

# Converting Colors

XYZ(47.2354, 49.0435, 54.0972)

Have a look what the booklet for  
XYZ(47.2354, 49.0435, 54.0972)  
contains.

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# Color

**XYZ(47.3049, 49.1046,  
53.9986)**

# Conversions

## Conversions Part 1

Format	Color
Hex	BDB9BB
RGB	189, 185, 187
RGB Percent	74%, 73%, 73%
CMY	0.2588, 0.2745, 0.2667
CMYK	0.00, 0.02, 0.01, 0.26
HSL	330°, 3%, 73%
HSV	330°, 2%, 74%
XYZ	47.3049, 49.1046, 53.9986
YIQ	186.4240, 1.7420, 1.4700

# Conversions

## Conversions Part 2

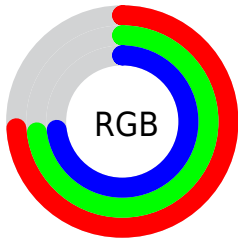
<b>Format</b>	<b>Color</b>
<b>RYB</b>	189, 185, 187
Decimal	12433851
CIELab	75.52, 1.77, -0.52
CIElCh	76, 1.849, 343.612
Yxy	49.1046, 0.3145, 0.3265
Android (android.graphics.Color)	4290623931 (0xFFBDB9BB)
YUV	186.4240, 0.2840, 2.2592
Hunter-Lab	70.0747, -2.1317, 3.3642

# Details

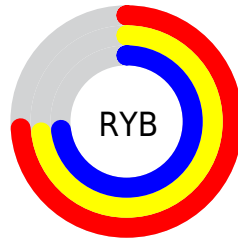
The XYZ color **47.3049, 49.1046, 53.9986** is a light color, and the websafe version is hex **CCCCCC**. A complement of this color would be **47.1767, 50.2987, 54.2384**, and the grayscale version is **46.9089, 49.3518, 53.7441**.

A 20% lighter version of the original color is **85.2891, 88.7941, 97.4378**, and **22.7077, 23.4580, 25.8853** is the 20% darker color. If you saturate the color by 10%, you get **42.6319, 41.3254, 47.6092**, and if you desaturate by 10%, it is **52.5730, 57.9659, 60.9167**.

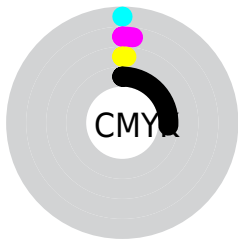
# Distribution



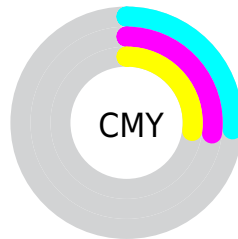
- Red (74%)
- Green (73%)
- Blue (73%)



- Red (74%)
- Yellow (73%)
- Blue (73%)



- Cyan (0%)
- Magenta (2%)
- Yellow (1%)
- Black (26%)



- Cyan (26%)
- Magenta (27%)
- Yellow (27%)

# Brightness & Saturation Gradients

These gradients show how the XYZ color 47.3049, 49.1046, 53.9986 changes by changing the brightness by 10 percent. The first figure shows a shift by +10% for each color and the second figure -10%.

Similar to the brightness gradients but the following saturation gradients show a change of the XYZ color 47.3049, 49.1046, 53.9986 by changing the saturation by 10% instead.



■ 47.3049, 49.1046,  
53.9986

■ 47.3049, 49.1046,  
53.9986

366.6589,  
383.1540, 419.2791

■ 33.4857, 34.7025,  
38.2074

■ 85.3845, 88.8468,  
97.5286

■ 22.6598, 23.4338,  
25.8406

110.3757,  
114.9556, 126.1044

■ 14.4618, 14.9141,  
16.4797

139.8216,  
145.7355, 159.7788

■ 8.5264, 8.7591,  
9.7062

174.0875,  
181.5708, 198.9704

■ 4.4882, 4.5844,  
5.1016

213.5388,  
222.8459, 244.0977

■ 1.9819, 2.0056,  
2.2472

258.5409,

■ 0.6237, 0.6107,

269.9452, 295.5792

0.7014

309.4592,  
323.2531, 353.8335

■ 0.0000, 0.0000,  
0.0000

■ 47.3049, 49.1046,  
53.9986

■ 47.3049, 49.1046,  
53.9986

■ 42.6319, 41.3254,  
47.6092

■ 52.5730, 57.9659,  
60.9167

■ 38.5280, 34.5803,  
41.7316

■ 58.4527, 67.9423,  
68.3731

■ 34.9712, 28.8271,  
36.3527

■ 64.9650, 79.0733,  
76.3816

■ 31.9368, 24.0180,  
31.4575

■ 70.3144, 87.7661,  
84.3493

■ 29.3978, 20.1016,  
27.0302

■ 71.6397, 88.2962,  
91.3282

■ 27.3248, 17.0212,  
23.0538

■ 73.0376, 88.8554,  
98.6894

■ 25.6849, 14.7137,  
19.5099

■ 74.5092, 89.4440,  
106.4386

■ 24.4409, 13.1070,  
16.3784

■ 74.7966, 89.5590,  
107.9522

■ 23.5484, 12.1148,  
13.6365

# Harmonies

## Analogous

The Analogous color harmony consists of three colors that are next to each other on the color wheel.



47.1266, 49.1046, 54.8390



47.3049, 49.1046, 53.9986



47.3132, 49.1046, 53.0254

# Triad

The Triadic color harmony groups three colors that are evenly spaced from another and form a triangle on the color wheel.



47.3049, 49.1046, 53.9986



46.5182, 49.1046, 51.6606



46.1989, 49.1046, 54.7735

# Complementary

The Complementary color scheme is a pair of colors which are on the opposite of each other on the color wheel.



47.3049, 49.1046, 53.9986



47.1767, 50.2987, 54.2384

# Split Complementary

Split-complementary colors differ from the complementary color scheme. The scheme consists of three colors, the original color and two neighbors of the complement color.



46.0375, 49.1046, 53.9101



47.3049, 49.1046, 53.9986



46.2212, 49.1046, 52.1172

# Square

The Square scheme is like the rectangle color scheme, but the four colors are evenly spaced on the color wheel.



47.3049, 49.1046, 53.9986



46.8579, 49.1046, 51.6836



46.0457, 49.1046, 52.9380



46.4875, 49.1046, 55.2901



# Rectangle

The Rectangle color scheme consists of four colors that form a rectangle on the color wheel.



47.3049, 49.1046, 53.9986



47.2211, 49.1046, 52.4328



46.0457, 49.1046, 52.9380



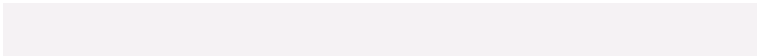
46.1280, 49.1046, 54.5138

# Sweetspot

The Sweet Spot groups the original color and five complimentary colors.



47.3063, 49.1067, 53.9997



85.7081, 89.5964, 98.0265



47.0296, 48.9392, 55.1124



18.4413, 19.2843, 21.0937



90.7827, 95.5105, 104.0109



18.6292, 19.5994, 21.3438



# Same Dimension

The Same Dimension uses a secret algorithm to generate beautiful new colors.



47.3063, 49.1067, 53.9997



83.8987, 86.5676, 95.6043



47.0939, 49.0218, 52.8815



10.3090, 10.5889, 11.7318



15.5309, 7.8435, 8.0895



0.6414, 0.3204, 0.4908

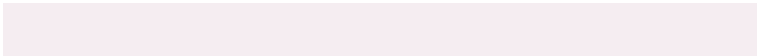


# Inverse Universe

The Inverse Universe completely reimagines the original color for something new.



47.3063, 49.1067, 53.9997



83.8987, 86.5676, 95.6043



47.3920, 50.3848, 55.3723



10.3090, 10.5889, 11.7318



15.5309, 7.8435, 8.0895



0.6414, 0.3204, 0.4908



# Previews

## White Background



This preview shows how the XYZ color 47.3049, 49.1046, 53.9986 looks on a white background.

## Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA × Fail

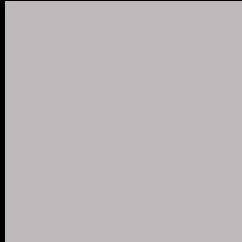
Any Text WCAG AA × Fail

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA × Fail

Any Text WCAG AAA × Fail



# Black Background



This preview shows how the XYZ color 47.3049, 49.1046, 53.9986 looks on a black background.

## Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AA ✓ Pass

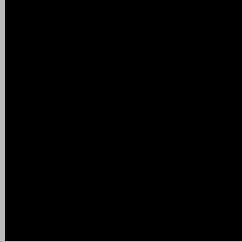
Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

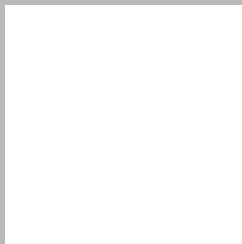
If you want to check with other color combinations, try the [Color Contrast Checker](#).

**XYZ 47.3049, 49.1046, 53.9986**

## **Background**



This preview shows how black text looks on a background with the XYZ color 47.3049, 49.1046, 53.9986.



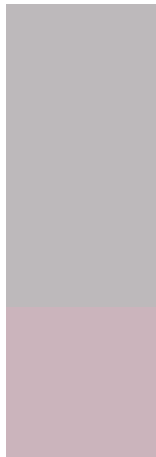
This preview shows how white text looks on a background with the XYZ color 47.3049, 49.1046,



# Color Blindness Simulation

Color vision deficiency is a very complex topic, and I could not describe the different causes any better than Wikipedia does, so if you want to learn more, you should check out their [article about color blindness](#).

## Dichromacy



### Original Color

47.3049, 49.1046, 53.9986

### Protanopia

47.3049, 49.1046, 53.9986

### Deuteranopia

50.0270, 48.9699, 54.3924



## Tritanopia

48.6124, 49.0206, 60.3258

# Trichromacy



## Original Color

47.3049, 49.1046, 53.9986

## Protanomaly

47.3049, 49.1046, 53.9986

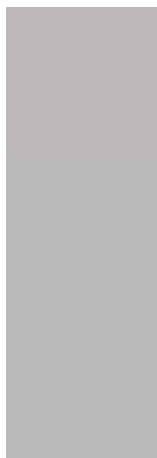
## Deuteranomaly

49.0938, 49.0925, 54.4652

## Tritanomaly

48.1133, 49.1232, 57.9848

# Monochromacy



## Original Color

47.3049, 49.1046, 53.9986

## Achromatopsia

46.6715, 49.1021, 53.4722

## Achromatomaly

46.9153, 49.2278, 53.4836

# CSS Examples

## Text

The CSS property to change the color of the text to XYZ 47.3049, 49.1046, 53.9986 is called "color". The color property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows how text in the color rgb(189, 185, 187) looks like.

```
.text, #text, p{  
    color:rgb(189, 185, 187)  
}
```

If you want to add a text shadow in that color use the text-shadow property, you can generate a text shadow directly with our [CSS Text Shadow Generator](#).

Here you see how black text with a 4 pixel rgb(189, 185, 187) colored shadow looks like.

```
.shadow{ text-shadow: 4px 4px 2px rgb(189, 185, 187) }
```

## Border

The CSS property to change the border of an element to XYZ 47.3049, 49.1046, 53.9986 is called "border". The border property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows the color as border, it can be applied via the CSS property "border" or "border-color".

```
.border, #border, table{ border:4px solid rgb(189, 185, 187) }
```



If only the border color should be changed use the property `border-color`.

```
.border{ border-color:rgb(189, 185, 187) }
```

If you want to add a box shadow in that color use:

Here you see how a box with a 4 pixel `rgb(189, 185, 187)` colored shadow looks like.

```
.boxshadow{ -moz-box-shadow:4px 4px 4px  
4px rgb(189, 185, 187); -webkit-box-  
shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(189, 185, 187);  
box-shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(189, 185,  
187) }
```

# Background

The CSS property to change the background color of an element to XYZ 47.3049, 49.1046, 53.9986 is called "background". The background property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

```
.background, #background, body{  
background: rgb(189, 185, 187) }
```

If only the background color should be changed can be used:

```
.background{ background-color: rgb(189,  
185, 187) }
```

This example shows the color as background, it is applied via the CSS property "background".

To optimize and compress your CSS code, you can use our [online CSS compressor and optimizer](#) based on csstidy. If you want to create a linear or radial gradient as background or border, check our [CSS Gradient Generator](#).

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