dimension

The Same Dimension uses a secret algorithm to generate beautiful new colors.



46.9695, 32.1334, 5.6464



44.2173, 27.2146, 2.9224



66.0083, 70.2111, 11.9927



18.4830, 18.9342, 18.8248



23.2229, 14.4571, 1.5665



2.3548, 1.5950, 0.1838

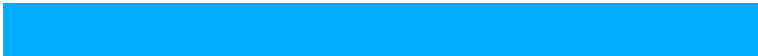


# Inverse Universe

The Inverse Universe completely reimagines the original color for something new.



36.4439, 42.7658, 100.9410



33.0958, 37.3116, 100.0653



21.6540, 13.1860, 96.0110



18.0368, 19.4453, 23.0526



17.4340, 19.7776, 52.3332



1.7962, 2.1231, 5.1284



# Previews

## White Background



This preview shows how the XYZ color 46.9688, 32.1316, 5.6459 looks on a white background.

## Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA × Fail

Any Text WCAG AA × Fail

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA × Fail

Any Text WCAG AAA × Fail



# Black Background



This preview shows how the XYZ color 46.9688, 32.1316, 5.6459 looks on a black background.

## Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

If you want to check with other color combinations, try the [Color Contrast Checker](#).

**XYZ 46.9688, 32.1316, 5.6459**

## **Background**



This preview shows how black text looks on a background with the XYZ color 46.9688, 32.1316, 5.6459.



This preview shows how white text looks on a background with the XYZ color 46.9688, 32.1316,

5.6459.

# Color Blindness Simulation

Color vision deficiency is a very complex topic, and I could not describe the different causes any better than Wikipedia does, so if you want to learn more, you should check out their [article about color blindness](#).

## Dichromacy



### Original Color

46.9688, 32.1316, 5.6459

### Protanopia

29.1664, 32.1209, 7.7947

### Deuteranopia

32.9021, 32.2069, 5.0985



## Tritanopia

48.8506, 32.0646, 18.0824

# Trichromacy



## Original Color

46.9688, 32.1316, 5.6459

## Protanomaly

33.8159, 30.6531, 6.8237

## Deuteranomaly

37.0530, 31.3288, 5.0714

## Tritanomaly

47.8918, 32.0032, 12.0406

# Monochromacy



## Original Color

46.9688, 32.1316, 5.6459

## Achromatopsia

26.5089, 27.8894, 30.3716

## Achromatomaly

30.4850, 27.4636, 17.3299

# CSS Examples

## Text

The CSS property to change the color of the text to XYZ 46.9688, 32.1316, 5.6459 is called "color". The color property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows how text in the color `rgb(255, 108, 39)` looks like.

```
.text, #text, p{  
    color:rgb(255, 108, 39)  
}
```

If you want to add a text shadow in that color use the text-shadow property, you can generate a text shadow directly with our [CSS Text Shadow Generator](#).

Here you see how black text with a 4 pixel rgb(255, 108, 39) colored shadow looks like.

```
.shadow{ text-shadow: 4px 4px 2px rgb(255, 108, 39) }
```

## Border

The CSS property to change the border of an element to XYZ 46.9688, 32.1316, 5.6459 is called "border". The border property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows the color as border, it can be applied via the CSS property "border" or "border-color".

```
.border, #border, table{ border:4px solid rgb(255, 108, 39) }
```



If only the border color should be changed use the property `border-color`.

```
.border{ border-color:rgb(255, 108, 39) }
```

If you want to add a box shadow in that color use:

Here you see how a box with a 4 pixel `rgb(255, 108, 39)` colored shadow looks like.

```
.boxshadow{ -moz-box-shadow:4px 4px 4px  
4px rgb(255, 108, 39); -webkit-box-  
shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(255, 108, 39);  
box-shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(255, 108,  
39) }
```

# Background

The CSS property to change the background color of an element to XYZ 46.9688, 32.1316, 5.6459 is called "background". The background property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

```
.background, #background, body{  
background: rgb(255, 108, 39) }
```

If only the background color should be changed can be used:

```
.background{ background-color: rgb(255,  
108, 39) }
```

This example shows the color as background, it is applied via the CSS property "background".

To optimize and compress your CSS code, you can use our [online CSS compressor and optimizer](#) based on csstidy. If you want to create a linear or radial gradient as background or border, check our [CSS Gradient Generator](#).

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