

# Converting Colors

XYZ(47.6814, 43.7396, 95.5025)

Have a look what the booklet for  
XYZ(47.6814, 43.7396, 95.5025)  
contains.

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# Color

**XYZ(47.6490, 43.6505,  
95.5365)**

# Conversions

## Conversions Part 1

Format	Color
Hex	A9A9F9
RGB	169, 169, 249
RGB Percent	66%, 66%, 98%
CMY	0.3372, 0.3372, 0.0235
CMYK	0.32, 0.32, 0.00, 0.02
HSL	240°, 87%, 82%
HSV	240°, 32%, 98%
XYZ	47.6490, 43.6505, 95.5365
YIQ	178.1200, -25.6800, 24.8800

# Conversions

## Conversions Part 2

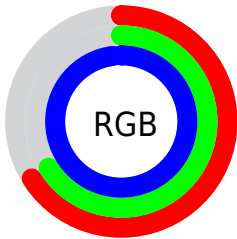
Format	Color
R <sub>YB</sub>	169, 169, 249
Decimal	11119097
CIE Lab	71.99, 17.91, -39.76
CIE LCh	72, 43.605, 294.256
Yxy	43.6505, 0.2550, 0.2336
Android (android.graphics.Color)	4289309177 (0xFFA9A9F9)
YUV	178.1200, 34.9438, -7.9982
Hunter-Lab	66.0685, 13.1153, -39.4866

# Details

The XYZ color **47.6490, 43.6505, 95.5365** is a light color, and the websafe version is hex **9999FF**. A complement of this color would be **80.1049, 90.7565, 50.8335**, and the grayscale version is **42.2123, 44.4106, 48.3632**.

A 20% lighter version of the original color is **76.0697, 76.7001, 105.4030**, and **22.8151, 20.1058, 52.5475** is the 20% darker color. If you saturate the color by 10%, you get **38.6076, 32.7560, 93.9110**, and if you desaturate by 10%, it is **58.5927, 56.8368, 97.5057**.

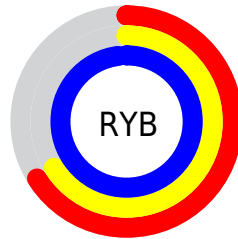
# Distribution



Red (66%)

Green (66%)

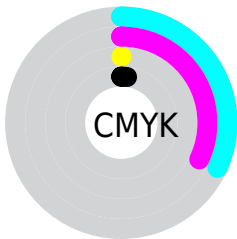
Blue (98%)



Red (66%)

Yellow (66%)

Blue (98%)

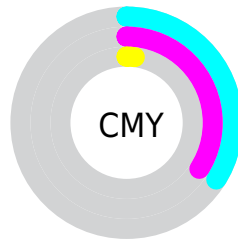


Cyan (32%)

Magenta (32%)

Yellow (0%)

Black (2%)



Cyan (34%)

Magenta (34%)

Yellow (2%)

# Brightness & Saturation Gradients

These gradients show how the XYZ color 47.6490, 43.6505, 95.5365 changes by changing the brightness by 10 percent. The first figure shows a shift by +10% for each color and the second figure -10%.

Similar to the brightness gradients but the following saturation gradients show a change of the XYZ color 47.6490, 43.6505, 95.5365 by changing the saturation by 10% instead.



■ 47.6490, 43.6505,  
95.5365

■ 47.6490, 43.6505,  
95.5365

368.0049,  
361.2802, 566.9093

■ 33.7591, 30.3958,  
71.9822

■ 85.8944, 80.6916,  
157.0075

■ 22.8706, 20.1392,  
52.6574

■ 110.9807,  
105.2468, 195.7614

■ 14.6182, 12.4963,  
37.1435

140.5297,  
134.3376, 240.4189

■ 8.6364, 7.0826,  
25.0220

174.9070,  
168.3485, 291.3985

■ 4.5600, 3.5138,  
15.8742

214.4778,  
207.6638, 349.1188

■ 2.0236, 1.4055,  
9.2818

259.6075,

■ 0.6471, 0.2208,

252.6679, 413.9983

4.8261

310.6614,  
303.7452, 486.4556

■ 0.0000, 0.0000,  
2.0887

■ 0.0000, 0.0000,  
0.6090

■ 47.6490, 43.6505,  
95.5365

■ 47.6490, 43.6505,  
95.5365

■ 38.6076, 32.7560,  
93.9110

■ 58.5927, 56.8368,  
97.5057

■ 31.3557, 24.0180,  
92.6066

■ 71.5337, 72.4298,  
99.8334

■ 25.7760, 17.2948,  
91.6029

■ 86.5660, 90.5429,  
102.5373

■ 21.7350, 12.4256,  
90.8761

■ 94.0990, 99.6196,  
103.8922

■ 19.0790, 9.2254,  
90.3984

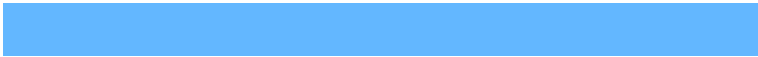
■ 17.6227, 7.4706,  
90.1364

■ 17.0990, 6.8396,  
90.0422

# Harmonies

## Analogous

The Analogous color harmony consists of three colors that are next to each other on the color wheel.



40.0728, 43.6505, 101.0749



47.6490, 43.6505, 95.5365



54.2198, 43.6505, 75.7116

# Triad

The Triadic color harmony groups three colors that are evenly spaced from another and form a triangle on the color wheel.



47.6490, 43.6505, 95.5365



50.4214, 43.6505, 21.4223



28.8176, 43.6505, 43.5435

# Complementary

The Complementary color scheme is a pair of colors which are on the opposite of each other on the color wheel.



47.6490, 43.6505, 95.5365



80.1049, 90.7565, 50.8335

# Split Complementary

Split-complementary colors differ from the complementary color scheme. The scheme consists of three colors, the original color and two neighbors of the complement color.



30.9246, 43.6505, 27.3830



47.6490, 43.6505, 95.5365



42.9371, 43.6505, 17.3020

# Square

The Square scheme is like the rectangle color scheme, but the four colors are evenly spaced on the color wheel.



47.6490, 43.6505, 95.5365



55.9497, 43.6505, 32.6020



35.8833, 43.6505, 19.1006



29.7621, 43.6505, 66.4296



# Rectangle

The Rectangle color scheme consists of four colors that form a rectangle on the color wheel.



47.6490, 43.6505, 95.5365



56.8411, 43.6505, 59.5372



35.8833, 43.6505, 19.1006



29.1838, 43.6505, 37.2531

# Sweetspot

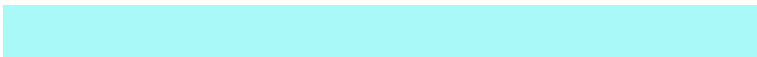
The Sweet Spot groups the original color and five complimentary colors.



47.6505, 43.6522, 95.5375



78.6808, 80.2761, 105.9557



67.3379, 83.0269, 102.1000



16.3873, 16.6358, 22.5973



0.0000, 0.0000, 0.0000



20.3446, 21.4041, 23.3091



# Same Dimension

The Same Dimension uses a secret algorithm to generate beautiful new colors.



47.6505, 43.6522, 95.5375



43.4865, 37.8693, 99.6253



57.5827, 48.7724, 96.0023



16.2831, 16.6431, 21.7395



9.1528, 3.6611, 48.1978



0.8477, 0.3391, 4.4639



# Inverse Universe

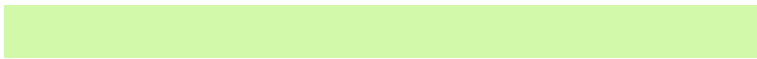
The Inverse Universe completely reimagines the original color for something new.



70.3548, 55.3567, 96.6000



71.1031, 52.1062, 100.9176



67.3328, 84.1722, 50.2358



17.9931, 17.5246, 21.8195



30.0647, 14.4416, 49.1764



2.7845, 1.3375, 4.5546



# Previews

## White Background



This preview shows how the XYZ color 47.6490, 43.6505, 95.5365 looks on a white background.

## Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA × Fail

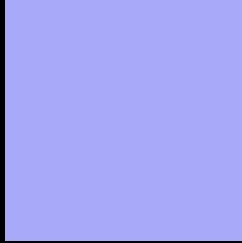
Any Text WCAG AA × Fail

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA × Fail

Any Text WCAG AAA × Fail



# Black Background



This preview shows how the XYZ color 47.6490, 43.6505, 95.5365 looks on a black background.

## Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

If you want to check with other color combinations, try the [Color Contrast Checker](#).

**XYZ 47.6490, 43.6505, 95.5365**

## **Background**



This preview shows how black text looks on a background with the XYZ color 47.6490, 43.6505, 95.5365.



This preview shows how white text looks on a background with the XYZ color 47.6490, 43.6505,

95.5365.

# Color Blindness Simulation

Color vision deficiency is a very complex topic, and I could not describe the different causes any better than Wikipedia does, so if you want to learn more, you should check out their [article about color blindness](#).

## Dichromacy



### Original Color

47.6490, 43.6505, 95.5365

### Protanopia

45.6282, 43.9433, 99.0055

### Deuteranopia

44.8418, 43.6287, 94.8647



## Tritanopia

39.9635, 43.7057, 57.3687

# Trichromacy



## Original Color

47.6490, 43.6505, 95.5365

## Protanomaly

46.4238, 43.8024, 98.1034

## Deuteranomaly

45.7964, 43.5515, 94.7995

## Tritanomaly

42.3609, 43.4828, 69.7787

# Monochromacy



## Original Color

47.6490, 43.6505, 95.5365

## Achromatopsia

42.3164, 44.5201, 48.4824

## Achromatomaly

43.9083, 44.1335, 63.3312

# CSS Examples

## Text

The CSS property to change the color of the text to XYZ 47.6490, 43.6505, 95.5365 is called "color". The color property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows how text in the color `rgb(169, 169, 249)` looks like.

```
.text, #text, p{  
    color:rgb(169, 169, 249)  
}
```

If you want to add a text shadow in that color use the text-shadow property, you can generate a text shadow directly with our [CSS Text Shadow Generator](#).

Here you see how black text with a 4 pixel rgb(169, 169, 249) colored shadow looks like.

```
.shadow{ text-shadow: 4px 4px 2px rgb(169, 169, 249) }
```

## Border

The CSS property to change the border of an element to XYZ 47.6490, 43.6505, 95.5365 is called "border". The border property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows the color as border, it can be applied via the CSS property "border" or "border-color".

```
.border, #border, table{ border:4px solid rgb(169, 169, 249) }
```



If only the border color should be changed use the property `border-color`.

```
.border{ border-color:rgb(169, 169, 249) }
```

If you want to add a box shadow in that color use:

Here you see how a box with a 4 pixel `rgb(169, 169, 249)` colored shadow looks like.

```
.boxshadow{ -moz-box-shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(169, 169, 249); -webkit-box-shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(169, 169, 249); box-shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(169, 169, 249) }
```

# Background

The CSS property to change the background color of an element to XYZ 47.6490, 43.6505, 95.5365 is called "background". The background property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

```
.background, #background, body{  
background: rgb(169, 169, 249) }
```

If only the background color should be changed can be used:

```
.background{ background-color: rgb(169,  
169, 249) }
```

This example shows the color as background, it is applied via the CSS property "background".

To optimize and compress your CSS code, you can use our [online CSS compressor and optimizer](#) based on csstidy. If you want to create a linear or radial gradient as background or border, check our [CSS Gradient Generator](#).

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