

# Converting Colors

XYZ(47.3904, 43.2516, 24.5605)

Have a look what the booklet for  
XYZ(47.3904, 43.2516, 24.5605)  
contains.

<b>XYZ(47.2360, 43.1180, 24.5719)</b> .....	3
<b><i>Conversions</i></b> .....	4
<b><i>Details</i></b> .....	6
<b><i>Harmonies</i></b> .....	12
<b><i>Previews</i></b> .....	24
<b><i>Color Blindness Simulation</i></b> .....	28
<b><i>CSS Examples</i></b> .....	31

# Color

**XYZ(47.2360, 43.1180,  
24.5719)**

# Conversions

## Conversions Part 1

Format	Color
Hex	E0A27B
RGB	224, 162, 123
RGB Percent	88%, 64%, 48%
CMY	0.1216, 0.3647, 0.5176
CMYK	0.00, 0.28, 0.45, 0.12
HSL	23°, 62%, 68%
HSV	23°, 45%, 88%
XYZ	47.2360, 43.1180, 24.5719
YIQ	176.0920, 49.4710, 1.0150

# Conversions

## Conversions Part 2

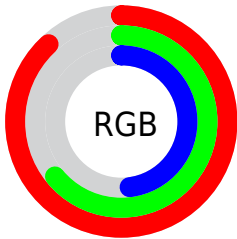
<b>Format</b>	<b>Color</b>
<b>R<sub>YB</sub></b>	224, 187, 123
Decimal	14721659
CIE Lab	71.63, 18.31, 29.33
CIE LCh	72, 34.577, 58.022
Yxy	43.1180, 0.4110, 0.3752
Android (android.graphics.Color)	4292911739 (0xFFE0A27B)
YUV	176.0920, -26.1744, 42.0153
Hunter-Lab	65.6643, 13.4925, 23.7784

# Details

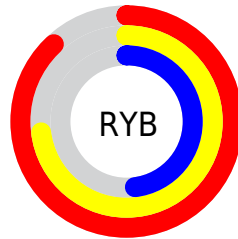
The XYZ color **47.2360, 43.1180, 24.5719** is a light color, and the websafe version is hex **CC9966**. A complement of this color would be **38.9712, 44.2891, 77.0157**, and the grayscale version is **41.4299, 43.5875, 47.4668**.

A 20% lighter version of the original color is **73.8893, 74.0203, 51.4673**, and **22.5378, 19.7533, 9.1035** is the 20% darker color. If you saturate the color by 10%, you get **43.7001, 38.0394, 17.2489**, and if you desaturate by 10%, it is **51.3597, 48.8588, 33.6744**.

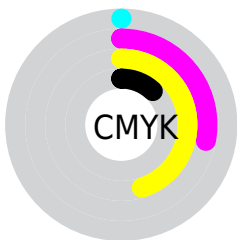
# Distribution



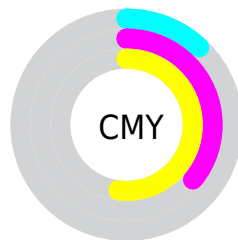
- Red (88%)
- Green (64%)
- Blue (48%)



- Red (88%)
- Yellow (73%)
- Blue (48%)



- Cyan (0%)
- Magenta (28%)
- Yellow (45%)
- Black (12%)




- Cyan (12%)
- Magenta (36%)
- Yellow (52%)


# Brightness & Saturation Gradients

These gradients show how the XYZ color 47.2360, 43.1180, 24.5719 changes by changing the brightness by 10 percent. The first figure shows a shift by +10% for each color and the second figure -10%.


Similar to the brightness gradients but the following saturation gradients show a change of the XYZ color 47.2360, 43.1180, 24.5719 by changing the saturation by 10% instead.





 47.2360, 43.1180,  
24.5719


 47.2360, 43.1180,  
24.5719


366.3890,  
359.0968, 289.0783

 33.4310, 29.9777,  
15.5423


 85.2824, 79.8889,  
51.9173

 22.6176, 19.8217,  
9.0500


 110.2545,  
104.2883, 71.0702

 14.4306, 12.2655,  
4.6766

 139.6796,  
133.2095, 94.4347

 8.5044, 6.9248,  
2.0034

173.9232,  
167.0370, 122.4291

 4.4739, 3.4151,  
0.5573

213.3506,  
206.1550, 155.4722

 1.9736, 1.3521,  
0.0000

258.3271,

 0.6190, 0.1810,

250.9481, 193.9824

0.0000

309.2181,  
301.8005, 238.3782

■ 0.0000, 0.0000,  
0.0000

■ 47.2360, 43.1180,  
24.5719

■ 47.2360, 43.1180,  
24.5719

■ 43.7001, 38.0394,  
17.2489

■ 51.3597, 48.8588,  
33.6744

■ 40.7182, 33.5909,  
11.5833

■ 56.0962, 55.2797,  
44.6624

■ 38.2574, 29.7468,  
7.4413

■ 61.4728, 62.4058,  
57.6363

■ 36.2792, 26.4764,  
4.6668

■ 67.5139, 70.2587,  
72.6889

■ 34.7380, 23.7456,  
3.0691

■ 74.2429, 78.8592,  
89.9068

■ 34.1088, 22.5839,  
2.5614

■ 81.2925, 88.0714,  
107.3226

■ 84.5505, 94.5873,  
108.4086

# Harmonies

## Analogous

The Analogous color harmony consists of three colors that are next to each other on the color wheel.



51.7415, 43.1180, 33.3753



47.2360, 43.1180, 24.5719



41.3720, 43.1180, 21.5418

# Triad

The Triadic color harmony groups three colors that are evenly spaced from another and form a triangle on the color wheel.



47.2360, 43.1180, 24.5719



30.7325, 43.1180, 45.8446



46.5003, 43.1180, 81.5352

# Complementary

The Complementary color scheme is a pair of colors which are on the opposite of each other on the color wheel.



47.2360, 43.1180, 24.5719



38.9712, 44.2891, 77.0157

# Split Complementary

Split-complementary colors differ from the complementary color scheme. The scheme consists of three colors, the original color and two neighbors of the complement color.



40.5952, 43.1180, 87.0884



47.2360, 43.1180, 24.5719



31.8288, 43.1180, 63.7771

# Square

The Square scheme is like the rectangle color scheme, but the four colors are evenly spaced on the color wheel.



47.2360, 43.1180, 24.5719



32.1581, 43.1180, 31.8641



35.3066, 43.1180, 79.9386



51.2891, 43.1180, 66.1695



# Rectangle

The Rectangle color scheme consists of four colors that form a rectangle on the color wheel.



47.2360, 43.1180, 24.5719



37.5982, 43.1180, 22.4846



35.3066, 43.1180, 79.9386



44.5638, 43.1180, 84.7512

# Sweetspot

The Sweet Spot groups the original color and five complimentary colors.



47.2371, 43.1201, 24.5727



83.2292, 84.7173, 79.1905



46.6106, 33.5284, 50.0712



17.4589, 17.6663, 16.0778



0.0000, 0.0000, 0.0000



20.3446, 21.4041, 23.3091



# Same Dimension

The Same Dimension uses a secret algorithm to generate beautiful new colors.



47.2371, 43.1201, 24.5727



58.9330, 51.4804, 23.7528



57.9135, 64.4729, 28.1315



14.1391, 14.5641, 14.3727



19.9573, 13.3524, 1.5254



1.4683, 1.0954, 0.1340



# Inverse Universe

The Inverse Universe completely reimagines the original color for something new.



38.9712, 44.2891, 77.0157



46.5053, 53.1804, 102.4215



30.2571, 26.8608, 74.1110



13.6489, 14.6369, 17.4935



13.1941, 13.8579, 43.0278



1.0005, 1.1325, 3.0111



# Previews

## White Background



This preview shows how the XYZ color 47.2360, 43.1180, 24.5719 looks on a white background.

## Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA × Fail

Any Text WCAG AA × Fail

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA × Fail

Any Text WCAG AAA × Fail



# Black Background



This preview shows how the XYZ color 47.2360, 43.1180, 24.5719 looks on a black background.

## Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AA ✓ Pass

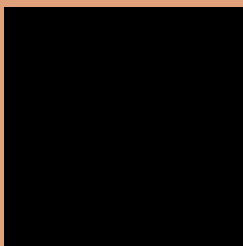
Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

If you want to check with other color combinations, try the [Color Contrast Checker](#).

**XYZ 47.2360, 43.1180, 24.5719**

## **Background**



This preview shows how black text looks on a background with the XYZ color 47.2360, 43.1180, 24.5719.



This preview shows how white text looks on a background with the XYZ color 47.2360, 43.1180,

24.5719.

# Color Blindness Simulation

Color vision deficiency is a very complex topic, and I could not describe the different causes any better than Wikipedia does, so if you want to learn more, you should check out their [article about color blindness](#).

## Dichromacy



### Original Color

47.2360, 43.1180, 24.5719

### Protanopia

40.4740, 43.4545, 27.0232

### Deuteranopia

44.0938, 43.1120, 24.4098



## Tritanopia

50.9513, 43.0981, 42.6791

# Trichromacy



## Original Color

47.2360, 43.1180, 24.5719

## Protanomaly

42.7508, 43.2147, 26.1667

## Deuteranomaly

45.1734, 43.1246, 24.3553

## Tritanomaly

49.5729, 43.0516, 35.4028

# Monochromacy



## Original Color

47.2360, 43.1180, 24.5719

## Achromatopsia

41.2663, 43.4154, 47.2793

## Achromatomaly

42.6410, 42.8976, 37.9309

# CSS Examples

## Text

The CSS property to change the color of the text to XYZ 47.2360, 43.1180, 24.5719 is called "color". The color property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows how text in the color `rgb(224, 162, 123)` looks like.

```
.text, #text, p{  
    color:rgb(224, 162, 123)  
}
```

If you want to add a text shadow in that color use the text-shadow property, you can generate a text shadow directly with our [CSS Text Shadow Generator](#).

Here you see how black text with a 4 pixel rgb(224, 162, 123) colored shadow looks like.

```
.shadow{ text-shadow: 4px 4px 2px rgb(224, 162, 123) }
```

## Border

The CSS property to change the border of an element to XYZ 47.2360, 43.1180, 24.5719 is called "border". The border property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows the color as border, it can be applied via the CSS property "border" or "border-color".

```
.border, #border, table{ border:4px solid rgb(224, 162, 123) }
```



If only the border color should be changed use the property `border-color`.

```
.border{ border-color:rgb(224, 162, 123) }
```

If you want to add a box shadow in that color use:

Here you see how a box with a 4 pixel `rgb(224, 162, 123)` colored shadow looks like.

```
.boxshadow{ -moz-box-shadow:4px 4px 4px  
4px rgb(224, 162, 123); -webkit-box-  
shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(224, 162, 123);  
box-shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(224, 162,  
123) }
```

# Background

The CSS property to change the background color of an element to XYZ 47.2360, 43.1180, 24.5719 is called "background". The background property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

```
.background, #background, body{  
background: rgb(224, 162, 123) }
```

If only the background color should be changed can be used:

```
.background{ background-color: rgb(224,  
162, 123) }
```

This example shows the color as background, it is applied via the CSS property "background".

To optimize and compress your CSS code, you can use our [online CSS compressor and optimizer](#) based on csstidy. If you want to create a linear or radial gradient as background or border, check our [CSS Gradient Generator](#).

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