

# Converting Colors

XYZ(47.7728, 55.1840, 69.3453)

Have a look what the booklet for  
XYZ(47.7728, 55.1840, 69.3453)  
contains.

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# Color

**XYZ(47.9237, 55.4159,  
69.1433)**

# Conversions

## Conversions Part 1

<b>Format</b>	<b>Color</b>
Hex	A1CCD2
RGB	161, 204, 210
RGB Percent	63%, 80%, 82%
CMY	0.3686, 0.2000, 0.1765
CMYK	0.23, 0.03, 0.00, 0.18
HSL	187°, 35%, 73%
HSV	187°, 23%, 82%
XYZ	47.9237, 55.4159, 69.1433
YIQ	191.8270, -27.5540, -7.2500

# Conversions

## Conversions Part 2

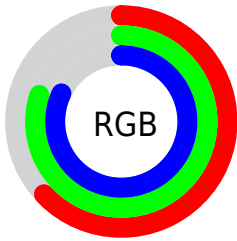
<b>Format</b>	<b>Color</b>
<b>RYB</b>	161, 184, 210
Decimal	10603730
CIELab	79.28, -12.73, -7.63
CIELCh	79, 14.841, 210.940
Yxy	55.4159, 0.2778, 0.3213
Android (android.graphics.Color)	4288793810 (0xFFA1CCD2)
YUV	191.8270, 8.9593, -27.0353
Hunter-Lab	74.4419, -15.3597, -2.9606

# Details

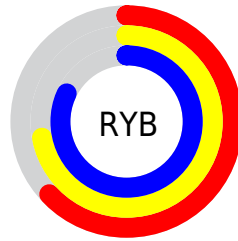
The XYZ color **47.9237, 55.4159, 69.1433** is a light color, and the websafe version is hex **99CCCC**. A complement of this color would be **46.8308, 43.9127, 39.7272**, and the grayscale version is **49.9642, 52.5663, 57.2447**.

A 20% lighter version of the original color is **82.4253, 93.4917, 108.3092**, and **23.0914, 27.4011, 35.5244** is the 20% darker color. If you saturate the color by 10%, you get **43.4365, 52.2045, 68.7609**, and if you desaturate by 10%, it is **53.1350, 59.0183, 69.5649**.

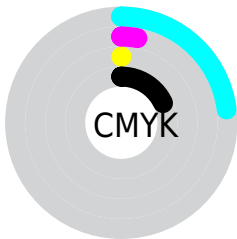
# Distribution



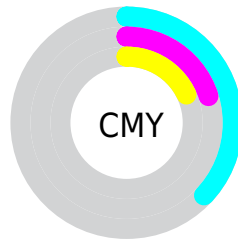
- Red (63%)
- Green (80%)
- Blue (82%)



- Red (63%)
- Yellow (72%)
- Blue (82%)



- Cyan (23%)
- Magenta (3%)
- Yellow (0%)
- Black (18%)




- Cyan (37%)
- Magenta (20%)
- Yellow (18%)

# Brightness & Saturation Gradients

These gradients show how the XYZ color 47.9237, 55.4159, 69.1433 changes by changing the brightness by 10 percent. The first figure shows a shift by +10% for each color and the second figure -10%.

Similar to the brightness gradients but the following saturation gradients show a change of the XYZ color 47.9237, 55.4159, 69.1433 by changing the saturation by 10% instead.





 47.9237, 55.4159,  
69.1433


 47.9237, 55.4159,  
69.1433


369.0772,  
407.4865, 476.2438

 33.9775, 39.7348,  
50.3559


 86.3012, 98.1500,  
119.6559

 23.0391, 27.3318,  
35.3231


 111.4631,  
125.9719, 152.2181

 14.7432, 17.8226,  
23.6264


141.0944,  
158.6094, 190.2091

 8.7245, 10.8227,  
14.8471

175.5602,  
196.4471, 234.0474

 4.6176, 5.9477,  
8.5667

215.2261,  
239.8692, 284.1515

 2.0571, 2.8133,  
4.3667

260.4573,

 0.6657, 1.0351,

289.2602, 340.9399

1.8286

311.6193,  
345.0045, 404.8311

■ 0.0000, 0.0000,  
0.4467

■ 0.0000, 0.0000,  
0.0000

■ 47.9237, 55.4159,  
69.1433

■ 47.9237, 55.4159,  
69.1433

■ 43.4365, 52.2045,  
68.7609

■ 53.1350, 59.0183,  
69.5649

■ 39.6330, 49.3591,  
68.4121

■ 59.0985, 63.0222,  
70.0234

■ 36.4763, 46.8619,  
68.0965

■ 65.8469, 67.4458,  
70.5216

■ 33.9238, 44.6910,  
67.8120

■ 73.4094, 72.3042,  
71.0607

■ 31.9279, 42.8218,  
67.5564

■ 77.6489, 75.4649,  
71.4474

■ 30.4338, 41.2258,  
67.3271

■ 78.3160, 76.7992,  
71.6697

■ 29.3753, 39.8689,  
67.1209

■ 78.9936, 78.1543,  
71.8956

■ 28.8352, 39.0576,  
66.9928

■ 79.6815, 79.5302,  
72.1249

■ 80.3799, 80.9270,  
72.3577

# Harmonies

## Analogous

The Analogous color harmony consists of three colors that are next to each other on the color wheel.



47.1655, 55.4159, 60.6073



47.9237, 55.4159, 69.1433



49.9460, 55.4159, 75.7921

# Triad

The Triadic color harmony groups three colors that are evenly spaced from another and form a triangle on the color wheel.



47.9237, 55.4159, 69.1433



57.8219, 55.4159, 68.6355



52.5775, 55.4159, 45.4196

# Complementary

The Complementary color scheme is a pair of colors which are on the opposite of each other on the color wheel.



47.9237, 55.4159, 69.1433



46.8308, 43.9127, 39.7272

# Split Complementary

Split-complementary colors differ from the complementary color scheme. The scheme consists of three colors, the original color and two neighbors of the complement color.



55.4937, 55.4159, 47.1427



47.9237, 55.4159, 69.1433



58.5894, 55.4159, 60.0705

# Square

The Square scheme is like the rectangle color scheme, but the four colors are evenly spaced on the color wheel.



47.9237, 55.4159, 69.1433



55.6619, 55.4159, 75.4801



57.7222, 55.4159, 52.3148



49.7895, 55.4159, 47.3707



# Rectangle

The Rectangle color scheme consists of four colors that form a rectangle on the color wheel.



47.9237, 55.4159, 69.1433



51.7771, 55.4159, 77.9719



57.7222, 55.4159, 52.3148



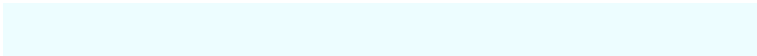
53.5754, 55.4159, 45.5868

# Sweetspot

The Sweet Spot groups the original color and five complimentary colors.



47.9253, 55.4182, 69.1446



88.0921, 95.3842, 108.3758



44.6946, 56.4509, 44.9638



18.7330, 20.3342, 23.1875



0.0000, 0.0000, 0.0000



20.3446, 21.4041, 23.3091



# Same Dimension

The Same Dimension uses a secret algorithm to generate beautiful new colors.



47.9253, 55.4182, 69.1446



70.7565, 83.4311, 106.9823



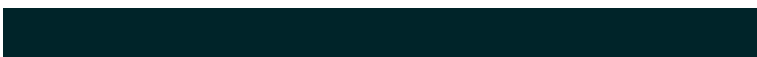
42.6095, 44.7866, 67.3726



12.0297, 13.1498, 15.1478



17.6387, 23.9240, 40.8806



1.0218, 1.4087, 2.2976



# Inverse Universe

The Inverse Universe completely reimagines the original color for something new.



50.2237, 43.5524, 62.8886



74.9721, 62.0449, 95.4229



51.6905, 53.6322, 41.3472



12.2459, 11.9831, 14.5707



21.5339, 10.4864, 28.7816



1.2220, 0.5935, 1.7037



# Previews

## White Background



This preview shows how the XYZ color 47.9237, 55.4159, 69.1433 looks on a white background.

## Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA × Fail

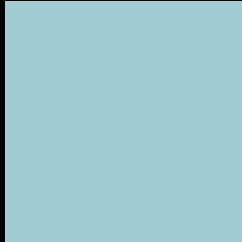
Any Text WCAG AA × Fail

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA × Fail

Any Text WCAG AAA × Fail



# Black Background



This preview shows how the XYZ color 47.9237, 55.4159, 69.1433 looks on a black background.

## Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AA ✓ Pass

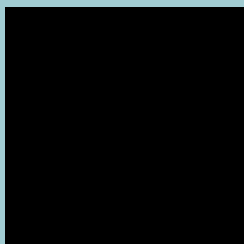
Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

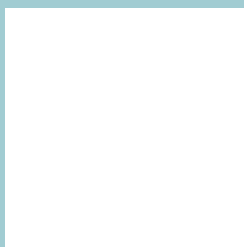
If you want to check with other color combinations, try the [Color Contrast Checker](#).

**XYZ 47.9237, 55.4159, 69.1433**

## **Background**



This preview shows how black text looks on a background with the XYZ color 47.9237, 55.4159, 69.1433.



This preview shows how white text looks on a background with the XYZ color 47.9237, 55.4159,



# Color Blindness Simulation

Color vision deficiency is a very complex topic, and I could not describe the different causes any better than Wikipedia does, so if you want to learn more, you should check out their [article about color blindness](#).

## Dichromacy



### Original Color

47.9237, 55.4159, 69.1433

### Protanopia

53.4401, 55.2602, 64.9764

### Deuteranopia

56.1558, 54.8964, 70.5871



## Tritanopia

49.2464, 55.6129, 75.1566

# Trichromacy



## Original Color

47.9237, 55.4159, 69.1433

## Protanomaly

51.1018, 55.0347, 66.3219

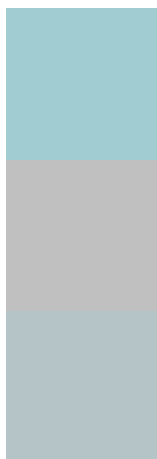
## Deuteranomaly

52.6340, 54.7308, 70.0774

## Tritanomaly

48.6509, 55.3511, 73.0854

# Monochromacy



## Original Color

47.9237, 55.4159, 69.1433

## Achromatopsia

50.1023, 52.7115, 57.4028

## Achromatomaly

49.1048, 53.4271, 61.7572

# CSS Examples

## Text

The CSS property to change the color of the text to XYZ 47.9237, 55.4159, 69.1433 is called "color". The color property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows how text in the color `rgb(161, 204, 210)` looks like.

```
.text, #text, p{  
    color:rgb(161, 204, 210)  
}
```

If you want to add a text shadow in that color use the text-shadow property, you can generate a text shadow directly with our [CSS Text Shadow Generator](#).

Here you see how black text with a 4 pixel rgb(161, 204, 210) colored shadow looks like.

```
.shadow{ text-shadow: 4px 4px 2px rgb(161, 204, 210) }
```

## Border

The CSS property to change the border of an element to XYZ 47.9237, 55.4159, 69.1433 is called "border". The border property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows the color as border, it can be applied via the CSS property "border" or "border-color".

```
.border, #border, table{ border:4px solid rgb(161, 204, 210) }
```



If only the border color should be changed use the property border-color.

```
.border{ border-color:rgb(161, 204, 210) }
```

If you want to add a box shadow in that color use:

Here you see how a box with a 4 pixel rgb(161, 204, 210) colored shadow looks like.

```
.boxshadow{ -moz-box-shadow:4px 4px 4px  
4px rgb(161, 204, 210); -webkit-box-  
shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(161, 204, 210);  
box-shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(161, 204,  
210) }
```

# Background

The CSS property to change the background color of an element to XYZ 47.9237, 55.4159, 69.1433 is called "background". The background property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

```
.background, #background, body{  
background: rgb(161, 204, 210) }
```

If only the background color should be changed can be used:

```
.background{ background-color: rgb(161,  
204, 210) }
```

This example shows the color as background, it is applied via the CSS property "background".

To optimize and compress your CSS code, you can use our [online CSS compressor and optimizer](#) based on csstidy. If you want to create a linear or radial gradient as background or border, check our [CSS Gradient Generator](#).

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