

Converting Colors

XYZ(47.7994, 50.2886, 54.7643)

Have a look what the booklet for
XYZ(47.7994, 50.2886, 54.7643)
contains.

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Color

**XYZ(47.7994, 50.2886,
54.7643)**

Conversions

Conversions Part 1

Format	Color
Hex	BCBCBC
RGB	188, 188, 188
RGB Percent	74%, 74%, 74%
CMY	0.2627, 0.2627, 0.2627
CMYK	0.00, 0.00, 0.00, 0.26
HSL	113°, 0%, 74%
HSV	113°, 0%, 74%
XYZ	47.7994, 50.2886, 54.7643
YIQ	188.0000, 0.0000, 0.0000

Conversions

Conversions Part 2

Format	Color
R _{YB}	188, 188, 188
Decimal	12369084
CIE Lab	76.25, 0.00, -0.01
CIE LCh	76, 0.009, 298.067
Yxy	50.2886, 0.3127, 0.3290
Android (android.graphics.Color)	4290559164 (0xFFBCBCBC)
YUV	188.0000, 0.0000, 0.0000
Hunter-Lab	70.9145, -3.7836, 3.8529

Details

The XYZ color **47.7994, 50.2886, 54.7643** is a light color, and the websafe version is hex **CCCCCC**. A complement of this color would be **47.8011, 50.2899, 54.7669**, and the grayscale version is **47.8012, 50.2906, 54.7664**.

A 20% lighter version of the original color is **85.9880, 90.4661, 98.5176**, and **23.0288, 24.2281, 26.3844** is the 20% darker color. If you saturate the color by 10%, you get **42.0233, 47.5314, 44.5947**, and if you desaturate by 10%, it is **54.3190, 53.4014, 66.3490**.

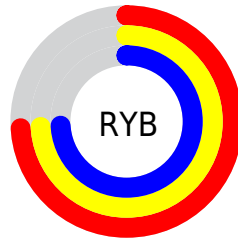
Distribution



Red (74%)

Green (74%)

Blue (74%)



Red (74%)

Yellow (74%)

Blue (74%)

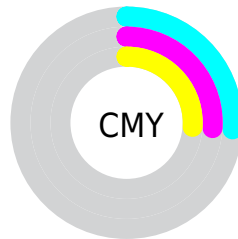


Cyan (0%)

Magenta (0%)

Yellow (0%)

Black (26%)



Cyan (26%)

Magenta (26%)

Yellow (26%)

Brightness & Saturation Gradients

These gradients show how the XYZ color 47.7994, 50.2886, 54.7643 changes by changing the brightness by 10 percent. The first figure shows a shift by +10% for each color and the second figure -10%.

Similar to the brightness gradients but the following saturation gradients show a change of the XYZ color 47.7994, 50.2886, 54.7643 by changing the saturation by 10% instead.

■ 47.7994, 50.2886,
54.7643

■ 47.7994, 50.2886,
54.7643

368.5923,
387.7935, 422.2746

■ 33.8786, 35.6428,
38.8157

■ 86.1172, 90.6023,
98.6632

■ 22.9628, 24.1584,
26.3097

111.2449,
117.0390, 127.4506

■ 14.6866, 15.4512,
16.8276

140.8390,
148.1748, 161.3547

■ 8.6846, 9.1366,
9.9510

175.2648,
184.3940, 200.7941

■ 4.5915, 4.8304,
5.2613

214.8876,
226.0811, 246.1872

■ 2.0419, 2.1481,
2.3400

260.0729,

■ 0.6573, 0.6915,

273.6204, 297.9526

0.7535

311.1860,
327.3964, 356.5089

■ 0.0000, 0.0000,
0.0000

■ 47.7994, 50.2886,
54.7643

■ 47.7994, 50.2886,
54.7643

■ 42.0233, 47.5314,
44.5947

■ 54.3190, 53.4014,
66.3490

■ 36.9600, 45.1110,
35.7828

■ 61.6027, 56.8750,
79.3968

■ 32.5831, 43.0164,
28.2722

■ 69.6757, 60.7229,
93.9572

■ 28.8629, 41.2335,
22.0013

■ 77.2117, 64.4161,
102.9718

■ 25.7676, 39.7474,
16.9034

■ 77.2741, 64.4483,
102.9747

■ 23.2626, 38.5420,
12.9056

■ 21.3100, 37.5993,
9.9269

■ 19.8674, 36.8995,
7.8751

■ 18.8860, 36.4198,
6.6414

Harmonies

Analogous

The Analogous color harmony consists of three colors that are next to each other on the color wheel.



47.7977, 50.2886, 54.7654



47.7994, 50.2886, 54.7643



47.8007, 50.2886, 54.7609

Triad

The Triadic color harmony groups three colors that are evenly spaced from another and form a triangle on the color wheel.



47.7994, 50.2886, 54.7643



47.7996, 50.2886, 54.7475



47.7944, 50.2886, 54.7554

Complementary

The Complementary color scheme is a pair of colors which are on the opposite of each other on the color wheel.



47.7994, 50.2886, 54.7643



47.8011, 50.2899, 54.7669

Split Complementary

Split-complementary colors differ from the complementary color scheme. The scheme consists of three colors, the original color and two neighbors of the complement color.



47.7949, 50.2886, 54.7506



47.7994, 50.2886, 54.7643



47.7979, 50.2886, 54.7460

Square

The Square scheme is like the rectangle color scheme, but the four colors are evenly spaced on the color wheel.



47.7994, 50.2886, 54.7643



47.8008, 50.2886, 54.7512



47.7962, 50.2886, 54.7472



47.7948, 50.2886, 54.7603

Rectangle

The Rectangle color scheme consists of four colors that form a rectangle on the color wheel.



47.7994, 50.2886, 54.7643



47.8011, 50.2886, 54.7577



47.7962, 50.2886, 54.7472



47.7945, 50.2886, 54.7537

Sweetspot

The Sweet Spot groups the original color and five complimentary colors.



47.8008, 50.2908, 54.7654



86.6293, 91.1408, 99.2523



47.8014, 50.2910, 54.7654



18.6292, 19.5994, 21.3438



90.7827, 95.5105, 104.0109

Same Dimension

The Same Dimension uses a secret algorithm to generate beautiful new colors.



47.8008, 50.2908, 54.7654



86.6293, 91.1408, 99.2523



47.8009, 50.2908, 54.7661



10.7221, 11.2805, 12.2844



12.4860, 24.6127, 4.0926



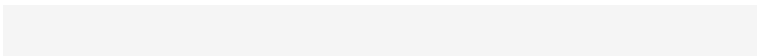
0.5223, 0.9812, 0.1619

Inverse Universe

The Inverse Universe completely reimagines the original color for something new.



47.8011, 50.2899, 54.7669



86.6293, 91.1408, 99.2523



47.8010, 50.2899, 54.7663



10.7221, 11.2805, 12.2844



17.0793, 8.0908, 33.0544



0.6992, 0.3325, 1.2962

Previews

White Background



This preview shows how the XYZ color 47.7994, 50.2886, 54.7643 looks on a white background.

Color Contrast Check

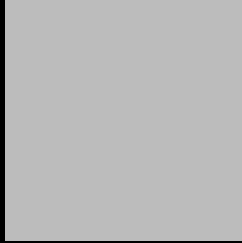
Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA × Fail

Any Text WCAG AA × Fail

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA × Fail

Any Text WCAG AAA × Fail

Black Background



This preview shows how the XYZ color 47.7994, 50.2886, 54.7643 looks on a black background.

Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

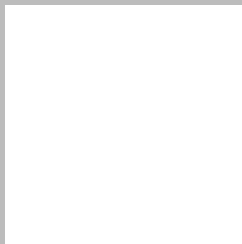
If you want to check with other color combinations, try the [Color Contrast Checker](#).

XYZ 47.7994, 50.2886, 54.7643

Background



This preview shows how black text looks on a background with the XYZ color 47.7994, 50.2886, 54.7643.

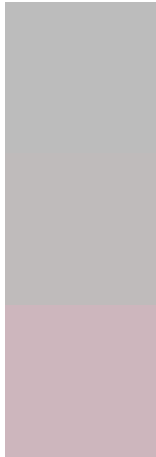


This preview shows how white text looks on a background with the XYZ color 47.7994, 50.2886,

Color Blindness Simulation

Color vision deficiency is a very complex topic, and I could not describe the different causes any better than Wikipedia does, so if you want to learn more, you should check out their [article about color blindness](#).

Dichromacy



Original Color

47.7994, 50.2886, 54.7643

Protanopia

48.2258, 50.2049, 54.1624

Deuteranopia

51.0901, 50.1092, 55.1234



Tritanopia

49.3367, 50.2820, 62.3634

Trichromacy



Original Color

47.7994, 50.2886, 54.7643

Protanomaly

47.9752, 50.0757, 54.1507

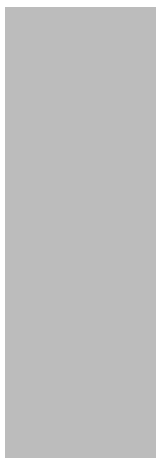
Deuteranomaly

49.8790, 50.0972, 55.1849

Tritanomaly

48.7204, 50.3450, 59.3743

Monochromacy



Original Color

47.7994, 50.2886, 54.7643

Achromatopsia

47.7994, 50.2886, 54.7643

Achromatomaly

47.7994, 50.2886, 54.7643

CSS Examples

Text

The CSS property to change the color of the text to XYZ 47.7994, 50.2886, 54.7643 is called "color". The color property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows how text in the color `rgb(188, 188, 188)` looks like.

```
.text, #text, p{  
    color:rgb(188, 188, 188)  
}
```

If you want to add a text shadow in that color use the text-shadow property, you can generate a text shadow directly with our [CSS Text Shadow Generator](#).

Here you see how black text with a 4 pixel rgb(188, 188, 188) colored shadow looks like.

```
.shadow{ text-shadow: 4px 4px 2px rgb(188, 188, 188) }
```

Border

The CSS property to change the border of an element to XYZ 47.7994, 50.2886, 54.7643 is called "border". The border property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows the color as border, it can be applied via the CSS property "border" or "border-color".

```
.border, #border, table{ border:4px solid rgb(188, 188, 188) }
```

If only the border color should be changed use the property border-color.

```
.border{ border-color:rgb(188, 188, 188) }
```

If you want to add a box shadow in that color use:

Here you see how a box with a 4 pixel rgb(188, 188, 188) colored shadow looks like.

```
.boxshadow{ -moz-box-shadow:4px 4px 4px  
4px rgb(188, 188, 188); -webkit-box-  
shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(188, 188, 188);  
box-shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(188, 188,  
188) }
```


Background

The CSS property to change the background color of an element to XYZ 47.7994, 50.2886, 54.7643 is called "background". The background property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

```
.background, #background, body{  
background: rgb(188, 188, 188) }
```

If only the background color should be changed can be used:

```
.background{ background-color: rgb(188,  
188, 188) }
```

This example shows the color as background, it is applied via the CSS property "background".

To optimize and compress your CSS code, you can use our [online CSS compressor and optimizer](#) based on csstidy. If you want to create a linear or radial gradient as background or border, check our [CSS Gradient Generator](#).

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