

# Converting Colors

XYZ(46.9617, 50.1607, 54.0393)

Have a look what the booklet for  
XYZ(46.9617, 50.1607, 54.0393)  
contains.

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# Color

**XYZ(46.9344, 50.1734,  
54.2244)**

# Conversions

## Conversions Part 1

Format	Color
Hex	B8BDBB
RGB	184, 189, 187
RGB Percent	72%, 74%, 73%
CMY	0.2784, 0.2588, 0.2667
CMYK	0.03, 0.00, 0.01, 0.26
HSL	156°, 4%, 73%
HSV	156°, 3%, 74%
XYZ	46.9344, 50.1734, 54.2244
YIQ	187.2770, -2.3380, -1.6820

# Conversions

## Conversions Part 2

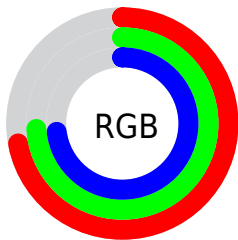
<b>Format</b>	<b>Color</b>
<b>RYB</b>	184, 187, 189
Decimal	12107195
CIELab	76.18, -2.10, 0.39
CIELCh	76, 2.141, 169.382
Yxy	50.1734, 0.3101, 0.3315
Android (android.graphics.Color)	4290297275 (0xFFB8BDBB)
YUV	187.2770, -0.1366, -2.8739
Hunter-Lab	70.8332, -5.6831, 4.1954

# Details

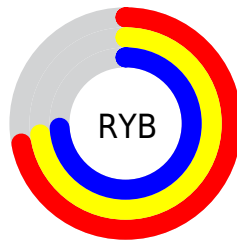
The XYZ color **46.9344, 50.1734, 54.2244** is a light color, and the websafe version is hex **CCCCCC**. A complement of this color would be **46.9916, 48.6463, 53.3698**, and the grayscale version is **47.3933, 49.8615, 54.2991**.

A 20% lighter version of the original color is **84.7652, 90.3011, 97.7563**, and **22.4673, 24.1548, 26.0325** is the 20% darker color. If you saturate the color by 10%, you get **41.9172, 47.6795, 49.8720**, and if you desaturate by 10%, it is **52.6020, 53.0005, 58.8322**.

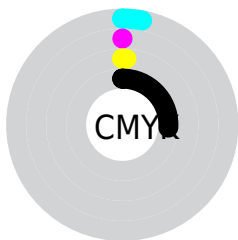
# Distribution



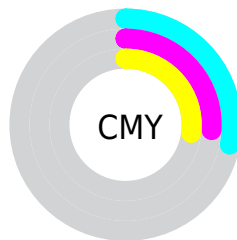
- Red (72%)
- Green (74%)
- Blue (73%)



- Red (72%)
- Yellow (73%)
- Blue (74%)



- Cyan (3%)
- Magenta (0%)
- Yellow (1%)
- Black (26%)



- Cyan (28%)
- Magenta (26%)
- Yellow (27%)

# Brightness & Saturation Gradients

These gradients show how the XYZ color 46.9344, 50.1734, 54.2244 changes by changing the brightness by 10 percent. The first figure shows a shift by +10% for each color and the second figure -10%.

Similar to the brightness gradients but the following saturation gradients show a change of the XYZ color 46.9344, 50.1734, 54.2244 by changing the saturation by 10% instead.



■ 46.9344, 50.1734,  
54.2244

■ 46.9344, 50.1734,  
54.2244

365.2059,  
387.3437, 420.1639

■ 33.1915, 35.5512,  
38.3867

■ 84.8350, 90.4317,  
97.8634

■ 22.4331, 24.0878,  
25.9788

109.7235,  
116.8367, 126.5017

■ 14.2939, 15.3987,  
16.5822

139.0579,  
147.9380, 160.2440

■ 8.4084, 9.0997,  
9.7782

173.2035,  
184.1200, 199.5088

■ 4.4114, 4.8063,  
5.1485

212.5258,  
225.7672, 244.7147

■ 1.9374, 2.1341,  
2.2744

257.3901,

■ 0.5984, 0.6837,

273.2639, 296.2801

0.7168

308.1616,  
326.9946, 354.6237

■ 0.0000, 0.0000,  
0.0000

■ 46.9344, 50.1734,  
54.2244

■ 46.9344, 50.1734,  
54.2244

■ 41.9172, 47.6795,  
49.8720

■ 52.6020, 53.0005,  
58.8322

■ 37.5218, 45.4999,  
45.7672

■ 58.9390, 56.1662,  
63.6965

■ 33.7236, 43.6234,  
41.9063

■ 65.9687, 59.6840,  
68.8227

■ 30.4945, 42.0355,  
38.2846

■ 71.9983, 62.6810,  
74.1347

■ 27.8044, 40.7209,  
34.8969

■ 73.0072, 63.0846,  
79.4475

■ 25.6200, 39.6625,  
31.7379

■ 74.0618, 63.5064,  
85.0013

■ 23.9043, 38.8412,  
28.8020

■ 75.1628, 63.9468,  
90.7991

■ 22.6151, 38.2354,  
26.0834

■ 76.3107, 64.4060,  
96.8438

■ 21.7015, 37.8190,  
23.5754

■ 77.4886, 64.8771,  
103.0462

# Harmonies

## Analogous

The Analogous color harmony consists of three colors that are next to each other on the color wheel.



47.1054, 50.1734, 53.2052



46.9344, 50.1734, 54.2244



46.9646, 50.1734, 55.3665

# Triad

The Triadic color harmony groups three colors that are evenly spaced from another and form a triangle on the color wheel.



46.9344, 50.1734, 54.2244



47.9447, 50.1734, 56.7402



48.1921, 50.1734, 52.9710

# Complementary

The Complementary color scheme is a pair of colors which are on the opposite of each other on the color wheel.



46.9344, 50.1734, 54.2244



46.9916, 48.6463, 53.3698

# Split Complementary

Split-complementary colors differ from the complementary color scheme. The scheme consists of three colors, the original color and two neighbors of the complement color.



48.4194, 50.1734, 53.9007



46.9344, 50.1734, 54.2244



48.2760, 50.1734, 56.0807

# Square

The Square scheme is like the rectangle color scheme, but the four colors are evenly spaced on the color wheel.



46.9344, 50.1734, 54.2244



47.5464, 50.1734, 56.8298



48.4503, 50.1734, 55.0382



47.8305, 50.1734, 52.4883



# Rectangle

The Rectangle color scheme consists of four colors that form a rectangle on the color wheel.



46.9344, 50.1734, 54.2244



47.0948, 50.1734, 56.0436



48.4503, 50.1734, 55.0382



48.2868, 50.1734, 53.2410

# Sweetspot

The Sweet Spot groups the original color and five complimentary colors.



46.9358, 50.1755, 54.2255



85.6326, 90.6442, 98.4274



47.1210, 50.3077, 52.5749



18.4259, 19.4981, 21.1755



90.7827, 95.5105, 104.0109



18.6292, 19.5994, 21.3438

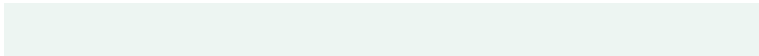


# Same Dimension

The Same Dimension uses a secret algorithm to generate beautiful new colors.



46.9358, 50.1755, 54.2255



83.6754, 89.6694, 96.7916



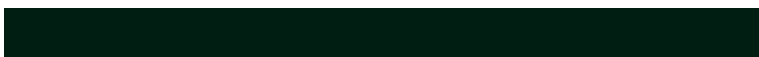
47.0623, 50.0828, 55.3332



10.2753, 11.0579, 11.9114



14.3004, 25.3104, 14.9103



0.5917, 1.0040, 0.7499

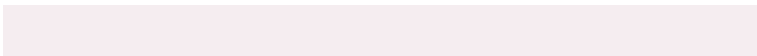


# Inverse Universe

The Inverse Universe completely reimagines the original color for something new.



46.9916, 48.6463, 53.3698



83.7900, 86.5242, 95.0318



46.8668, 48.7351, 52.2848



10.2926, 10.5823, 11.6453



15.0259, 7.6415, 5.4299



0.6210, 0.3123, 0.3835



# Previews

## White Background



This preview shows how the XYZ color 46.9344, 50.1734, 54.2244 looks on a white background.

## Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA × Fail

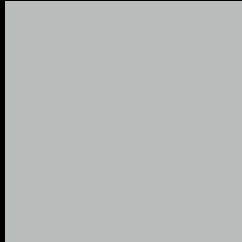
Any Text WCAG AA × Fail

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA × Fail

Any Text WCAG AAA × Fail



# Black Background



This preview shows how the XYZ color 46.9344, 50.1734, 54.2244 looks on a black background.

## Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AA ✓ Pass

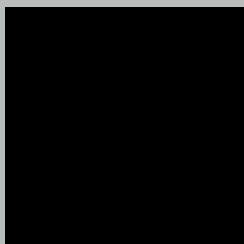
Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

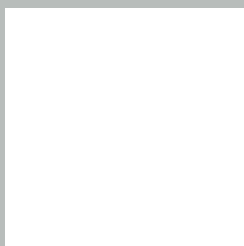
If you want to check with other color combinations, try the [Color Contrast Checker](#).

**XYZ 46.9344, 50.1734, 54.2244**

## **Background**



This preview shows how black text looks on a background with the XYZ color 46.9344, 50.1734, 54.2244.



This preview shows how white text looks on a background with the XYZ color 46.9344, 50.1734,



# Color Blindness Simulation

Color vision deficiency is a very complex topic, and I could not describe the different causes any better than Wikipedia does, so if you want to learn more, you should check out their [article about color blindness](#).

## Dichromacy



### Original Color

46.9344, 50.1734, 54.2244

### Protanopia

48.1191, 50.1622, 53.6005

### Deuteranopia

50.9819, 50.0659, 54.5536



## Tritanopia

48.6807, 50.2440, 63.0094

# Trichromacy



## Original Color

46.9344, 50.1734, 54.2244

## Protanomaly

47.5852, 50.2030, 53.6365

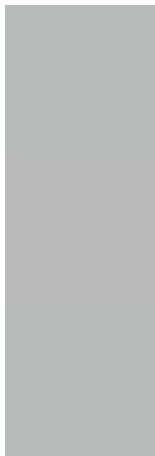
## Deuteranomaly

49.4520, 50.1991, 54.6599

## Tritanomaly

48.0688, 50.3119, 60.0010

# Monochromacy



## Original Color

46.9344, 50.1734, 54.2244

## Achromatopsia

47.2335, 49.6933, 54.1160

## Achromatomaly

47.2026, 49.9934, 54.1756

# CSS Examples

## Text

The CSS property to change the color of the text to XYZ 46.9344, 50.1734, 54.2244 is called "color". The color property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows how text in the color `rgb(184, 189, 187)` looks like.

```
.text, #text, p{  
    color:rgb(184, 189, 187)  
}
```

If you want to add a text shadow in that color use the text-shadow property, you can generate a text shadow directly with our [CSS Text Shadow Generator](#).

Here you see how black text with a 4 pixel rgb(184, 189, 187) colored shadow looks like.

```
.shadow{ text-shadow: 4px 4px 2px rgb(184, 189, 187) }
```

## Border

The CSS property to change the border of an element to XYZ 46.9344, 50.1734, 54.2244 is called "border". The border property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows the color as border, it can be applied via the CSS property "border" or "border-color".

```
.border, #border, table{ border:4px solid rgb(184, 189, 187) }
```



If only the border color should be changed use the property `border-color`.

```
.border{ border-color:rgb(184, 189, 187) }
```

If you want to add a box shadow in that color use:

Here you see how a box with a 4 pixel `rgb(184, 189, 187)` colored shadow looks like.

```
.boxshadow{ -moz-box-shadow:4px 4px 4px  
4px rgb(184, 189, 187); -webkit-box-  
shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(184, 189, 187);  
box-shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(184, 189,  
187) }
```

# Background

The CSS property to change the background color of an element to XYZ 46.9344, 50.1734, 54.2244 is called "background". The background property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

```
.background, #background, body{  
background: rgb(184, 189, 187) }
```

If only the background color should be changed can be used:

```
.background{ background-color: rgb(184,  
189, 187) }
```

This example shows the color as background, it is applied via the CSS property "background".

To optimize and compress your CSS code, you can use our [online CSS compressor and optimizer](#) based on csstidy. If you want to create a linear or radial gradient as background or border, check our [CSS Gradient Generator](#).

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