

# Converting Colors

XYZ(47.7658, 58.9674, 47.8796)

Have a look what the booklet for  
XYZ(47.7658, 58.9674, 47.8796)  
contains.

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# Color

**XYZ(47.8182, 59.1131,  
47.9194)**

# Conversions

## Conversions Part 1

Format	Color
Hex	AAD5AC
RGB	170, 213, 172
RGB Percent	67%, 84%, 67%
CMY	0.3333, 0.1647, 0.3255
CMYK	0.20, 0.00, 0.19, 0.16
HSL	123°, 34%, 75%
HSV	123°, 20%, 84%
XYZ	47.8182, 59.1131, 47.9194
YIQ	195.4690, -12.4670, -21.8670

# Conversions

## Conversions Part 2

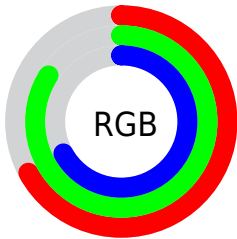
Format	Color
<a href="#">RYB</a>	<a href="#">170, 211, 213</a>
Decimal	<a href="#">11195820</a>
CIELab	<a href="#">81.35, -21.96, 15.72</a>
CIElCh	<a href="#">81, 27.007, 144.399</a>
Yxy	<a href="#">59.1131, 0.3088, 0.3817</a>
Android (android.graphics.Color)	<a href="#">4289385900 (0xFFAAD5AC)</a>
YUV	<a href="#">195.4690, -11.5702, -22.3363</a>
Hunter-Lab	<a href="#">76.8850, -23.5318, 16.8664</a>

# Details

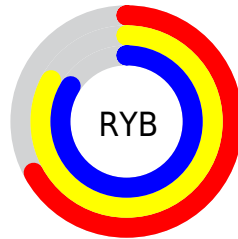
The XYZ color **47.8182, 59.1131, 47.9194** is a light color, and the websafe version is hex **99CC99**. A complement of this color would be **53.5752, 47.6001, 67.9946**, and the grayscale version is **52.2251, 54.9449, 59.8350**.

A 20% lighter version of the original color is **80.9892, 93.2348, 86.4006**, and **22.9531, 29.5917, 22.2713** is the 20% darker color. If you saturate the color by 10%, you get **41.7776, 56.2092, 38.2213**, and if you desaturate by 10%, it is **54.9062, 62.5259, 59.2250**.

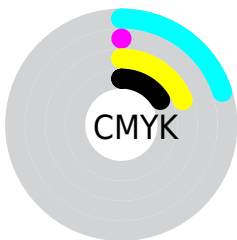
# Distribution



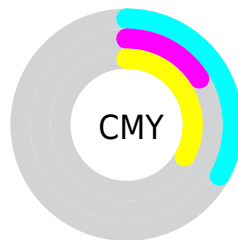
- Red (67%)
- Green (84%)
- Blue (67%)



- Red (67%)
- Yellow (83%)
- Blue (84%)



- Cyan (20%)
- Magenta (0%)
- Yellow (19%)
- Black (16%)



- Cyan (33%)
- Magenta (16%)
- Yellow (33%)

# Brightness & Saturation Gradients

These gradients show how the XYZ color 47.8182, 59.1131, 47.9194 changes by changing the brightness by 10 percent. The first figure shows a shift by +10% for each color and the second figure -10%.

Similar to the brightness gradients but the following saturation gradients show a change of the XYZ color 47.8182, 59.1131, 47.9194 by changing the saturation by 10% instead.



■ 47.8182, 59.1131,  
47.9194

■ 47.8182, 59.1131,  
47.9194

368.6657,  
421.3209, 394.9721

■ 33.8936, 42.7042,  
33.4035

■ 86.1450, 103.5420,  
88.4487

■ 22.9744, 29.6531,  
22.1621

111.2779,  
132.3308, 115.2992

■ 14.6952, 19.5754,  
13.7766

140.8776,  
166.0150, 147.0983

■ 8.6906, 12.0868,  
7.8285

175.3095,  
204.9790, 184.2646

■ 4.5954, 6.8028,  
3.8992

214.9388,  
249.6072, 227.2165

■ 2.0442, 3.3391,  
1.5702

260.1311,

■ 0.6586, 1.3112,

300.2840, 276.3727

0.2694

311.2516,  
357.3938, 332.1517

■ 0.0000, 0.1499,  
0.0000

■ 0.0000, 0.0000,  
0.0000

■ 47.8182, 59.1131,  
47.9194

■ 47.8182, 59.1131,  
47.9194

■ 41.7776, 56.2092,  
38.2213

■ 54.9062, 62.5259,  
59.2250

■ 36.7303, 53.7827,  
30.0542

■ 63.0828, 66.4624,  
72.2024

■ 32.6244, 51.8104,  
23.3410

■ 72.3931, 70.9459,  
86.9170

■ 29.4017, 50.2640,  
17.9965

■ 82.8033, 75.9580,  
103.4261

■ 26.9972, 49.1120,  
13.9265

■ 83.0854, 76.0708,  
104.9118

■ 25.3372, 48.3188,  
11.0251

■ 24.3347, 47.8420,  
9.1692

■ 23.8497, 47.6125,  
8.2177

# Harmonies

## Analogous

The Analogous color harmony consists of three colors that are next to each other on the color wheel.



51.8220, 59.1131, 40.0139



47.8182, 59.1131, 47.9194



46.0656, 59.1131, 61.3794

# Triad

The Triadic color harmony groups three colors that are evenly spaced from another and form a triangle on the color wheel.



47.8182, 59.1131, 47.9194



55.1332, 59.1131, 100.4996



66.6548, 59.1131, 52.3641

# Complementary

The Complementary color scheme is a pair of colors which are on the opposite of each other on the color wheel.



47.8182, 59.1131, 47.9194



53.5752, 47.6001, 67.9946

# Split Complementary

Split-complementary colors differ from the complementary color scheme. The scheme consists of three colors, the original color and two neighbors of the complement color.



67.6879, 59.1131, 67.4440



47.8182, 59.1131, 47.9194



60.7867, 59.1131, 97.0059

# Square

The Square scheme is like the rectangle color scheme, but the four colors are evenly spaced on the color wheel.



47.8182, 59.1131, 47.9194



50.1038, 59.1131, 93.0745



65.4754, 59.1131, 84.1968



62.7398, 59.1131, 42.2634



# Rectangle

The Rectangle color scheme consists of four colors that form a rectangle on the color wheel.



47.8182, 59.1131, 47.9194



46.3193, 59.1131, 72.4034



65.4754, 59.1131, 84.1968



67.3612, 59.1131, 56.9431

# Sweetspot

The Sweet Spot groups the original color and five complimentary colors.



47.8198, 59.1156, 47.9207



87.3828, 96.3086, 96.7430



58.0791, 64.4265, 47.4053



18.5328, 20.5318, 20.4359



0.0000, 0.0000, 0.0000



20.3446, 21.4041, 23.3091

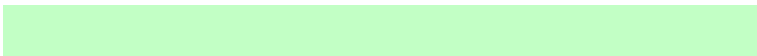


# Same Dimension

The Same Dimension uses a secret algorithm to generate beautiful new colors.



47.8198, 59.1156, 47.9207



67.9945, 86.9779, 65.8163



49.9918, 59.9844, 59.3581



12.2856, 13.9052, 13.3184



14.5781, 29.0866, 5.0742



0.8877, 1.7577, 0.3504



# Inverse Universe

The Inverse Universe completely reimagines the original color for something new.



53.5752, 47.6001, 67.9946



78.0822, 66.7926, 100.9994



51.1187, 46.6174, 55.0588



12.9269, 12.6223, 15.5553



23.3640, 11.2819, 35.5504



1.4171, 0.6836, 2.1857



# Previews

## White Background



This preview shows how the XYZ color 47.8182, 59.1131, 47.9194 looks on a white background.

## Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA × Fail

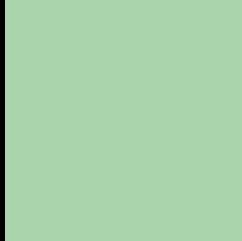
Any Text WCAG AA × Fail

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA × Fail

Any Text WCAG AAA × Fail



# Black Background



This preview shows how the XYZ color 47.8182, 59.1131, 47.9194 looks on a black background.

## Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

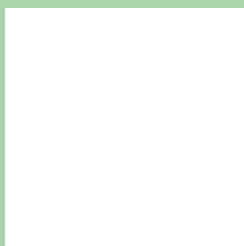
If you want to check with other color combinations, try the [Color Contrast Checker](#).

**XYZ 47.8182, 59.1131, 47.9194**

## **Background**



This preview shows how black text looks on a background with the XYZ color 47.8182, 59.1131, 47.9194.



This preview shows how white text looks on a background with the XYZ color 47.8182, 59.1131,

47.9194.

# Color Blindness Simulation

Color vision deficiency is a very complex topic, and I could not describe the different causes any better than Wikipedia does, so if you want to learn more, you should check out their [article about color blindness](#).

## Dichromacy



### Original Color

47.8182, 59.1131, 47.9194

### Protanopia

55.2102, 58.6726, 44.4914

### Deuteranopia

59.7614, 58.5412, 49.2241



## Tritanopia

53.8465, 59.0002, 77.6574

# Trichromacy



## Original Color

47.8182, 59.1131, 47.9194

## Protanomaly

51.9252, 58.3601, 45.5737

## Deuteranomaly

54.6369, 58.2783, 48.9266

## Tritanomaly

51.6040, 59.1907, 65.8319

# Monochromacy



## Original Color

47.8182, 59.1131, 47.9194

## Achromatopsia

51.8711, 54.5724, 59.4294

## Achromatomaly

50.3399, 56.2680, 55.2213

# CSS Examples

## Text

The CSS property to change the color of the text to XYZ 47.8182, 59.1131, 47.9194 is called "color". The color property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows how text in the color `rgb(170, 213, 172)` looks like.

```
.text, #text, p{  
    color:rgb(170, 213, 172)  
}
```

If you want to add a text shadow in that color use the text-shadow property, you can generate a text shadow directly with our [CSS Text Shadow Generator](#).

Here you see how black text with a 4 pixel rgb(170, 213, 172) colored shadow looks like.

```
.shadow{ text-shadow: 4px 4px 2px rgb(170, 213, 172) }
```

## Border

The CSS property to change the border of an element to XYZ 47.8182, 59.1131, 47.9194 is called "border". The border property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows the color as border, it can be applied via the CSS property "border" or "border-color".

```
.border, #border, table{ border:4px solid rgb(170, 213, 172) }
```



If only the border color should be changed use the property `border-color`.

```
.border{ border-color:rgb(170, 213, 172) }
```

If you want to add a box shadow in that color use:

Here you see how a box with a 4 pixel `rgb(170, 213, 172)` colored shadow looks like.

```
.boxshadow{ -moz-box-shadow:4px 4px 4px  
4px rgb(170, 213, 172); -webkit-box-  
shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(170, 213, 172);  
box-shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(170, 213,  
172) }
```

# Background

The CSS property to change the background color of an element to XYZ 47.8182, 59.1131, 47.9194 is called "background". The background property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

```
.background, #background, body{  
background: rgb(170, 213, 172) }
```

If only the background color should be changed can be used:

```
.background{ background-color: rgb(170,  
213, 172) }
```

This example shows the color as background, it is applied via the CSS property "background".

To optimize and compress your CSS code, you can use our [online CSS compressor and optimizer](#) based on csstidy. If you want to create a linear or radial gradient as background or border, check our [CSS Gradient Generator](#).

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