

# Converting Colors

XYZ(47.2662, 60.1143, 83.0049)

Have a look what the booklet for  
XYZ(47.2662, 60.1143, 83.0049)  
contains.

<b>XYZ(47.2403, 59.9375, 83.2080)</b> .....	3
<b><i>Conversions</i></b> .....	4
<b><i>Details</i></b> .....	6
<b><i>Harmonies</i></b> .....	12
<b><i>Previews</i></b> .....	24
<b><i>Color Blindness Simulation</i></b> .....	28
<b><i>CSS Examples</i></b> .....	31

# Color

**XYZ(47.2403, 59.9375,  
83.2080)**

# Conversions

## Conversions Part 1

Format	Color
Hex	7ADA E5
RGB	122, 218, 229
RGB Percent	48%, 85%, 90%
CMY	0.5215, 0.1451, 0.1020
CMYK	0.47, 0.05, 0.00, 0.10
HSL	186°, 67%, 69%
HSV	186°, 47%, 90%
XYZ	47.2403, 59.9375, 83.2080
YIQ	190.5500, -60.7470, -16.9310

# Conversions

## Conversions Part 2

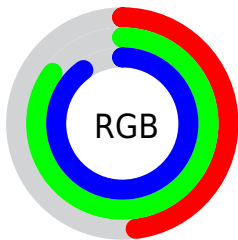
Format	Color
R <sub>YB</sub>	122, 173, 229
Decimal	8051429
CIE Lab	81.80, -25.51, -14.22
CIE LCh	82, 29.207, 209.143
Yxy	59.9375, 0.2481, 0.3148
Android (android.graphics.Color)	4286241509 (0xFF7ADA E5)
YUV	190.5500, 18.9559, -60.1183
Hunter-Lab	77.4193, -26.5653, -9.5296

# Details

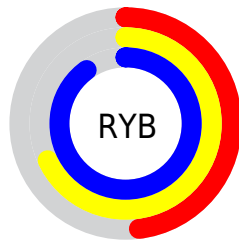
The XYZ color **47.2403, 59.9375, 83.2080** is a light color, and the websafe version is hex **66CCCC**. A complement of this color would be **44.2146, 34.8393, 22.8083**, and the grayscale version is **49.1815, 51.7427, 56.3478**.

A 20% lighter version of the original color is **72.6324, 88.4433, 107.8509**, and **22.7238, 30.2745, 44.6903** is the 20% darker color. If you saturate the color by 10%, you get **43.7663, 57.2482, 82.8731**, and if you desaturate by 10%, it is **51.4905, 63.0426, 83.5844**.

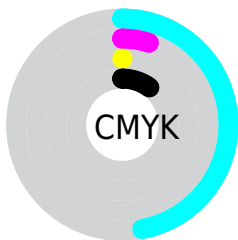
# Distribution



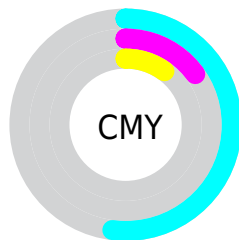
- Red (48%)
- Green (85%)
- Blue (90%)



- Red (48%)
- Yellow (68%)
- Blue (90%)



- Cyan (47%)
- Magenta (5%)
- Yellow (0%)
- Black (10%)



- Cyan (52%)
- Magenta (15%)
- Yellow (10%)

# Brightness & Saturation Gradients

These gradients show how the XYZ color 47.2403, 59.9375, 83.2080 changes by changing the brightness by 10 percent. The first figure shows a shift by +10% for each color and the second figure -10%.

Similar to the brightness gradients but the following saturation gradients show a change of the XYZ color 47.2403, 59.9375, 83.2080 by changing the saturation by 10% instead.



47.2403, 59.9375,  
83.2080

47.2403, 59.9375,  
83.2080

366.4058,  
424.3674, 525.6686

33.4344, 43.3683,  
61.8202

85.2888, 104.7390,  
139.7186

22.6203, 30.1742,  
44.4525

110.2620,  
133.7400, 175.6784

14.4325, 19.9708,  
30.6866

139.6885,  
167.6538, 217.3326

8.5058, 12.3738,  
20.1039

173.9335,  
206.8647, 265.0998

4.4748, 6.9988,  
12.2858

213.3623,  
251.7571, 319.3984

1.9741, 3.4614,  
6.8137

258.3405,

0.6193, 1.3771,

302.7154, 380.6471

3.2692

309.2332,  
360.1240, 449.2643

■ 0.0000, 0.1997,  
1.2337

■ 0.0000, 0.0000,  
0.0065

■ 47.2403, 59.9375,  
83.2080

■ 47.2403, 59.9375,  
83.2080

■ 43.7663, 57.2482,  
82.8731

■ 51.4905, 63.0426,  
83.5844

■ 41.0086, 54.9396,  
82.5728


■ 56.5607, 66.5819,  
84.0003

■ 38.9072, 52.9821,  
82.3057


■ 62.4977, 70.5811,  
84.4593


■ 37.3899, 51.3385,  
82.0685


■ 69.3434, 75.0617,  
84.9634


 36.3648, 49.9612,  
81.8566


 77.1369, 80.0440,  
85.5143

 36.0853, 49.5417,  
81.7904

 84.2753, 84.7018,  
86.0371

 84.9429, 86.0368,  
86.2596

 85.6193, 87.3897,  
86.4851

 86.3047, 88.7605,  
86.7135

# Harmonies

## Analogous

The Analogous color harmony consists of three colors that are next to each other on the color wheel.



45.9307, 59.9375, 64.7559



47.2403, 59.9375, 83.2080



51.1090, 59.9375, 98.9151

# Triad

The Triadic color harmony groups three colors that are evenly spaced from another and form a triangle on the color wheel.



47.2403, 59.9375, 83.2080



67.7499, 59.9375, 84.2452



57.1461, 59.9375, 36.8881

# Complementary

The Complementary color scheme is a pair of colors which are on the opposite of each other on the color wheel.



47.2403, 59.9375, 83.2080



44.2146, 34.8393, 22.8083

# Split Complementary

Split-complementary colors differ from the complementary color scheme. The scheme consists of three colors, the original color and two neighbors of the complement color.



63.2602, 59.9375, 40.2650



47.2403, 59.9375, 83.2080



69.6471, 59.9375, 65.7703

# Square

The Square scheme is like the rectangle color scheme, but the four colors are evenly spaced on the color wheel.



47.2403, 59.9375, 83.2080



62.9318, 59.9375, 99.5859



67.9489, 59.9375, 50.1014



51.3949, 59.9375, 39.8986

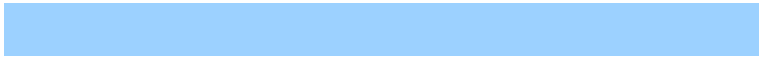


# Rectangle

The Rectangle color scheme consists of four colors that form a rectangle on the color wheel.



47.2403, 59.9375, 83.2080



54.7675, 59.9375, 104.5516



67.9489, 59.9375, 50.1014



59.2283, 59.9375, 37.3020

# Sweetspot

The Sweet Spot groups the original color and five complimentary colors.



47.2421, 59.9398, 83.2094



81.9543, 91.5277, 107.9549



40.2597, 61.8627, 31.9022



17.1546, 19.3351, 23.0778



0.0000, 0.0000, 0.0000



20.3446, 21.4041, 23.3091



# Same Dimension

The Same Dimension uses a secret algorithm to generate beautiful new colors.



47.2421, 59.9398, 83.2094



56.0125, 73.1878, 105.7822



35.5895, 36.6346, 79.3252



14.6742, 16.0699, 18.4727



20.6834, 28.4290, 46.7804



1.5651, 2.1741, 3.4691



# Inverse Universe

The Inverse Universe completely reimagines the original color for something new.



51.9291, 35.6407, 70.4745



62.8323, 39.2030, 86.9444



53.4284, 53.2669, 25.8795



14.9279, 14.5884, 17.8208



24.8336, 12.0676, 34.3481

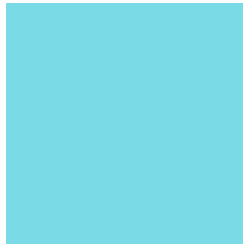


1.8536, 0.8992, 2.6357



# Previews

## White Background



This preview shows how the XYZ color 47.2403, 59.9375, 83.2080 looks on a white background.

## Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA × Fail

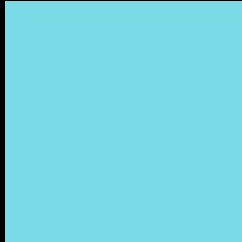
Any Text WCAG AA × Fail

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA × Fail

Any Text WCAG AAA × Fail



# Black Background



This preview shows how the XYZ color 47.2403, 59.9375, 83.2080 looks on a black background.

## Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

If you want to check with other color combinations, try the [Color Contrast Checker](#).

**XYZ 47.2403, 59.9375, 83.2080**

## **Background**



This preview shows how black text looks on a background with the XYZ color 47.2403, 59.9375, 83.2080.



This preview shows how white text looks on a background with the XYZ color 47.2403, 59.9375,



# Color Blindness Simulation

Color vision deficiency is a very complex topic, and I could not describe the different causes any better than Wikipedia does, so if you want to learn more, you should check out their [article about color blindness](#).

## Dichromacy



### Original Color

47.2403, 59.9375, 83.2080

### Protanopia

57.6289, 59.2528, 74.7292

### Deuteranopia

60.4064, 59.0811, 85.3108



## Tritanopia

48.1204, 59.9090, 87.6246

# Trichromacy



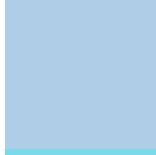
## Original Color

47.2403, 59.9375, 83.2080



## Protanomaly

52.5109, 58.6702, 77.6641



## Deuteranomaly

54.3013, 58.7189, 84.8158



## Tritanomaly

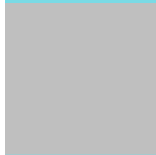
47.6892, 59.7199, 86.1044

# Monochromacy



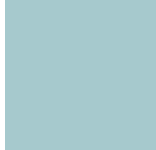
## Original Color

47.2403, 59.9375, 83.2080



## Achromatopsia

49.5206, 52.0996, 56.7364



## Achromatomaly

47.6320, 54.2881, 65.7258

# CSS Examples

## Text

The CSS property to change the color of the text to XYZ 47.2403, 59.9375, 83.2080 is called "color". The color property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows how text in the color `rgb(122, 218, 229)` looks like.

```
.text, #text, p{  
    color:rgb(122, 218, 229)  
}
```

If you want to add a text shadow in that color use the text-shadow property, you can generate a text shadow directly with our [CSS Text Shadow Generator](#).

Here you see how black text with a 4 pixel rgb(122, 218, 229) colored shadow looks like.

```
.shadow{ text-shadow: 4px 4px 2px rgb(122, 218, 229) }
```

## Border

The CSS property to change the border of an element to XYZ 47.2403, 59.9375, 83.2080 is called "border". The border property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows the color as border, it can be applied via the CSS property "border" or "border-color".

```
.border, #border, table{ border:4px solid rgb(122, 218, 229) }
```



If only the border color should be changed use the property `border-color`.

```
.border{ border-color:rgb(122, 218, 229) }
```

If you want to add a box shadow in that color use:

Here you see how a box with a 4 pixel `rgb(122, 218, 229)` colored shadow looks like.

```
.boxshadow{ -moz-box-shadow:4px 4px 4px  
4px rgb(122, 218, 229); -webkit-box-  
shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(122, 218, 229);  
box-shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(122, 218,  
229) }
```

# Background

The CSS property to change the background color of an element to XYZ 47.2403, 59.9375, 83.2080 is called "background". The background property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

```
.background, #background, body{  
background: rgb(122, 218, 229) }
```

If only the background color should be changed can be used:

```
.background{ background-color: rgb(122,  
218, 229) }
```

This example shows the color as background, it is applied via the CSS property "background".

To optimize and compress your CSS code, you can use our [online CSS compressor and optimizer](#) based on csstidy. If you want to create a linear or radial gradient as background or border, check our [CSS Gradient Generator](#).

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