

Converting Colors

XYZ(47.6040, 50.3496, 56.7440)

Have a look what the booklet for
XYZ(47.6040, 50.3496, 56.7440)
contains.

XYZ(47.6091, 50.4711, 56.5228)	3
<i>Conversions</i>	4
<i>Details</i>	6
<i>Harmonies</i>	12
<i>Previews</i>	24
<i>Color Blindness Simulation</i>	28
<i>CSS Examples</i>	31

Color

**XYZ(47.6091, 50.4711,
56.5228)**

Conversions

Conversions Part 1

Format	Color
Hex	B9BDBF
RGB	185, 189, 191
RGB Percent	73%, 74%, 75%
CMY	0.2745, 0.2588, 0.2510
CMYK	0.03, 0.01, 0.00, 0.25
HSL	200°, 4%, 74%
HSV	200°, 3%, 75%
XYZ	47.6091, 50.4711, 56.5228
YIQ	188.0320, -3.0260, -0.2260

Conversions

Conversions Part 2

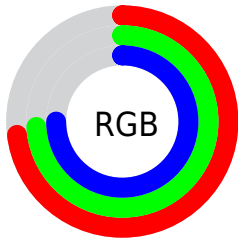
Format	Color
R _Y B	185, 187, 191
Decimal	12172735
CIE Lab	76.36, -1.00, -1.50
CIE LCh	76, 1.806, 236.206
Yxy	50.4711, 0.3079, 0.3265
Android (android.graphics.Color)	4290362815 (0xFFB9BDBF)
YUV	188.0320, 1.4632, -2.6591
Hunter-Lab	71.0430, -4.7044, 2.5582

Details

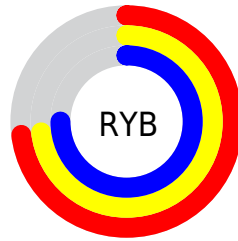
The XYZ color **47.6091, 50.4711, 56.5228** is a light color, and the websafe version is hex **CCCCCC**. A complement of this color would be **48.0131, 50.1190, 53.0429**, and the grayscale version is **47.8125, 50.3025, 54.7794**.

A 20% lighter version of the original color is **85.7165, 90.7210, 100.9888**, and **22.9073, 24.3488, 27.5372** is the 20% darker color. If you saturate the color by 10%, you get **41.9704, 45.5803, 55.8767**, and if you desaturate by 10%, it is **53.9296, 55.8052, 57.2200**.

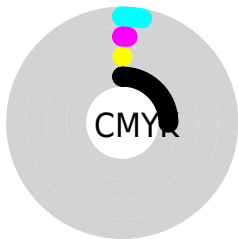
Distribution



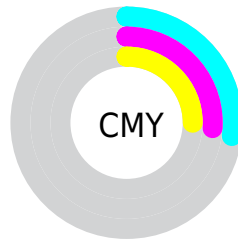
- Red (73%)
- Green (74%)
- Blue (75%)



- Red (73%)
- Yellow (73%)
- Blue (75%)



- Cyan (3%)
- Magenta (1%)
- Yellow (0%)
- Black (25%)



- Cyan (27%)
- Magenta (26%)
- Yellow (25%)

Brightness & Saturation Gradients

These gradients show how the XYZ color 47.6091, 50.4711, 56.5228 changes by changing the brightness by 10 percent. The first figure shows a shift by +10% for each color and the second figure -10%.

Similar to the brightness gradients but the following saturation gradients show a change of the XYZ color 47.6091, 50.4711, 56.5228 by changing the saturation by 10% instead.

■ 47.6091, 50.4711,
56.5228

■ 47.6091, 50.4711,
56.5228

367.8490,
388.5054, 429.1023

■ 33.7274, 35.7879,
40.2154

■ 85.8353, 90.8725,
101.2620

■ 22.8461, 24.2704,
27.3915

110.9106,
117.3594, 130.5308

■ 14.6000, 15.5343,
17.6324

140.4477,
148.5497, 164.9573

■ 8.6236, 9.1952,
10.5197

174.8120,
184.8278, 204.9599

■ 4.5517, 4.8688,
5.6348

214.3690,
226.5780, 250.9571

■ 2.0187, 2.1705,
2.5591

259.4839,

■ 0.6444, 0.7038,

274.1847, 303.3676

0.8713

310.5221,
328.0324, 362.6098

■ 0.0000, 0.0000,
0.0000

■ 47.6091, 50.4711,
56.5228

■ 47.6091, 50.4711,
56.5228

■ 41.9704, 45.5803,
55.8767

■ 53.9296, 55.8052,
57.2200

■ 36.9839, 41.1121,
55.2771

■ 60.9516, 61.5895,
57.9664

■ 32.6243, 37.0537,
54.7235

■ 68.6990, 67.8390,
58.7643

■ 28.8625, 33.3891,
54.2145

■ 74.7990, 73.3314,
59.5030

■ 25.6674, 30.1009,
53.7482

■ 76.4433, 76.6201,
60.0511

■ 23.0047, 27.1702,
53.3228

■ 78.1512, 80.0357,
60.6204

■ 20.8359, 24.5761,
52.9364

■ 79.9232, 83.5798,
61.2111

■ 19.1173, 22.2946,
52.5866

■ 81.7601, 87.2536,
61.8233

■ 17.7962, 20.2973,
52.2707

■ 83.6625, 91.0584,
62.4575

Harmonies

Analogous

The Analogous color harmony consists of three colors that are next to each other on the color wheel.



47.3880, 50.4711, 55.7842



47.6091, 50.4711, 56.5228



47.9281, 50.4711, 56.8411

Triad

The Triadic color harmony groups three colors that are evenly spaced from another and form a triangle on the color wheel.



47.6091, 50.4711, 56.5228



48.6256, 50.4711, 55.0782



47.6836, 50.4711, 53.2941

Complementary

The Complementary color scheme is a pair of colors which are on the opposite of each other on the color wheel.



47.6091, 50.4711, 56.5228



48.0131, 50.1190, 53.0429

Split Complementary

Split-complementary colors differ from the complementary color scheme. The scheme consists of three colors, the original color and two neighbors of the complement color.



48.0145, 50.4711, 53.1100



47.6091, 50.4711, 56.5228



48.5593, 50.4711, 54.1330

Square

The Square scheme is like the rectangle color scheme, but the four colors are evenly spaced on the color wheel.



47.6091, 50.4711, 56.5228



48.5158, 50.4711, 56.0009



48.3353, 50.4711, 53.4154



47.4308, 50.4711, 53.9212

Rectangle

The Rectangle color scheme consists of four colors that form a rectangle on the color wheel.



47.6091, 50.4711, 56.5228



48.1537, 50.4711, 56.7693



48.3353, 50.4711, 53.4154



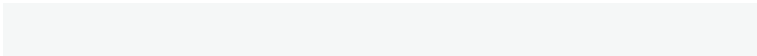
47.7893, 50.4711, 53.1787

Sweetspot

The Sweet Spot groups the original color and five complimentary colors.



47.6105, 50.4733, 56.5239



87.5720, 92.3599, 101.4908



47.5980, 51.1602, 54.3244



19.2422, 20.2918, 22.2878



92.9021, 97.7402, 106.4391



19.4759, 20.4902, 22.3138

Same Dimension

The Same Dimension uses a secret algorithm to generate beautiful new colors.



47.6105, 50.4733, 56.5239



84.2881, 89.5563, 101.1228



46.9922, 49.2365, 56.3178



10.1120, 10.7599, 12.2161



11.2819, 12.6756, 34.2449



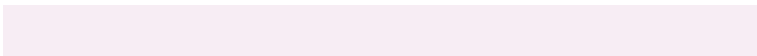
0.4997, 0.6120, 1.3606

Inverse Universe

The Inverse Universe completely reimagines the original color for something new.



48.0212, 49.4492, 55.1604



85.2356, 87.2058, 97.9739



48.6353, 51.3635, 53.2503



10.2434, 10.4351, 11.7793



16.6954, 8.3093, 14.2213



0.6831, 0.3371, 0.7106

Previews

White Background



This preview shows how the XYZ color 47.6091, 50.4711, 56.5228 looks on a white background.

Color Contrast Check

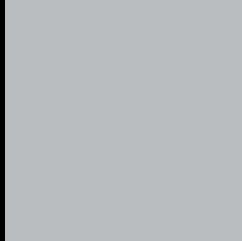
Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA × Fail

Any Text WCAG AA × Fail

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA × Fail

Any Text WCAG AAA × Fail

Black Background



This preview shows how the XYZ color 47.6091, 50.4711, 56.5228 looks on a black background.

Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AA ✓ Pass

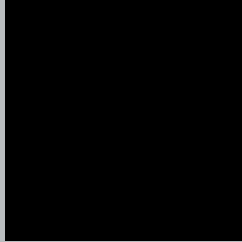
Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

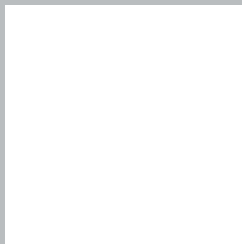
If you want to check with other color combinations, try the [Color Contrast Checker](#).

XYZ 47.6091, 50.4711, 56.5228

Background



This preview shows how black text looks on a background with the XYZ color 47.6091, 50.4711, 56.5228.

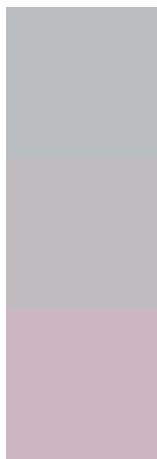


This preview shows how white text looks on a background with the XYZ color 47.6091, 50.4711,

Color Blindness Simulation

Color vision deficiency is a very complex topic, and I could not describe the different causes any better than Wikipedia does, so if you want to learn more, you should check out their [article about color blindness](#).

Dichromacy



Original Color

47.6091, 50.4711, 56.5228

Protanopia

48.5504, 50.3347, 55.8719

Deuteranopia

51.1442, 50.0990, 56.8437



Tritanopia

48.9245, 50.3697, 63.0208

Trichromacy



Original Color

47.6091, 50.4711, 56.5228

Protanomaly

48.2637, 50.5030, 55.9195

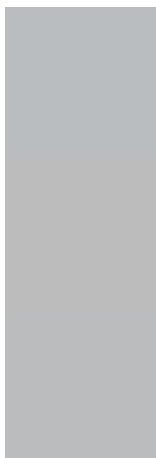
Deuteranomaly

49.8893, 50.3740, 56.9629

Tritanomaly

48.4260, 50.4828, 60.6179

Monochromacy



Original Color

47.6091, 50.4711, 56.5228

Achromatopsia

47.7994, 50.2886, 54.7643

Achromatomaly

47.6620, 50.2054, 55.3227

CSS Examples

Text

The CSS property to change the color of the text to XYZ 47.6091, 50.4711, 56.5228 is called "color". The color property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows how text in the color `rgb(185, 189, 191)` looks like.

```
.text, #text, p{  
    color:rgb(185, 189, 191)  
}
```

If you want to add a text shadow in that color use the text-shadow property, you can generate a text shadow directly with our [CSS Text Shadow Generator](#).

Here you see how black text with a 4 pixel rgb(185, 189, 191) colored shadow looks like.

```
.shadow{ text-shadow: 4px 4px 2px rgb(185, 189, 191) }
```

Border

The CSS property to change the border of an element to XYZ 47.6091, 50.4711, 56.5228 is called "border". The border property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows the color as border, it can be applied via the CSS property "border" or "border-color".

```
.border, #border, table{ border:4px solid rgb(185, 189, 191) }
```


If only the border color should be changed use the property `border-color`.

```
.border{ border-color:rgb(185, 189, 191) }
```

If you want to add a box shadow in that color use:

Here you see how a box with a 4 pixel `rgb(185, 189, 191)` colored shadow looks like.

```
.boxshadow{ -moz-box-shadow:4px 4px 4px  
4px rgb(185, 189, 191); -webkit-box-  
shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(185, 189, 191);  
box-shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(185, 189,  
191) }
```

Background

The CSS property to change the background color of an element to XYZ 47.6091, 50.4711, 56.5228 is called "background". The background property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

```
.background, #background, body{  
background: rgb(185, 189, 191) }
```

If only the background color should be changed can be used:

```
.background{ background-color: rgb(185,  
189, 191) }
```

This example shows the color as background, it is applied via the CSS property "background".

To optimize and compress your CSS code, you can use our [online CSS compressor and optimizer](#) based on csstidy. If you want to create a linear or radial gradient as background or border, check our [CSS Gradient Generator](#).

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