

# Converting Colors

XYZ(47.3008, 55.5644, 47.9716)

Have a look what the booklet for  
XYZ(47.3008, 55.5644, 47.9716)  
contains.

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# Color

**XYZ(47.2672, 55.5500,  
47.7661)**

# Conversions

## Conversions Part 1

Format	Color
Hex	B1CCAD
RGB	177, 204, 173
RGB Percent	69%, 80%, 68%
CMY	0.3059, 0.2000, 0.3216
CMYK	0.13, 0.00, 0.15, 0.20
HSL	112°, 23%, 74%
HSV	112°, 15%, 80%
XYZ	47.2672, 55.5500, 47.7661
YIQ	192.3930, -6.1410, -15.3650

# Conversions

## Conversions Part 2

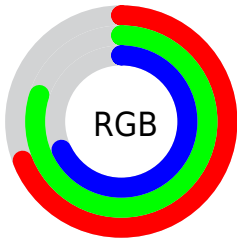
Format	Color
<a href="#">RYB</a>	<a href="#">173, 204, 200</a>
Decimal	<a href="#">11652269</a>
CIELab	<a href="#">79.36, -14.89, 12.44</a>
CIELCh	<a href="#">79, 19.401, 140.112</a>
Yxy	<a href="#">55.5500, 0.3139, 0.3689</a>
Android (android.graphics.Color)	<a href="#">4289842349 (0xFFB1CCAD)</a>
YUV	<a href="#">192.3930, -9.5607, -13.4997</a>
Hunter-Lab	<a href="#">74.5319, -17.2283, 14.1744</a>

# Details

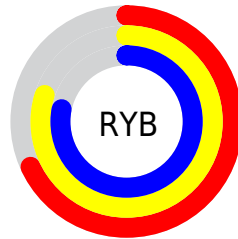
The XYZ color **47.2672, 55.5500, 47.7661** is a light color, and the websafe version is hex **99CC99**. A complement of this color would be **49.6642, 46.5276, 63.4928**, and the grayscale version is **50.3907, 53.0149, 57.7332**.

A 20% lighter version of the original color is **83.3679, 94.4451, 87.2346**, and **22.6697, 27.4783, 22.1982** is the 20% darker color. If you saturate the color by 10%, you get **41.6551, 52.8694, 37.9739**, and if you desaturate by 10%, it is **53.7108, 58.6276, 59.1729**.

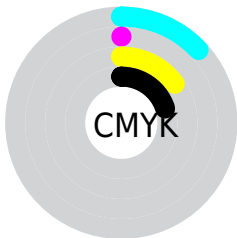
# Distribution



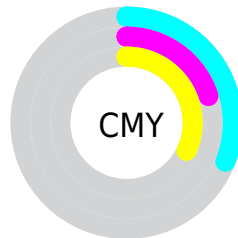
- Red (69%)
- Green (80%)
- Blue (68%)



- Red (68%)
- Yellow (80%)
- Blue (78%)



- Cyan (13%)
- Magenta (0%)
- Yellow (15%)
- Black (20%)



- Cyan (31%)
- Magenta (20%)
- Yellow (32%)

# Brightness & Saturation Gradients

These gradients show how the XYZ color 47.2672, 55.5500, 47.7661 changes by changing the brightness by 10 percent. The first figure shows a shift by +10% for each color and the second figure -10%.

Similar to the brightness gradients but the following saturation gradients show a change of the XYZ color 47.2672, 55.5500, 47.7661 by changing the saturation by 10% instead.



■ 47.2672, 55.5500,  
47.7661

■ 47.2672, 55.5500,  
47.7661

366.5112,  
407.9934, 394.3462

■ 33.4558, 39.8422,  
33.2830

■ 85.3286, 98.3463,  
88.2180

■ 22.6367, 27.4156,  
22.0705

110.3094,  
126.2037, 115.0238

■ 14.4447, 17.8856,  
13.7099

139.7439,  
158.8797, 146.7744

■ 8.5144, 10.8679,  
7.7827

173.9976,  
196.7588, 183.8881

■ 4.4804, 5.9781,  
3.8705

213.4358,  
240.2253, 226.7837

■ 1.9773, 2.8317,  
1.5545

258.4239,

■ 0.6212, 1.0445,

289.6636, 275.8795

0.2581

309.3273,  
345.4582, 331.5941

■ 0.0000, 0.0000,  
0.0000

■ 47.2672, 55.5500,  
47.7661

■ 47.2672, 55.5500,  
47.7661

■ 41.6551, 52.8694,  
37.9739

■ 53.7108, 58.6276,  
59.1729

■ 36.8362, 50.5629,  
29.7200

■ 61.0132, 62.1101,  
72.2589

■ 32.7757, 48.6158,  
22.9273

■ 69.2062, 66.0139,  
87.0893

■ 29.4348, 47.0099,  
17.5106

■ 78.3184, 70.3527,  
103.7250

■ 26.7708, 45.7253,  
13.3760

■ 80.8840, 71.6679,  
104.1780

■ 24.7367, 44.7401,  
10.4177

■ 23.2792, 44.0293,  
8.5132

■ 22.3358, 43.5641,  
7.5129

■ 22.0282, 43.4118,  
7.2183

# Harmonies

## Analogous

The Analogous color harmony consists of three colors that are next to each other on the color wheel.



50.2693, 55.5500, 42.5238



47.2672, 55.5500, 47.7661



45.7704, 55.5500, 56.8816

# Triad

The Triadic color harmony groups three colors that are evenly spaced from another and form a triangle on the color wheel.



47.2672, 55.5500, 47.7661



51.5251, 55.5500, 84.1256



60.1349, 55.5500, 53.4166

# Complementary

The Complementary color scheme is a pair of colors which are on the opposite of each other on the color wheel.



47.2672, 55.5500, 47.7661



49.6642, 46.5276, 63.4928

# Split Complementary

Split-complementary colors differ from the complementary color scheme. The scheme consists of three colors, the original color and two neighbors of the complement color.



60.5118, 55.5500, 64.2365



47.2672, 55.5500, 47.7661



55.4114, 55.5500, 82.9011

# Square

The Square scheme is like the rectangle color scheme, but the four colors are evenly spaced on the color wheel.



47.2672, 55.5500, 47.7661



48.1477, 55.5500, 78.4464



58.7455, 55.5500, 75.2811



57.7398, 55.5500, 45.4978



# Rectangle

The Rectangle color scheme consists of four colors that form a rectangle on the color wheel.



47.2672, 55.5500, 47.7661



45.7750, 55.5500, 64.3223



58.7455, 55.5500, 75.2811



60.5062, 55.5500, 56.8025

# Sweetspot

The Sweet Spot groups the original color and five complimentary colors.



47.2687, 55.5524, 47.7673



89.0964, 97.1601, 98.2593



53.0705, 57.1040, 47.7610



18.8975, 20.7138, 20.7238



0.0000, 0.0000, 0.0000



20.3446, 21.4041, 23.3091

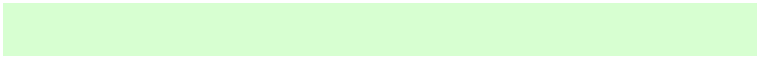


# Same Dimension

The Same Dimension uses a secret algorithm to generate beautiful new colors.



47.2687, 55.5524, 47.7673



75.3117, 90.5788, 73.9006



47.5184, 55.5485, 53.7681



11.2003, 12.6052, 11.9222



13.9083, 27.3453, 4.5451



0.7629, 1.4341, 0.2366



# Inverse Universe

The Inverse Universe completely reimagines the original color for something new.



49.6642, 46.5276, 63.4928



79.9699, 73.0242, 104.4879



49.4321, 46.5598, 56.6215



11.5396, 11.3275, 14.1486



18.4257, 8.7063, 36.6656

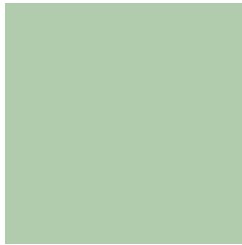


0.9912, 0.4701, 1.8934



# Previews

## White Background



This preview shows how the XYZ color 47.2672, 55.5500, 47.7661 looks on a white background.

## Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA × Fail

Any Text WCAG AA × Fail

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA × Fail

Any Text WCAG AAA × Fail



# Black Background



This preview shows how the XYZ color 47.2672, 55.5500, 47.7661 looks on a black background.

## Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

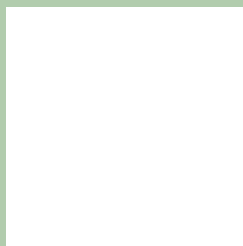
If you want to check with other color combinations, try the [Color Contrast Checker](#).

**XYZ 47.2672, 55.5500, 47.7661**

## **Background**



This preview shows how black text looks on a background with the XYZ color 47.2672, 55.5500, 47.7661.



This preview shows how white text looks on a background with the XYZ color 47.2672, 55.5500,

47.7661.

# Color Blindness Simulation

Color vision deficiency is a very complex topic, and I could not describe the different causes any better than Wikipedia does, so if you want to learn more, you should check out their [article about color blindness](#).

## Dichromacy



### Original Color

47.2672, 55.5500, 47.7661

### Protanopia

52.3550, 55.4662, 45.4828

### Deuteranopia

56.4655, 55.2178, 48.7563



## Tritanopia

52.0988, 55.4336, 71.5722

# Trichromacy



## Original Color

47.2672, 55.5500, 47.7661

## Protanomaly

50.1848, 55.3512, 46.0690

## Deuteranomaly

52.4832, 54.8005, 48.3688

## Tritanomaly

50.0191, 55.2558, 62.0620

# Monochromacy



## Original Color

47.2672, 55.5500, 47.7661

## Achromatopsia

50.1023, 52.7115, 57.4028

## Achromatomaly

48.9904, 53.5474, 53.6526

# CSS Examples

## Text

The CSS property to change the color of the text to XYZ 47.2672, 55.5500, 47.7661 is called "color". The color property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows how text in the color `rgb(177, 204, 173)` looks like.

```
.text, #text, p{  
    color:rgb(177, 204, 173)  
}
```

If you want to add a text shadow in that color use the text-shadow property, you can generate a text shadow directly with our [CSS Text Shadow Generator](#).

Here you see how black text with a 4 pixel rgb(177, 204, 173) colored shadow looks like.

```
.shadow{ text-shadow: 4px 4px 2px rgb(177, 204, 173) }
```

## Border

The CSS property to change the border of an element to XYZ 47.2672, 55.5500, 47.7661 is called "border". The border property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows the color as border, it can be applied via the CSS property "border" or "border-color".

```
.border, #border, table{ border:4px solid rgb(177, 204, 173) }
```



If only the border color should be changed use the property `border-color`.

```
.border{ border-color:rgb(177, 204, 173) }
```

If you want to add a box shadow in that color use:

Here you see how a box with a 4 pixel `rgb(177, 204, 173)` colored shadow looks like.

```
.boxshadow{ -moz-box-shadow:4px 4px 4px  
4px rgb(177, 204, 173); -webkit-box-  
shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(177, 204, 173);  
box-shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(177, 204,  
173) }
```

# Background

The CSS property to change the background color of an element to XYZ 47.2672, 55.5500, 47.7661 is called "background". The background property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

```
.background, #background, body{  
background: rgb(177, 204, 173) }
```

If only the background color should be changed can be used:

```
.background{ background-color: rgb(177,  
204, 173) }
```

This example shows the color as background, it is applied via the CSS property "background".

To optimize and compress your CSS code, you can use our [online CSS compressor and optimizer](#) based on csstidy. If you want to create a linear or radial gradient as background or border, check our [CSS Gradient Generator](#).

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