

# Converting Colors

XYZ(47.2021, 30.9247, 32.1245)

Have a look what the booklet for  
XYZ(47.2021, 30.9247, 32.1245)  
contains.

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# Color

**XYZ(47.3174, 30.9572,  
32.3356)**

# Conversions

## Conversions Part 1

<b>Format</b>	<b>Color</b>
Hex	F36796
RGB	243, 103, 150
RGB Percent	95%, 40%, 59%
CMY	0.0471, 0.5960, 0.4118
CMYK	0.00, 0.58, 0.38, 0.05
HSL	340°, 85%, 68%
HSV	340°, 58%, 95%
XYZ	47.3174, 30.9572, 32.3356
YIQ	150.2180, 68.3530, 44.2970

# Conversions

## Conversions Part 2

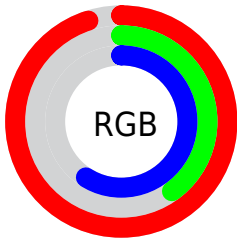
<b>Format</b>	<b>Color</b>
<b>R<sub>YB</sub></b>	243, 103, 150
Decimal	15951766
CIE <sub>Lab</sub>	62.47, 58.04, 1.86
CIE <sub>LCh</sub>	62, 58.066, 1.836
Yxy	30.9572, 0.4278, 0.2799
Android (android.graphics.Color)	4294141846 (0xFFFF36796)
YUV	150.2180, -0.1075, 81.3698
Hunter-Lab	55.6392, 54.4337, 4.4901

# Details

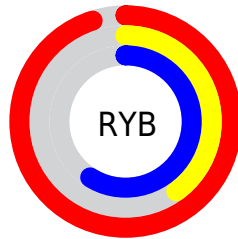
The XYZ color **47.3174, 30.9572, 32.3356** is a light color, and the websafe version is hex **FF6699**. A complement of this color would be **47.6097, 70.9710, 63.4184**, and the grayscale version is **29.0633, 30.5768, 33.2982**.

A 20% lighter version of the original color is **64.5372, 50.4159, 63.4565**, and **22.7190, 12.8449, 13.0863** is the 20% darker color. If you saturate the color by 10%, you get **44.0302, 26.3219, 25.2622**, and if you desaturate by 10%, it is **51.4875, 37.0716, 40.5874**.

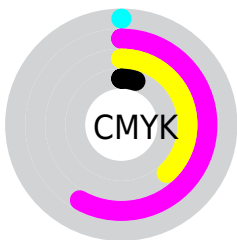
# Distribution



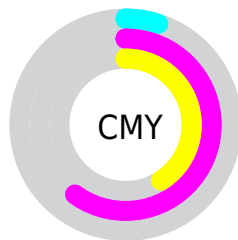
- Red (95%)
- Green (40%)
- Blue (59%)



- Red (95%)
- Yellow (40%)
- Blue (59%)



- Cyan (0%)
- Magenta (58%)
- Yellow (38%)
- Black (5%)




- Cyan (5%)
- Magenta (60%)
- Yellow (41%)


# Brightness & Saturation Gradients

These gradients show how the XYZ color 47.3174, 30.9572, 32.3356 changes by changing the brightness by 10 percent. The first figure shows a shift by +10% for each color and the second figure -10%.

Similar to the brightness gradients but the following saturation gradients show a change of the XYZ color 47.3174, 30.9572, 32.3356 by changing the saturation by 10% instead.





 47.3174, 30.9572,  
32.3356

 47.3174, 30.9572,  
32.3356


366.7078,  
306.3411, 327.1849

 33.4956, 20.5663,  
21.3510


 85.4031, 61.1727,  
64.4408


 22.6675, 12.8073,  
13.1871


 110.3977, 81.7660,  
86.3986

 14.4675, 7.2960,  
7.4253


 139.8473,  
106.5289, 112.8511

 8.5304, 3.6479,  
3.6470

 174.1173,  
135.8458, 144.2170

 4.4908, 1.4786,  
1.4338

213.5730,  
170.1011, 180.9148

 1.9834, 0.2736,  
0.1678

258.5797,

 0.6246, 0.0000,

209.6791, 223.3630

0.0000

309.5029,  
254.9643, 271.9802

■ 0.0000, 0.0000,  
0.0000

■ 47.3174, 30.9572,  
32.3356

■ 47.3174, 30.9572,  
32.3356

■ 44.0302, 26.3219,  
25.2622

■ 51.4875, 37.0716,  
40.5874

■ 41.5534, 23.0324,  
19.3064

■ 56.6000, 44.7734,  
50.0704

■ 39.8062, 20.9395,  
14.4030

■ 62.7121, 54.1664,  
60.8361

■ 38.6819, 19.8435,  
10.4753

■ 69.8755, 65.3440,  
72.9322

■ 38.4688, 19.6573,  
9.6639

■ 78.1382, 78.3930,  
86.4038

■ 87.5452, 93.3941,  
101.2939

■ 90.7721, 97.7947,  
108.6998

# Harmonies

## Analogous

The Analogous color harmony consists of three colors that are next to each other on the color wheel.



44.9075, 30.9572, 58.6212



47.3174, 30.9572, 32.3356



44.2669, 30.9572, 15.6059

# Triad

The Triadic color harmony groups three colors that are evenly spaced from another and form a triangle on the color wheel.



47.3174, 30.9572, 32.3356



22.1324, 30.9572, 8.6463



22.8353, 30.9572, 88.2706

# Complementary

The Complementary color scheme is a pair of colors which are on the opposite of each other on the color wheel.



47.3174, 30.9572, 32.3356



47.6097, 70.9710, 63.4184

# Split Complementary

Split-complementary colors differ from the complementary color scheme. The scheme consists of three colors, the original color and two neighbors of the complement color.



18.3362, 30.9572, 62.1738



47.3174, 30.9572, 32.3356



17.9842, 30.9572, 17.0922

# Square

The Square scheme is like the rectangle color scheme, but the four colors are evenly spaced on the color wheel.



47.3174, 30.9572, 32.3356



28.9410, 30.9572, 6.2765



16.7280, 30.9572, 35.1169



29.9121, 30.9572, 98.3519



# Rectangle

The Rectangle color scheme consists of four colors that form a rectangle on the color wheel.



47.3174, 30.9572, 32.3356



39.8160, 30.9572, 9.8038



16.7280, 30.9572, 35.1169



21.0183, 30.9572, 80.6394

# Sweetspot

The Sweet Spot groups the original color and five complimentary colors.



47.3182, 30.9588, 32.3362



78.4513, 73.6742, 82.1825



43.2776, 27.6429, 87.8486



16.4235, 15.1913, 16.9788



0.0000, 0.0000, 0.0000



20.3446, 21.4041, 23.3091



# Same Dimension

The Same Dimension uses a secret algorithm to generate beautiful new colors.



47.3182, 30.9588, 32.3362



48.6352, 28.6974, 27.0635



46.6192, 34.4511, 17.0268



16.7286, 16.5743, 18.3174



21.1691, 10.8111, 5.5988



1.9065, 0.9685, 0.7338



# Inverse Universe

The Inverse Universe completely reimagines the original color for something new.



47.3182, 30.9588, 32.3362



48.6352, 28.6974, 27.0635



47.8937, 61.5983, 94.1593



16.7286, 16.5743, 18.3174



21.1691, 10.8111, 5.5988



1.9065, 0.9685, 0.7338



# Previews

## White Background



This preview shows how the XYZ color 47.3174, 30.9572, 32.3356 looks on a white background.

## Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA × Fail

Any Text WCAG AA × Fail

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA × Fail

Any Text WCAG AAA × Fail



# Black Background



This preview shows how the XYZ color 47.3174, 30.9572, 32.3356 looks on a black background.

## Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

If you want to check with other color combinations, try the [Color Contrast Checker](#).

**XYZ 47.3174, 30.9572, 32.3356**

## **Background**



This preview shows how black text looks on a background with the XYZ color 47.3174, 30.9572, 32.3356.



This preview shows how white text looks on a background with the XYZ color 47.3174, 30.9572,



# Color Blindness Simulation

Color vision deficiency is a very complex topic, and I could not describe the different causes any better than Wikipedia does, so if you want to learn more, you should check out their [article about color blindness](#).

## Dichromacy



### Original Color

47.3174, 30.9572, 32.3356

### Protanopia

30.7963, 31.1380, 46.5066

### Deuteranopia

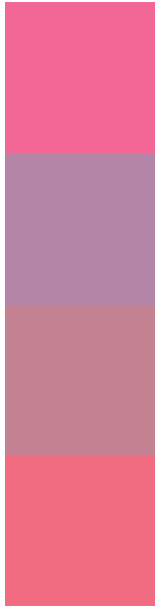
31.5990, 30.9760, 30.3001



## Tritanopia

44.7220, 30.9615, 20.4487

# Trichromacy



## Original Color

47.3174, 30.9572, 32.3356

## Protanomaly

34.5115, 29.4260, 40.9066

## Deuteranomaly

35.9359, 29.7763, 31.0475

## Tritanomaly

45.4958, 30.8011, 24.3162

# Monochromacy



## Original Color

47.3174, 30.9572, 32.3356

## Achromatopsia

28.9890, 30.4987, 33.2131

## Achromatomaly

33.6597, 29.1674, 32.7100

# CSS Examples

## Text

The CSS property to change the color of the text to XYZ 47.3174, 30.9572, 32.3356 is called "color". The color property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows how text in the color `rgb(243, 103, 150)` looks like.

```
.text, #text, p{  
    color:rgb(243, 103, 150)  
}
```

If you want to add a text shadow in that color use the text-shadow property, you can generate a text shadow directly with our [CSS Text Shadow Generator](#).

Here you see how black text with a 4 pixel rgb(243, 103, 150) colored shadow looks like.

```
.shadow{ text-shadow: 4px 4px 2px rgb(243, 103, 150) }
```

## Border

The CSS property to change the border of an element to XYZ 47.3174, 30.9572, 32.3356 is called "border". The border property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows the color as border, it can be applied via the CSS property "border" or "border-color".

```
.border, #border, table{ border:4px solid rgb(243, 103, 150) }
```



If only the border color should be changed use the property `border-color`.

```
.border{ border-color:rgb(243, 103, 150) }
```

If you want to add a box shadow in that color use:

Here you see how a box with a 4 pixel `rgb(243, 103, 150)` colored shadow looks like.

```
.boxshadow{ -moz-box-shadow:4px 4px 4px  
4px rgb(243, 103, 150); -webkit-box-  
shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(243, 103, 150);  
box-shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(243, 103,  
150) }
```

# Background

The CSS property to change the background color of an element to XYZ 47.3174, 30.9572, 32.3356 is called "background". The background property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

```
.background, #background, body{  
background: rgb(243, 103, 150) }
```

If only the background color should be changed can be used:

```
.background{ background-color: rgb(243,  
103, 150) }
```

This example shows the color as background, it is applied via the CSS property "background".

To optimize and compress your CSS code, you can use our [online CSS compressor and optimizer](#) based on csstidy. If you want to create a linear or radial gradient as background or border, check our [CSS Gradient Generator](#).

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