

# Converting Colors

XYZ(47.5552, 65.2828, 10.0944)

Have a look what the booklet for  
XYZ(47.5552, 65.2828, 10.0944)  
contains.

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# Color

**XYZ(47.4767, 65.2525,  
10.0927)**

# Conversions

## Conversions Part 1

Format	Color
Hex	B9E300
RGB	185, 227, 0
RGB Percent	73%, 89%, 0%
CMY	0.2745, 0.1098, 0.9999
CMYK	0.19, 0.00, 1.00, 0.11
HSL	71°, 100%, 45%
HSV	71°, 100%, 89%
XYZ	47.4767, 65.2525, 10.0927
YIQ	188.5640, 47.8350, -79.5010

# Conversions

## Conversions Part 2

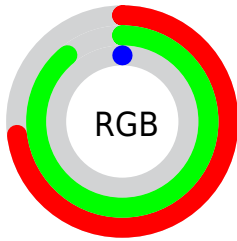
<b>Format</b>	<b>Color</b>
<b>RYB</b>	0, 227, 42
Decimal	12182272
CIELab	84.61, -36.96, 82.96
CIELCh	85, 90.819, 114.014
Yxy	65.2525, 0.3865, 0.5313
Android (android.graphics.Color)	4290372352 (0xFFB9E300)
YUV	188.5640, -92.9621, -3.1256
Hunter-Lab	80.7790, -36.4525, 49.1375

# Details

The XYZ color **47.4767, 65.2525, 10.0927** is a dark color, and the websafe version is hex **CCFF33**. The color can be described as middle washed chartreuse. A complement of this color would be **14.8226, 6.0400, 73.0616**, and the grayscale version is **48.6191, 51.1511, 55.7035**.

A 20% lighter version of the original color is **75.2194, 91.6537, 23.1777**, and **23.3567, 33.9407, 5.3202** is the 20% darker color. If you saturate the color by 10%, you get **47.4767, 65.2547, 10.0931**, and if you desaturate by 10%, it is **48.6586, 65.8464, 10.9416**.

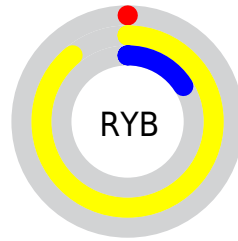
# Distribution



Red (73%)

Green (89%)

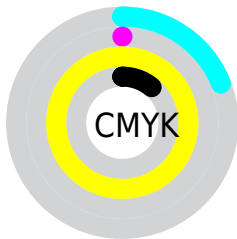
Blue (0%)



Red (0%)

Yellow (89%)

Blue (16%)

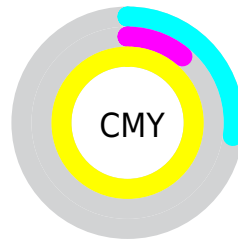


Cyan (19%)

Magenta (0%)

Yellow (100%)

Black (11%)



Cyan (27%)

Magenta (11%)


Yellow (100%)


# Brightness & Saturation Gradients

These gradients show how the XYZ color 47.4767, 65.2525, 10.0927 changes by changing the brightness by 10 percent. The first figure shows a shift by +10% for each color and the second figure -10%.


Similar to the brightness gradients but the following saturation gradients show a change of the XYZ color 47.4767, 65.2525, 10.0927 by changing the saturation by 10% instead.





 47.4767, 65.2525,  
10.0927


 47.4767, 65.2525,  
10.0927


367.3313,  
443.6988, 201.8412


 33.6222, 47.6659,  
5.3541


 85.6392, 112.4128,  
26.5803

 22.7650, 33.5623,  
2.3941


 110.6778,  
142.7552, 39.1662

 14.5398, 22.5576,  
0.7832


 140.1753,  
178.1184, 55.2051

 8.5813, 14.2672,  
0.0000

 174.4968,  
218.8867, 75.1153

 4.5240, 8.3067,  
0.0000

 214.0079,  
265.4444, 99.3155

 2.0026, 4.2918,  
0.0000

 259.0737,

 0.6354, 1.8381,

318.1761, 128.2242

0.0000

310.0597,  
377.4661, 162.2599

■ 0.0000, 0.5108,  
0.0000

■ 0.0000, 0.0000,  
0.0000

■ 47.4767, 65.2525,  
10.0927

■ 47.4767, 65.2525,  
10.0927

■ 47.4767, 65.2547,  
10.0931

■ 48.6586, 65.8464,  
10.9416

■ 50.0475, 66.5243,  
12.7291

■ 51.7022, 67.3120,  
15.7575

■ 53.6558, 68.2229,  
20.2001

■ 55.9364, 69.2680,  
26.2026

■ 58.5683, 70.4574,  
33.8925

■ 61.5736, 71.7996,  
43.3845

■ 64.9722, 73.3030,  
54.7829

■ 68.7829, 74.9747,  
68.1842

# Harmonies

## Analogous

The Analogous color harmony consists of three colors that are next to each other on the color wheel.



66.1734, 65.2525, 7.8239



47.4767, 65.2525, 10.0927



35.5330, 65.2525, 23.5820

# Triad

The Triadic color harmony groups three colors that are evenly spaced from another and form a triangle on the color wheel.



47.4767, 65.2525, 10.0927



41.8273, 65.2525, 204.9961



109.4036, 65.2525, 83.3332

# Complementary

The Complementary color scheme is a pair of colors which are on the opposite of each other on the color wheel.



47.4767, 65.2525, 10.0927



14.8226, 6.0400, 73.0616

# Split Complementary

Split-complementary colors differ from the complementary color scheme. The scheme consists of three colors, the original color and two neighbors of the complement color.



99.1931, 65.2525, 158.8574



47.4767, 65.2525, 10.0927



58.0452, 65.2525, 249.8472

# Square

The Square scheme is like the rectangle color scheme, but the four colors are evenly spaced on the color wheel.



47.4767, 65.2525, 10.0927



32.8030, 65.2525, 126.8244



79.2671, 65.2525, 229.4979



104.8547, 65.2525, 34.6245



# Rectangle

The Rectangle color scheme consists of four colors that form a rectangle on the color wheel.



47.4767, 65.2525, 10.0927



31.5979, 65.2525, 44.5346



79.2671, 65.2525, 229.4979



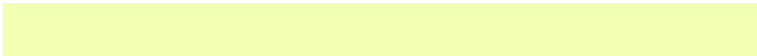
107.5248, 65.2525, 106.4254

# Sweetspot

The Sweet Spot groups the original color and five complimentary colors.



47.4782, 65.2554, 10.0941



80.0680, 93.4275, 56.1964



32.4958, 17.9625, 1.7553



16.7704, 19.8337, 10.8475



0.0000, 0.0000, 0.0000



20.3446, 21.4041, 23.3091



# Same Dimension

The Same Dimension uses a secret algorithm to generate beautiful new colors.



47.4782, 65.2554, 10.0941



61.7183, 84.9020, 13.1348



30.1362, 56.3153, 9.2825



15.3263, 16.6753, 15.3153



27.7793, 38.1022, 5.8903



2.1208, 2.8507, 0.4385



# Inverse Universe

The Inverse Universe completely reimagines the original color for something new.



14.8226, 6.0400, 73.0616



19.2312, 7.8289, 95.1053



27.4088, 12.5285, 73.6506



13.8304, 14.0148, 18.1205



8.7145, 3.5584, 42.6107



0.7157, 0.2999, 3.1521



# Previews

## White Background



This preview shows how the XYZ color 47.4767, 65.2525, 10.0927 looks on a white background.

## Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA × Fail

Any Text WCAG AA × Fail

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA × Fail

Any Text WCAG AAA × Fail



# Black Background



This preview shows how the XYZ color 47.4767, 65.2525, 10.0927 looks on a black background.

## Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

If you want to check with other color combinations, try the [Color Contrast Checker](#).

**XYZ 47.4767, 65.2525, 10.0927**

## **Background**



This preview shows how black text looks on a background with the XYZ color 47.4767, 65.2525, 10.0927.



This preview shows how white text looks on a background with the XYZ color 47.4767, 65.2525,



# Color Blindness Simulation

Color vision deficiency is a very complex topic, and I could not describe the different causes any better than Wikipedia does, so if you want to learn more, you should check out their [article about color blindness](#).

## Dichromacy



### Original Color

47.4767, 65.2525, 10.0927

### Protanopia

58.5542, 64.7657, 9.4149

### Deuteranopia

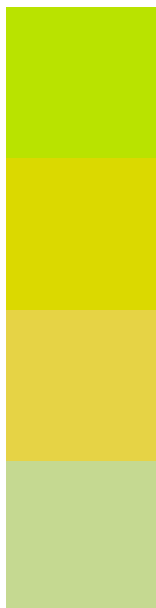
65.1208, 64.6052, 23.5058



## Tritanopia

62.1997, 65.0273, 82.6720

# Trichromacy



## Original Color

47.4767, 65.2525, 10.0927

## Protanomaly

54.0263, 64.6858, 9.6381

## Deuteranomaly

57.0016, 63.8412, 14.9485

## Tritanomaly

52.9496, 63.5404, 36.2618

# Monochromacy



## Original Color

47.4767, 65.2525, 10.0927

## Achromatopsia

48.3692, 50.8881, 55.4172

## Achromatomaly

45.4851, 54.7593, 25.9416

# CSS Examples

## Text

The CSS property to change the color of the text to XYZ 47.4767, 65.2525, 10.0927 is called "color". The color property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows how text in the color `rgb(185, 227, 0)` looks like.

```
.text, #text, p{  
    color:rgb(185, 227, 0)  
}
```

If you want to add a text shadow in that color use the text-shadow property, you can generate a text shadow directly with our [CSS Text Shadow Generator](#).

Here you see how black text with a 4 pixel rgb(185, 227, 0) colored shadow looks like.

```
.shadow{ text-shadow: 4px 4px 2px rgb(185, 227, 0) }
```

## Border

The CSS property to change the border of an element to XYZ 47.4767, 65.2525, 10.0927 is called "border". The border property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows the color as border, it can be applied via the CSS property "border" or "border-color".

```
.border, #border, table{ border:4px solid rgb(185, 227, 0) }
```



If only the border color should be changed use the property border-color.

```
.border{ border-color:rgb(185, 227, 0) }
```

If you want to add a box shadow in that color use:

Here you see how a box with a 4 pixel rgb(185, 227, 0) colored shadow looks like.

```
.boxshadow{ -moz-box-shadow:4px 4px 4px  
4px rgb(185, 227, 0); -webkit-box-  
shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(185, 227, 0);  
box-shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(185, 227,  
0) }
```

# Background

The CSS property to change the background color of an element to XYZ 47.4767, 65.2525, 10.0927 is called "background". The background property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

```
.background, #background, body{  
background: rgb(185, 227, 0) }
```

If only the background color should be changed can be used:

```
.background{ background-color: rgb(185,  
227, 0) }
```

This example shows the color as background, it is applied via the CSS property "background".

To optimize and compress your CSS code, you can use our [online CSS compressor and optimizer](#) based on csstidy. If you want to create a linear or radial gradient as background or border, check our [CSS Gradient Generator](#).

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