

# Converting Colors

XYZ(47.2578, 48.5730, 7.8979)

Have a look what the booklet for  
XYZ(47.2578, 48.5730, 7.8979)  
contains.

<b>XYZ(47.2596, 48.5689, 7.9208)</b> .....	3
<b><i>Conversions</i></b> .....	4
<b><i>Details</i></b> .....	6
<b><i>Harmonies</i></b> .....	12
<b><i>Previews</i></b> .....	24
<b><i>Color Blindness Simulation</i></b> .....	28
<b><i>CSS Examples</i></b> .....	31

# Color

**XYZ(47.2596, 48.5689,  
7.9208)**

# Conversions

## Conversions Part 1

Format	Color
Hex	E0B41B
RGB	224, 180, 27
RGB Percent	88%, 71%, 11%
CMY	0.1216, 0.2941, 0.8941
CMYK	0.00, 0.20, 0.88, 0.12
HSL	47°, 78%, 49%
HSV	47°, 88%, 88%
XYZ	47.2596, 48.5689, 7.9208
YIQ	175.7140, 75.3370, -38.2550

# Conversions

## Conversions Part 2

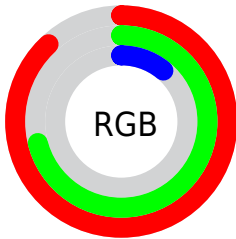
Format	Color
<a href="#">RYB</a>	<a href="#">84, 224, 27</a>
Decimal	<a href="#">14726171</a>
CIELab	<a href="#">75.18, 3.09, 73.72</a>
CIELCh	<a href="#">75, 73.786, 87.602</a>
Yxy	<a href="#">48.5689, 0.4555, 0.4681</a>
Android (android.graphics.Color)	<a href="#">4292916251 (0xFFE0B41B)</a>
YUV	<a href="#">175.7140, -73.3160, 42.3468</a>
Hunter-Lab	<a href="#">69.6914, -0.9143, 42.0453</a>

# Details

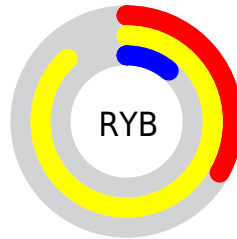
The XYZ color **47.2596, 48.5689, 7.9208** is a dark color, and the websafe version is hex **FFCC33**. The color can be described as middle washed orange. A complement of this color would be **16.1601, 10.1217, 71.6226**, and the grayscale version is **41.4617, 43.6209, 47.5032**.

A 20% lighter version of the original color is **72.8367, 81.4320, 21.7766**, and **23.0290, 23.3309, 3.2895** is the 20% darker color. If you saturate the color by 10%, you get **46.0962, 46.5186, 6.6818**, and if you desaturate by 10%, it is **48.6541, 50.7739, 10.1872**.

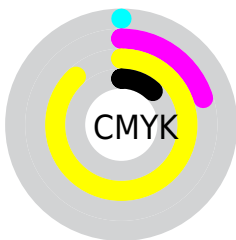
# Distribution



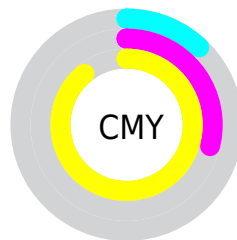
- Red (88%)
- Green (71%)
- Blue (11%)



- Red (33%)
- Yellow (88%)
- Blue (11%)



- Cyan (0%)
- Magenta (20%)
- Yellow (88%)
- Black (12%)



- Cyan (12%)
- Magenta (29%)
- Yellow (89%)

# Brightness & Saturation Gradients

These gradients show how the XYZ color 47.2596, 48.5689, 7.9208 changes by changing the brightness by 10 percent. The first figure shows a shift by +10% for each color and the second figure -10%.

Similar to the brightness gradients but the following saturation gradients show a change of the XYZ color 47.2596, 48.5689, 7.9208 by changing the saturation by 10% instead.



47.2596, 48.5689,  
7.9208

47.2596, 48.5689,  
7.9208

366.4814,  
381.0427, 185.0208

33.4497, 34.2776,  
3.9573

85.3174, 88.0508,  
22.3466

22.6321, 23.1070,  
1.6019

110.2960,  
114.0103, 33.6460

14.4413, 14.6725,  
0.2922

139.7283,  
144.6279, 48.2278

8.5120, 8.5899,  
0.0000

173.9795,  
180.2882, 66.5104

4.4788, 4.4747,  
0.0000

213.4151,  
221.3753, 88.9125

1.9764, 1.9425,  
0.0000

258.4004,

0.6207, 0.5737,

268.2739, 115.8526

0.0000

309.3007,  
321.3682, 147.7492

■ 0.0000, 0.0000,  
0.0000

■ 47.2596, 48.5689,  
7.9208

■ 47.2596, 48.5689,  
7.9208

■ 46.0962, 46.5186,  
6.6818

■ 48.6541, 50.7739,  
10.1872

■ 45.8713, 46.1093,  
6.4823

■ 50.3196, 53.1443,  
13.7040

■ 52.2882, 55.6954,  
18.6333

■ 54.5862, 58.4384,  
25.1120

■ 57.2369, 61.3831,  
33.2609

■ 60.2613, 64.5385,  
43.1886

■ 63.6785, 67.9129,  
54.9946

■ 67.5064, 71.5138,  
68.7711

■ 71.7616, 75.3485,  
84.6040

# Harmonies

## Analogous

The Analogous color harmony consists of three colors that are next to each other on the color wheel.



61.5420, 48.5689, 11.6361



47.2596, 48.5689, 7.9208



35.1343, 48.5689, 10.5372

# Triad

The Triadic color harmony groups three colors that are evenly spaced from another and form a triangle on the color wheel.



47.2596, 48.5689, 7.9208



26.7434, 48.5689, 95.4296



71.7798, 48.5689, 103.6528

# Complementary

The Complementary color scheme is a pair of colors which are on the opposite of each other on the color wheel.



47.2596, 48.5689, 7.9208



16.1601, 10.1217, 71.6226

# Split Complementary

Split-complementary colors differ from the complementary color scheme. The scheme consists of three colors, the original color and two neighbors of the complement color.



59.2880, 48.5689, 150.1202



47.2596, 48.5689, 7.9208



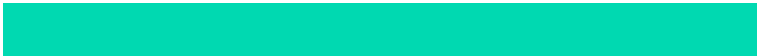
33.5871, 48.5689, 143.9608

# Square

The Square scheme is like the rectangle color scheme, but the four colors are evenly spaced on the color wheel.



47.2596, 48.5689, 7.9208



24.7543, 48.5689, 49.8288



45.0841, 48.5689, 167.6190



77.3174, 48.5689, 56.0601



# Rectangle

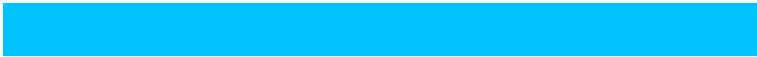
The Rectangle color scheme consists of four colors that form a rectangle on the color wheel.



47.2596, 48.5689, 7.9208



29.5019, 48.5689, 16.8888



45.0841, 48.5689, 167.6190



68.1485, 48.5689, 120.6554

# Sweetspot

The Sweet Spot groups the original color and five complimentary colors.



47.2607, 48.5713, 7.9217



81.6098, 87.3552, 60.5335



32.3342, 17.1122, 7.8975



17.1454, 18.3706, 11.8693



0.0000, 0.0000, 0.0000



20.3446, 21.4041, 23.3091



# Same Dimension

The Same Dimension uses a secret algorithm to generate beautiful new colors.



47.2607, 48.5713, 7.9217



61.4458, 61.6716, 8.6653



43.7503, 62.1009, 10.7182



14.5986, 15.4831, 14.5259



26.7899, 27.0178, 3.8030



1.9216, 2.0020, 0.2852



# Inverse Universe

The Inverse Universe completely reimagines the original color for something new.



16.1601, 10.1217, 71.6226



19.5106, 10.1412, 95.5369



17.1162, 7.8516, 71.1340



13.1991, 13.7373, 17.3436



8.5668, 4.6031, 41.4853



0.6605, 0.4524, 2.8978



# Previews

## White Background



This preview shows how the XYZ color 47.2596, 48.5689, 7.9208 looks on a white background.

## Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA × Fail

Any Text WCAG AA × Fail

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA × Fail

Any Text WCAG AAA × Fail



# Black Background



This preview shows how the XYZ color 47.2596, 48.5689, 7.9208 looks on a black background.

## Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

If you want to check with other color combinations, try the [Color Contrast Checker](#).

**XYZ 47.2596, 48.5689, 7.9208**

## **Background**



This preview shows how black text looks on a background with the XYZ color 47.2596, 48.5689, 7.9208.



This preview shows how white text looks on a background with the XYZ color 47.2596, 48.5689,



# Color Blindness Simulation

Color vision deficiency is a very complex topic, and I could not describe the different causes any better than Wikipedia does, so if you want to learn more, you should check out their [article about color blindness](#).

## Dichromacy



### Original Color

47.2596, 48.5689, 7.9208

### Protanopia

44.0752, 48.7618, 8.2514

### Deuteranopia

49.6914, 48.6368, 7.9971



## Tritanopia

55.6612, 48.2564, 49.5608

# Trichromacy



## Original Color

47.2596, 48.5689, 7.9208

## Protanomaly

45.0816, 48.6610, 8.1151

## Deuteranomaly

48.5770, 48.3560, 7.9357

## Tritanomaly

51.0237, 47.7833, 25.6026

# Monochromacy



## Original Color

47.2596, 48.5689, 7.9208

## Achromatopsia

41.2663, 43.4154, 47.2793

## Achromatomaly

41.2273, 44.1869, 24.7684

# CSS Examples

## Text

The CSS property to change the color of the text to XYZ 47.2596, 48.5689, 7.9208 is called "color". The color property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows how text in the color `rgb(224, 180, 27)` looks like.

```
.text, #text, p{  
    color:rgb(224, 180, 27)  
}
```

If you want to add a text shadow in that color use the text-shadow property, you can generate a text shadow directly with our [CSS Text Shadow Generator](#).

Here you see how black text with a 4 pixel rgb(224, 180, 27) colored shadow looks like.

```
.shadow{ text-shadow: 4px 4px 2px rgb(224, 180, 27) }
```

## Border

The CSS property to change the border of an element to XYZ 47.2596, 48.5689, 7.9208 is called "border". The border property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows the color as border, it can be applied via the CSS property "border" or "border-color".

```
.border, #border, table{ border:4px solid rgb(224, 180, 27) }
```



If only the border color should be changed use the property border-color.

```
.border{ border-color:rgb(224, 180, 27) }
```

If you want to add a box shadow in that color use:

Here you see how a box with a 4 pixel rgb(224, 180, 27) colored shadow looks like.

```
.boxshadow{ -moz-box-shadow:4px 4px 4px  
4px rgb(224, 180, 27); -webkit-box-  
shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(224, 180, 27);  
box-shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(224, 180,  
27) }
```

# Background

The CSS property to change the background color of an element to XYZ 47.2596, 48.5689, 7.9208 is called "background". The background property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

```
.background, #background, body{  
background: rgb(224, 180, 27) }
```

If only the background color should be changed can be used:

```
.background{ background-color: rgb(224,  
180, 27) }
```

This example shows the color as background, it is applied via the CSS property "background".

To optimize and compress your CSS code, you can use our [online CSS compressor and optimizer](#) based on csstidy. If you want to create a linear or radial gradient as background or border, check our [CSS Gradient Generator](#).

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