

# Converting Colors

XYZ(47.3802, 51.3306, 52.3838)

Have a look what the booklet for  
XYZ(47.3802, 51.3306, 52.3838)  
contains.

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# **Color**

**XYZ(47.4045, 51.4325,  
52.2287)**

# Conversions

## Conversions Part 1

| Format      | Color                      |
|-------------|----------------------------|
| Hex         | B9C0B7                     |
| RGB         | 185, 192, 183              |
| RGB Percent | 73%, 75%, 72%              |
| CMY         | 0.2745, 0.2470, 0.2823     |
| CMYK        | 0.04, 0.00, 0.05, 0.25     |
| HSL         | 107°, 7%, 74%              |
| HSV         | 107°, 5%, 75%              |
| XYZ         | 47.4045, 51.4325, 52.2287  |
| YIQ         | 188.8810, -1.2830, -4.2830 |

# Conversions

## Conversions Part 2

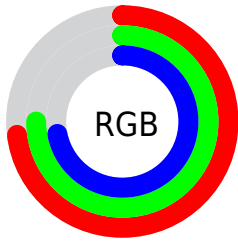
| <b>Format</b>                       | <b>Color</b>                  |
|-------------------------------------|-------------------------------|
| <b>RYB</b>                          | 183, 192, 190                 |
| Decimal                             | 12173495                      |
| CIELab                              | 76.94, -4.09, 3.68            |
| CIELCh                              | 77, 5.500, 137.974            |
| Yxy                                 | 51.4325, 0.3138,<br>0.3405    |
| Android<br>(android.graphics.Color) | 4290363575<br>(0xFFB9C0B7)    |
| YUV                                 | 188.8810, -2.8993,<br>-3.4036 |
| Hunter-Lab                          | 71.7165, -7.5155,<br>7.0226   |

# Details

The XYZ color **47.4045, 51.4325, 52.2287** is a light color, and the websafe version is hex **CCCCCC**. A complement of this color would be **47.6851, 48.6213, 56.7434**, and the grayscale version is **48.3196, 50.8360, 55.3604**.

A 20% lighter version of the original color is **85.4230, 92.0676, 94.9299**, and **22.7776, 24.9825, 24.7407** is the 20% darker color. If you saturate the color by 10%, you get **42.1253, 48.9279, 42.2515**, and if you desaturate by 10%, it is **53.3378, 54.2458, 63.6618**.

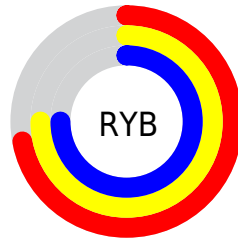
# Distribution



Red (73%)

Green (75%)

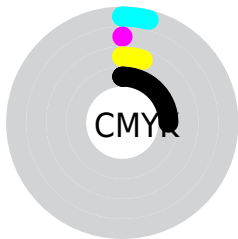
Blue (72%)



Red (72%)

Yellow (75%)

Blue (75%)

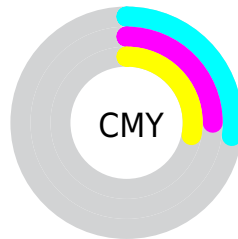


Cyan (4%)

Magenta (0%)

Yellow (5%)

Black (25%)



Cyan (27%)

Magenta (25%)

Yellow (28%)

# Brightness & Saturation Gradients

These gradients show how the XYZ color 47.4045, 51.4325, 52.2287 changes by changing the brightness by 10 percent. The first figure shows a shift by +10% for each color and the second figure -10%.

Similar to the brightness gradients but the following saturation gradients show a change of the XYZ color 47.4045, 51.4325, 52.2287 by changing the saturation by 10% instead.



■ 47.4045, 51.4325,  
52.2287

■ 47.4045, 51.4325,  
52.2287

367.0488,  
392.2418, 412.3009

■ 33.5648, 36.5529,  
36.8039

■ 85.5322, 92.2938,  
94.8984

■ 22.7208, 24.8615,  
24.7611

110.5509,  
119.0442, 122.9805

■ 14.5070, 15.9739,  
15.6818

140.0267,  
150.5205, 156.1187

■ 8.5582, 9.5057,  
9.1473

174.3248,  
187.1069, 194.7316

■ 4.5089, 5.0725,  
4.7393

213.8108,  
229.1878, 239.2377

■ 1.9939, 2.2898,  
2.0391

258.8499,

■ 0.6305, 0.7683,

277.1477, 290.0556

0.5791

309.8074,  
331.3709, 347.6038

■ 0.0000, 0.0000,  
0.0000

■ 47.4045, 51.4325,  
52.2287

■ 47.4045, 51.4325,  
52.2287

■ 42.1253, 48.9279,  
42.2515

■ 53.3378, 54.2458,  
63.6618

■ 37.4734, 46.7148,  
33.6686

■ 59.9423, 57.3709,  
76.6024

■ 33.4261, 44.7846,  
26.4188

■ 67.2399, 60.8196,  
91.1038

■ 29.9580, 43.1256,  
20.4353

■ 74.4672, 64.2876,  
103.0916

■ 27.0418, 41.7253,  
15.6452

■ 78.1407, 66.1813,  
103.2636

■ 24.6477, 40.5700,  
11.9684

■ 22.7433, 39.6450,  
9.3150

■ 21.2918, 38.9336,  
7.5811

■ 20.2508, 38.4167,  
6.6407

# Harmonies

## Analogous

The Analogous color harmony consists of three colors that are next to each other on the color wheel.



48.2663, 51.4325, 50.6932



47.4045, 51.4325, 52.2287



46.9420, 51.4325, 54.8083

# Triad

The Triadic color harmony groups three colors that are evenly spaced from another and form a triangle on the color wheel.



47.4045, 51.4325, 52.2287



48.4667, 51.4325, 61.8328



50.8255, 51.4325, 54.2405

# Complementary

The Complementary color scheme is a pair of colors which are on the opposite of each other on the color wheel.



47.4045, 51.4325, 52.2287



47.6851, 48.6213, 56.7434

# Split Complementary

Split-complementary colors differ from the complementary color scheme. The scheme consists of three colors, the original color and two neighbors of the complement color.



50.8810, 51.4325, 57.2114



47.4045, 51.4325, 52.2287



49.5090, 51.4325, 61.6675

# Square

The Square scheme is like the rectangle color scheme, but the four colors are evenly spaced on the color wheel.



47.4045, 51.4325, 52.2287



47.5494, 51.4325, 60.3951



50.3961, 51.4325, 59.9512



50.2455, 51.4325, 51.8258



# Rectangle

The Rectangle color scheme consists of four colors that form a rectangle on the color wheel.



47.4045, 51.4325, 52.2287



46.9180, 51.4325, 56.8051



50.3961, 51.4325, 59.9512



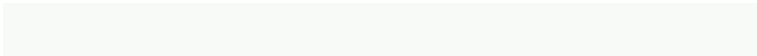
50.9064, 51.4325, 55.2051

# Sweetspot

The Sweet Spot groups the original color and five complimentary colors.



47.4059, 51.4347, 52.2298



89.7008, 94.9977, 101.9291



48.6794, 51.4113, 52.1582



19.2555, 20.3857, 21.8896



92.9021, 97.7402, 106.4391



19.4759, 20.4902, 22.3138

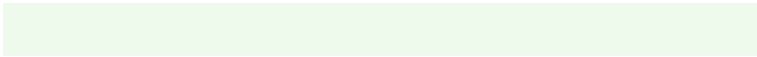


# Same Dimension

The Same Dimension uses a secret algorithm to generate beautiful new colors.



47.4059, 51.4347, 52.2298



84.4758, 92.5199, 91.9319



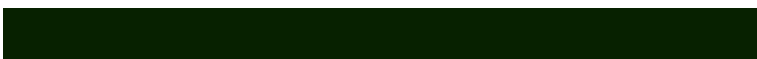
47.1789, 51.2885, 53.5350



10.4920, 11.5271, 11.3709



13.4004, 25.7370, 4.2615



0.6402, 1.1436, 0.1870



# Inverse Universe

The Inverse Universe completely reimagines the original color for something new.



47.6851, 48.6213, 56.7434



85.1271, 85.9546, 102.4645



47.9242, 48.7750, 55.3771



10.5793, 10.6473, 12.7824



14.8544, 6.9181, 34.1090

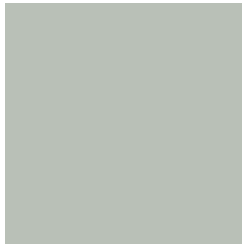


0.6972, 0.3275, 1.4763



# Previews

## White Background



This preview shows how the XYZ color 47.4045, 51.4325, 52.2287 looks on a white background.

## Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA × Fail

Any Text WCAG AA × Fail

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA × Fail

Any Text WCAG AAA × Fail



# Black Background



This preview shows how the XYZ color 47.4045, 51.4325, 52.2287 looks on a black background.

## Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

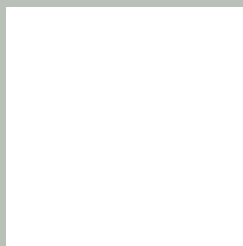
If you want to check with other color combinations, try the [Color Contrast Checker](#).

**XYZ 47.4045, 51.4325, 52.2287**

## **Background**



This preview shows how black text looks on a background with the XYZ color 47.4045, 51.4325, 52.2287.



This preview shows how white text looks on a background with the XYZ color 47.4045, 51.4325,



# Color Blindness Simulation

Color vision deficiency is a very complex topic, and I could not describe the different causes any better than Wikipedia does, so if you want to learn more, you should check out their [article about color blindness](#).

## Dichromacy



### Original Color

47.4045, 51.4325, 52.2287

### Protanopia

49.0438, 51.3335, 51.0395

### Deuteranopia

52.4758, 51.4854, 53.0708



## Tritanopia

49.8357, 51.4462, 64.4302

# Trichromacy



## Original Color

47.4045, 51.4325, 52.2287

## Protanomaly

48.3428, 51.2807, 51.6062

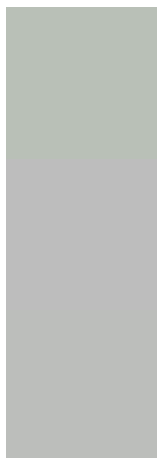
## Deuteranomaly

50.5094, 51.4188, 52.6101

## Tritanomaly

48.8708, 51.3772, 59.5656

# Monochromacy



## Original Color

47.4045, 51.4325, 52.2287

## Achromatopsia

48.3692, 50.8881, 55.4172

## Achromatomaly

48.1221, 51.1061, 54.3419

# CSS Examples

## Text

The CSS property to change the color of the text to XYZ 47.4045, 51.4325, 52.2287 is called "color". The color property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows how text in the color `rgb(185, 192, 183)` looks like.

```
.text, #text, p{  
    color:rgb(185, 192, 183)  
}
```

If you want to add a text shadow in that color use the text-shadow property, you can generate a text shadow directly with our [CSS Text Shadow Generator](#).

Here you see how black text with a 4 pixel rgb(185, 192, 183) colored shadow looks like.

```
.shadow{ text-shadow: 4px 4px 2px rgb(185, 192, 183) }
```

## Border

The CSS property to change the border of an element to XYZ 47.4045, 51.4325, 52.2287 is called "border". The border property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows the color as border, it can be applied via the CSS property "border" or "border-color".

```
.border, #border, table{ border:4px solid rgb(185, 192, 183) }
```



If only the border color should be changed use the property border-color.

```
.border{ border-color:rgb(185, 192, 183) }
```

If you want to add a box shadow in that color use:

Here you see how a box with a 4 pixel rgb(185, 192, 183) colored shadow looks like.

```
.boxshadow{ -moz-box-shadow:4px 4px 4px  
4px rgb(185, 192, 183); -webkit-box-  
shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(185, 192, 183);  
box-shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(185, 192,  
183) }
```

# Background

The CSS property to change the background color of an element to XYZ 47.4045, 51.4325, 52.2287 is called "background". The background property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

```
.background, #background, body{  
background: rgb(185, 192, 183) }
```

If only the background color should be changed can be used:

```
.background{ background-color: rgb(185,  
192, 183) }
```

This example shows the color as background, it is applied via the CSS property "background".

To optimize and compress your CSS code, you can use our [online CSS compressor and optimizer](#) based on csstidy. If you want to create a linear or radial gradient as background or border, check our [CSS Gradient Generator](#).

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