

Converting Colors

XYZ(47.5845, 56.7900, 72.1312)

Have a look what the booklet for
XYZ(47.5845, 56.7900, 72.1312)
contains.

| | |
|--|----|
| XYZ(47.4560, 56.5461, 72.0316) | 3 |
| <i>Conversions</i> | 4 |
| <i>Details</i> | 6 |
| <i>Harmonies</i> | 12 |
| <i>Previews</i> | 24 |
| <i>Color Blindness Simulation</i> | 28 |
| <i>CSS Examples</i> | 31 |

Color

**XYZ(47.4560, 56.5461,
72.0316)**

Conversions

Conversions Part 1

| Format | Color |
|-------------|------------------------------|
| Hex | 97D0D6 |
| RGB | 151, 208, 214 |
| RGB Percent | 59%, 82%, 84% |
| CMY | 0.4078, 0.1843, 0.1608 |
| CMYK | 0.29, 0.03, 0.00, 0.16 |
| HSL | 186°, 43%, 72% |
| HSV | 186°, 29%, 84% |
| XYZ | 47.4560, 56.5461, 72.0316 |
| YIQ | 191.6410, -35.8980, -10.2180 |

Conversions

Conversions Part 2

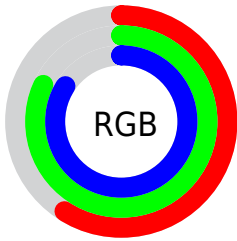
| Format | Color |
|-------------------------------------|--------------------------------|
| R_{YB} | 151, 181, 214 |
| Decimal | 9949398 |
| CIE _{Lab} | 79.92, -16.80, -8.88 |
| CIE _{LCh} | 80, 19.005, 207.864 |
| Yxy | 56.5461, 0.2696, 0.3212 |
| Android (android.graphics.Color) | 4288139478 (0xFF97D0D6) |
| YUV | 191.6410, 11.0230, -35.6422 |
| Hunter-Lab | 75.1971, -18.9458, -4.1561 |

Details

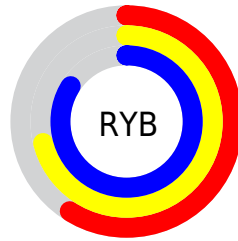
The XYZ color **47.4560, 56.5461, 72.0316** is a light color, and the websafe version is hex **99CCCC**. A complement of this color would be **45.3752, 40.6450, 34.7332**, and the grayscale version is **49.8478, 52.4438, 57.1113**.

A 20% lighter version of the original color is **79.5421, 92.0054, 108.1742**, and **22.8506, 28.2111, 37.0418** is the 20% darker color. If you saturate the color by 10%, you get **43.3462, 53.6961, 71.6991**, and if you desaturate by 10%, it is **52.2964, 59.7850, 72.4026**.

Distribution



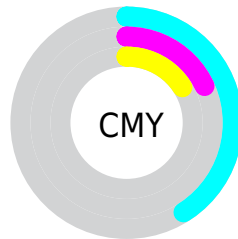
- Red (59%)
- Green (82%)
- Blue (84%)



- Red (59%)
- Yellow (71%)
- Blue (84%)



- Cyan (29%)
- Magenta (3%)
- Yellow (0%)
- Black (16%)



- Cyan (41%)
- Magenta (18%)
- Yellow (16%)

Brightness & Saturation Gradients

These gradients show how the XYZ color 47.4560, 56.5461, 72.0316 changes by changing the brightness by 10 percent. The first figure shows a shift by +10% for each color and the second figure -10%.

Similar to the brightness gradients but the following saturation gradients show a change of the XYZ color 47.4560, 56.5461, 72.0316 by changing the saturation by 10% instead.

■ 47.4560, 56.5461,
72.0316

■ 47.4560, 56.5461,
72.0316

367.2504,
411.7463, 486.6321

■ 33.6057, 40.6409,
52.6975

■ 85.6085, 99.8026,
123.8096

■ 22.7523, 28.0386,
37.1753

■ 110.6414,
127.9227, 157.0906

■ 14.5304, 18.3548,
25.0464

140.1327,
160.8832, 195.8576

■ 8.5747, 11.2050,
15.8923

174.4475,
199.0686, 240.5292

■ 4.5197, 6.2049,
9.2944

213.9514,
242.8632, 291.5239

■ 2.0001, 2.9701,
4.8343

259.0095,

■ 0.6340, 1.1161,

292.6514, 349.2602

2.0933

309.9874,
348.8177, 414.1568

■ 0.0000, 0.0000,
0.6118

■ 0.0000, 0.0000,
0.0000

■ 47.4560, 56.5461,
72.0316

■ 47.4560, 56.5461,
72.0316

■ 43.3462, 53.6961,
71.6991

■ 52.2964, 59.7850,
72.4026

■ 39.9229, 51.2081,
71.3993

■ 57.8986, 63.4247,
72.8099

■ 37.1450, 49.0622,
71.1315

■ 64.2978, 67.4848,
73.2563

■ 34.9651, 47.2340,
70.8935

■ 71.5258, 71.9817,
73.7433

■ 33.3289, 45.6953,
70.6827

■ 78.4986, 76.3568,
74.2203

■ 32.1724, 44.4133,
70.4962

■ 79.0308, 77.4212,
74.3977

■ 31.3874, 43.3320,
70.3289

■ 79.5695, 78.4986,
74.5772

■ 31.3469, 43.2734,
70.3197

■ 80.1148, 79.5891,
74.7590

■ 80.6666, 80.6928,
74.9429

Harmonies

Analogous

The Analogous color harmony consists of three colors that are next to each other on the color wheel.



46.6742, 56.5461, 60.7814



47.4560, 56.5461, 72.0316



49.8987, 56.5461, 81.3481

Triad

The Triadic color harmony groups three colors that are evenly spaced from another and form a triangle on the color wheel.



47.4560, 56.5461, 72.0316



60.2686, 56.5461, 73.5637



54.0221, 56.5461, 42.7009

Complementary

The Complementary color scheme is a pair of colors which are on the opposite of each other on the color wheel.



47.4560, 56.5461, 72.0316



45.3752, 40.6450, 34.7332

Split Complementary

Split-complementary colors differ from the complementary color scheme. The scheme consists of three colors, the original color and two neighbors of the complement color.



57.7848, 56.5461, 45.2879



47.4560, 56.5461, 72.0316



61.4969, 56.5461, 62.3636

Square

The Square scheme is like the rectangle color scheme, but the four colors are evenly spaced on the color wheel.



47.4560, 56.5461, 72.0316



57.2842, 56.5461, 82.3044



60.5672, 56.5461, 52.1722



50.3554, 56.5461, 44.6463

Rectangle

The Rectangle color scheme consists of four colors that form a rectangle on the color wheel.



47.4560, 56.5461, 72.0316



52.2023, 56.5461, 84.7387



60.5672, 56.5461, 52.1722



55.3186, 56.5461, 43.0621

Sweetspot

The Sweet Spot groups the original color and five complimentary colors.



47.4577, 56.5484, 72.0329



86.4119, 94.5181, 108.2972



42.8322, 57.0823, 40.3254



18.2167, 20.0516, 23.1602



0.0000, 0.0000, 0.0000



20.3446, 21.4041, 23.3091

Same Dimension

The Same Dimension uses a secret algorithm to generate beautiful new colors.



47.4577, 56.5484, 72.0329



66.8326, 81.5181, 106.8199



40.6729, 42.9788, 69.7713



12.6864, 13.8963, 15.9511



18.9888, 26.2393, 42.5170



1.1754, 1.6427, 2.5744

Inverse Universe

The Inverse Universe completely reimagines the original color for something new.



50.1847, 40.9848, 64.9429



71.5427, 55.1264, 94.4641



51.2484, 52.3914, 36.6910



12.8997, 12.6114, 15.4120



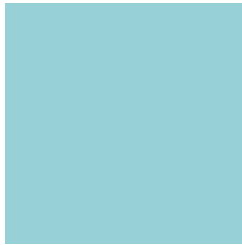
22.6435, 10.9937, 31.7564



1.3809, 0.6692, 1.9953

Previews

White Background



This preview shows how the XYZ color 47.4560, 56.5461, 72.0316 looks on a white background.

Color Contrast Check

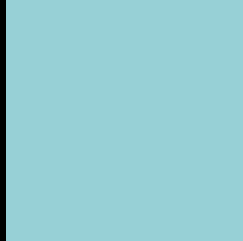
Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA × Fail

Any Text WCAG AA × Fail

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA × Fail

Any Text WCAG AAA × Fail

Black Background



This preview shows how the XYZ color 47.4560, 56.5461, 72.0316 looks on a black background.

Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

If you want to check with other color combinations, try the [Color Contrast Checker](#).

XYZ 47.4560, 56.5461, 72.0316

Background



This preview shows how black text looks on a background with the XYZ color 47.4560, 56.5461, 72.0316.



This preview shows how white text looks on a background with the XYZ color 47.4560, 56.5461,

Color Blindness Simulation

Color vision deficiency is a very complex topic, and I could not describe the different causes any better than Wikipedia does, so if you want to learn more, you should check out their [article about color blindness](#).

Dichromacy



Original Color

47.4560, 56.5461, 72.0316

Protanopia

54.2911, 55.9906, 66.9773

Deuteranopia

57.1061, 55.9744, 73.4400



Tritanopia

48.7690, 56.7257, 78.1908

Trichromacy



Original Color

47.4560, 56.5461, 72.0316

Protanomaly

51.3432, 55.7855, 69.0344

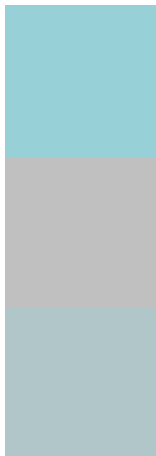
Deuteranomaly

53.0823, 55.9108, 72.9599

Tritanomaly

48.1800, 56.4684, 76.0703

Monochromacy



Original Color

47.4560, 56.5461, 72.0316

Achromatopsia

50.1023, 52.7115, 57.4028

Achromatomaly

48.7509, 53.9054, 62.4789

CSS Examples

Text

The CSS property to change the color of the text to XYZ 47.4560, 56.5461, 72.0316 is called "color". The color property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows how text in the color `rgb(151, 208, 214)` looks like.

```
.text, #text, p{  
    color:rgb(151, 208, 214)  
}
```

If you want to add a text shadow in that color use the text-shadow property, you can generate a text shadow directly with our [CSS Text Shadow Generator](#).

Here you see how black text with a 4 pixel rgb(151, 208, 214) colored shadow looks like.

```
.shadow{ text-shadow: 4px 4px 2px rgb(151, 208, 214) }
```

Border

The CSS property to change the border of an element to XYZ 47.4560, 56.5461, 72.0316 is called "border". The border property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows the color as border, it can be applied via the CSS property "border" or "border-color".

```
.border, #border, table{ border:4px solid rgb(151, 208, 214) }
```


If only the border color should be changed use the property `border-color`.

```
.border{ border-color:rgb(151, 208, 214) }
```

If you want to add a box shadow in that color use:

Here you see how a box with a 4 pixel `rgb(151, 208, 214)` colored shadow looks like.

```
.boxshadow{ -moz-box-shadow:4px 4px 4px  
4px rgb(151, 208, 214); -webkit-box-  
shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(151, 208, 214);  
box-shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(151, 208,  
214) }
```

Background

The CSS property to change the background color of an element to XYZ 47.4560, 56.5461, 72.0316 is called "background". The background property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

```
.background, #background, body{  
background: rgb(151, 208, 214) }
```

If only the background color should be changed can be used:

```
.background{ background-color: rgb(151,  
208, 214) }
```

This example shows the color as background, it is applied via the CSS property "background".

To optimize and compress your CSS code, you can use our [online CSS compressor and optimizer](#) based on csstidy. If you want to create a linear or radial gradient as background or border, check our [CSS Gradient Generator](#).

Hey! You found this booklet interesting? Support Converting Colors with the new Membership Option!

The pro membership hides all ads, plus gives you double the colors in the color bucket, and more awesome pro features!

[Learn more, Memberships starting at \\$2.50/m!](#)

**Follow me
on Twitter!**

@ConvertingColor