

# Converting Colors

XYZ(47.3662, 50.8571, 39.8268)

Have a look what the booklet for  
XYZ(47.3662, 50.8571, 39.8268)  
contains.

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# Color

**XYZ(47.1341, 50.5996,  
39.6302)**

# Conversions

## Conversions Part 1

<b>Format</b>	<b>Color</b>
Hex	C4BD9E
RGB	196, 189, 158
RGB Percent	77%, 74%, 62%
CMY	0.2314, 0.2588, 0.3804
CMYK	0.00, 0.04, 0.19, 0.23
HSL	49°, 24%, 69%
HSV	49°, 19%, 77%
XYZ	47.1341, 50.5996, 39.6302
YIQ	187.5590, 14.1230, -8.1570

# Conversions

## Conversions Part 2

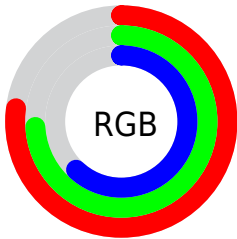
<b>Format</b>	<b>Color</b>
<b>RYB</b>	167, 196, 158
Decimal	12893598
CIELab	76.44, -2.67, 16.58
CIELCh	76, 16.788, 99.140
Yxy	50.5996, 0.3431, 0.3684
Android (android.graphics.Color)	4291083678 (0xFFC4BD9E)
YUV	187.5590, -14.5726, 7.4028
Hunter-Lab	71.1334, -6.2066, 16.7614

# Details

The XYZ color **47.1341, 50.5996, 39.6302** is a light color, and the websafe version is hex **CCCC99**. A complement of this color would be **37.5193, 38.1640, 57.6137**, and the grayscale version is **47.6254, 50.1056, 54.5650**.

A 20% lighter version of the original color is **85.1707, 90.9916, 76.0249**, and **22.6133, 24.4206, 17.4317** is the 20% darker color. If you saturate the color by 10%, you get **44.8137, 48.4466, 31.1866**, and if you desaturate by 10%, it is **49.7456, 52.9034, 49.4995**.

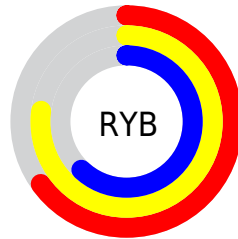
# Distribution



Red (77%)

Green (74%)

Blue (62%)



Red (65%)

Yellow (77%)

Blue (62%)

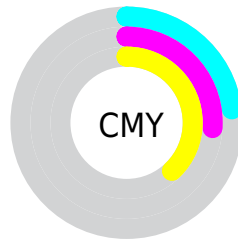


Cyan (0%)

Magenta (4%)

Yellow (19%)

Black (23%)



Cyan (23%)

Magenta (26%)


Yellow (38%)


# Brightness & Saturation Gradients

These gradients show how the XYZ color 47.1341, 50.5996, 39.6302 changes by changing the brightness by 10 percent. The first figure shows a shift by +10% for each color and the second figure -10%.


Similar to the brightness gradients but the following saturation gradients show a change of the XYZ color 47.1341, 50.5996, 39.6302 by changing the saturation by 10% instead.





 47.1341, 50.5996,  
39.6302


 47.1341, 50.5996,  
39.6302


365.9895,  
389.0061, 360.0681

 33.3501, 35.8901,  
26.9387


 85.1313, 91.0626,  
75.8310

 22.5553, 24.3493,  
17.2952

 110.0751,  
117.5849, 100.1774

 14.3844, 15.5929,  
10.2810


139.4697,  
148.8136, 129.2459

 8.4720, 9.2366,  
5.4776

173.6802,  
185.1330, 163.4549

 4.4527, 4.8958,  
2.4665

213.0721,  
226.9275, 203.2232

 1.9613, 2.1863,  
0.8223

258.0107,

 0.6121, 0.7125,

274.5817, 248.9691

0.0000

308.8614,  
328.4797, 301.1112

■ 0.0000, 0.0000,  
0.0000

■ 47.1341, 50.5996,  
39.6302

■ 47.1341, 50.5996,  
39.6302

■ 44.8137, 48.4466,  
31.1866

■ 49.7456, 52.9034,  
49.4995

■ 42.7676, 46.4323,  
24.0985

■ 52.6562, 55.3562,  
60.8541

■ 40.9831, 44.5531,  
18.2945

■ 55.8786, 57.9651,  
73.7537

■ 39.4451, 42.8027,  
13.6952

■ 59.4234, 60.7345,  
88.2542

■ 38.1367, 41.1741,  
10.2125

■ 63.1392, 63.6040,  
103.5567

■ 37.0388, 39.6596,  
7.7464

■ 64.0237, 65.3730,  
103.8516

■ 36.1288, 38.2497,  
6.1786

■ 64.9283, 67.1822,  
104.1531

■ 35.3665, 36.9282,  
5.2983

■ 65.8531, 69.0319,  
104.4614

■ 35.3216, 36.8489,  
5.2509

■ 66.7984, 70.9224,  
104.7765

# Harmonies

## Analogous

The Analogous color harmony consists of three colors that are next to each other on the color wheel.



50.2908, 50.5996, 40.3735



47.1341, 50.5996, 39.6302



44.3571, 50.5996, 42.6636

# Triad

The Triadic color harmony groups three colors that are evenly spaced from another and form a triangle on the color wheel.



47.1341, 50.5996, 39.6302



43.5306, 50.5996, 66.8316



54.0010, 50.5996, 61.5295

# Complementary

The Complementary color scheme is a pair of colors which are on the opposite of each other on the color wheel.



47.1341, 50.5996, 39.6302



37.5193, 38.1640, 57.6137

# Split Complementary

Split-complementary colors differ from the complementary color scheme. The scheme consists of three colors, the original color and two neighbors of the complement color.



52.0339, 50.5996, 69.7318



47.1341, 50.5996, 39.6302



45.9610, 50.5996, 73.0184

# Square

The Square scheme is like the rectangle color scheme, but the four colors are evenly spaced on the color wheel.



47.1341, 50.5996, 39.6302



42.3374, 50.5996, 57.9067



49.0656, 50.5996, 74.1342



54.3488, 50.5996, 52.3745



# Rectangle

The Rectangle color scheme consists of four colors that form a rectangle on the color wheel.



47.1341, 50.5996, 39.6302



43.0611, 50.5996, 46.6375



49.0656, 50.5996, 74.1342



53.5032, 50.5996, 64.5164

# Sweetspot

The Sweet Spot groups the original color and five complimentary colors.



47.1354, 50.6019, 39.6313



91.7916, 97.2695, 96.1416



41.8386, 38.9286, 41.1938



19.5739, 20.7574, 20.2942



0.0000, 0.0000, 0.0000



20.3446, 21.4041, 23.3091



# Same Dimension

The Same Dimension uses a secret algorithm to generate beautiful new colors.



47.1354, 50.6019, 39.6313



83.6554, 90.0849, 65.4127



45.8231, 52.2135, 40.0115



10.7507, 11.4328, 10.7020



22.7539, 23.7935, 3.3933



1.0250, 1.1118, 0.1606



# Inverse Universe

The Inverse Universe completely reimagines the original color for something new.



37.5193, 38.1640, 57.6137



63.2546, 63.6998, 103.5692



38.6394, 36.9192, 57.3144



9.6750, 10.0413, 12.7131



6.8558, 3.4681, 33.8647



0.3429, 0.2431, 1.4787



# Previews

## White Background



This preview shows how the XYZ color 47.1341, 50.5996, 39.6302 looks on a white background.

## Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA × Fail

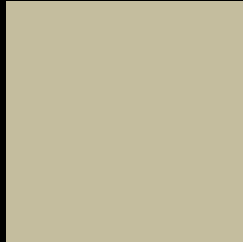
Any Text WCAG AA × Fail

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA × Fail

Any Text WCAG AAA × Fail



# Black Background



This preview shows how the XYZ color 47.1341, 50.5996, 39.6302 looks on a black background.

## Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AA ✓ Pass

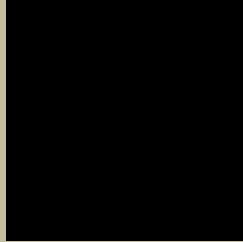
Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

If you want to check with other color combinations, try the [Color Contrast Checker](#).

**XYZ 47.1341, 50.5996, 39.6302**

## **Background**



This preview shows how black text looks on a background with the XYZ color 47.1341, 50.5996, 39.6302.



This preview shows how white text looks on a background with the XYZ color 47.1341, 50.5996,



# Color Blindness Simulation

Color vision deficiency is a very complex topic, and I could not describe the different causes any better than Wikipedia does, so if you want to learn more, you should check out their [article about color blindness](#).

## Dichromacy



### Original Color

47.1341, 50.5996, 39.6302

### Protanopia

47.7080, 50.5772, 39.5956

### Deuteranopia

51.4843, 50.3375, 40.2603



## Tritanopia

51.2139, 50.3617, 60.4476

# Trichromacy



## Original Color

47.1341, 50.5996, 39.6302

## Protanomaly

47.4435, 50.4408, 39.5833

## Deuteranomaly

49.6930, 50.3395, 39.8983

## Tritanomaly

49.4494, 50.2589, 51.8944

# Monochromacy



## Original Color

47.1341, 50.5996, 39.6302

## Achromatopsia

47.7994, 50.2886, 54.7643

## Achromatomaly

47.4049, 50.2171, 48.7893

# CSS Examples

## Text

The CSS property to change the color of the text to XYZ 47.1341, 50.5996, 39.6302 is called "color". The color property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows how text in the color `rgb(196, 189, 158)` looks like.

```
.text, #text, p{  
    color:rgb(196, 189, 158)  
}
```

If you want to add a text shadow in that color use the text-shadow property, you can generate a text shadow directly with our [CSS Text Shadow Generator](#).

Here you see how black text with a 4 pixel rgb(196, 189, 158) colored shadow looks like.

```
.shadow{ text-shadow: 4px 4px 2px rgb(196, 189, 158) }
```

## Border

The CSS property to change the border of an element to XYZ 47.1341, 50.5996, 39.6302 is called "border". The border property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows the color as border, it can be applied via the CSS property "border" or "border-color".

```
.border, #border, table{ border:4px solid rgb(196, 189, 158) }
```



If only the border color should be changed use the property `border-color`.

```
.border{ border-color:rgb(196, 189, 158) }
```

If you want to add a box shadow in that color use:

Here you see how a box with a 4 pixel `rgb(196, 189, 158)` colored shadow looks like.

```
.boxshadow{ -moz-box-shadow:4px 4px 4px  
4px rgb(196, 189, 158); -webkit-box-  
shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(196, 189, 158);  
box-shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(196, 189,  
158) }
```

# Background

The CSS property to change the background color of an element to XYZ 47.1341, 50.5996, 39.6302 is called "background". The background property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

```
.background, #background, body{  
background: rgb(196, 189, 158) }
```

If only the background color should be changed can be used:

```
.background{ background-color: rgb(196,  
189, 158) }
```

This example shows the color as background, it is applied via the CSS property "background".

To optimize and compress your CSS code, you can use our [online CSS compressor and optimizer](#) based on csstidy. If you want to create a linear or radial gradient as background or border, check our [CSS Gradient Generator](#).

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