

# Converting Colors

XYZ(47.8261, 48.5362, 53.0023)

Have a look what the booklet for  
XYZ(47.8261, 48.5362, 53.0023)  
contains.

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# Color

**XYZ(47.7330, 48.4280,  
52.7307)**

# Conversions

## Conversions Part 1

<b>Format</b>	<b>Color</b>
Hex	C2B6B9
RGB	194, 182, 185
RGB Percent	76%, 71%, 73%
CMY	0.2392, 0.2863, 0.2745
CMYK	0.00, 0.06, 0.05, 0.24
HSL	345°, 9%, 74%
HSV	345°, 6%, 76%
XYZ	47.7330, 48.4280, 52.7307
YIQ	185.9300, 6.1890, 3.4770

# Conversions

## Conversions Part 2

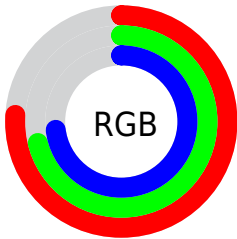
<b>Format</b>	<b>Color</b>
<b>RYB</b>	194, 182, 185
Decimal	12760761
CIELab	75.09, 4.79, -0.00
CIELCh	75, 4.786, 359.990
Yxy	48.4280, 0.3206, 0.3253
Android (android.graphics.Color)	4290950841 (0xFFC2B6B9)
YUV	185.9300, -0.4585, 7.0774
Hunter-Lab	69.5902, 0.6530, 3.7873

# Details

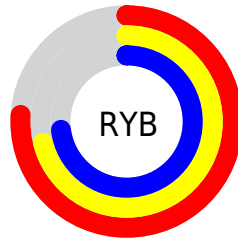
The XYZ color **47.7330, 48.4280, 52.7307** is a light color, and the websafe version is hex **CCCCCC**. A complement of this color would be **47.9889, 52.2914, 56.8566**, and the grayscale version is **46.6341, 49.0627, 53.4293**.

A 20% lighter version of the original color is **86.2354, 88.0092, 95.6615**, and **22.8303, 22.9419, 25.0547** is the 20% darker color. If you saturate the color by 10%, you get **42.5736, 40.4429, 43.8148**, and if you desaturate by 10%, it is **53.6029, 57.5811, 62.6606**.

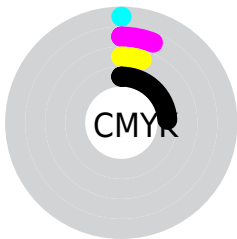
# Distribution



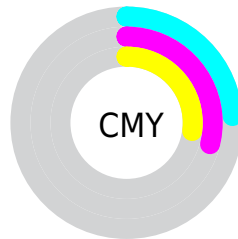
- Red (76%)
- Green (71%)
- Blue (73%)



- Red (76%)
- Yellow (71%)
- Blue (73%)



- Cyan (0%)
- Magenta (6%)
- Yellow (5%)
- Black (24%)



- Cyan (24%)
- Magenta (29%)
- Yellow (27%)

# Brightness & Saturation Gradients

These gradients show how the XYZ color 47.7330, 48.4280, 52.7307 changes by changing the brightness by 10 percent. The first figure shows a shift by +10% for each color and the second figure -10%.

Similar to the brightness gradients but the following saturation gradients show a change of the XYZ color 47.7330, 48.4280, 52.7307 by changing the saturation by 10% instead.



■ 47.7330, 48.4280,  
52.7307

■ 47.7330, 48.4280,  
52.7307

368.3331,  
380.4861, 414.2880

■ 33.8259, 34.1660,  
37.2016

■ 86.0188, 87.8413,  
95.6455

■ 22.9221, 23.0211,  
25.0666

111.1283,  
113.7614, 123.8683

■ 14.6564, 14.6091,  
15.9072

140.7025,  
144.3362, 157.1593

■ 8.6633, 8.5455,  
9.3049

175.1068,  
179.9502, 195.9372

■ 4.5776, 4.4459,  
4.8410

214.7067,  
220.9879, 240.6205

■ 2.0338, 1.9260,  
2.0972

259.8675,

■ 0.6528, 0.5639,

267.8334, 291.6277

0.6141

310.9545,  
320.8714, 349.3774

■ 0.0000, 0.0000,  
0.0000

■ 47.7330, 48.4280,  
52.7307

■ 47.7330, 48.4280,  
52.7307

■ 42.5736, 40.4429,  
43.8148

■ 53.6029, 57.5811,  
62.6606

■ 38.0933, 33.5725,  
35.8776

■ 60.2049, 67.9400,  
73.6321

■ 34.2645, 27.7690,  
28.8859

■ 67.5647, 79.5487,  
85.6759

■ 31.0563, 22.9784,  
22.8038

■ 74.2189, 89.4737,  
98.3245

■ 28.4347, 19.1421,  
17.5930

■ 76.0584, 90.2095,  
108.0112

■ 26.3629, 16.1955,  
13.2122

■ 24.7995, 14.0659,  
9.6165

■ 23.6967, 12.6687,  
6.7568

■ 22.9949, 11.8967,  
4.5763

# Harmonies

## Analogous

The Analogous color harmony consists of three colors that are next to each other on the color wheel.



47.5022, 48.4280, 55.1776



47.7330, 48.4280, 52.7307



47.5025, 48.4280, 50.3570

# Triad

The Triadic color harmony groups three colors that are evenly spaced from another and form a triangle on the color wheel.



47.7330, 48.4280, 52.7307



45.1932, 48.4280, 48.6643



45.1927, 48.4280, 57.0149

# Complementary

The Complementary color scheme is a pair of colors which are on the opposite of each other on the color wheel.



47.7330, 48.4280, 52.7307



47.9889, 52.2914, 56.8566

# Split Complementary

Split-complementary colors differ from the complementary color scheme. The scheme consists of three colors, the original color and two neighbors of the complement color.



44.5870, 48.4280, 55.1761



47.7330, 48.4280, 52.7307



44.5873, 48.4280, 50.3556

# Square

The Square scheme is like the rectangle color scheme, but the four colors are evenly spaced on the color wheel.



47.7330, 48.4280, 52.7307



46.0297, 48.4280, 48.0551



44.3667, 48.4280, 52.7290



46.0291, 48.4280, 57.6983



# Rectangle

The Rectangle color scheme consists of four colors that form a rectangle on the color wheel.



47.7330, 48.4280, 52.7307



47.1199, 48.4280, 49.1235



44.3667, 48.4280, 52.7290



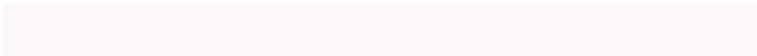
44.9558, 48.4280, 56.5086

# Sweetspot

The Sweet Spot groups the original color and five complimentary colors.



47.7344, 48.4301, 52.7317



90.7378, 94.3651, 102.7785



47.9529, 48.4295, 57.8599



19.8936, 20.7008, 22.5464



0.0000, 0.0000, 0.0000



20.3446, 21.4041, 23.3091

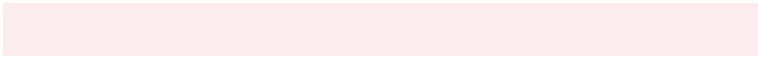


# Same Dimension

The Same Dimension uses a secret algorithm to generate beautiful new colors.



47.7344, 48.4301, 52.7317



85.5615, 86.3129, 93.9613



48.0421, 49.5465, 51.2899



10.3958, 10.4621, 11.3881



15.0127, 7.6948, 2.7131



0.6774, 0.3440, 0.2685

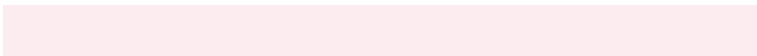


# Inverse Universe

The Inverse Universe completely reimagines the original color for something new.



47.7344, 48.4301, 52.7317



85.5615, 86.3129, 93.9613



47.6614, 51.1031, 58.3913



10.3958, 10.4621, 11.3881



15.0127, 7.6948, 2.7131



0.6774, 0.3440, 0.2685



# Previews

## White Background



This preview shows how the XYZ color 47.7330, 48.4280, 52.7307 looks on a white background.

## Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA × Fail

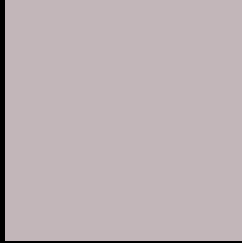
Any Text WCAG AA × Fail

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA × Fail

Any Text WCAG AAA × Fail



# Black Background



This preview shows how the XYZ color 47.7330, 48.4280, 52.7307 looks on a black background.

## Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AA ✓ Pass

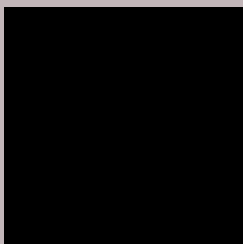
Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

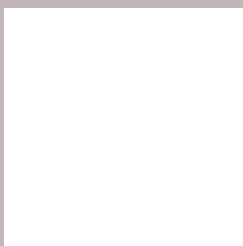
If you want to check with other color combinations, try the [Color Contrast Checker](#).

**XYZ 47.7330, 48.4280, 52.7307**

## **Background**



This preview shows how black text looks on a background with the XYZ color 47.7330, 48.4280, 52.7307.



This preview shows how white text looks on a background with the XYZ color 47.7330, 48.4280,



# Color Blindness Simulation

Color vision deficiency is a very complex topic, and I could not describe the different causes any better than Wikipedia does, so if you want to learn more, you should check out their [article about color blindness](#).

## Dichromacy



### Original Color

47.7330, 48.4280, 52.7307

### Protanopia

46.7425, 48.5175, 53.3556

### Deuteranopia

49.3401, 48.3419, 53.1848



## Tritanopia

48.6773, 48.1847, 58.3648

# Trichromacy



## Original Color

47.7330, 48.4280, 52.7307

## Protanomaly

47.0316, 48.3593, 53.3098

## Deuteranomaly

48.7374, 48.3298, 53.2142

## Tritanomaly

48.4335, 48.4114, 56.0818

# Monochromacy



## Original Color

47.7330, 48.4280, 52.7307

## Achromatopsia

46.6715, 49.1021, 53.4722

## Achromatomaly

47.1982, 49.0619, 53.4367

# CSS Examples

## Text

The CSS property to change the color of the text to XYZ 47.7330, 48.4280, 52.7307 is called "color". The color property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows how text in the color `rgb(194, 182, 185)` looks like.

```
.text, #text, p{  
    color:rgb(194, 182, 185)  
}
```

If you want to add a text shadow in that color use the text-shadow property, you can generate a text shadow directly with our [CSS Text Shadow Generator](#).

Here you see how black text with a 4 pixel rgb(194, 182, 185) colored shadow looks like.

```
.shadow{ text-shadow: 4px 4px 2px rgb(194, 182, 185) }
```

## Border

The CSS property to change the border of an element to XYZ 47.7330, 48.4280, 52.7307 is called "border". The border property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows the color as border, it can be applied via the CSS property "border" or "border-color".

```
.border, #border, table{ border:4px solid rgb(194, 182, 185) }
```



If only the border color should be changed use the property `border-color`.

```
.border{ border-color:rgb(194, 182, 185) }
```

If you want to add a box shadow in that color use:

Here you see how a box with a 4 pixel `rgb(194, 182, 185)` colored shadow looks like.

```
.boxshadow{ -moz-box-shadow:4px 4px 4px  
4px rgb(194, 182, 185); -webkit-box-  
shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(194, 182, 185);  
box-shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(194, 182,  
185) }
```

# Background

The CSS property to change the background color of an element to XYZ 47.7330, 48.4280, 52.7307 is called "background". The background property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

```
.background, #background, body{  
background: rgb(194, 182, 185) }
```

If only the background color should be changed can be used:

```
.background{ background-color: rgb(194,  
182, 185) }
```

This example shows the color as background, it is applied via the CSS property "background".

To optimize and compress your CSS code, you can use our [online CSS compressor and optimizer](#) based on csstidy. If you want to create a linear or radial gradient as background or border, check our [CSS Gradient Generator](#).

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