

# Converting Colors

XYZ(47.3323, 43.6590, 14.3204)

Have a look what the booklet for  
XYZ(47.3323, 43.6590, 14.3204)  
contains.

|  |    |
|--|----|
| <b>XYZ(47.3306, 43.6575, 14.3196)</b> .....    | 3  |
| <b><i>Conversions</i></b> .....                | 4  |
| <b><i>Details</i></b> .....                    | 6  |
| <b><i>Harmonies</i></b> .....                  | 12 |
| <b><i>Previews</i></b> .....                   | 24 |
| <b><i>Color Blindness Simulation</i></b> ..... | 28 |
| <b><i>CSS Examples</i></b> .....               | 31 |

# **Color**

**XYZ(47.3306, 43.6575,  
14.3196)**

# Conversions

## Conversions Part 1

| Format      | Color                       |
|-------------|-----------------------------|
| Hex         | E6A354                      |
| RGB         | 230, 163, 84                |
| RGB Percent | 90%, 64%, 33%               |
| CMY         | 0.0980, 0.3608, 0.6706      |
| CMYK        | 0.00, 0.29, 0.63, 0.10      |
| HSL         | 32°, 74%, 62%               |
| HSV         | 32°, 63%, 90%               |
| XYZ         | 47.3306, 43.6575, 14.3196   |
| YIQ         | 174.0270, 65.2910, -10.3650 |

# Conversions

## Conversions Part 2

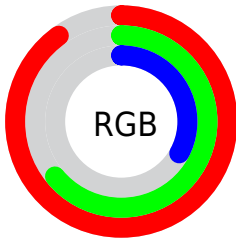
| <b>Format</b>                       | <b>Color</b>                   |
|-------------------------------------|--------------------------------|
| R <sub>Y</sub> B                    | 208, 230, 84                   |
| Decimal                             | 15115092                       |
| CIE Lab                             | 72.00, 17.01, 50.01            |
| CIE LCh                             | 72, 52.827, 71.220             |
| Yxy                                 | 43.6575, 0.4495,<br>0.4146     |
| Android<br>(android.graphics.Color) | 4293305172<br>(0xFFE6A354)     |
| YUV                                 | 174.0270, -44.3833,<br>49.0883 |
| Hunter-Lab                          | 66.0738, 12.2356,<br>33.4023   |

# Details

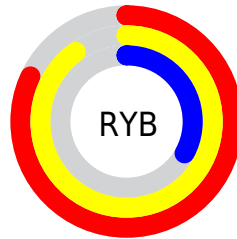
The XYZ color **47.3306, 43.6575, 14.3196** is a light color, and the websafe version is hex **CC9933**. The color can be described as light muted orange. A complement of this color would be **29.0051, 29.7298, 79.0723**, and the grayscale version is **40.4444, 42.5507, 46.3377**.

A 20% lighter version of the original color is **70.7553, 73.1804, 33.6886**, and **22.5365, 20.0247, 4.1162** is the 20% darker color. If you saturate the color by 10%, you get **44.7772, 39.7635, 9.7303**, and if you desaturate by 10%, it is **50.3382, 47.9869, 20.5198**.

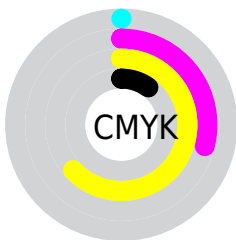
# Distribution



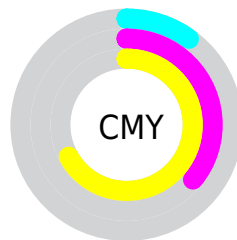
- Red (90%)
- Green (64%)
- Blue (33%)



- Red (82%)
- Yellow (90%)
- Blue (33%)



- Cyan (0%)
- Magenta (29%)
- Yellow (63%)
- Black (10%)




- Cyan (10%)
- Magenta (36%)
- Yellow (67%)


# Brightness & Saturation Gradients

These gradients show how the XYZ color 47.3306, 43.6575, 14.3196 changes by changing the brightness by 10 percent. The first figure shows a shift by +10% for each color and the second figure -10%.


Similar to the brightness gradients but the following saturation gradients show a change of the XYZ color 47.3306, 43.6575, 14.3196 by changing the saturation by 10% instead.





 47.3306, 43.6575,  
14.3196

 47.3306, 43.6575,  
14.3196


366.7595,  
361.3088, 230.7073


 33.5061, 30.4013,  
8.2020


 85.4226, 80.7021,  
34.3803


 22.6755, 20.1434,  
4.1349


 110.4209,  
105.2594, 49.1605


 14.4735, 12.4993,  
1.6996


 139.8745,  
134.3524, 67.6653

 8.5346, 7.0847,  
0.3605

 174.1487,  
168.3657, 90.3132

 4.4936, 3.5151,  
0.0000

 213.6090,  
207.6836, 117.5228

 1.9850, 1.4062,  
0.0000

258.6207,

 0.6255, 0.2213,

252.6905, 149.7127

0.0000

309.5490,  
303.7707, 187.3013

■ 0.0000, 0.0000,  
0.0000

■ 47.3306, 43.6575,  
14.3196

■ 47.3306, 43.6575,  
14.3196

■ 44.7772, 39.7635,  
9.7303

■ 50.3382, 47.9869,  
20.5198

■ 42.6408, 36.2787,  
6.5890

■ 53.8266, 52.7631,  
28.4671

■ 40.8819, 33.1827,  
4.7022

■ 57.8237, 58.0045,  
38.2862

■ 39.8985, 31.3540,  
3.9490

■ 62.3541, 63.7265,  
50.0893

■ 67.4405, 69.9435,  
63.9799

■ 73.1041, 76.6691,  
80.0541

■ 79.3652, 83.9166,  
98.4021

■ 84.0777, 90.8323,  
107.7088

■ 86.4430, 95.5629,  
108.4972

# Harmonies

## Analogous

The Analogous color harmony consists of three colors that are next to each other on the color wheel.



55.9499, 43.6575, 21.7492



47.3306, 43.6575, 14.3196



38.2122, 43.6575, 13.5716

# Triad

The Triadic color harmony groups three colors that are evenly spaced from another and form a triangle on the color wheel.



47.3306, 43.6575, 14.3196



26.7065, 43.6575, 57.8665



54.0003, 43.6575, 95.5191

# Complementary

The Complementary color scheme is a pair of colors which are on the opposite of each other on the color wheel.



47.3306, 43.6575, 14.3196



29.0051, 29.7298, 79.0723

# Split Complementary

Split-complementary colors differ from the complementary color scheme. The scheme consists of three colors, the original color and two neighbors of the complement color.



44.9609, 43.6575, 114.7672



47.3306, 43.6575, 14.3196



29.7727, 43.6575, 88.3360

# Square

The Square scheme is like the rectangle color scheme, but the four colors are evenly spaced on the color wheel.



47.3306, 43.6575, 14.3196



27.1499, 43.6575, 33.2755



36.1602, 43.6575, 111.7448



60.1691, 43.6575, 65.3792



# Rectangle

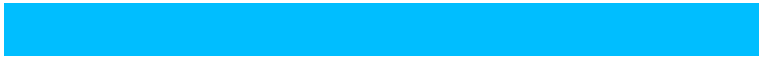
The Rectangle color scheme consists of four colors that form a rectangle on the color wheel.



47.3306, 43.6575, 14.3196



33.1417, 43.6575, 16.4618



36.1602, 43.6575, 111.7448



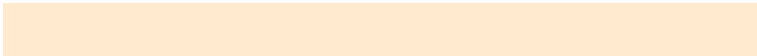
51.1460, 43.6575, 103.8966

# Sweetspot

The Sweet Spot groups the original color and five complimentary colors.



47.3316, 43.6597, 14.3204



81.5208, 83.8895, 70.6391



41.4820, 25.4353, 32.4866



17.0622, 17.4802, 14.0734



0.0000, 0.0000, 0.0000



20.3446, 21.4041, 23.3091



# Same Dimension

The Same Dimension uses a secret algorithm to generate beautiful new colors.



47.3316, 43.6597, 14.3204



55.7370, 48.8976, 10.9437



60.9898, 73.2625, 19.3145



15.0199, 15.6537, 15.1343



22.7122, 17.9985, 2.2770



1.7710, 1.5154, 0.1992



# Inverse Universe

The Inverse Universe completely reimagines the original color for something new.



29.0051, 29.7298, 79.0723



30.9136, 30.0721, 98.7829



21.5606, 14.1715, 76.4616



14.1250, 14.9714, 18.2896



11.0965, 9.2551, 43.5847



0.9120, 0.8679, 3.2514



# Previews

## White Background



This preview shows how the XYZ color 47.3306, 43.6575, 14.3196 looks on a white background.

## Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA × Fail

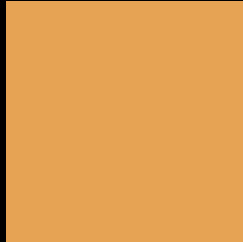
Any Text WCAG AA × Fail

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA × Fail

Any Text WCAG AAA × Fail



# Black Background



This preview shows how the XYZ color 47.3306, 43.6575, 14.3196 looks on a black background.

## Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AA ✓ Pass

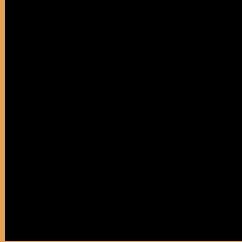
Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

If you want to check with other color combinations, try the [Color Contrast Checker](#).

**XYZ 47.3306, 43.6575, 14.3196**

## **Background**



This preview shows how black text looks on a background with the XYZ color 47.3306, 43.6575, 14.3196.



This preview shows how white text looks on a background with the XYZ color 47.3306, 43.6575,



# Color Blindness Simulation

Color vision deficiency is a very complex topic, and I could not describe the different causes any better than Wikipedia does, so if you want to learn more, you should check out their [article about color blindness](#).

## Dichromacy



### Original Color

47.3306, 43.6575, 14.3196

### Protanopia

40.0310, 43.7677, 15.7893

### Deuteranopia

44.4774, 43.5352, 14.2425



## Tritanopia

52.9392, 43.6607, 41.2345

# Trichromacy



## Original Color

47.3306, 43.6575, 14.3196

## Protanomaly

42.4852, 43.6031, 15.1938

## Deuteranomaly

45.3218, 43.4266, 14.1771

## Tritanomaly

50.4326, 43.3839, 29.0084

# Monochromacy



## Original Color

47.3306, 43.6575, 14.3196

## Achromatopsia

40.2316, 42.3268, 46.0938

## Achromatomaly

41.4306, 42.1419, 31.1499

# CSS Examples

## Text

The CSS property to change the color of the text to XYZ 47.3306, 43.6575, 14.3196 is called "color". The color property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows how text in the color `rgb(230, 163, 84)` looks like.

```
.text, #text, p{  
    color:rgb(230, 163, 84)  
}
```

If you want to add a text shadow in that color use the text-shadow property, you can generate a text shadow directly with our [CSS Text Shadow Generator](#).

Here you see how black text with a 4 pixel rgb(230, 163, 84) colored shadow looks like.

```
.shadow{ text-shadow: 4px 4px 2px rgb(230, 163, 84) }
```

## Border

The CSS property to change the border of an element to XYZ 47.3306, 43.6575, 14.3196 is called "border". The border property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows the color as border, it can be applied via the CSS property "border" or "border-color".

```
.border, #border, table{ border:4px solid rgb(230, 163, 84) }
```



If only the border color should be changed use the property `border-color`.

```
.border{ border-color:rgb(230, 163, 84) }
```

If you want to add a box shadow in that color use:

Here you see how a box with a 4 pixel `rgb(230, 163, 84)` colored shadow looks like.

```
.boxshadow{ -moz-box-shadow:4px 4px 4px  
4px rgb(230, 163, 84); -webkit-box-  
shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(230, 163, 84);  
box-shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(230, 163,  
84) }
```

# Background

The CSS property to change the background color of an element to XYZ 47.3306, 43.6575, 14.3196 is called "background". The background property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

```
.background, #background, body{  
background: rgb(230, 163, 84) }
```

If only the background color should be changed can be used:

```
.background{ background-color: rgb(230,  
163, 84) }
```

This example shows the color as background, it is applied via the CSS property "background".

To optimize and compress your CSS code, you can use our [online CSS compressor and optimizer](#) based on csstidy. If you want to create a linear or radial gradient as background or border, check our [CSS Gradient Generator](#).

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