

# Converting Colors

XYZ(47.7543, 48.2068, 28.6846)

Have a look what the booklet for  
XYZ(47.7543, 48.2068, 28.6846)  
contains.

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# **Color**

**XYZ(47.7255, 48.0523,  
28.5894)**

# Conversions

## Conversions Part 1

<b>Format</b>	<b>Color</b>
Hex	D5B384
RGB	213, 179, 132
RGB Percent	84%, 70%, 52%
CMY	0.1647, 0.2980, 0.4823
CMYK	0.00, 0.16, 0.38, 0.16
HSL	35°, 49%, 68%
HSV	35°, 38%, 84%
XYZ	47.7255, 48.0523, 28.5894
YIQ	183.8080, 35.3510, -7.4090

# Conversions

## Conversions Part 2

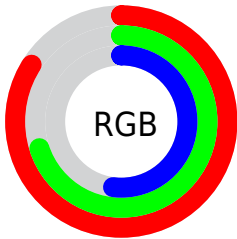
Format	Color
R <sub>Y</sub> B	191, 213, 132
Decimal	14005124
CIE Lab	74.86, 5.78, 28.58
CIE LCh	75, 29.161, 78.562
Yxy	48.0523, 0.3837, 0.3864
Android (android.graphics.Color)	4292195204 (0xFFD5B384)
YUV	183.8080, -25.5413, 25.6014
Hunter-Lab	69.3198, 1.5847, 24.0710

# Details

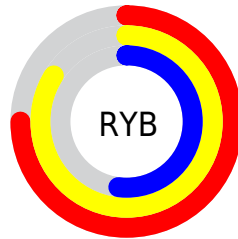
The XYZ color **47.7255, 48.0523, 28.5894** is a light color, and the websafe version is hex **CC9966**. A complement of this color would be **35.1617, 36.9807, 68.2354**, and the grayscale version is **45.5778, 47.9514, 52.2191**.

A 20% lighter version of the original color is **79.7053, 84.1794, 57.9463**, and **22.8885, 22.6990, 11.1576** is the 20% darker color. If you saturate the color by 10%, you get **44.6805, 44.0615, 21.1028**, and if you desaturate by 10%, it is **51.1867, 52.3989, 37.6840**.

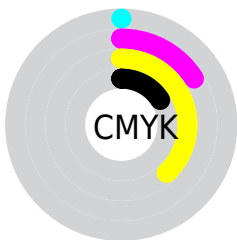
# Distribution



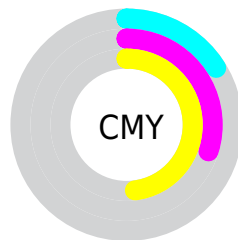
- Red (84%)
- Green (70%)
- Blue (52%)



- Red (75%)
- Yellow (84%)
- Blue (52%)



- Cyan (0%)
- Magenta (16%)
- Yellow (38%)
- Black (16%)




- Cyan (16%)
- Magenta (30%)
- Yellow (48%)


# Brightness & Saturation Gradients

These gradients show how the XYZ color 47.7255, 48.0523, 28.5894 changes by changing the brightness by 10 percent. The first figure shows a shift by +10% for each color and the second figure -10%.

Similar to the brightness gradients but the following saturation gradients show a change of the XYZ color 47.7255, 48.0523, 28.5894 by changing the saturation by 10% instead.




 47.7255, 48.0523,  
28.5894


 47.7255, 48.0523,  
28.5894


368.3038,  
378.9994, 309.2728


 33.8199, 33.8683,  
18.5275


 86.0077, 87.2823,  
58.4585

 22.9175, 22.7924,  
11.1560


 111.1151,  
113.0970, 79.1027

 14.6530, 14.4403,  
6.0564


 140.6871,  
143.5575, 104.1116

 8.6609, 8.4276,  
2.8101

175.0890,  
179.0481, 133.9035

 4.5760, 4.3697,  
0.9985

214.6863,  
219.9532, 168.8970

 2.0329, 1.8825,  
0.0000

259.8443,

 0.6523, 0.5378,

266.6572, 209.5107

0.0000

310.9283,  
319.5444, 256.1631

■ 0.0000, 0.0000,  
0.0000

■ 47.7255, 48.0523,  
28.5894

■ 47.7255, 48.0523,  
28.5894

■ 44.6805, 44.0615,  
21.1028

■ 51.1867, 52.3989,  
37.6840

■ 42.0276, 40.4082,  
15.1243

■ 55.0793, 57.1057,  
48.4721

■ 39.7457, 37.0821,  
10.5479


■ 59.4220, 62.1850,  
61.0369


■ 37.8093, 34.0692,  
7.2516


■ 64.2313, 67.6467,  
75.4550


■ 36.1893, 31.3541,  
5.0929


■ 69.5228, 73.5003,  
91.7985


 34.8440, 28.9162,  
3.8656

 74.5282, 79.4415,  
106.0134

 34.5988, 28.4628,  
3.6703

 77.1182, 84.6215,  
106.8768

 79.8382, 90.0615,  
107.7834

 81.2505, 92.8861,  
108.2542

# Harmonies

## Analogous

The Analogous color harmony consists of three colors that are next to each other on the color wheel.



52.7626, 48.0523, 33.3306



47.7255, 48.0523, 28.5894



42.5008, 48.0523, 29.2221

# Triad

The Triadic color harmony groups three colors that are evenly spaced from another and form a triangle on the color wheel.



47.7255, 48.0523, 28.5894



36.6671, 48.0523, 62.1843



53.7557, 48.0523, 74.1385

# Complementary

The Complementary color scheme is a pair of colors which are on the opposite of each other on the color wheel.



47.7255, 48.0523, 28.5894



35.1617, 36.9807, 68.2354

# Split Complementary

Split-complementary colors differ from the complementary color scheme. The scheme consists of three colors, the original color and two neighbors of the complement color.



48.9977, 48.0523, 85.1957



47.7255, 48.0523, 28.5894



39.2474, 48.0523, 77.4249

# Square

The Square scheme is like the rectangle color scheme, but the four colors are evenly spaced on the color wheel.



47.7255, 48.0523, 28.5894



36.3844, 48.0523, 46.7377



43.6788, 48.0523, 86.5030



56.4198, 48.0523, 58.3316



# Rectangle

The Rectangle color scheme consists of four colors that form a rectangle on the color wheel.



47.7255, 48.0523, 28.5894



39.6030, 48.0523, 32.6376



43.6788, 48.0523, 86.5030



52.3319, 48.0523, 78.6553

# Sweetspot

The Sweet Spot groups the original color and five complimentary colors.



47.7267, 48.0545, 28.5904



87.2170, 91.0408, 85.6127



42.6764, 33.4428, 40.8139



18.4742, 19.2606, 17.7613



0.0000, 0.0000, 0.0000



20.3446, 21.4041, 23.3091



# Same Dimension

The Same Dimension uses a secret algorithm to generate beautiful new colors.



47.7267, 48.0545, 28.5904



67.8218, 67.1184, 33.3116



53.8592, 62.6064, 31.0759



13.0158, 13.6059, 13.1009



21.2376, 17.5924, 2.2763



1.3620, 1.2232, 0.1643



# Inverse Universe

The Inverse Universe completely reimagines the original color for something new.



35.1617, 36.9807, 68.2354



46.2371, 48.1086, 101.4567



30.6442, 26.6594, 66.4813



12.1666, 12.8567, 15.7779



9.6347, 7.5311, 39.3990



0.6620, 0.6159, 2.4033



# Previews

## White Background



This preview shows how the XYZ color 47.7255, 48.0523, 28.5894 looks on a white background.

## Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA × Fail

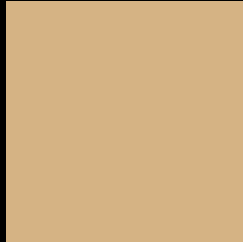
Any Text WCAG AA × Fail

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA × Fail

Any Text WCAG AAA × Fail



# Black Background



This preview shows how the XYZ color 47.7255, 48.0523, 28.5894 looks on a black background.

## Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AA ✓ Pass

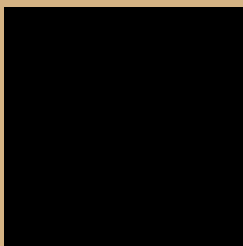
Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

If you want to check with other color combinations, try the [Color Contrast Checker](#).

**XYZ 47.7255, 48.0523, 28.5894**

## **Background**



This preview shows how black text looks on a background with the XYZ color 47.7255, 48.0523, 28.5894.



This preview shows how white text looks on a background with the XYZ color 47.7255, 48.0523,



# Color Blindness Simulation

Color vision deficiency is a very complex topic, and I could not describe the different causes any better than Wikipedia does, so if you want to learn more, you should check out their [article about color blindness](#).

## Dichromacy



### Original Color

47.7255, 48.0523, 28.5894

### Protanopia

44.7323, 48.0080, 29.4631

### Deuteranopia

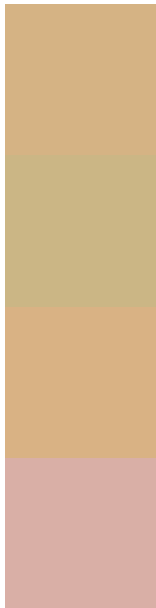
49.1004, 48.1703, 28.5397



## Tritanopia

52.7229, 48.0679, 52.3982

# Trichromacy



**Original Color**

47.7255, 48.0523, 28.5894

**Protanomaly**

45.5902, 47.8459, 29.0226

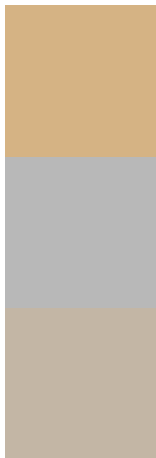
**Deuteranomaly**

48.7005, 48.2584, 28.5778

**Tritanomaly**

50.8282, 48.1648, 42.6942

# Monochromacy



**Original Color**

47.7255, 48.0523, 28.5894

**Achromatopsia**

45.5594, 47.9320, 52.1980

**Achromatomaly**

46.0252, 47.7746, 42.3929

# CSS Examples

## Text

The CSS property to change the color of the text to XYZ 47.7255, 48.0523, 28.5894 is called "color". The color property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows how text in the color `rgb(213, 179, 132)` looks like.

```
.text, #text, p{  
    color:rgb(213, 179, 132)  
}
```

If you want to add a text shadow in that color use the text-shadow property, you can generate a text shadow directly with our [CSS Text Shadow Generator](#).

Here you see how black text with a 4 pixel rgb(213, 179, 132) colored shadow looks like.

```
.shadow{ text-shadow: 4px 4px 2px rgb(213, 179, 132) }
```

## Border

The CSS property to change the border of an element to XYZ 47.7255, 48.0523, 28.5894 is called "border". The border property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows the color as border, it can be applied via the CSS property "border" or "border-color".

```
.border, #border, table{ border:4px solid rgb(213, 179, 132) }
```



If only the border color should be changed use the property `border-color`.

```
.border{ border-color:rgb(213, 179, 132) }
```

If you want to add a box shadow in that color use:

Here you see how a box with a 4 pixel `rgb(213, 179, 132)` colored shadow looks like.

```
.boxshadow{ -moz-box-shadow:4px 4px 4px  
4px rgb(213, 179, 132); -webkit-box-  
shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(213, 179, 132);  
box-shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(213, 179,  
132) }
```

# Background

The CSS property to change the background color of an element to XYZ 47.7255, 48.0523, 28.5894 is called "background". The background property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

```
.background, #background, body{  
background: rgb(213, 179, 132) }
```

If only the background color should be changed can be used:

```
.background{ background-color: rgb(213,  
179, 132) }
```

This example shows the color as background, it is applied via the CSS property "background".

To optimize and compress your CSS code, you can use our [online CSS compressor and optimizer](#) based on csstidy. If you want to create a linear or radial gradient as background or border, check our [CSS Gradient Generator](#).

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