

# Converting Colors

XYZ(47.5680, 23.7988, 57.2872)

Have a look what the booklet for  
XYZ(47.5680, 23.7988, 57.2872)  
contains.

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# Color

**XYZ(47.4872, 23.7476,  
57.3392)**

# Conversions

## Conversions Part 1

Format	Color
Hex	F218C9
RGB	242, 24, 201
RGB Percent	95%, 9%, 79%
CMY	0.0510, 0.9058, 0.2118
CMYK	0.00, 0.90, 0.17, 0.05
HSL	311°, 89%, 52%
HSV	311°, 90%, 95%
XYZ	47.4872, 23.7476, 57.3392
YIQ	109.3600, 73.1110, 101.2630

# Conversions

## Conversions Part 2

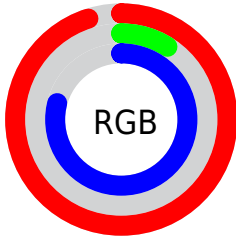
Format	Color
R <sub>Y</sub> B	242, 24, 201
Decimal	15866057
CIE Lab	55.83, 87.12, -37.66
CIE LCh	56, 94.909, 336.624
Yxy	23.7476, 0.3693, 0.1847
Android (android.graphics.Color)	4294056137 (0xFFFF218C9)
YUV	109.3600, 45.1785, 116.3253
Hunter-Lab	48.7315, 88.6620, -35.6506

# Details

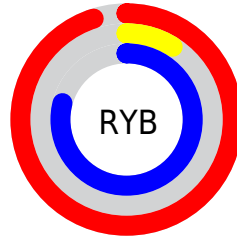
The XYZ color **47.4872, 23.7476, 57.3392** is a light color, and the websafe version is hex **FF00CC**. The color can be described as light washed magenta. A complement of this color would be **33.0846, 64.0812, 15.6304**, and the grayscale version is **14.5034, 15.2587, 16.6167**.

A 20% lighter version of the original color is **64.4440, 38.7881, 98.6980**, and **24.2444, 11.8991, 28.2131** is the 20% darker color. If you saturate the color by 10%, you get **46.6368, 22.8848, 54.4712**, and if you desaturate by 10%, it is **48.7707, 25.4444, 60.4485**.

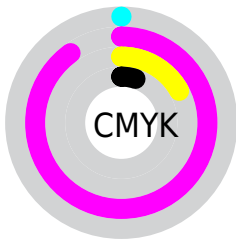
# Distribution



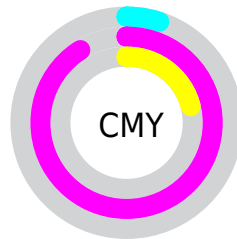
- Red (95%)
- Green (9%)
- Blue (79%)



- Red (95%)
- Yellow (9%)
- Blue (79%)



- Cyan (0%)
- Magenta (90%)
- Yellow (17%)
- Black (5%)




- Cyan (5%)
- Magenta (91%)
- Yellow (21%)

# Brightness & Saturation Gradients

These gradients show how the XYZ color 47.4872, 23.7476, 57.3392 changes by changing the brightness by 10 percent. The first figure shows a shift by +10% for each color and the second figure -10%.


Similar to the brightness gradients but the following saturation gradients show a change of the XYZ color 47.4872, 23.7476, 57.3392 by changing the saturation by 10% instead.




 47.4872, 23.7476,  
57.3392

 47.4872, 23.7476,  
57.3392


367.3724,  
271.5419, 432.2484


 33.6305, 15.1465,  
40.8665


 85.6547, 49.6180,  
102.4652


 22.7715, 8.9223,  
27.8958


 110.6963, 67.6561,  
131.9555

 14.5446, 4.6905,  
18.0088


 140.1969, 89.6086,  
166.6222

 8.5846, 2.0668,  
10.7868

 174.5218,  
115.8600, 206.8836

 4.5262, 0.6459,  
5.8113

 214.0365,  
146.7947, 253.1584

 2.0039, 0.0000,  
2.6637

259.1063,

 0.6362, 0.0000,

182.7969, 305.8651

0.9251

310.0964,  
224.2512, 365.4223

■ 0.0000, 0.0000,  
0.0000

■ 47.4872, 23.7476,  
57.3392

■ 47.4872, 23.7476,  
57.3392

■ 46.6368, 22.8848,  
54.4712

■ 48.7707, 25.4444,  
60.4485

■ 50.6091, 28.2259,  
63.8217

■ 53.0801, 32.2467,  
67.4853

■ 56.2482, 37.6357,  
71.4615

■ 60.1698, 44.5054,  
75.7698

64.8955, 52.9569,  
80.4276

70.4714, 63.0821,  
85.4510

76.9401, 74.9661,  
90.8547

84.3413, 88.6881,  
96.6526

# Harmonies

## Analogous

The Analogous color harmony consists of three colors that are next to each other on the color wheel.



37.3559, 23.7476, 108.9198



47.4872, 23.7476, 57.3392



50.1034, 23.7476, 19.5881

# Triad

The Triadic color harmony groups three colors that are evenly spaced from another and form a triangle on the color wheel.



47.4872, 23.7476, 57.3392



20.2607, 23.7476, 0.1392



9.6753, 23.7476, 80.0010

# Complementary

The Complementary color scheme is a pair of colors which are on the opposite of each other on the color wheel.



47.4872, 23.7476, 57.3392



33.0846, 64.0812, 15.6304

# Split Complementary

Split-complementary colors differ from the complementary color scheme. The scheme consists of three colors, the original color and two neighbors of the complement color.



7.5944, 23.7476, 33.3385



47.4872, 23.7476, 57.3392



12.3153, 23.7476, 1.4754

# Square

The Square scheme is like the rectangle color scheme, but the four colors are evenly spaced on the color wheel.



47.4872, 23.7476, 57.3392



31.8486, 23.7476, 0.6395



8.3769, 23.7476, 8.7163



15.2972, 23.7476, 127.8024



# Rectangle

The Rectangle color scheme consists of four colors that form a rectangle on the color wheel.



47.4872, 23.7476, 57.3392



46.6754, 23.7476, 7.3191



8.3769, 23.7476, 8.7163



8.6364, 23.7476, 62.6914

# Sweetspot

The Sweet Spot groups the original color and five complimentary colors.



47.4880, 23.7488, 57.3396



74.8650, 62.8548, 92.2297



18.4680, 8.1549, 84.6056



15.5906, 12.6703, 19.3377



0.0000, 0.0000, 0.0000



20.3446, 21.4041, 23.3091



# Same Dimension

The Same Dimension uses a secret algorithm to generate beautiful new colors.



47.4880, 23.7488, 57.3396



52.5068, 25.7667, 61.2600



38.9235, 20.3230, 12.2393



16.3193, 15.9774, 19.2377



25.1015, 12.3130, 29.5147



2.1208, 1.0373, 2.6267



# Inverse Universe

The Inverse Universe completely reimagines the original color for something new.



47.4880, 23.7488, 57.3396



52.5068, 25.7667, 61.2600



39.6702, 66.7154, 50.3094



16.3193, 15.9774, 19.2377



25.1015, 12.3130, 29.5147



2.1208, 1.0373, 2.6267



# Previews

## White Background



This preview shows how the XYZ color 47.4872, 23.7476, 57.3392 looks on a white background.

## Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA ✓ Pass

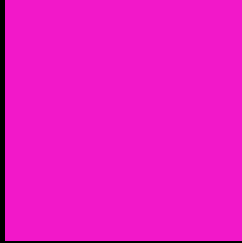
Any Text WCAG AA × Fail

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA × Fail

Any Text WCAG AAA × Fail



# Black Background



This preview shows how the XYZ color 47.4872, 23.7476, 57.3392 looks on a black background.

## Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AAA × Fail

If you want to check with other color combinations, try the [Color Contrast Checker](#).

**XYZ 47.4872, 23.7476, 57.3392**

## **Background**



This preview shows how black text looks on a background with the XYZ color 47.4872, 23.7476, 57.3392.



This preview shows how white text looks on a background with the XYZ color 47.4872, 23.7476,



# Color Blindness Simulation

Color vision deficiency is a very complex topic, and I could not describe the different causes any better than Wikipedia does, so if you want to learn more, you should check out their [article about color blindness](#).

## Dichromacy



### Original Color

47.4872, 23.7476, 57.3392

### Protanopia

28.3463, 24.5764, 97.8575

### Deuteranopia

24.6431, 24.0940, 51.4959



## Tritanopia

37.9009, 23.7125, 11.3835

# Trichromacy



## Original Color

47.4872, 23.7476, 57.3392



## Protanomaly

27.8758, 18.3196, 80.6641



## Deuteranomaly

28.2379, 19.2560, 52.6806



## Tritanomaly

40.1042, 22.6231, 22.6750

# Monochromacy



## Original Color

47.4872, 23.7476, 57.3392



## Achromatopsia

14.5356, 15.2926, 16.6537



## Achromatomaly

21.5115, 14.5699, 27.2697

# CSS Examples

## Text

The CSS property to change the color of the text to XYZ 47.4872, 23.7476, 57.3392 is called "color". The color property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows how text in the color `rgb(242, 24, 201)` looks like.

```
.text, #text, p{  
    color:rgb(242, 24, 201)  
}
```

If you want to add a text shadow in that color use the text-shadow property, you can generate a text shadow directly with our [CSS Text Shadow Generator](#).

Here you see how black text with a 4 pixel rgb(242, 24, 201) colored shadow looks like.

```
.shadow{ text-shadow: 4px 4px 2px rgb(242, 24, 201) }
```

## Border

The CSS property to change the border of an element to XYZ 47.4872, 23.7476, 57.3392 is called "border". The border property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows the color as border, it can be applied via the CSS property "border" or "border-color".

```
.border, #border, table{ border:4px solid rgb(242, 24, 201) }
```



If only the border color should be changed use the property `border-color`.

```
.border{ border-color:rgb(242, 24, 201) }
```

If you want to add a box shadow in that color use:

Here you see how a box with a 4 pixel `rgb(242, 24, 201)` colored shadow looks like.

```
.boxshadow{ -moz-box-shadow:4px 4px 4px  
4px rgb(242, 24, 201); -webkit-box-  
shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(242, 24, 201);  
box-shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(242, 24,  
201) }
```

# Background

The CSS property to change the background color of an element to XYZ 47.4872, 23.7476, 57.3392 is called "background". The background property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

```
.background, #background, body{  
background: rgb(242, 24, 201) }
```

If only the background color should be changed can be used:

```
.background{ background-color: rgb(242, 24,  
201) }
```

This example shows the color as background, it is applied via the CSS property "background".

To optimize and compress your CSS code, you can use our [online CSS compressor and optimizer](#) based on csstidy. If you want to create a linear or radial gradient as background or border, check our [CSS Gradient Generator](#).

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